App Shortcuts in Android

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"People will forget what you said and what you did, but they will never forget how you made them feel."

- Maya Angelou

What are app shortcuts?

- "Bookmarks" for apps
- But smarter!



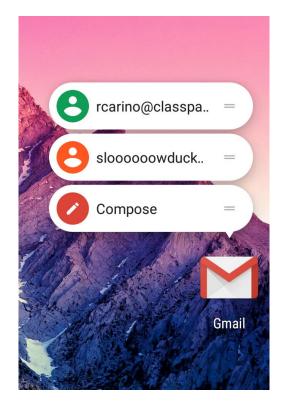
Motivations and Overview

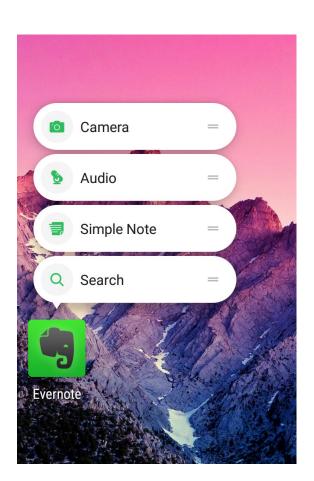
- Easy way to bring user into a specific part of the app
- Simplifies user's interaction and improves experience
- Gives developers more control over the user's attention

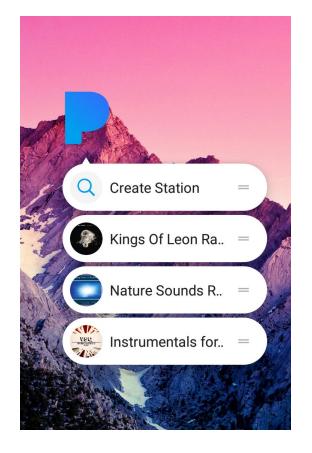
In the beginning...





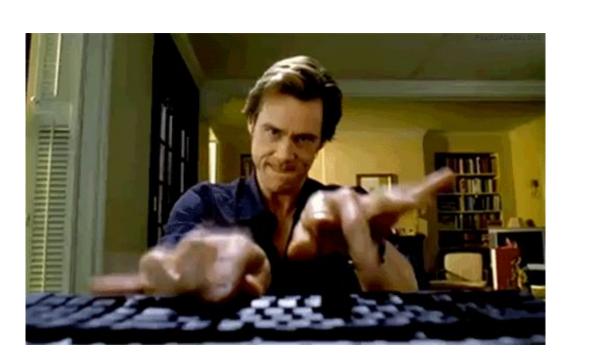






Overview

- Different types of shortcuts
- Examples of how to create shortcuts
- How to make users think your app is magical and amazing



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- Great! They finally found how to get to their downloaded content
- One day later, repeat the same sad process

Getting Started

App Shortcuts - Intents

- Shortcuts are mostly programmed through Android Intents
- Android Intents used to start actions / pass around messages

Android Intents

Often used to launch activities with the ability to pass around data

```
Intent myIntent = new Intent(Home.this, DetailActivity.class);
myIntent.putExtra("key", 123); //Optional parameters
Home.this.startActivity(myIntent);
```

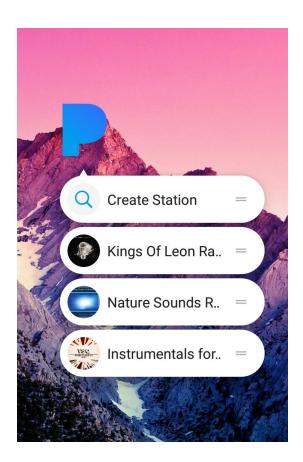
Intent filters

build.gradle

```
android {
   compileSdkVersion 25
   buildToolsVersion "25.0.1"
   defaultConfig {
      applicationId "com.example.caren.sushi"
      targetSdkVersion 25
```

Creating Shortcuts

- Icon
- Long (25 char) / short (10 char) label
- Intent



Static and Dynamic Shortcuts

- Static: Defined in a resource file (created at compile time when the APK is made)
- Dynamic: published at runtime (can be changed / updated at runtime!)

Static Shortcuts

Create a new file res/xml/shortcuts.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<shortcuts xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
   <shortcut</p>
       android:enabled="true"
       android:shortcutId="static"
       android:shortcutLongLabel="@string/static_shortcut_long_label"
       android:shortcutShortLabel="@string/static shortcut short label">
       <intent</pre>
           android:action="android.intent.action.VIEW"
           android:targetClass="com.example.caren.sushi.HomeActivity"
           android:targetPackage="com.example.caren.sushi" />
   </shortcut>
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Defining Static Shortcuts

set shortcuts file in AndroidManifest.xml

```
<application
   ...>
   <activity android:name=".HomeActivity">
       <intent-filter>
           <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN" />
       </intent-filter>
       <meta-data
           android:name="android.app.shortcuts"
           android:resource="@xml/shortcuts" />
   </activity>
</application>
```

