2 December

Announcements

- Will publish two practice assignments, both based on trees. Totally optional and just for studying.
- Email me ASAP if you want individualized feedback on any coding assignments.
- Labs this week are graded for attendance, will be free time to work on project with TA feedback

Abstract Data Types

- algebraic structures: domain, collection of operations, set of constraints
- ex: Collection, Set, List, Stack, Queue, Map, Tree, Graph, Priority Queue
- Stack

```
- domain: S (stack states), X (type of values in stack)
```

- operations: push, pop
- constraints: push(S,x); $V \leftarrow pop(S)$; equivalent to $V \leftarrow x$
 - * can also be implemented with pre- and post-conditions
 - * Ex: precondition of pop is the stack is not empty and the postcondition is top element returned, stack size decreases by one
- Can implement with array, linked list, etc
- Queue
 - similar but different constraints:

```
* if n = Q.size() > 0; Q.push(t); pop n times; then t = Q.front()
```

- Map
 - domain: D (map states), X (type of values in stack)
 - synonyms: associative array, symbol table, dictionary, hashmap
 - operations: put, get, remove
 - constraints:

```
* get(k, put(j, v, D)) = if k == j then v else get (k,D)
```

- * get(k, new()) = fail where fail is an exception or default value
- * remove(k, put(j, v, D)) = if k == j then remove(k,D) else put(j, v, remove(k,D))
- * remove(k, new()) = new()
 - Can implement with hash tables, self-balancing binary search trees
- Self-Balancing Binary Trees
 - pre-condition and post-condition of put and delete are that balance factors of all nodes are +1 / 0 / -1

Why?

- software engineering: users can interact with defined top-level behaviors while engineers are free to optimize "under the hood"
 - if you build it, they will use it (esp if your customers are developers)
- correctness of code
 - type checking, algebraic verification, 'design by contract'
 - for larger codebases or more complex projects, debugging at compile-time is easier
 - bugs can be dependent on program state ("heap pollution")

Type Checking and Generics

This will compile, but is not type-safe:

```
List list = new ArrayList();
list.add("hello");
String s = (String) list.get(0);
Type-safe version:
List<String> list = new ArrayList<>();
list.add("hello");
String s = list.get(0);
Recall that type information is not available at runtime in Java, so we CANNOT do the following:
if (someList instanceof List<String>) {
    // ...
}
We can check for instances of a class but not a type (ADT).
```

Bounded Type Parameters