### ProManage

Luis Marion Mariana Arantes Roberto Reyes Daniel Carlos Nethra Balasundaram Daniel Abramowitz Ray Gborsongu Olufemi Odegbile

### Contents

- Requirement Analysis
- Design
- Implementation
- Testing
- Project Management
- Software Demo

### Requirements Analysis

This Project Management Tool is a web based application and the access is permitted only for registered users. The users will be able to:

- Create a new account
- Log in to the system
- Log out of the system
- Delete account

### Functional Requirements

The purpose of the system is help users to manage their projects and, the following activities are possible:

- Create/Edit/Close a project
- Invite users to the project
- Assign role to members
- Remove members
- Create/Delete stories

- Create task
- Assign users to tasks
- Update task
- Mark task as done
- Delete task

### User Stories - Sample

#### • Create Users

 As a user, I want to be able to register, so that I am able to use ProManage.

#### • Create Projects

 As a registered user, I want to be able to create and delete a project in ProManage, so that I can take advantage of the application to manage my project.

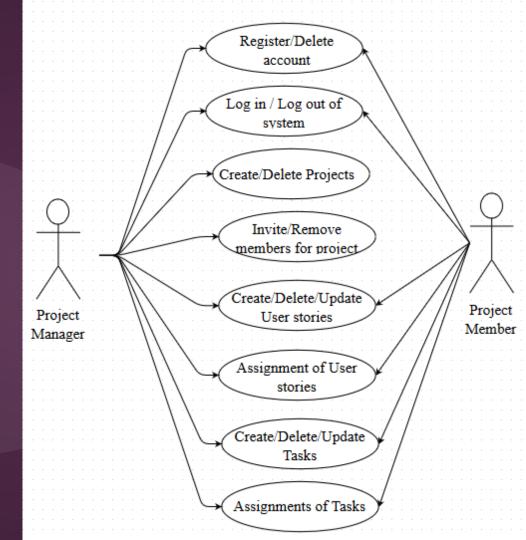
#### • Create Stories

 As project team member, I want to be able to create a users stories for the project, so that I can assign jobs to members of project.

#### Create Tasks

 As a project team member, I want to be able to create task specific to the project, so that I have detailed task for each story.

# Use Case Diagram



Non Functional Requirements					
Maintainability	<b>→</b>	extended with new functionality code review, refactoring and optimization			

explorer

Availability

**Portability** 

Supportability

incident management- recovery from crashes, failures

Support users with problems

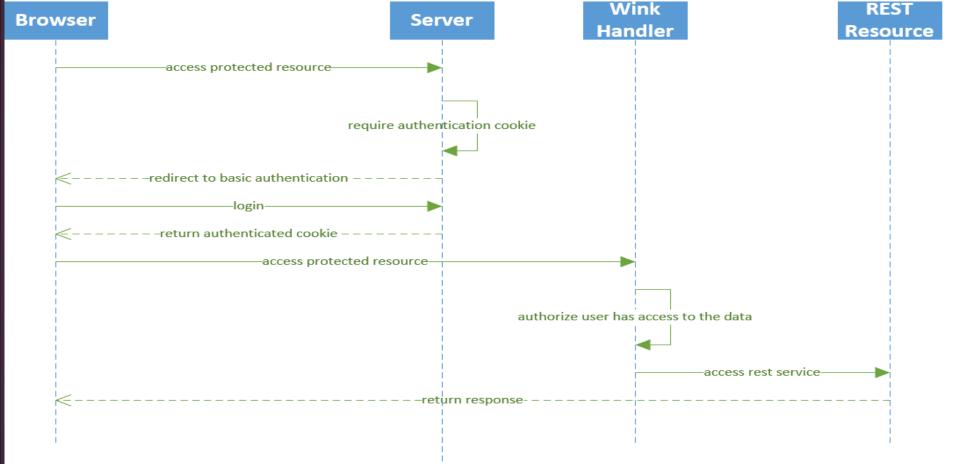
access control - user account provisioning (access rights and privileges), identification, authentication and authorization Security segregation of duty - assignment of stories, task, projects according to

speed of providing services - response times

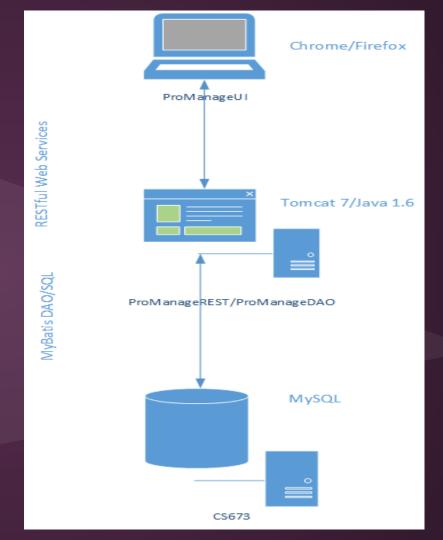
some criteria Supports many web browsers including firefox, safari and internet



