# Statistics-S1 - 2012-January

The histogram in Figure 1 shows the time, to the nearest minute, that a random sample of 100 motorists were delayed by roadworks on a stretch of motorway.

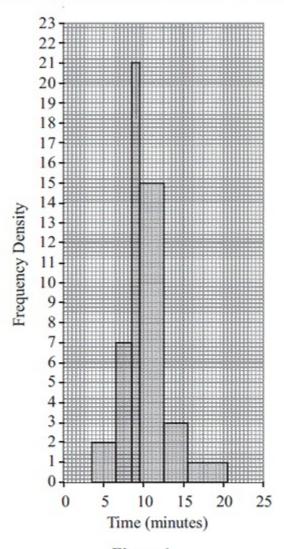


Figure 1

(a) Complete the table.

Delay (minutes)	Number of motorists 6		
4 – 6			
7 – 8			
9	21		
10 – 12	45		
13 – 15	9		
16 – 20			

(2)

(b) Estimate the number of motorists who were delayed between 8.5 and 13.5 minutes by the roadworks.

(a) State in words the relationship between two events R and S when  $P(R \cap S) = 0$  (1)

The events A and B are independent with  $P(A) = \frac{1}{4}$  and  $P(A \cup B) = \frac{2}{3}$ 

Find

(c) 
$$P(A' \cap B)$$
 (2)

(d) 
$$P(B'|A)$$
 (2)

#### Question 3

The discrete random variable X can take only the values 2, 3, 4 or 6. For these values the probability distribution function is given by

x	2	3	4	6
P(X=x)	<u>5</u> 21	2k 21	7 21	<u>k</u> 21

where k is a positive integer.

(a) Show that 
$$k = 3$$
 (2)

Find

(c) 
$$E(X)$$

(d) 
$$E(X^2)$$
 (2)

(e) 
$$Var(7X - 5)$$
 (4)

The marks, x, of 45 students randomly selected from those students who sat a mathematics examination are shown in the stem and leaf diagram below.

Mark	ζ.	Totals	Key	(3 6 means 36)
3	699	(3)		
4	012234	(6)		
4	56668	(5)		
5	023344	(6)		
5	556779	(6)		
6	000013444	(9)		
6	556789	(6)		
7	1233	(4)		

(a) Write down the modal mark of these students.

(1)

(b) Find the values of the lower quartile, the median and the upper quartile.

(3)

For these students  $\sum x = 2497$  and  $\sum x^2 = 143 \ 369$ 

(c) Find the mean and the standard deviation of the marks of these students.

(3)

(d) Describe the skewness of the marks of these students, giving a reason for your answer.

(2)

The mean and standard deviation of the marks of all the students who sat the examination were 55 and 10 respectively. The examiners decided that the total mark of each student should be scaled by subtracting 5 marks and then reducing the mark by a further 10 %.

(e) Find the mean and standard deviation of the scaled marks of all the students.

(4)

The age, t years, and weight, w grams, of each of 10 coins were recorded. These data are summarised below.

$$\sum t^2 = 2688$$
  $\sum tw = 1760.62$   $\sum t = 158$   $\sum w = 111.75$   $S_{ww} = 0.16$ 

(a) Find  $S_{tt}$  and  $S_{tw}$  for these data.

(3)

(b) Calculate, to 3 significant figures, the product moment correlation coefficient between t and w.

(2)

(c) Find the equation of the regression line of w on t in the form w = a + bt

(4)

(d) State, with a reason, which variable is the explanatory variable.

(2)

- (e) Using this model, estimate
  - (i) the weight of a coin which is 5 years old,
  - (ii) the effect of an increase of 4 years in age on the weight of a coin.

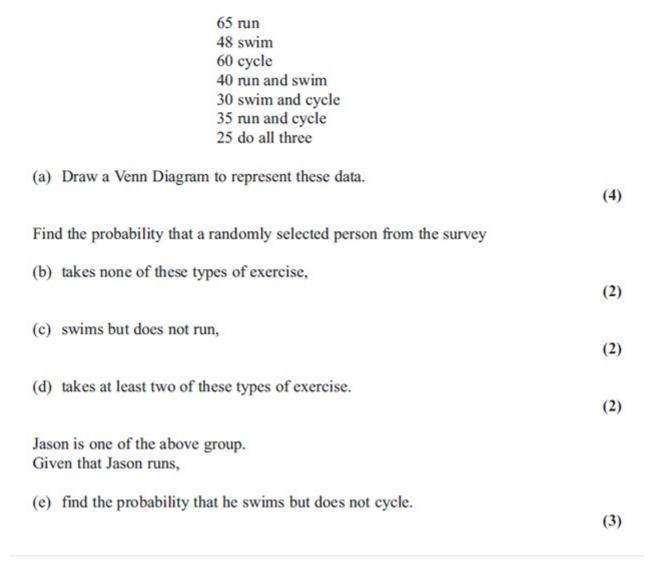
(2)

It was discovered that a coin in the original sample, which was 5 years old and weighed 20 grams, was a fake.

(f) State, without any further calculations, whether the exclusion of this coin would increase or decrease the value of the product moment correlation coefficient. Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

The following shows the results of a survey on the types of exercise taken by a group of 100 people.



A manufacturer fills jars with coffee. The weight of coffee, W grams, in a jar can be modelled by a normal distribution with mean 232 grams and standard deviation 5 grams.

(a) Find P(W < 224).

(3)

(b) Find the value of w such that P(232 < W < w) = 0.20

(4)

Two jars of coffee are selected at random.

(c) Find the probability that only one of the jars contains between 232 grams and w grams of coffee.

(3)