```
489labuser@co2061-06:~
 \equiv
                                                                            ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ ping www.iastate.edu
PING www.iastate.edu (20.221.234.34) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 20.221.234.34 (20.221.234.34): icmp seq=1 ttl=106 time=25.1 ms
64 bytes from 20.221.234.34 (20.221.234.34): icmp seq=2 ttl=106 time=25.4 ms
64 bytes from 20.221.234.34 (20.221.234.34): icmp seq=3 ttl=106 time=25.5 ms
^c
--- www.iastate.edu ping statistics ---
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2004ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 25.060/25.333/25.548/0.203 ms
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ ping 127.0.0.1
PING 127.0.0.1 (127.0.0.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 127.0.0.1: icmp seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.039 ms
64 bytes from 127.0.0.1: icmp seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.074 ms
64 bytes from 127.0.0.1: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.074 ms
^c
--- 127.0.0.1 ping statistics ---
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2086ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.039/0.062/0.074/0.017 ms
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$
```

1. and 2. This is the screen shot for pinging <u>www.iastate.edu</u> and 127.0.0.1 ip. The time is at the end of the line is the round trip time. Between the two you can see that the time was a significantly smaller for 127.0.0.1 compared to www.iastate.edu.

```
\equiv
                                489labuser@co2061-06:~
                                                                              ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ www.google.com
bash: www.google.com: command not found...
ping [489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ ping www.google.com
PING www.google.com (142.250.69.228) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from den08s05-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.69.228): icmp seq=1 ttl=111 time
=25.8 ms
64 bytes from den08s05-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.69.228): icmp seq=2 ttl=111 time
=26.2 ms
64 bytes from den08s05-in-f4.1e100.net (142.250.69.228): icmp seq=3 ttl=111 time
=26.0 ms
^C
--- www.google.com ping statistics ---
semitted 3 received, 0%
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2003ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 25.847/26.004/26.160/0.225 ms
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ ping www.cam.ac.uk
PING www.cam.ac.uk (128.232.132.8) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from tm-128-232-132-8.tm.uis.cam.ac.uk (128.232.132.8): icmp seq=1 ttl=
38 time=119 ms
64 bytes from tm-128-232-132-8.tm.uis.cam.ac.uk (128.232.132.8): icmp seq=2 ttl=
38 time=119 ms
64 bytes from tm-128-232-132-8.tm.uis.cam.ac.uk (128.232.132.8): icmp seq=3 ttl=
38 time=119 ms
^c
--- www.cam.ac.uk ping statistics ---
```

These are the screen caps for pinging

This is the screen shot from google and cam.ac.uk. The response times are different by around 100 ms.

\_\_\_\_\_\_

```
≡
                               489labuser@co2061-06:~
                                                                          ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
** server can't find www.istate.edu: NXDOMAIN
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ nslookup
> set type=A
> www.iastate.edu
Server: 129.186.1.200
Address: 129.186.1.200#53
Name: www.iastate.edu
Address: 20.221.234.34
> ^C[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ nslookup www.iastate.edu
Server: 129.186.1.200
Address:
          129.186.1.200#53
Name: www.iastate.edu
Address: 20.221.234.34
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ nslookup microsoft.com
Server: 129.186.1.200
Address: 129.186.1.200#53
Non-authoritative answer:
Name: microsoft.com
```

3. This is screen shot of using nslookup with www.iastate.edu

```
\equiv
                               489labuser@co2061-06:~
                                                                           ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ nslookup www.microsoft.com
Server:
               129.186.1.200
Address:
               129.186.1.200#53
Non-authoritative answer:
www.microsoft.com
                       canonical name = www.microsoft.com-c-3.edgekey.net.
www.microsoft.com-c-3.edgekey.net
                                      canonical name = www.microsoft.com-c-3.e
dgekey.net.globalredir.akadns.net.
www.microsoft.com-c-3.edgekey.net.globalredir.akadns.net
                                                               canonical name =
e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net.
       e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 69.192.209.170
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:183::356e
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:189::356e
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:19a::356e
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:18b::356e
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:1a3::356e
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$
```

3. This is the screenshot for nslookup on <a href="www.microsoft.com">www.microsoft.com</a>

```
\equiv
                               489labuser@co2061-06:~
                                                                          ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
Address: 69.192.209.170
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:183::356e
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:189::356e
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:19a::356e
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:18b::356e
Name: e13678.dscb.akamaiedge.net
Address: 2600:1404:9400:1a3::356e
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$ nslookup www.wikipedia.com
               129.186.1.200
Address:
              129.186.1.200#53
Non-authoritative answer:
www.wikipedia.com canonical name = ncredir-lb.wikimedia.org.
Name: ncredir-lb.wikimedia.org
Address: 208.80.154.232
Name: ncredir-lb.wikimedia.org
Address: 2620:0:861:ed1a::9
[489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$
```

3. This is the nslookup for www.wikipedia.com

4. This is the interactive lookup for the mail exchanger for ece.iastate.edu

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[489]abuser@co2061-06 ~]$ nslookup

> set type=PTR
> 129.186.215.40

Server: 129.186.1.200
Address: 129.186.1.200#53

Non-authoritative answer:
40.215.186.129.in-addr.arpa name = spock.ee.iastate.edu.

