

La-pet-see-to-a-pus, the four bears, his x mark, [L. s.]	Second village: San-jah-ca-ho-ka, the wolf that lies, his x mark, [L. s.]
Sah-cou-ga-rah-lah-pet-see, the bird of the bears, his x mark, [L. s.]	Ede-shu-bee, the fat of the paunch, his x mark, [L. s.]
She-ca-aga-mat-sa-et-sec, the little young man that is a chief, his x mark, [L. s.]	Pa-ros-ca-a-huss, the band of crows, his x mark, [L. s.]
Kee-re-pee-ah-pa-rush, the neck of the buffalo, his x mark, [L. s.]	Ba-rah-rah-ca-tah, the broken pot, his x mark, [L. s.]
Bo-si-e-ree-bees, the little wolf that sleeps, his x mark, [L. s.]	Me-ra-pa-sha-po, the five beavers, his x mark, [L. s.]
	Bout-sa-ca-ho-ka, the crouching prairie wolf, his x mark, [L. s.]

In the presence of—

A. L. Langham, secretary to the commis- sion,	M. W. Batman, lieutenant, Sixth Infantry,
H. Leavenworth, colonel U. S. Army,	Thomas P. Gwynne, lieutenant, First In- fantry,
S. W. Kearny, brevet major First In- fantry,	George C. Hutter, lieutenant, Sixth In- fantry,
D. Ketchum, major, U. S. Army,	William Day, lieutenant, First Infantry,
B. Riley, captain, Sixth Infantry,	John Gale, surgeon, U. S. Army,
P. Wilson, United States S. Indian agent,	R. M. Coleman, assistant surgeon, U. S. Army,
S. Mac Ree, lieutenant, aid-de-camp,	W. S. Harney, lieutenant, First Infantry,
R. B. Mason, captain, First Infantry,	J. C. Culbertson,
G. C. Spencer, captain, First Infantry,	G. H. Kennerly, United States S. Indian agent,
John Gantt, captain, Sixth Infantry,	A. S. Miller, lieutenant, First Infantry,
Thomas Noel, lieutenant, Sixth Infantry,	Colin Campbell,
R. Holmes, lieutenant, Sixth Infantry,	Touissant Chaboneau, his x mark, inter- preter.
J. Rogers, lieutenant, Sixth Infantry,	
Jas. W. Kingsbury, lieutenant, First Reg- iment Infantry.	
Levi Nute, lieutenant, Sixth Infantry.	
S. Wragg, adjutant First Regiment In- fantry,	

TREATY WITH THE CROW TRIBE, 1825.

Aug. 4, 1825.

7 Stat., 266,
Proclamation, Feb.
6, 1826.

For the purpose of perpetuating the friendship which has heretofore existed, as also to remove all future cause of discussion or dissension, as it respects trade and friendship between the United States and their citizens, and the Crow tribe of Indians, the President of the United States of America, by Brigadier-General Henry Atkinson, of the United States' army, and Major Benjamin O'Fallon, Indian agent, with full powers and authority, specially appointed and commissioned for that purpose, of the one part, and the undersigned Chiefs, Head men and Warriors, of the said Crow tribe of Indians, on behalf of their tribe, of the other part, have made and entered into the following Articles and Conditions; which, when ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall be binding on both parties—to wit:

ARTICLE 1.

Supremacy of
United States ac-
knowledgeed.

It is admitted by the Crow tribe of Indians, that they reside within the territorial limits of the United States, acknowledge their supremacy, and claim their protection.—The said tribe also admit the right of the United States to regulate all trade and intercourse with them.

ARTICLE 2.

Indians received in-
to protection of
United States.

The United States agree to receive the Crow tribe of Indians into their friendship, and under their protection, and to extend to them, from time to time, such benefits and acts of kindness as may be convenient, and seem just and proper to the President of the United States.

ARTICLE 3.

All trade and intercourse with the Crow tribe shall be transacted at such place or places as may be designated and pointed out by the President of the United States, through his agents; and none but American citizens, duly authorized by the United States, shall be admitted to trade or hold intercourse with said tribe of Indians.

Places for trade to be designated by the President.

ARTICLE 4.

That the Crow tribe may be accommodated with such articles of merchandise, &c. as their necessities may demand, the United States agree to admit and license traders to hold intercourse with said tribe, under mild and equitable regulations: in consideration of which, the Crow tribe bind themselves to extend protection to the persons and the property of the traders, and the persons legally employed under them, whilst they remain within the limits of their district of country. And the said Crow tribe further agree, that if any foreigner or other person, not legally authorized by the United States, shall come into their district of country, for the purposes of trade or other views, they will apprehend such person or persons, and deliver him or them to some United States' Superintendent or Agent of Indian Affairs, or to the commandant of the nearest military post, to be dealt with according to law. And they further agree to give safe conduct to all persons who may be legally authorized by the United States to pass through their country, and to protect in their persons and property all agents or other persons sent by the United States to reside temporarily among them; and that they will not, whilst on their distant excursions, molest or interrupt any American citizen or citizens, who may be passing from the United States to New Mexico, or returning from thence to the United States.

Regulation of trade.

ARTICLE 5.

