# Sioyek Tutorial

#### 1. Basics

- Press of to open a new document or Shift)+ of to open a previously opened document.
- Use the arrow keys for navigation.
- Use Ctrl + PageDown / Ctrl + PageUp to go to previous/next page.
- Press Space Space to go to the next/previous screen (which is equivalent to scrolling down half of screen width). You can also use PageDown and PageUp.
- $\bullet$  Press to zoom out and Shift + ( + to zoom in.
- Press F11 to enter fullscreen mode.
- Press Fio to fit the document to screen ignoring white page margins.
- Press F9 to fit the document to screen (including white margins).
- Press to toggle dark mode.
- Enter [gg] (press [g] two times) to go to the first page. In order to go to a specific page, enter [NUM] [gg] where [NUM] is the page number. For example in order to go to page 31, enter [31gg]. You can also press [Home] to go to a specific page.
- Press Shift + g (G) or End to go to the last page.
- Press to open table of contents (if it exists).
- Use backspace to go back in history. You can also use Ctrl + left arrow and Ctrl + right arrow to navigate backward/forward in history. Also extra mouse buttons can be used to navigate history.
- With some text selected, press states to search the text in google scholar and states to search it in library genesis. Try it out on the following texts:

  Vaswani, Ashish, et al. "Attention is all you need." Advances in neural information processing systems. 2017.

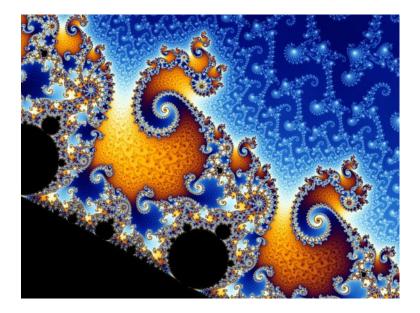


Figure 1: Mandlebrot Set

## 2. Command Palette

- Press : to open a searchable list of all sioyek commands
- If the command is bound to a key, the keybinding is shown in the left (multiple keybinds are separated by | symbol)

### 3. Search

- $\bullet$  Press Ctrl + f or // to search.
- $\bullet$  Press n/Shift to go to the next/previous match.
- In order to quickly jump in search results, you can use [NUM] n where [NUM] is a number. For example in order to jump to the 10th next occurance of current search term, enter to most commands in sioyek can be prefixed with a number N which is equivalent to repeating them N times.

### 4. Marks

• Press m to set a mark in current location. After you press m, sloyek waits for you to press another symbol which is the name of the mark. For example to create a mark named u, enter mul.

•	In order to go to a mark, press followed by the name of the mark. For example in order to go
	to the mark in previous example, we enter . Note that is different from the single quote
	character which is . is usually located in the top-left of the keyboard near the escape
	button.

- Note that marks are persistent (they are saved even after sioyek is closed). Lower case marks are local to each file but upper case marks are global.
- You can right click on any line to create a visual mark which highlights below the line. This highlight has multiple functions. First, it can reduce disorientation when scrolling by first right clicking the line we are reading and then scrolling. It also acts as a mark so we can jump back to the location where we last put the highlight by pressing and then right clicking. You can try it out here: Right click on me!
- You can move this visual mark to the next/previous line by pressing in and in. You can also press it to enable visual scroll mode. In this mode, mouse wheel moves this visual mark.

#### 5. Bookmarks

- $\bullet$  Press  $\fbox{\ \ \ }$  to create a bookmark in the current location.
- Press gb to search the bookmarks in the current file and gB (that is g followed by capital B) to search all the bookmarks.
- In order to delete a bookmark, first goto the bookmark and then enter db (delete the closest bookmark).
- If you select a piece of text and then press the bookmark text. You can try it on the following text:

  Bookmark me!

