

Playbook

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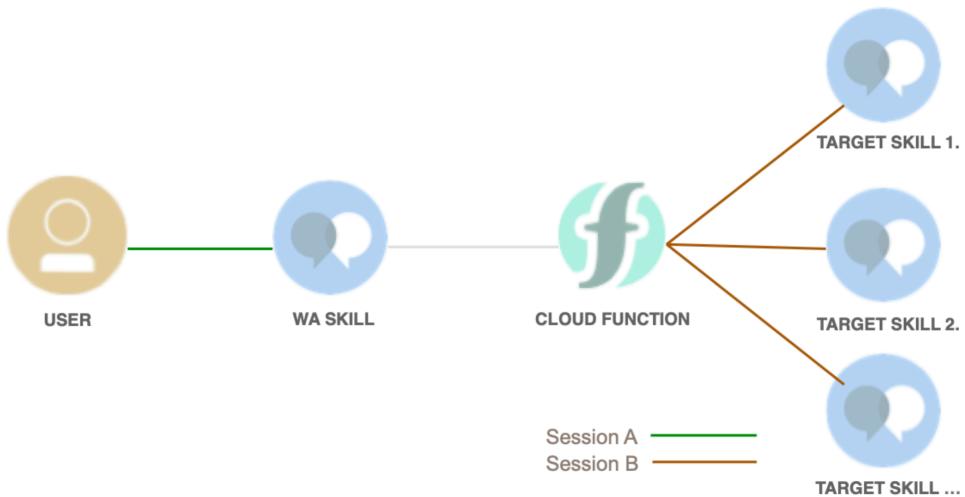
Introduction and Overview

Multiskill Bot enables target skills to be accessed from a single “router” skill. This run book will walk through:

1. Gathering Requirements
2. Create Cloud Function
3. Create a New Watson Assistant Skill
4. Get the Cloud Functions endpoint
5. Add the webhook to your skill
6. Entity Configuration
7. Dialog Configuration
8. Welcome Configuration

The intended user experience for Multiskill enabled Assistants should be seamless. The user enters an utterance, which triggers a response from the pertinent target skill without the user knowing or caring where the response originated. Behind the scenes numerous skills may be involved in what appears to the user to be a single conversation.

The simple context diagram below shows the components and context of this solution.



A user connects to a skill, which can either serve the user, or pass the conversation off to any number of target skills

This flow is made possible by linking Watson Assistant to a custom application that sits in [Cloud Functions](#). The Cloud Function is invoked by a webhook from Watson Assistant. Once invoked, the Cloud Function leverages both Language Translator and Assistant to correctly respond to the user.

Terminology

The skill that the user interacts directly with (Session A above) can be referred to as:

- Parent,
- Vessel, or
- Router skill.

The skill accessed via the cloud function can be referred to as the:

- Child,
- Nested or
- Target skill.

1. Gathering Requirements

In your IBM Cloud account you should have the following

- Watson Assistant [instance](#).
- Cloud Functions [instance](#)

On your local computer you should have the following

- [IBM Cloud CLI](#)
- Download the files in the repository [here](#) which includes the following:
 - multiskill_cloudfunction.zip (Cloud Function code and dependencies)
 - skill-polyglot-bot.json (the Watson assistant skill)

2. Create Cloud Function

Cloud Functions is a serverless programming platform for developing code that scalably executes on demand. We will be leveraging this tool because it integrates easily with Watson Assistant via a Webhook and carries a low cost.