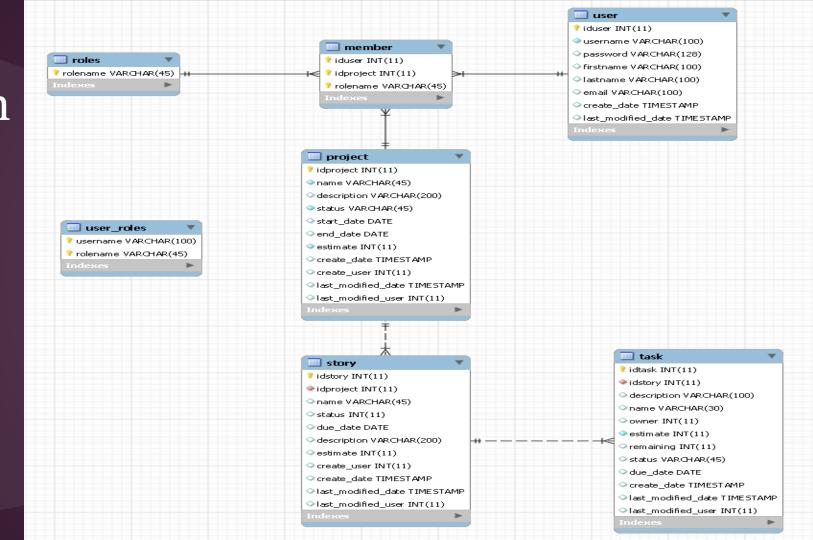
#### Non Functional Requirement - Implementation Authentication/Authorization



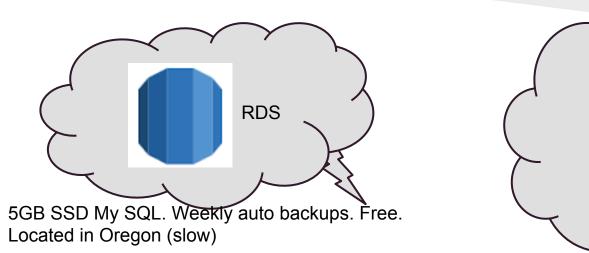
### Design Architecture



# Design -Data Model



### (AWS)-Amazon Web Services





Linux virtual machine running apache 7.0 server. (free is also located in Oregon)

### Implementation-Object Generation

Entity Objects or Model ( Persistent Objects )	Control Objects (Action UI Elements)	Boundary Objects or View (Interface elements)	
User	Sign UP/IN/OUT/, Delete, Invite, Credential Recovery	Pages for signing up, signing out, signing in, to search user by username and to set security credentials	
Project	Create, Retrieve/List, Update, Close	A page to list projects, to show project details and manage project	
Stories	Create, Retrieve/List, Update, Delete, Close	A page for managing User Stories	
Task	Create, Retrieve/List, Update, Delete, Finish	A page for managing Task	
Roles	updateRoles,	A page to add user to project as a member.	

# Implementation - UI

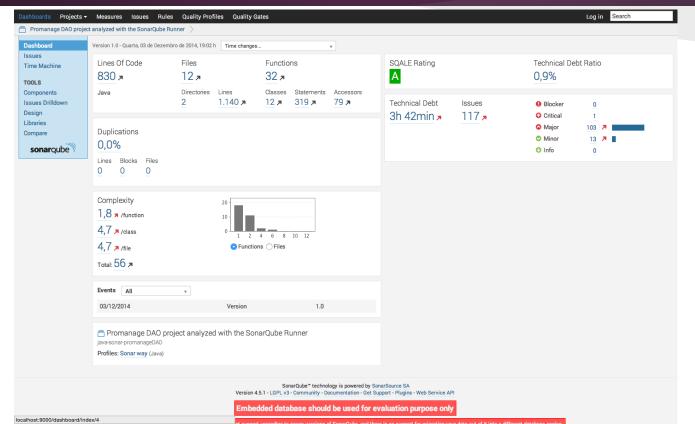
- Bootstrap framework for html and css
  - helps to create responsive webpages
  - easy to learn and use
- AngularJs framework for html and js
  - lets the user extend html vocabulary
  - it is expressive, simple and clean

### Implementation - UI

Use of ng-view to change pages and share data between them

```
app.config(function($routeProvider) {
    $routeProvider
    .when('/project/:projectId', {
        templateUrl : 'projectview.html',
        controller : 'ProjectViewCtrl'
    }).when('/newproject/:projectId', {
        templateUrl : 'newproject.html',
        controller: 'FormController'
    }).when('/members/:projectId', {
        templateUrl : 'members.html',
        controller : 'MembersController'
    }).when('/addmember/:projectId', {
        templateUrl : 'addmember.html',
        controller : 'AddMemberCtrl'
    }).when('/newstory/:projectId/:storyId', {
        templateUrl : 'modalNewStory.html',
        controller : 'NewStoryCtrl'
    }).when('/errormsg', {
        templateUrl : 'errorMsq.html',
    }).otherwise({
        templateUrl : 'projectList.html',
        controller : 'ProjectsController'
    })
})
```

# Implementation - Refactoring



sonarqube.

