## Handle control

#### Handle control

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#### Appendix

jetson nano

Raspberry Pi

Precautions for using the handle

## 1. Operating environment

Operating system: Ubuntu 18.04 LTS

ROS version: melodic

Device: jetson nano 、Raspberry Pi、PC、handle (USB receiver)

Handle control function package path: ~/transbot\_ws/src/transbot\_ctrl

## 2. Install driver

ROS driver for general Linux handles. The Joy package contains Joy\_node, which is a node that connects a general Linux controller to ROS. The node publishes a "/Joy" message, which contains the current state of each button and axis of the handle.

sudo apt install ros-melodic-joy ros-melodic-joystick-drivers

## 3. Steps for usage

• Device connection

First of all, we need to insert the USB adapter of the wireless controller into Jetson NANO, Raspberry Pi, and PC.

In this lesson, we will insert the USB port of the wireless controller to Jetson NANO board.

View device

Open the terminal, enter the following command, it shows [js0], this is the wireless controller.

#### 1s /dev/input

```
jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~

jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~$ ls /dev/input
by-id by-path event0 event1 event2 event3 event4 event5 event6 event7 js0 mice mouse0
jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~$
```

• Test handle

Open the terminal and input the following commands.

As shown in the figure, the wireless handle has 8 axial inputs and 15 key inputs. You can press the keys to test the numbers corresponding to the keys on handle.

#### sudo jstest /dev/input/js0

```
Jetson@jetson-yahboom:-

Jetson@jetson-yahboom:-202x35

Jetson@jetson-yahboom:-202x35

Driver version is 2.1.0.
Joystick (TGC Controller) has B axes (X, Y, Z, Rz, Gas, Brake, Hat0X, Hat0Y)
Joystick (TGC Controller) has B axes (X, Y, Z, Rz, Gas, Brake, Hat0X, Hat0Y)
and 15 buttons (BtnA, BtnB, BtnC, BtnA, BtnP, EtnIL, BtnIR, BtnIL2, BtnTR2, BtnSelect, BtnStart, BtnMode, BtnThumbL, BtnThumbH).

Testing ... (Interrupt to ext)

Axes: 0:-32767 1:-32767 2:-32767 3:-32767 4:-32767 5:-32767 6: 0 7: 0 Buttons: 0:off 1:off 2:off 3:off 4:off 5:off 6:off 7:off 8:off 9:off 10:off 11:off 12:off 13:off 14:off
```

If jstest is not installed, you need run the following command to install it.

```
sudo apt-get install joystick
```

• Run the controller node

Open three terminals, enter the following commands in sequence to view the detailed information, which is the same as [Test Handle].

Different devices (Raspberry Pi, Jetson NANO, PC) and different systems have different handle states.

```
roscore Step.1
rosrun joy joy_node Step.3
rostopic echo joy Step.3
```

```
    jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~
                     roscore http://192.168.2.91:11311/66x16
jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$ roscore
... logging to /home/jetson/.ros/log/8a117abe-0637-11ec-a654-18cc1
89b2896/roslaunch-jetson-yahboom-2218.log
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take a while.
Press Ctrl-C to interrupt
                                                                            jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$ rostopic echo joy
                                                                           header:
seq: 1
                                                                              stamp:
                                                                            started roslaunch server http://192.168.2.91:35151/
                                                                              stamp:
                                                                            jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~ 66x16
e<mark>etson@jetson-yahboom:~</mark>$ rosrun joy joy node
uapnl [1629959656_647290938]: Couldn't set gain on joystick forc
 INFO] [1629959656.657392553]: Opened joystick: /dev/input/js0. d
                                                                              stamp:
                                                                               secs: 1629959689
                                                                           stamp:
                                                                               secs: 1629959689
                                                                              nsecs: 152497037
frame id: "/dev/input/is0"
```