- 2.1. Login to your IBM Cloud from the CLI using the following command:
 - ***ibmcloud login –sso***
- 2.2. Choose the target space:
 - ***ibmcloud target --cf***
- 2.3. Place your multiskill_cloudfunction.zip file from step 1 in a folder where you can find it.
- 2.4. Using IBM Cloud CLI Locate the folder containing your zip file.
- 2.5. From within the folder, create your cloud function with the following command:
 - ***ibmcloud fn action create [your cloud function name here]***
multiskill_cloudfunction.zip --kind nodejs:10
- 2.6. You can always update this file later with the following command:
 - ***ibmcloud fn action update [your cloud function name here]***
multiskill_cloudfunction.zip --kind nodejs:10

Action	CLI Command
Login to IBM Cloud via CLI	<code>ibmcloud login –sso</code>
Choose the target space	<code>ibmcloud target --cf</code>
Create CF Action	<code>ibmcloud fn action create [your cloud function name here] multiskill_cloudfunction.zip --kind nodejs:10</code>
Update CF Action	<code>ibmcloud fn action update [your cloud function name here] multiskill_cloudfunction.zip --kind nodejs:10</code>

CLI command summary

3. Create a new Watson Assistant skill

This Watson assistant skill will be responsible for connecting your target skill choices to the user as well as setting and passing pertinent variables to the cloud function.

- 3.1. Create a Watson Assistant instance if you do not have one
- 3.2. If you haven't, download the dialog skill "multiskill.json" from step 1.
- 3.3. Launch your Watson Assistant Instance
- 3.4. Navigate to the Skills page (vertical menu on left, bottom icon) & Click "Create Skill"
- 3.5. Select skill type, "Dialog Skill" and Click "Next"
- 3.6. Choose "Import Skill" and select: "Choose JSON File"
- 3.7. Navigate to the "multiskill.json" file that you downloaded and click "Import"
- 3.8. Attach the skill to an Assistant. To create an assistant go to the Assistants page (Vertical menu on left, top icon). Once created, link it to the skill.

4. Get the Cloud Functions endpoint for your webhook

4.1. Open your Cloud Functions dashboard here: <https://cloud.ibm.com/functions/>

4.2. Select the namespace you wish to deploy the function in from the drop-down (1), then click "Actions" on the left nav bar (2)

The screenshot shows the IBM Cloud Functions dashboard. On the left, a sidebar menu is open with 'Actions' highlighted and circled with a red number 2. The main content area shows a list of namespaces under 'ALL NAMESPACES (6)'. One namespace, 'morganlanglais@ibm.com_my-test-space' (Dallas, CF-Based), is selected and highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 1. Other namespaces listed include 'morganlanglais@ibm.com_computer-visio...', 'morganlanglais@ibm.com_demos', 'morganlanglais@ibm.com_javascript', 'morgans-namespace', and 'testorganization02_testspace01'.

4.3. Click my-action or the name that you previously gave your action in step 2

4.4. Select Endpoints then check "Enable as web action" and click "Save"

4.5. Copy the URL in the "Web Action" section and save for later

The screenshot shows the 'Actions' page for the 'main-zip' function. The 'Endpoints' tab is selected in the sidebar. In the main area, under the 'Web Action' section, the 'Enable as Web Action' checkbox is checked. Below it, there's a note about handling plain text requests instead of JSON. At the bottom, the 'HTTP Method' is set to 'ANY', 'Auth' is 'Public', and the 'URL' is 'https://us-south.functions.cloud.ibm.com/api/v1/web/morganlanglais%40ibm.com_my-test-space/default/main-zip'. This URL is highlighted with a red box.

5. Add the webhook to your skill

5.1. Open the skill you imported in Watson Assistant earlier

5.2. Navigate to **Options -> Webhooks**

The screenshot shows the 'WA Translator' skill configuration. On the left sidebar, under 'Options', the 'Webhooks' tab is selected. In the main panel, the 'Webhook setup' section is visible. A red box highlights the 'URL' input field, which contains the value 'https://us-south.functions.cloud.ibm.com/api/v1/web/morganlanglais%40ib'. Below the URL field is a 'Headers' section.

5.3. Replace this URL with your webhook URL that you copied previously

Important: Make sure you append ".json" to the end of this URL in order for Watson Assistant to process the data correctly.

Done! You are now ready to configure your skill.

6. Test

The components have been loaded with test configurations. Let's see if everything is working.