# Implementation - Refactoring

#### sonarqube.

nuk			
٥	Left curly braces should be located at the end of lines of code	76	
٥	Right curly brace and next "else", "catch" and "finally" keywords should be located on the same line	18	
٥	System.out and System.err should not be used as loggers	3	I
٥	Class variable fields should not have public accessibility	1	
0	if/else/for/while/do statements should always use curly braces	1	
0	Exception handlers should preserve the original exception	1	

# Implementation - Refactoring

sonarqube.



#### Test Case

Test Case	Expected Result	Status ( Pass, Fail, Blocked )
Enter a valid user name and a valid password, click login button	Application should display home page	Pass
Enter a valid user name and invalid password, click login	Application should display an error message and re-open the login page	Pass
Log out, enter an invalid user name and valid password, click login	Application should display an error message and re-open the login page	Pass
Log out, enter an invalid user name and invalid password, click login	Application should display an error message and re-open the login page	Pass

### Testing

- MemberDAOTest.java
- ProjectDAOTest.java
- StoryDAOtest.java
- TaskDAOTest.java
- UserDAOTest.java

```
public class UserDAOTest extends TestCase {
   @Test
    public void testGetProject()
        UserDAO dao = new UserDAO();
        User user = dao.getUserByName("cyclops");
        assertNotNull(user);
   @Test
    public void testGetUserByProject(){
        UserDAO dao = new UserDAO();
        List<User> userByProject = dao.getUserByProject(1);
        for (User user : userByProject) {
            System.out.println(user.getUserId());
        assertNotNull(userByProject);
```

# Testing

```
public User getUserByName(String username) {
   User user = null;
    SqlSessionFactory factory = SessionFactorySingleton.getInstance()
            .getSqlSessionFactory();
    SqlSession session = factory.openSession();
    try {
        user = (User) session.selectOne("selectByName", username);
    } finally {
        session.close();
    return user;
```

Green = Fully covered, Red = not covered, Yellow = partly covered

# Testing - Iteration 2

Element	Coverage	Covered Instructions	Missed Instructions	Total Instructions
₄ <sup>≌</sup> ProManageDAO	23.1 %	474	1,580	2,054
₄ <sup>≜</sup> src	29.4 %	356	856	1,212
⁴ bu.met.cs.cs673.pm.dao	28.0 %	231	595	826
UserDAO.java	19.1 %	42	178	220
StoryDAO.java	14.9 %	25	143	168
ProjectDAO.java	29.7 %	51	121	172
TaskDAO.java	32.9 %	49	100	149
MemberDAO.java	39.8 %	33	50	83
Session Factory Singleton. java	91.2 %	31	3	34
4 <sup>#</sup> bu.met.cs.cs673.pm.dto	32.4 %	125	261	386
> <sup>1</sup> User.java	0.0 %	0	76	76
Story.java	28.8 %	30	74	104
Task.java	44.8 %	39	48	87
> <sup>1</sup> Project.java	43.8 %	35	45	80
> <sup>』</sup> Member.java	58.3 %	21	15	36
> <sup>1</sup> Role.java	0.0 %	0	3	3
> <sup>@</sup> junit	14.0 %	118	724	842

# Testing - Iteration 3

lement	Coverage	Covered Instructio	Missed Instructions	Total Instructions
ø	57.3 %	908	676	1,584
⊿ 🥮 src	61.9 %	608	374	982
bu.met.cs.cs673.pm.dao	55.6 %	375	299	674
ProjectDAO.java	80.2 %	101	25	126
SessionFactorySingleton.java	91.2 %	31	3	34
StoryDAO.java	62.5 %	105	63	168
J TaskDAO.java	44.4 %	56	70	126
UserDAO.java	37.3 %	82	138	220
bu.met.cs.cs673.pm.dto	75.6 %	233	75	308
Project.java	90.9 %	60	6	66
	0.0 %	0	3	3
	85.6 %	83	14	97
⊳ 🚺 Task.java	68.2 %	45	21	66
	59.2 %	45	31	76
⊳ 😕 junit	49.8 %	300	302	602

#### Project Management - Role Assignment

	ProManage User Interface	ProManage DOA and REST Service				
User	Daniel C.	Olufemi				
Project	Mariana A.	Luis				
Story	Nethra	Daniel A.				
Task	Roberto	Ray				
Daniel A and Luis work on SQL tables						

Integration: We employ bottom-up integration testing in which each pair working on subsystem integrate first before integrating the whole project.

