

Indian Institute of Technology, Ropar Department of Mathematics MA202: Probability and Statistics 2nd Semester of Academic Year 2024-25 Tutorial Sheet 9: Conditional Moments and

Function of Several Random Variables

1. Let *X* and *Y* be two independent continuous random variables. Prove or disprove the following

$$P(X \le Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F_X(y) f_Y(y) dy$$

where $f_Y(\cdot)$ is the probability density function of Y and $F_X(\cdot)$ is the cumulative distribution function of X.

- 2. Let X and Y be two random variables such that X is standard normal. Further, $E(Y \mid X = x) = x^3$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Prove or disprove that correlation between X and Y is strictly positive, i.e., corr(X, Y) > 0.
- 3. Let X and Y be two random variables such that E(X + Y) = E(X Y) = 0, Var(X + Y) = 3 and Var(X Y) = 1. Calculate Cov(X, Y).
- 4. Let X and Y be independent random variables with respective moment generating functions

$$M_X(t) = \frac{(8 + e^t)^2}{81}$$
 and $M_Y(t) = \frac{(1 + 3e^t)^3}{64}$, $-\infty < t < \infty$.

Then P(X + Y = 1) equals

- 5. Let X and Y be two random variables such that X is uniformly distributed over (0,4) and the conditional distribution of Y given X=x is uniform distribution over $(0,\frac{x}{2})$. Calculate $E(Y^2)$.
- 6. If X, Y are standard normal random variables and given that

$$\rho(aX + bY, bX + aY) = \frac{1 + 2ab}{a^2 + b^2}.$$

Find $\rho(X, Y)$ i.e the coefficient of correlation between X and Y.

7. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from a distribution with probability mass function given by

$$P(X = x) = \left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)^{|x|} (1 - \theta)^{1 - |x|}, \ x = -1, 0, 1$$

where $\theta \in (0, 1)$ is a parameter. Find $E(\max(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n))$.

8. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be independent geometric RVs with parameters p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n respectively. Show that $\min(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n)$ is also a geometric RV with parameter

$$p = 1 - \prod_{i=1}^{n} (1 - p_i).$$

- 9. Let X and Y be iid $N(0, \sigma^2)$ RVs. Show that $\frac{X}{Y}$ is Cauchy(1, 0).
- 10. Let X_i , (i = 1, 2, ..., k) be independent uniform RVs with $X_i \sim U(0, 1)$. Show that $-2\sum_{i=1}^k \log(X_i)$ is $\chi^2(2k)$.

11. Let X and Y be independent RVs with distribution $NB(r_1, p)$ and $NB(r_2, p)$, respectively. Show that the conditional PMF of X given X + Y = t is

$$P(X = x \mid X + Y = t) = \frac{\binom{x + r_1 - 1}{x} \binom{t + r_2 - x - 1}{t - x}}{\binom{t + r_1 + r_2 - 1}{t}}$$

If $r_1 = r_2 = 1$, conditional distribution is (discrete) uniform on t + 1 points.

- 12. Let *X* and *Y* be independent RVs with distribution $P(\lambda)$ and $P(\mu)$ respectively. Show that the conditional PMF of *X* given X + Y is Binomial.
- 13. Let X and Y be independent and identically distributed RVs with exponential distribution with parameter β . Show that the distribution of $\frac{X}{X+Y}$ is U(0,1).
- 14. Suppose X, Y are independent r.v.s each having binomial distribution with parameters n and p, (0 < p < 1). Find the joint PMF of (X + Y, X Y).
- 15. Let *X*, *Y* be i.i.d r.v.s with common PDF

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, & \text{if } x \ge 0, \\ 0, & \text{if } x < 0. \end{cases}$$

Find the PDF of r.v.s $\min\{X, Y\}$, $\max\{X, Y\}$. Let U = X + Y and V = X - Y. Find the conditional PDF of V, given U = u for some fixed u > 0.

16. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a random sample from the uniform distribution over unit interval, (0, 1). Find mean and variance of $G = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n X_i\right)^{-\frac{1}{n}}$.

Best Wishes