6.1. Navigate to the dialog tab of the skill. On the top right side you should see a "Try it" button:

Try it

6.2. Press "Try it" and the following options should present:

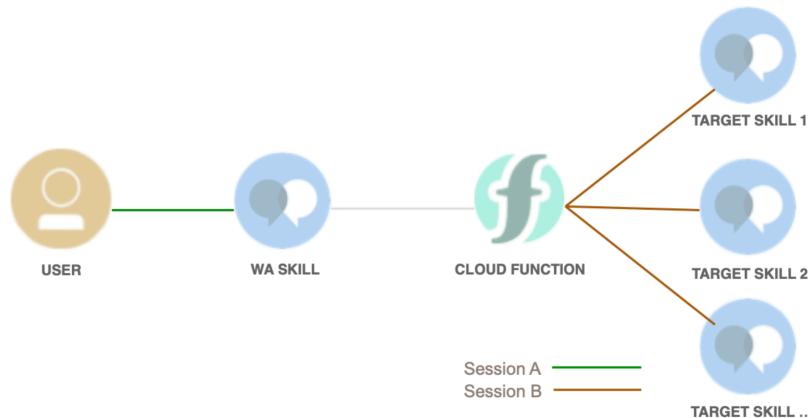
The screenshot shows the 'Multiskill' configuration interface. On the left sidebar, under 'Dialog', the 'Multiskill' tab is selected. In the main panel, there are three dialog nodes listed: 'Welcome', 'Jokes', and 'Covid Skill (Set Context)'. To the right, a 'Try it out' modal is open, displaying a list of available skills: Multiskill, Covid Skill, Enablement Skill, and Visual Classification example. Each skill has a colored circular icon next to its name.

6.3. Try several of the options presented.

Responses will indicate proper setup. Congratulations! In the next section we will discuss how to make it your own.

7. Make it your own

First a bit of background on how Multiskill works. As mentioned before, WA is leveraging Cloud Functions to access multiple skills. In order for the Cloud Function to understand which skill to target, Watson Assistant must pass it a number of parameters.



Watson Assistant is using dialog nodes to hold the pertinent values and the correct dialog nodes are triggered based on intents and variables that get set when a user gives input. In the following example, the user has asked “can my pet get the coronavirus?” The “Covid Skill (Set Context)” node gets triggered sending the request to a Covid specific skill, eliciting the pertinent response.

Multiskill

Add node Add child node Add folder

Intents Entities Dialog Options Analytics Versions Content Catalog

1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return

Covid Skill (Set Context)
#Covid && \$set_context!="covid"
2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

2 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return

can my pet get the coronavirus?
#Covid

According to the CDC website there is no evidence that a companion animal can contract Covid-19.

Once this connection has been made the session is maintained, allowing the user to ask pertinent follow on questions that on their own would not appear to be covid related. Below the user then asks “Are parks closed?”. Since the session is maintained with the covid skill, the pertinent response is received.

Versions Content Catalog

#Covid && \$set_context!="covid"
2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

Enablement (Set Context)
#Enablement && \$set_context!="enablement"
2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

Covid Skill
\$set_context=="covid"
2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

General Enablement / Scheduler Skill / Plant classific...
\$set_context=="enablement"
2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