That the friendship which is now established between the United States and the Crow tribe, should not be interrupted by the misconduct of individuals, it is hereby agreed, that for injuries done by individuals, no private revenge or retaliation shall take place, but instead thereof, complaints shall be made, by the party injured, to the superintendent or agent of Indian affairs, or other person appointed by the President; and it shall be the duty of said Chiefs, upon complaint being made as aforesaid, to deliver up the person or persons against whom the complaint is made, to the end that he or they may be punished, agreeably to the laws of the United States. And, in like manner, if any robbery, violence, or murder, shall be committed on any Indian or Indians belonging to the said tribe, the person or persons so offending shall be tried, and, if found guilty, shall be punished in like manner as if the injury had been done to a white man. And it is agreed, that the Chiefs of said Crow tribe shall, to the utmost of their power, exert themselves to recover horses or other property, which may be stolen or taken from any citizen or citizens of the United States, by any individual or individuals of said tribe; and the property so recovered shall be forthwith delivered to the agents or other person authorized to receive it, that it may be restored to the proper owner. And the United States hereby guaranty to any Indian or Indians of said tribe, a full indemnification for any horses or other property which may be stolen from them by any of their citizens: *Provided*, That the property stolen cannot be recovered, and that sufficient proof is produced that it was actually stolen by a citizen of the United States. And the said tribe engage, on the requisition or demand of the President of the United States, or of the agents, to deliver up any white man resident among them.

Course to be pursued in order to prevent injuries to individuals, etc.

Chiefs to exert themselves to recover stolen property.

Proviso.

ARTICLE 6.

No guns, etc., to be furnished by them to enemies of United States.

And the Chiefs and Warriors, as aforesaid, promise and engage that their tribe will never, by sale, exchange, or as presents, supply any nation, tribe, or band of Indians, not in amity with the United States, with guns, ammunition, or other implements of war.

Done at the Mandan Village, this fourth day of August, A. D. 1825, and of the independence of the United States the fiftieth.

In testimony whereof, the said commissioners, Henry Atkinson and Benjamin O'Fallon, and the chiefs and warriors of the said tribe, have herunto set their hands and affixed their seals.

H. Atkinson, brigadier-general	Ah-mah-shay-she-ra, the yellow
U. S. Army,	big belly, his x mark,
Benj. O'Fallon, U. S. agent Indian	Co-tah-bah-sah, the one that runs,
Affairs,	his x mark,
Chiefs:	Bah-cha-na-mach, the one that sits
E-she-huns-ka, or the long hair,	in the pine, his x mark,
his x mark,	He-ran-dah-pah, the one that ties
She-wo-cub-bish, one that sings	his hair before, his x mark,
bad, his x mark,	Bes-ca-bar-ru-sha, the dog that eats,
Har-rar-shash, one that rains, his	his x mark,
x mark,	Nah-puch-kia, the little one that
Chay-ta-pah-ha, wolf's paunch, his	holds the stick in his mouth,
x mark,	his x mark,
Huch-che-rach, little black dog, his	Bah-da-ah-cha-dah, the one that
x mark,	jumps over every person, his
Mah-pitch, bare shoulder, his x	x mark,
mark,	Mash-pah-hash, the one that is not
Esh-ca-ca-mah-hoo, the standing	right,
lance, his x mark,	
Che-rep-con-nes-ta-chea, the little	
white bull, his x mark,	

In presence of—

A. L. Langham, secretary to the com-	R. Holmes, lieutenant Sixth Infantry,
mission,	M. W. Batman, lieutenant Sixth In-
H. Leavenworth, colonel U. S. Army,	fantry,
S. W. Kearny, brevet major First In-	R. M. Coleman, U. S. Army,
fantry,	J. Rogers, lieutenant Sixth Infantry,
D. Ketchum, major U. S. Army,	Wm. Day, lieutenant First Infantry,
R. B. Mason, captain First Infantry,	G. H. Kennerly, U. S. Indian agent,
G. C. Spencer, captain First Infantry,	B. Riley, captain Sixth Infantry,
John Gantt, captain Sixth Infantry,	Wm. S. Harney, lieutenant First In-
Thos. P. Gwynne, lieutenant First In-	fantry,
fantry,	James W. Kingsbury, lieutenant First
S. MacRee, lieutenant and aid-de-camp,	Regiment Infantry,
Thomas Noel, lieutenant Sixth Infantry,	George C. Hutter, lieutenant Sixth In-
William L. Harris, First Infantry,	fantry,
John Gale, surgeon U. S. Army,	Wm. Armstrong, captain Sixth Regi-
J. V. Swearingen, lieutenant First In-	ment Infantry.
fantry,	

TREATY WITH THE GREAT AND LITTLE OSAGE, 1825.

Aug. 10, 1825.

7 Stat., 268.
Proclamation, May
3, 1826.

1825, ch. 50.

WHEREAS the Congress of the United States of America, being anxious to promote a direct commercial and friendly intercourse between the citizens of the United States and those of the Mexican Republic, and, to afford protection to the same, did, at their last session, pass an act, which was approved the 3d March, 1825, "to authorize the President of the United States to cause a road to be marked out from the Western frontier of Missouri to the confines of New Mexico," and which authorizes the President of the United States to appoint Commissioners to carry said act of Congress into effect, and enjoins on the Commissioners, so to be appointed, that they first obtain the consent of the intervening tribes of Indians, by treaty, to the marking of said road, and to the unmolested use thereof to the citizens of the United States and of the Mexican Republic; and Benjamin H. Reeves,