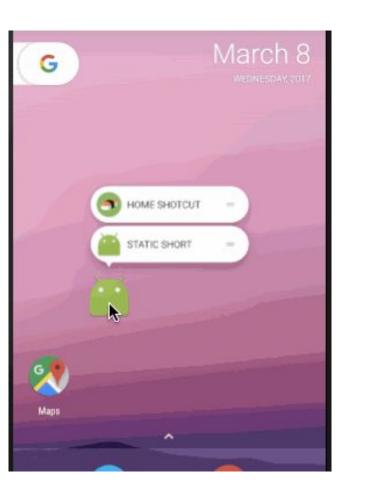


```
// creates one dynamic shortcut that opens the home activity
private void createDynamicShortcut() {
   ShortcutManager shortcutManager = getSystemService(ShortcutManager.class);
  ShortcutInfo firstShortcut = new ShortcutInfo.Builder(this, "firstShortcut")
           .setShortLabel(getResources().getString(R.string.dy shortcut short))
           .setLongLabel(getResources().getString(R.string.dy shotcut long))
           .setIcon(Icon.createWithResource(this, R.drawable.sushi))
           .setIntent(new Intent(HomeActivity.INTENT FILTER SHORTCUT))
           .build();
   shortcutManager.setDynamicShortcuts(Arrays.asList(firstShortcut));
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```
public class HomeActivity extends Activity {
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
       super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
       setContentView(R.layout.activity home);
       createDynamicShortcuts();
```



But this isn't very exciting...

Changing Shortcuts - Simple Example

- We have a shortcut to start HomeActivity
- If the shortcut was utilized, update the shortcut to open DetailActivity

Changing Shortcuts - Simple Example

```
private void updateDynamicShortcut() {
  // if we launched this activity from the app shortcut, update the dynamic shortcut
  if (getIntent().getBooleanExtra(HomeActivity.SHORTCUT_REFERRER_INTENT_KEY, false)) {
       ShortcutManager shortcutManager = getSystemService(ShortcutManager.class);
      Intent intent = new Intent(SecondDetailActivity.INTENT_FILTER_SHORTCUT);
      ShortcutInfo secondDetailShortcut = new ShortcutInfo.Builder(this, "s2)
               .setShortLabel(getResources().getString(R.string.detail2 short))
               .setLongLabel(getResources().getString(R.string.detail2 long))
               .setIcon(Icon.createWithResource(this, R.drawable.hamburger))
               .setIntent(intent)
               .build();
       shortcutManager.removeAllDynamicShortcuts();
       shortcutManager.addDynamicShortcuts(Arrays.asList(secondDetailShortcut));
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Changing Shortcuts - Simple Example

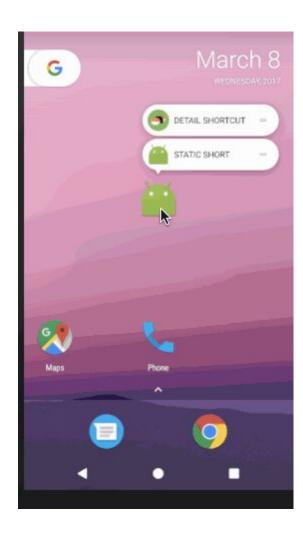
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Creating a good user experience

- App shortcuts is much like deep linking
- Brings users into a specific part of the app

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 - Presses the back button

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 - Presses the back button
 - Ends up exiting the app

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- But users are finicky, they don't always know what they want
- So a user goes to their downloaded content through the app shortcut
 - Decides, nope, I actually want to see what else is available
 - Presses the back button
 - Ends up exiting the app
 - The app has now made the user feel sad

Enter backstacks

Creating back stack (static)

```
<shortcut
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   android:shortcutId="static"
   android:shortcutLongLabel="@string/static shortcut long label"
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   <intent</pre>
       android:action="android.intent.action.VIEW"
       android:targetClass="com.example.caren.sushi.DetailActivity"
       android:targetPackage="com.example.caren.sushi" />
</shortcut>
```

Creating back stack (dynamic)

Creating back stack (dynamic)



The real value of dynamic shortcuts

Updating dynamic shortcuts

- Dynamic shortcuts can be updated at any time!
 - As a result of an user action
 - Result of many user actions
 - In the background
 - From an alarm

When to use Static vs Dynamic?

Static:

- Performs specific action that remains the same
- Should allow the user to access important parts of your app (feed, publish)
- Examples: setting alarm, view feed

Dynamic

- Performs action based on context
- Context-sensitive actions
- Example : redial last called person, navigation, viewing ongoing sport scores

If we were Netflix

- Static
 - Downloaded content
- Dynamic
 - Resume episode of last watched show
 - Resume episode of last last watched show
 - Mystery episode of a show!

Bits and Extras

Ordering shortcuts

- App shortcuts can be ordered manually
- Static shortcuts are ordered by their definition in shortcuts.xml
- Dynamic shortcuts can be ordered by setRank()

Pinning Shortcuts

- Users have the ability to pin shortcuts
 - Shortcut of shortcut!



Deprecating shortcuts

- No control over pinned shortcuts
- Pinned shortcuts cannot be deleted programmatically
 - setDisabledMessage()

Informing Users

- Many users won't know about Android's new capabilities
- Mention it in your app release notes
- Create an 'onboarding' banner
- Tell the users when they're in the specific part of the app

Summary

- App shortcuts can help drive engagement and simplify user experience
- There are static and dynamic shortcuts
- Create a good user experience by populating backstacks
- Inform the user of your app's new abilities
- Make users happy





carenslaboratory.com/speaking.html