Are parks closed?
Irrelevant

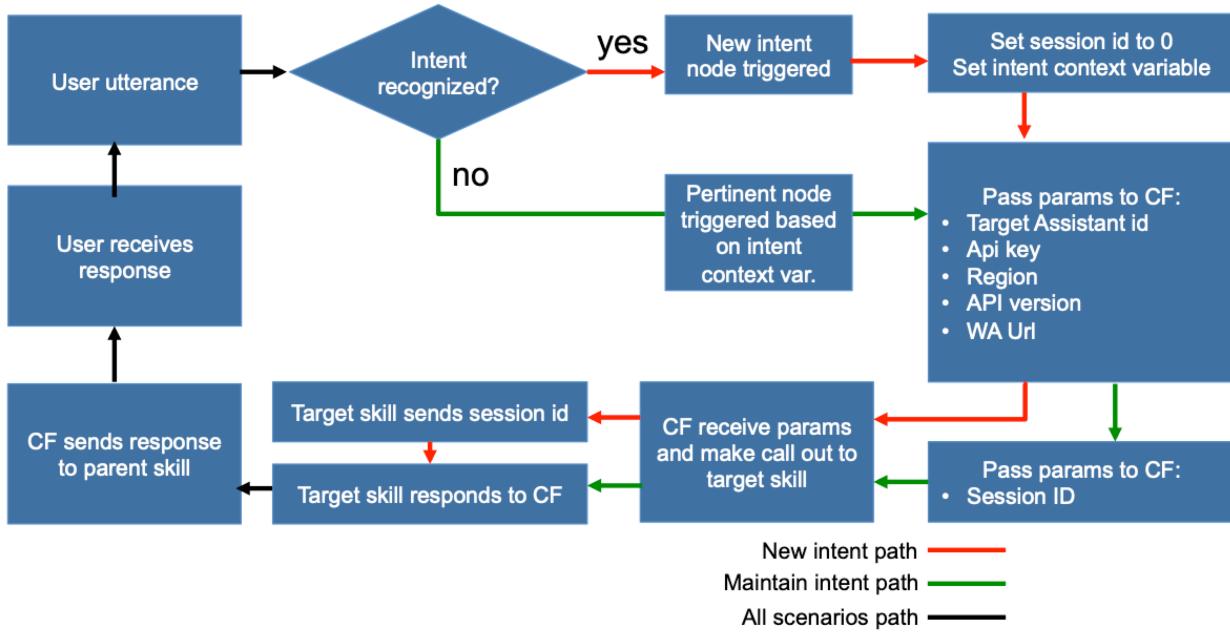
Generally, it is okay to go outside to walk, run, and bike so long as you avoid contact with others. You should visit your local government website to ensure that these activities are permitted.

The combination of being stuck at home and dealing with the Covid-19 outbreak may be stressful for some. The CDC has helpful guidance for coping with stress related to the outbreak.

If the user asks a series of covid related questions then asks if they can get an appointment (a function served out of a different skill) the session is broken with the Covid skill and will be connected with the enablement/scheduling skill.

This behavior is possible due to 2 components: *Intents* and *dialog conditions*. When the user triggers an intent the dialog sends the conversation to the pertinent skill and creates a session and maintains the state. Those variables remain until a new intent is triggered.

- For each target skill an intent needs to be created.
- For each target skill 2 (Two) dialog nodes need to be configured.
 - The first dialog node sets the intent specific context variable and resets the session id.
 - The second dialog node carries all subsequent conversation until a new intent is identified.



Below shows the first node triggered by a Covid question: “Covid Skill (Set Context)”. Below that is the node triggered by all subsequent Covid questions: “Covid Skill”. You can see the node conditions are different for each. The first node set’s context and resets the session id only if it detects a new intent. It passes the conversation then to the 2nd covid node, which doesn’t reset the session id. allowing the conversation to maintain state.

Multiskill

Intents	Add node	Add child node	Add folder
Entities			
Dialog			
Options			
Analytics			
Versions			
Content Catalog			

1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return

Covid Skill (Set Context)
#Covid && \$set_context!="covid"

2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

Enablement (Set Context)
#Enablement && \$set_context!="enablement"

2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

Covid Skill
\$set_context=="covid"

2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

General Enablement / Scheduler Skill / Plant classific...
\$set_context=="enablement"

2 Responses / 2 Context Set / Does not return

Anything else
anything_else

1 Responses / 0 Context Set / Does not return

Lets start configuring. All the configuration values are loaded into the nodes allowing flexibility and ease of implementation.

