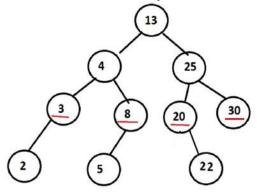
```
1) (10 pts) DSN (Binary Trees)
```

Write a <u>recursive</u> function named SumAtDepth that takes a pointer to the root of a binary tree, root, and non-negative integer, depth, and returns the sum of all the values in the nodes that are at a level depth below the root. For example, if you pass the root of the following binary tree and depth = 2, the function should return 61 (= 3 + 8 + 20 + 30) since the each of the nodes storing 3, 8, 20 and 30 are 2 levels below the root node of the tree. You may assume that depth is a non-negative integer.



You must write your solution in a **single** function. You cannot write any helper functions.

The function signature and node struct are given below.

```
typedef struct node
   int data;
   struct node *left;
   struct node *right;
} node;
int sumAtDepth(node *root, int depth) {
  if (root == NULL)
                                 // 1 pt
                                 // 1 pt
   return 0;
  if (depth == 0)
                                 // 1 pt
    return root->data;
                                 // 1 pt
 // 1 pt return, 2 pts each recursive call, 1 pt adding
  return sumAtDepth(root->left, depth-1) + sumAtDepth(root->right, depth-1);
}
```