Authoritative answers can be found from:
> ■
```

5. This is the nslookup for the hostname for 129.186.215.40. The name is spock.ee.iastate.edu.

```
\equiv
                              489labuser@co2061-06:~
                                                                          ×
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
       ether 74:86:e2:28:9c:dd txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
       device interrupt 19 memory 0x72280000-722a0000
enp3s0f0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192.168.254.6 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.254.255
       inet6 fe80::e63d:laff:fea0:29be prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether e4:3d:1a:a0:29:be txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 2387888 bytes 1554000752 (1.4 GiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 657743 bytes 313699637 (299.1 MiB)
       TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
       device interrupt 16
enp3s0f1: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
       inet 192.168.75.6 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.75.255
       inet6 fe80::e63d:laff:fea0:29bf prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
       ether e4:3d:1a:a0:29:bf txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
       RX packets 1010140 bytes 77062216 (73.4 MiB)
       RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
       TX packets 584 bytes 47778 (46.6 KiB)
```

6. Here are some of the results from running if config. We are specifically looking at "en3s0f0" at we can see the inet field to find the ip: 192.168.254.6

This is the first terminal with iperf being the server.

7. This is the second tereminal it is acting as the client. The measured bandwidth is 101 Gbits/sec

8. This is result of running traceroute to <a href="www.google.com">www.google.com</a>. There was a lot of hops as we can see. It recorded 25 hops to different routers and ips. There are two things that are interesting. The first, is that from 9 to 10 the latency jumps up and stay high for the following routes. The other is that 15 is blocked. That means there is a firewall that is blocking source UDP files that it has to send back which causes us to not receive any information back about the packets.

9. This is the result of running teptraceroute on google. In this case opposed to the UDP version we are able to receive information about 15. This means it must not be blocking TCP packets? Another interesting thing was that running multiple tests it went through the same network route when running multiple tests.

```
ES:

V: ^A scanme.nmap.org

V: V - As (192,168.0.0/16 10.0.0.0.8/8)

V: V: R1 (2000 Pr. p. 80

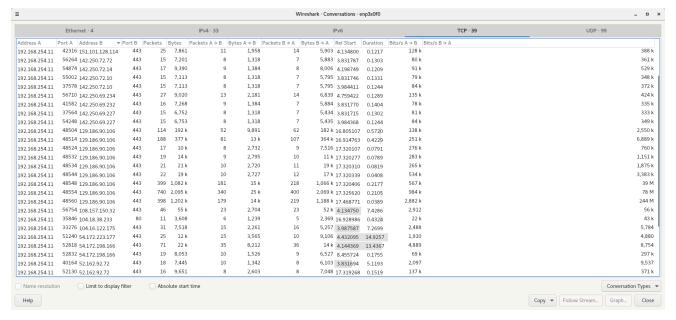
E MAN PAGE (https://nmap.org/book/man.html) FOR MORE OPTIONS AND EXAMPLES buser@cc2061.06 - Js nap. Pr. 192,168.254.6

Ing Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-01-23 15:35 CST (can report for 192,166.254.6

