Week 5 Day 2

React Continued



React: Function Components



```
export const Courses:React.FC = () => {
 const [courses, setCourses] = useState<Course[]>([]);
 useEffect(() => {
     setCourses([
             courseId: 1,
             subject: "Reading",
             courseNumber: 100,
             courseName: "Intro to Reading",
             teacher: "NA"
     ]);
     console.log(courses);
 }, [courses.length]);
const addCourse = (course:Course) => {
     setCourses([...courses, course]);
 return (
     <div className="courses">
         <NewCourse newCourse={addCourse} currentId={courses.length}></NewCourse>
     </div>
```

React Hooks: useState



- Used to store and mutate state in a function component
 - Declare the state field in mutator with the useState hook
 - `const [state, setState] = useState()
- useState hook allows for any type of state data

React Hooks: useEffect



- Used to perform logic after event/changes to the component
 - Takes in a callback function which specifies the logic
 - Tell it to watch for changes to different states using the dependency array
 - Perform login "once" at the beginning with an empty array
- useEffect(callback, [dependencies])

React Hooks: useContext and useReducer



- useContext
 - Used to access values stored in the ContextAPI
- useReducer
 - Advanced component state manager
 - Stores state value, and reducer functions
 - Reducer functions describe different ways the state should be modified



Create First Function Component



React: Event Handling



- Register the handler on the elements themselves
- JSX uses case sensitive camelCase for registering event handlers
 - onClick, onChange, ...
- Uses curly braces to pass a reference to the actual handler function
- Like the virtual DOM used, React uses Synthetic events

React: Conditional Rendering and Rendering List Elements



- React allows you to conditionally render with if/else and ternary
 - Depending on the expression, something different will be rendered
- Using data binding, react allows you to render multiple components from a list
 - Typically done with array.map()
 - Must provide a unique key for each list entry
 - Not recommended to use the index for the key



Events, Conditionals, and Mapping



React: Routing



- Gives users experience of navigating to different pages
- React Router is the most basic way of adding routing
- React Router DOM provides expanded functionality on React Router
 - npm i react-router-dom

React: React Router Dom



- React Router Dom provides the popular BrowserRouter
 - Uses the HTML history API to keep the UI in sync with the page URL

INSERT SCREENSHOT HERE



Add Navigation to our App



React: HTTP Requests



- Make API calls with Axios
 - npm i axios
- Axios is a promised based HTTP client
 - Supported by MOST browsers
 - Intercepts and transfers requests and response data
 - Automatically parses JSON
 - Request cancelation
 - Better error handling
 - Built in cross site request forgery protection

Axios vs Fetch



- Fetch is built into the browser vs Axios was built to work better on the server side
- Axios automatically stringifies and parses JSON
- Fetch cannot automatically timeout or interrupt HTTP requests



Make API calls with React



React: State Management



- Some applications need to share state across multiple components
- Possible solutions to this include

- 1. Lifting State
- React Context API
- 3. Flux Design Pattern/Redux

State Management: Lifting State



- The simplest way to combat one way data flow
 - However, it can become complicated and hard to follow as it is scaled up
- Done by passing a function to a child as a prop
 - When the child wants to update the state of the parent, it calls the method passed as a prop
 - That method then modifies the state of the parent component

State Management: Context API



- ContextAPI is Reacts built in global state management system
 - Helps alleviate state lifting and prop drilling
- "Context provides a way to pass data through the component tree without having to pass props down manually at every level" – React Docs

Context API



- Setup a global "context"/state
 - Setup the context with the React.createContext method
- Share that context by wrapping all components that need that state in a provider
- Consume the context inside of components with the useContext() hook
- Context API is great for small scale applications with small amounts of global state



React Context API