## 4. Handle control turtle

#### 4.1. Start the turtle

```
roscore
rosrun turtlesim_node
```

If you want to drive the little turtle, just give the little turtle a certain speed. Next, check the ROS speed control node.

```
roscore http://192.168.2.91:11311/55x8
                                                                                    田
                                                                                                                  jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~ 59x8
                                                                                    jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node
[ INFO] [1629960103.561638823]: Starting turtlesim with nod
e name /turtlesim
[ INFO] [1629960103.600368275]: Spawning turtle [turtle1] a
t x=[5.544445], y=[5.544445], theta=[0.000000]
jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$ roscore
... logging to /home/jetson/.ros/log/e8337c1e-0637-11ec
-8ec8-18cc189b2896/roslaunch-jetson-yahboom-15142.log
   ecking log directory for disk usage. This may take a
  🔊 🖨 TurtleSim
                                                                                    田
                                                                                                                   jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~ 59x7
                                                                                     jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$ rostopic list
                                                                                     /rosout_agg
/turtle1/cmd_vel
/turtle1/color_sensor
                                                                                     jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$
                                                                                     æ
                                                                                                                  jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~ 59x12
                                                                                     jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$ rostopic info /turtle1/cmd_vel
                                                                                      ublishers: None
                                                                                      * /turtlesim (http://192.168.2.91:38981/) #订阅者
                                                                                      jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$
```

## 4.2. View node

```
rostopic list
```

## 4.3. View the node information

```
rostopic info /turtle1/cmd_vel
```

### 4.4. Handle control turtle

Receive the current status information of the handle, and send instructions to the little turtle by pressing the button or shaking the joystick to receive different information feedback from the wireless handle.

Copy the wireless controller control function package to the workspace, compile and update the environment.

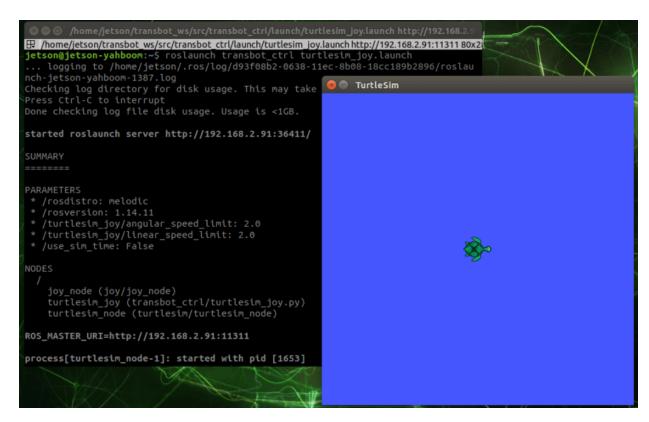
```
catkin_make # Compile
source devel/setup.bash # Update environment
Note: As long as you modify the C++ code, you must recompile the update to take
effect.
```

Input command to start up python code

```
roslaunch transbot_ctrl turtlesim_joy.launch
```

Input command to start up C++ code

roslaunch transbot\_ctrl turtlesim\_turtle.launch



At this point, we can use the handle to control the little turtle to run.

• Correspondence between the handle and the turtle

Handle	Turtle
Left rocker up	advance
Left rocker down	back
Left rocker left	turn left
Left rocker right	turn right

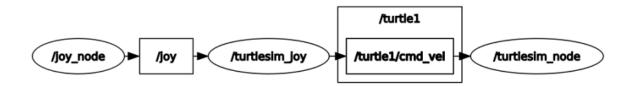
View node graph

【/joy\_node】: Handle information node

【/turtlesim\_joy】: Handle control node

【/turtlesim\_node】: Turtle node

rqt\_graph



## 5, Handle control Transbot

Handle controls Transbot, which is similar to the handle control of the turtle; let the handle control node establish a connection with the Transbot bottom driver node, change the current state of the handle, send different information to Transbot, and drive Transbot to make different responses. We need to control the buzzer, searchlight, pan-tilt, light bar, robotic arm, and trolley movement (linear velocity, angular velocity).