Assistant Id

- 7.1. First, navigate to the target assistant where we will obtain the assistant. Find it here in the settings for your Assistant. Also note the Assistant Url and API Key

The screenshot shows the Watson Assistant interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with icons for Assistants, Skills, and Integrations. Below that, a blue button says "Create assistant". The main area has a title "CCFA_Agent" and three sections: "Skills (1)", "Integrations (1)", and "Delete". The "Skills" section shows "CCFA General Skill". The "Integrations" section shows "Settings" (which is highlighted with a blue box). The "Delete" button is also highlighted with a blue box. On the left side of the main content area, there's a sidebar with options: "Rename assistant", "API details" (which is selected and highlighted with a blue box), "Search skill", and "Inactivity timeout". The main content area has two tabs: "API details" and "Assistant details". Under "Assistant details", there are fields for "Assistant name" (set to "Polyglot Bot"), "Assistant ID" (set to "d1e0ccce-8295-4323-9899-38044de"), and "Assistant URL" (set to "https://gateway.watsonplatform.net/assistant/api/v2/assistants/d1e0ccce-8295-4323-9899-38044de/sessions"). Under "Service credentials", there are fields for "Credentials name" (set to "Auto-generated service credentials") and "API key" (set to "Y9hdrgwBweTrcTbqEDQ18aL_ftQg1V2tDSqogGW").

- 7.2. Copy the Assistant ID and then open the multiskill skill. Because we don't have any intents trained yet we are going to skip configuring the node conditions for now. Navigate to the "Covid Skill (Set Context)" node. Open it, (or copy and then open it as shown below) and paste the value for the assistant id over the existing one.

The screenshot shows the Multiskill editor. On the left, there's a sidebar with icons for Intents, Entities, Dialog, Options, Analytics, Versions, and Content Catalog. The "Dialog" icon is selected. In the main area, there's a tree view of nodes. A context node named "Covid Skill (Set Context)" is selected. A context menu is open over this node, with "Duplicate" highlighted with a blue box. Other options in the menu include "Add child node", "Add node above", "Add node below", "Add folder", "Move", "Jump to", and "Delete".

Do the same for the url and the apikey (version most likely will not be different). For the url you only need the core domain including everything up to but ending with .com or .net.

The screenshot shows the Multiskill interface. On the left, a sidebar lists 'Intents', 'Entities', 'Dialog' (which is selected), 'Options', 'Analytics', 'Versions', and 'Content Catalog'. The main area displays a dialog tree with nodes like 'Welcome', 'Jokes', 'Covid Skill (Set Context)', 'Enablement (Set Context)', 'Covid Skill', 'General Enablement / Scheduler Skill / Plant classific...', and 'Anything else'. A node 'Covid Skill (Set Context)' is highlighted with a blue border. On the right, a panel titled 'Covid Skill (Set Context)' shows a table of parameters:

Key	Value
lt_url	"0"
wa_url	"https://api.us-east.assistant.watson.c...
language	"en"
lt_apikey	"0"
wa_apikey	"75vivWsyGMF7epo7r9TQxtSV_RTQ5"
lt_version	"0"
session_id	"0"
wa_version	"2020-04-01"
assistantId	"3e3ebc0c-69ea-4d45-bc5f-d4fa9bbc"
user_utterance	"<?input.text?>"

Once these values have been entered scroll down the node to the webhook response section and open the response cog as shown in blue below.

