Core-Maths-C1 - 2013-June

Question 1

Simplify

$$\frac{7+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}-1}$$

giving your answer in the form $a + b\sqrt{5}$, where a and b are integers.

(4)

Question 2

Find

$$\int \left(10x^4 - 4x - \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}\right) \mathrm{d}x$$

giving each term in its simplest form.

(4)

Question 3

(a) Find the value of $8^{\frac{5}{3}}$

(2)

(b) Simplify fully
$$\frac{\left(2x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)^3}{4x^2}$$

A sequence $a_1, a_2, a_3, ...$ is defined by

$$a_1 = 4$$

 $a_{n+1} = k (a_n + 2), \quad \text{for } n \ge 1$

where k is a constant.

(a) Find an expression for a_2 in terms of k.

(1)

Given that $\sum_{i=1}^{3} a_i = 2$,

(b) find the two possible values of k.

(6)

Question 5

Find the set of values of x for which

(a)
$$2(3x+4) > 1-x$$

(2)

(b) $3x^2 + 8x - 3 < 0$

(4)

Question 6

The straight line L_1 passes through the points (-1, 3) and (11, 12).

(a) Find an equation for L_1 in the form ax + by + c = 0,

where a, b and c are integers.

(4)

The line L_2 has equation 3y + 4x - 30 = 0.

(b) Find the coordinates of the point of intersection of L_1 and L_2 .

A company, which is making 200 mobile phones each week, plans to increase its production.

The number of mobile phones produced is to be increased by 20 each week from 200 in week 1 to 220 in week 2, to 240 in week 3 and so on, until it is producing 600 in week N.

(a) Find the value of N.

(2)

The company then plans to continue to make 600 mobile phones each week.

(b) Find the total number of mobile phones that will be made in the first 52 weeks starting from and including week 1.

(5)

Question 8

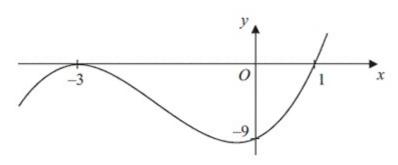


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of the curve with equation y = f(x) where

$$f(x) = (x+3)^2 (x-1), x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

The curve crosses the x-axis at (1,0), touches it at (-3,0) and crosses the y-axis at (0,-9)

(a) In the space below, sketch the curve C with equation y = f(x+2) and state the coordinates of the points where the curve C meets the x-axis.

(3)

(b) Write down an equation of the curve C.

(1)

(c) Use your answer to part (b) to find the coordinates of the point where the curve C meets the y-axis.

(2)

$$f'(x) = \frac{(3-x^2)^2}{x^2}, \quad x \neq 0$$

(a) Show that

$$f'(x) = 9x^{-2} + A + Bx^2,$$

where A and B are constants to be found.

(3)

(b) Find f''(x).

(2)

Given that the point (-3, 10) lies on the curve with equation y = f(x),

(c) find f (x).

(5)

Question 10

Given the simultaneous equations

$$2x + y = 1$$
$$x^2 - 4ky + 5k = 0$$

where k is a non zero constant,

(a) show that

$$x^2 + 8kx + k = 0 (2)$$

Given that $x^2 + 8kx + k = 0$ has equal roots,

(b) find the value of k.

(3)

(c) For this value of k, find the solution of the simultaneous equations.

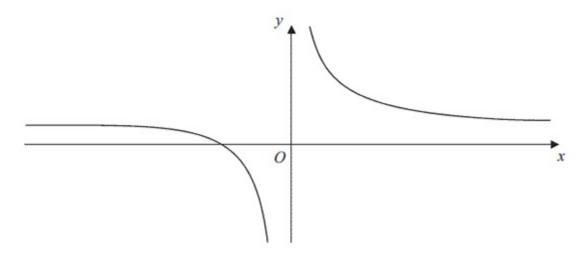


Figure 2

Figure 2 shows a sketch of the curve *H* with equation $y = \frac{3}{x} + 4$, $x \neq 0$.

(a) Give the coordinates of the point where H crosses the x-axis.

(1)

(b) Give the equations of the asymptotes to H.

(2)

(c) Find an equation for the normal to H at the point P(-3, 3).

(5)

This normal crosses the x-axis at A and the y-axis at B.

(d) Find the length of the line segment AB. Give your answer as a surd.