### Project Management - Risk

Risk	Management of the Risk
Operational Risk: Most important is inadequate knowledge of tools needed for the project. This tools include Mybatis frameworks, Github, Restful Service etc	Other group member come to rescue as needed
Schedule Risk: Possibility that tasks assigned are not completed before the deadlines.	Group leader checking on members to make sure they are on track. We encourage each others to communicate any issues or request for help as early as possible
<b>Requirement Inflation</b> : As the project progresses more and more features that were not identified at the beginning of the project emerge that threaten estimates and timelines.	Priority to to complete the initial requirement. Then add additional requirements if we have time.
Poor Productivity and Group Member Turnover: Possibility that code written by a group member is not good enough or a member assigned a task drop out of the group	As soon as codes are check in, other members makes sure that the codes do what it is suppose to do. Also no member drop out, though we plan to distribute the load among remaining members.

### raiset Maragaras out Dialz

Project Managen	ient - Kisk
K	MANAGEMENT
m members code fails to conform to established	Team review code to ensure cor

Team review code to ensure conformity to coding standards

Team members code fails to conform to established coding standards

Improper choice and configuration of IDEs, Tools and

All requirements may not be implemented User interface design elements implemented at the

system

client tier may not be user friendly

Security credential management fails to secure user identity Unauthorized users may gain access to Promanage

Team periodically review working tools to ensure appropriate choice of frameworks configuration tools and frameworks Present artifacts produced during each iteration for user acceptance test Completed product may not meet acceptance test and review

Trace requirements implemented to pivotal tracker for completeness Review and test sample user interfaces with users to ensure ease of use

information

authorize users into the system

Appropriate security tools will be implemented to secure user identity Identity management will be implemented to identify, authenticate and

### Project Management

#### **Software Engineering Process**

Planning Phase	Requirement analysis, identifying tool needed for the project				
Iteration 1	Role assignment. Develop database schema, User Interface and Data Access Object for User, Project, Story,				
Iteration 2	Modify database schema to include relationship and add Member, Role and, User_Role tables Develop service objects (Restful service). Integration of each subsystem(User UI - User DAO and Restful service, for example)				
Iteration 3	Full integration of all the subsystems. Testing of ProManage to make sure it conforms to requirement analysis. Deployment on web service hosting (AWS for example).				

### Project Management - Metric

#### Hours (%)

Learning	Requirement Analysis	Design	Implementation	Testing	Communication	Unclassified
25	6	7	34	5	15	9

Hours by Iteration

Planning Phase	Iteration 1	Iteration 2	Iteration 3	Total
96	138.5	153	126.85	514.35
19%	27%	30%	25%	100%

#### Project Management - Metric

#### Hours by Members(%)

Member	Learning	Req. Analysis	Design	Implement ation	Testing	Communic ation	Unclassifie d
1	12	14	11	30	7	16	10
2	23	8	10	28	10	14	8
3	25	6	0	37	0	20	12
4	25	3	4	43	6	11	7
5	26	6	0	35	0	19	14
6	44	3	27	14	3	10	0

#### Project Management - Metric

- LOC(UI, DAO and REST Service): 4306
- User Stories: 24 accepted
- Average hours per user story: 179
- Hours per week: 43
- Velocity: 10
- Complexity:
  - Nested block depth is 3(max. is 5)
  - McCabe Cyclomatic Complexity is 5(max. is 10)
- Readability and Maintainability:
  - We make sure that none of our methods has LOC greater than 50.
  - Also none of our classes has LOC greater than 750.

#### Project Management - Issues

#### Some of the issues we encountered

- Uncommitted and incorrectly loaded jars.
- Validation of "username" during user registration
  - Resolved by creating a servlet package.
- The database table names were not case sensitive in windows but turned out to be when we deployed to linux. Fixed it by correcting case.
- We had problem in login from UI to REST service
  - Resolved by merging UI into REST service
- We cannot delete a project because of the dependencies of stories and tasks
  - Resolved by just closing the project. After closing a project, it will exist in the database but it can not be modified.

# Configuration Management - Tracking & Handling

PivotalTracker - Helps us to keep track of

- User requirements,
- Assignment of tasks and
- Completion of tasks.



- Handle development process
- Code maintenance
- Version control





#### Configuration Management-Technologies

































# Challenges Faced

- Larger Group Time constraint & coordination
- AWS is not intuitive
- Security was very difficult to implement
- Using GitHub
- Technologies were new to most of group members

### Lessons Learnt

- Communication
- Team Work
- Co-ordination of work

#### SOFTWARE DEMO