Return variable

webhook_result_1



Webhook URL Your webhook URL is configured. Options X

Assistant responds

If assistant recognizes

Respond with

1

\$webhook_result_1.message

\$webhook_result_1.message



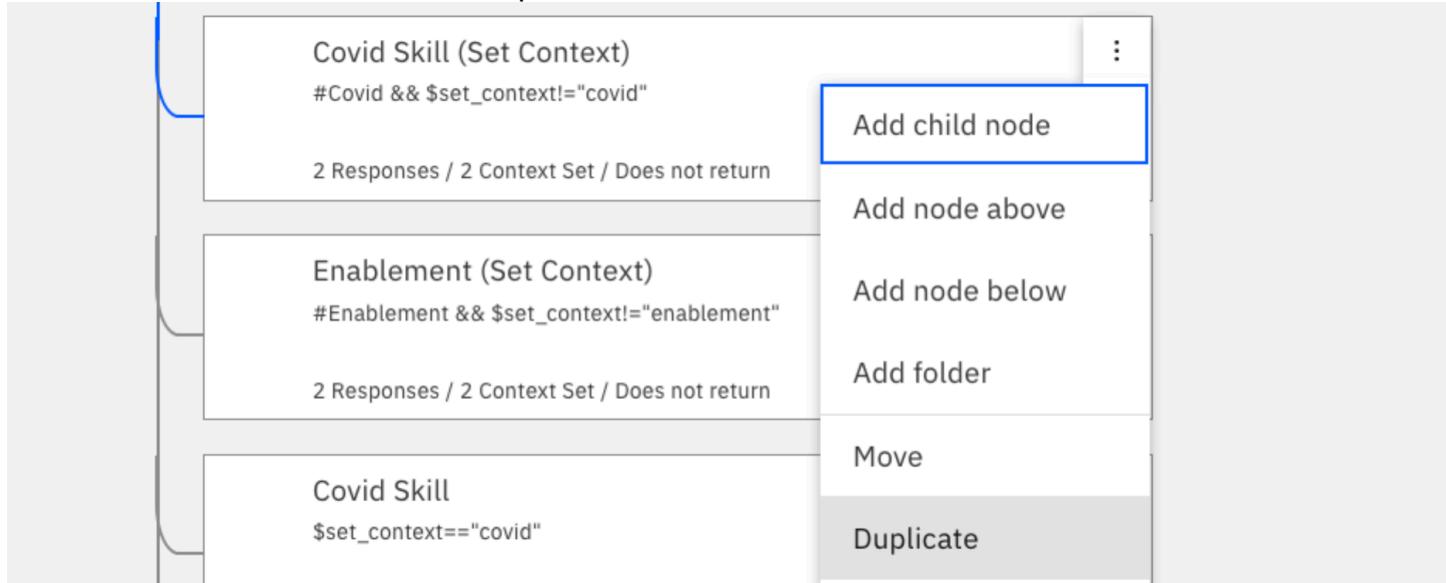
Customize response

We will need to tailor the `set_context` variable to match your target skill's intended use. Rename it something meaningful and unique like "scheduling" or "Covid" or "credit_card_returns" etc. Be sure to press save and continue.

Then set context

Variable	Value
session_id	<code>"\$webhook_result_1.session_id"</code>
set_context	<code>"covid"</code>

Now in order to save time we will duplicate this node as shown below:



This duplicated node needs to be configured to catch all the requests after the Intent has been first been identified. Because dialog is evaluated top down it is helpful if this second node is below the first.

In the copied node Change the name and the node conditions to match the following format:

If assistant recognizes

`$set_context=="covid"` Delete +

Instead of "Covid" yours should match the exact value you entered for the "set_context" variable in the last section.

Now go create an intent that matches your target skill. The intent does not need to include all of the target skill's training data. Only enough to trigger connecting to the skill. For example, even though our covid target skill is trained on how to get Tested for Covid and where, all the training data in the multi skill needs to identify is if they are talking about Covid. Once the utterance is passed to the pertinent skill, that skill can handle more detailed intent and entity classifications.

Once your intent is trained return to the pertinent dialog node. This is the first (or top) node pertinent to your target skill. Change the node conditions to match the following format. #(Whatever your newly created intent is) and \$set_context!="[your associated set context value]"

If assistant recognizes

#Covid  and  \$set_context!="covid"  

Congratulations, your skill should now be configured to reach out to your target skill.

Be sure to modify the welcome options to match your use case and delete all the vestige / example nodes that are not needed.

Keep in mind that although this skill specializes in reaching out to other Assistants you can also build native capabilities in this skill too. See the joke node as an example.

Congratulations, you are done!