### 5.1, handle control node

- Corresponding to the MCU coprocessorof Transbot
  - Topic

Publish car movement news [/cmd\_vel]

Publish robotic arm control message 【/TargetAngle】

Publish gimbal servo control message 【/PWMServo】

Service (client)

Publish buzzer control message [/Buzzer]

Publish searchlight control message 【/Headlight】

Publish obtain the current angle of the robotic arm 【/CurrentAngle】

Publish running water light control message 【/RGBLight】

- Other topic
  - Joy\_node corresponds

Subscribe to the news of the wireless controller [/joy]

corresponding to move\_base

Issue the cancel motion planning message [/move\_base/cancel]

Pause/start of all functions

Publish the current Joy state (custom) message [/JoyState]

Node [DeviceSrv]

Get the current camera device [/CamDevice]

-Joy\_node corresponds

### 5.2、Associated node

- Low-level driver
  - Topic

Subscribe to car sports messages [/cmd\_vel]

Subscribe to robotic arm control messages [/TargetAngle]

Subscribe to gimbal servo control messages [/PWMServo]

Service (client)

Publish buzzer control message [/Buzzer]

Publish searchlight control message 【/Headlight】

Publish obtain the current angle of the robotic arm 【/CurrentAngle】

Publish running water light control message 【/RGBLight】

- Joy\_node
  - Topic

Publish the news of the wireless controller [/joy]

- DeviceSrv
  - o service

Enable access to the current camera equipment service [/CamDevice]

### 5.3. Operating procedures

```
🥦 🖱 🕕 jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~

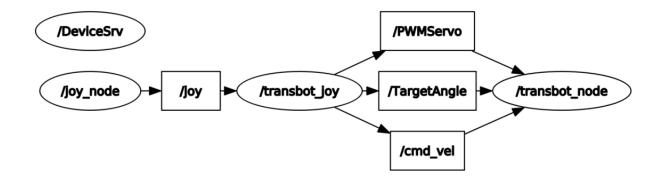
    P: /home/jetson/transbot_ws/src/transbot_bringup/launch/joy_bringup.launch http://192.168.2. 
    □

                                                                                                                                                             jetson@jetson-yahboom: ~ 56x16
jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$ roslaunch transbot_bringup joy_bringup.launch
... logging to /home/jetson/.ros/log/d93f08b2-0638-11ec-8b08-18cc189b28
96/roslaunch-jetson-yahboom-19311.log
Checking log directory for disk usage. This may take a while.
                                                                                                                               /CurrentAngle
/DeviceSrv/get_loggers
                                                                                                                                /Headlight
                                                                                                                                /RGBLight
started roslaunch server http://192.168.2.91:35489/
                                                                                                                               /joy_node/get_loggers
/joy_node/set_logger_level
/kill
                                                                                                                                /rosout/get_loggers
/rosout/set_logger_level
     /rosversion: 1.14.11
/transbot_joy/angular_speed_limit: 2.0
/transbot_joy/linear_speed_limit: 0.45
/transbot_node/kmu: /transbot/lmu
/transbot_node/kd: 4.0
                                                                                                                               jetson@jetson-yahboom:~$ rqt_graph
     /transbot_node/ki: 0.0
/transbot_node/ki: 0.0
/transbot_node/kp: 1.0
/transbot_node/vel: /transbot/get_vel
/use_sim_time: False
      joy_node (joy/joy_node)
transbot_joy (transbot_ctrl/transbot_joy.py)
transbot_node (transbot_bringup/transbot_driver.py)
ROS_MASTER_URI=http://192.168.2.91:11311
 process[DeviceSrv-1]: started with pid [19531]
```

Start up command

```
rqt_graph
```

Can only see the connections between topics



View service list

```
rosservice list
```

The system will print the following:

```
/Buzzer
/CamDevice
/CurrentAngle
/DeviceSrv/get_loggers
/DeviceSrv/set_logger_level
/Headlight
/RGBLight
/SetServo
/clear
/joy_node/get_loggers
/joy_node/set_logger_level
/kill
/reset
.......
```

## 5.4. Source code analysis

• launch file

Code path: ~/transbot\_ws/src/transbot\_bringup/launch/joy\_bringup.launch

```
<launch>
    <!--Start the camera device service-->
    <node pkg="transbot_bringup" type="DeviceSrv.py" name="DeviceSrv"
output="screen"/>
    <!--Start Transbot bottom node-->
```