s up (0.0000345 latency).
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.02 seconds [489labuser@co2061-06 ~]$
```

10. This is the nmap results. We can see that 22/tcp is open which is the SSH service

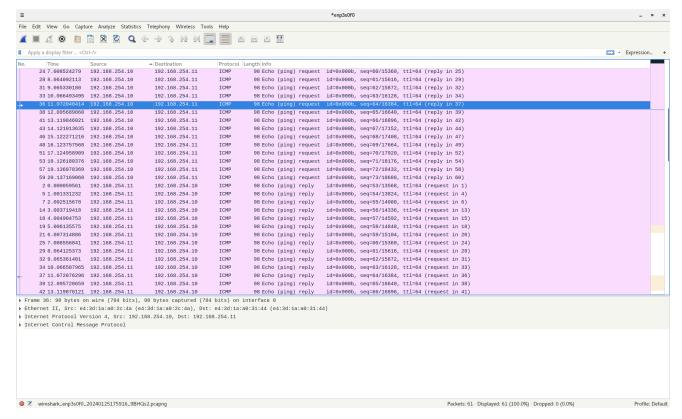
This is showing tcpdump. Here my friend Yi is sending packets to me. I found his ip 11. to be 192.168.254.5 which he confirmed to be right.



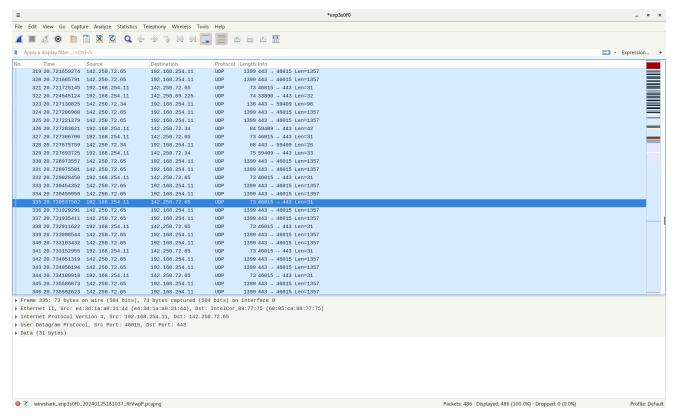
12. This is to show the different TCP conversaions I am having. The IP is different between TCP and UDP for <a href="www.iastate.edu">www.iastate.edu</a>. I can tell 129.186.90.106 is iastate.edu because it was the most high traffic conversation.

## 5 others:

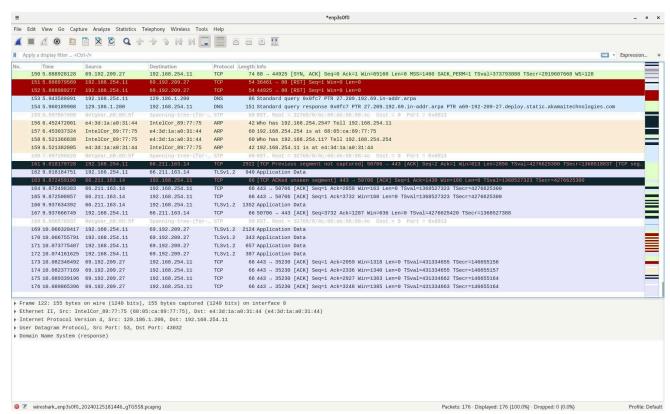
- -142.250.69.227, port 443, HTTPS, 8 packets sent 0.1244 Duration
- -142.250.69.232, port 443, HTTPS, 9 packets sent 0.1404 Duration
- -108.157.150.32, port 443, HTTPS, 23 packets sent, 7.4286 Duration
- -54.172.223.177, port 443, HTTPS, 15 packets sent, 14.9257 Duration, used nslookup this was AWS
- -52.162.92.72, port 443, HTTPS, 7 packets sent, 0.1315 Duration



13. 192.168.254.11 is me (I changed computers for this part), and 192.168.254.10 is the partner. 98 bytes are sent when the partner requests and I send 98 bytes back to him. The arrival time ranges from 1 to 59.



14. This is a capture of wireshark after running traceroute to <u>www.ebay.com</u>. All the packets we are sending and receiving are UDP.



This is after running teptraceroute. We can see we are transmitting and receiving TCP packets.

## Conclusion:

In this lab I learned about many different networking tools. I also learned about many different networking terms. Some of the tools I learned about were: nslookup, nmap, traceroute, ifconfig, ping, tcpdump, iperf, and wireshark. Some of the terms I learned about were TCP and UDP.

We used nslookup in order to find the ip address of domain names and find domain names for ips. We used nmap in order to see what ports we had open. Traceroute was used to see the path that a UDP took to get to a target ip. We also used the tcp version of it called tcptraceroute that allowed us to get past UDP firewalls. We used ifconfig to find our ip address. Ping was a command we could use with an ip to see if we could connect to them by sending packets and receiving packets back. We used tcpdump as a network sniffer to track the packets we were receiving. Using this I was able to get the ip of a friend who was pinging me. We also used iperf to check the bandwidth between two ips. The last tool we used was wireshark. This was another network sniffer. It was a GUI though and had many filters and tools built into it. We were able to organize by tcp and UDP packets. We could also sort by certain ip addresses. TCP and UDP are different network packet protocols. TCP packets are sent through a connection. UDP are just individual packets sent.