## 6. Highlights

- Select a piece of text and then press h followed by a lower case letter to highlight the selected text (the letter can be though of as the "type" of the highlight). For example you can press to create a highlight of type "h". (different types of highlight are colored differently, the color is configurable in prefs.config file)
- Press gh to search the highlights in the current file and gH (that is g followed by capital H) to search all the highlights.
- In order to delete a highlight, you can click on a highlight and then press dh

# 7. Smart Jump

- You can middle click on the name of figures (for example on '1' in 'Figure 1') to jump to the location where figure is located (this works even if the document is not linked). You can also click on cited references (for example on '2' in '[1, 2]' to go to the reference.
- You can middle click on the name of the papers to search them in google scholar or hint +middle click to search them in library genesis. Try it out by middle clicking on reference numbers in the following text:
  - You can see a beautiful colorization of mandlebrot set in Figure 1. For more information about the mandlebrot set, see [1].
- Instead of middle clicking, you can right-click on references to open a quick overview of their location instead of jumping to it.

#### 8. Portals

- Press [12] to open the helper window. This window automatically displays the closest portal to the current location.
- In order to create a portal, press p to enter the current location as the source of the portal. Now you navigate to the portal destination and press p again to mark that location as the destination of the portal. (note that source and destination don't have to be in the same document, for example you can create a portal from a reference to a paper to the actual paper).
- You can also create a portal by pressing p and then clicking (or middle clicking using smart jumps) on a link. This automatically creates a link between the current location and the destination of the link.
- In order to delete a portal, press [dp]. This deletes the closest portal to the current location (the portal that is being displayed in the helper window).
- Sometimes you need to slightly edit a portal (especially when creating a portal using links, because sometimes for example a link to a figure doesn't center the figure properly in the screen). In order to do this, press shift + p (P) while the portal is active. This takes you to the portal's destination. Now you can adjust the destination and once you are done press the back button (by default it is backspace) to go back to where you were.
- You can also use the mouse wheel to adjust the portal in helper window. You can also pan it using mouse drag or zoom using mouse wheel while holding control.

# 9. Configuration

• There are four configuration files, two of which are not meant to be edited by the user (keys.config and prefs.config) and two of which are user-editable (keys\_user.config and prefs\_user.config).

• In order to edit any configuration, copy the config to the user editable config file and change it there. For example suppose we want to change the key that opens the table of contents. We search for 'table of contents' in keys.config and find the following:

```
# Open table of contents.
goto_toc t

We copy this line to keys_user.config and change the key. For example in suppose we want to use capital to open the table of contents. We can put the following line in keys_user.config:
```

- In portable builds, the config files are located in the same place where sioyek executable file is located. In non-portable builds, their location is OS-dependent. You can also open them by pressing to open the command window and then entering one of the following:
  - prefs
     prefs\_user
    .

goto\_toc <S-t>

keyskeys\_user

#### 10. Synctex

- Press F4 to enable "synctex mode". While in synctex mode, right clicking on a piece of texts opens the corresponding latex file location.
- You can configure the synctex inverse search command using inverse\_search\_command config in prefs.config. Here is an example for VsCode:

```
inverse_search_command "C:\path\to\vscode\Code.exe" -r -g %1:%2
```

%1 stands for the name of the file and %2 stands for the line number in the file.

• Here is the forward search configuration for Latex Workshop for VsCode:

```
"latex-workshop.view.pdf.external.synctex.command": "C:\path\\to\\sioyek.exe",
"latex-workshop.view.pdf.external.synctex.args": [
"--inverse-search",
"\"C:\\path\\to\\vscode\\Code.exe\\" -r -g %1:%2\",
"--reuse-instance\",
"\"-forward-search-file\",
"\"TEX\\",
"\"-forward-search-line\",
"\\LINE\\"\,
"\\PDF\\"\\"
]
And here is example configuration for VimTeX:
let g:vimtex_view_method = 'sioyek'
```

## 11. Extensions

You can extend sioyek by writing your own extensions. See the documentation on how to do it. We also have some extensions available here. For example we have an extension that downloads the paper from google scholar just by control+clicking on its name.

## References

- [1] Bodil Branner. The mandelbrot set. In Proc. symp. appl. math, volume 39, pages 75–105, 1989.
- [2] Benoit B Mandelbrot, Carl JG Evertsz, and Martin C Gutzwiller. Fractals and chaos: the Mandelbrot set and beyond, volume 3. Springer, 2004.