Node 【DeviceSrv】 starts the camera device service: obtains the current camera device number, and publishes whether it is currently connected to the Astra camera.

py file

Code path: ~/transbot\_ws/src/transbot\_ctrl/scripts/transbot\_joy.py

```
arm_thread = threading.Thread(target=self.analyse_PWM())
arm_thread.setDaemon(True)
arm_thread.start()
```

Start the thread, get the currently connected camera device in the 【self.analyse\_PWM()】 function, which is convenient for processing different cameras, and turn on the loop to control the gimbal servo and robotic arm.

## 5.5. Handle control effect



# **Appendix**

### jetson nano

```
joy_data.buttons:
header:
    seq: 335
    stamp:
        secs: 1628324636
        nsecs: 962988952
    frame_id: "/dev/input/js0"
axes: [0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
buttons: [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

#### axes (8)

Code analysis	Handle button	Car control
axes[0]	Left rocker	
axes[1]	Left rocker	advance and back
axes[2]	Right rocker	left and right
axes[3]	Right rocker	
axes[4]		
axes[5]		

Code analysis	Handle button	Car control
axes[6]	Left button	Arm-1
axes[7]	Left button	Arm-2

## buttons (15)

Code analysis	Handle button	Car control
buttons[0]	А	camera platform move down
buttons[1]	В	camera platform move right
buttons[2]		
buttons[3]	X	camera platform move left
buttons[4]	Υ	camera platform move up
buttons[5]		
buttons[6]	L1	Arm-clip close
buttons[7]	R1	running water light
buttons[8]	L2	Arm-clip open
buttons[9]	R2	control switch
buttons[10]	SELECT	search light on high frame rate camera
buttons[11]	START	buzzer
buttons[12]		
buttons[13]	Press left rocker	Linear speed [ 0.15 , 0.3 , 0.45 ]
buttons[14]	Press right rocker	Angular speed [ 0.5 , 1 , 1.5 , 2 ]

# **Raspberry Pi**

```
joy_data.buttons: header:
    seq: 264
    stamp:
        secs: 1628326479
        nsecs: 848359307
    frame_id: "/dev/input/js0"
    axes: [-0.0, -0.0, 0.0, -0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0]
buttons: [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
```

Code analysis	Handle button	Car control
axes[0]	Left rocker	
axes[1]	Left rocker	advance and back
axes[2]	L2(press:-1, release:1)	Arm clip
axes[3]	Right rocker	left and right
axes[4]	Right rocker	
axes[5]	R2(press:-1, release:1)	control switch
axes[6]	Left button	Arm-1
axes[7]	Left button	Arm-2

#### buttons (11)

Code analysis	Handle button	Car control
buttons[0]	А	camera platform move down
buttons[1]	В	camera platform move right
buttons[2]	Х	camera platform move left
buttons[3]	Υ	camera platform move up
buttons[4]	L1	Arm clip
buttons[5]	R1	running water light
buttons[6]	SELECT	search light on high frame rate camera
buttons[7]	START	buzzer
buttons[8]	MODE	
buttons[9]	Press left rocker	Linear speed [ 0.15 , 0.3 , 0.45 ]
buttons[10]	Press right rocker	Angular speed [ 0.5 , 1 , 1.5 , 2 ]

# Precautions for using the handle

- After plugging and unplugging the handle receiving head, the handle program needs to be restarted, otherwise the car will not be able to be controlled.
- After starting the handle control program, if the handle cannot control the car, it may be caused by the wrong handle control mode. You can press and hold the handle mode button for about 15 seconds to switch modes. After the green indicator light is always on, press the start button again. If the buzzer sounds, it means the switching is successful. If there is no response, you can press and hold the mode button on the handle again for 15 seconds.

Jetson series support mode: PC/PCS mode

Raspberry Pi series support mode: X-BOX mode



• After re-plugging the handle receiver or restarting the motherboard, the handle will reset to the factory mode. If it cannot be controlled, you need to switch the mode again every time you plug or restart.