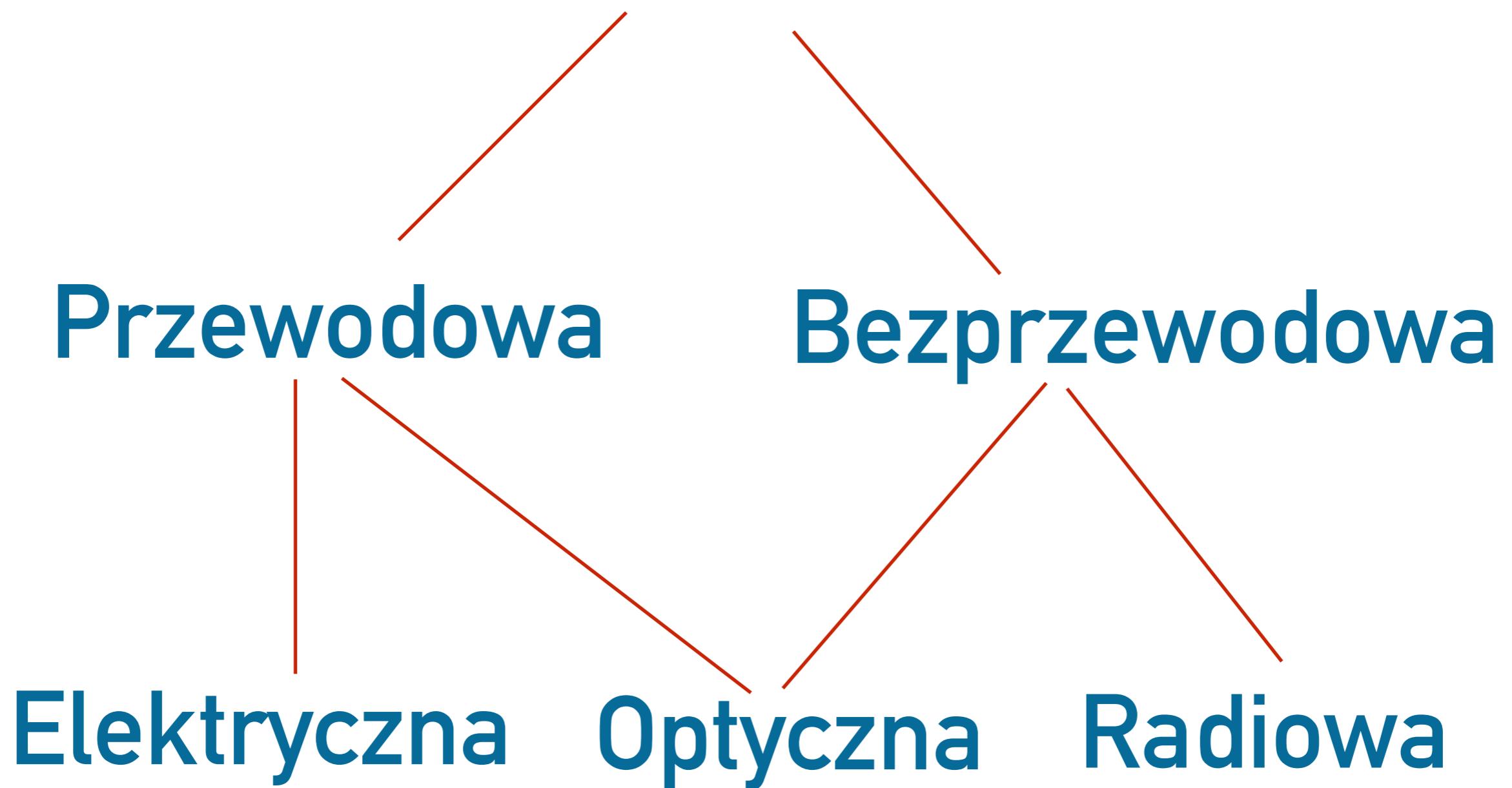
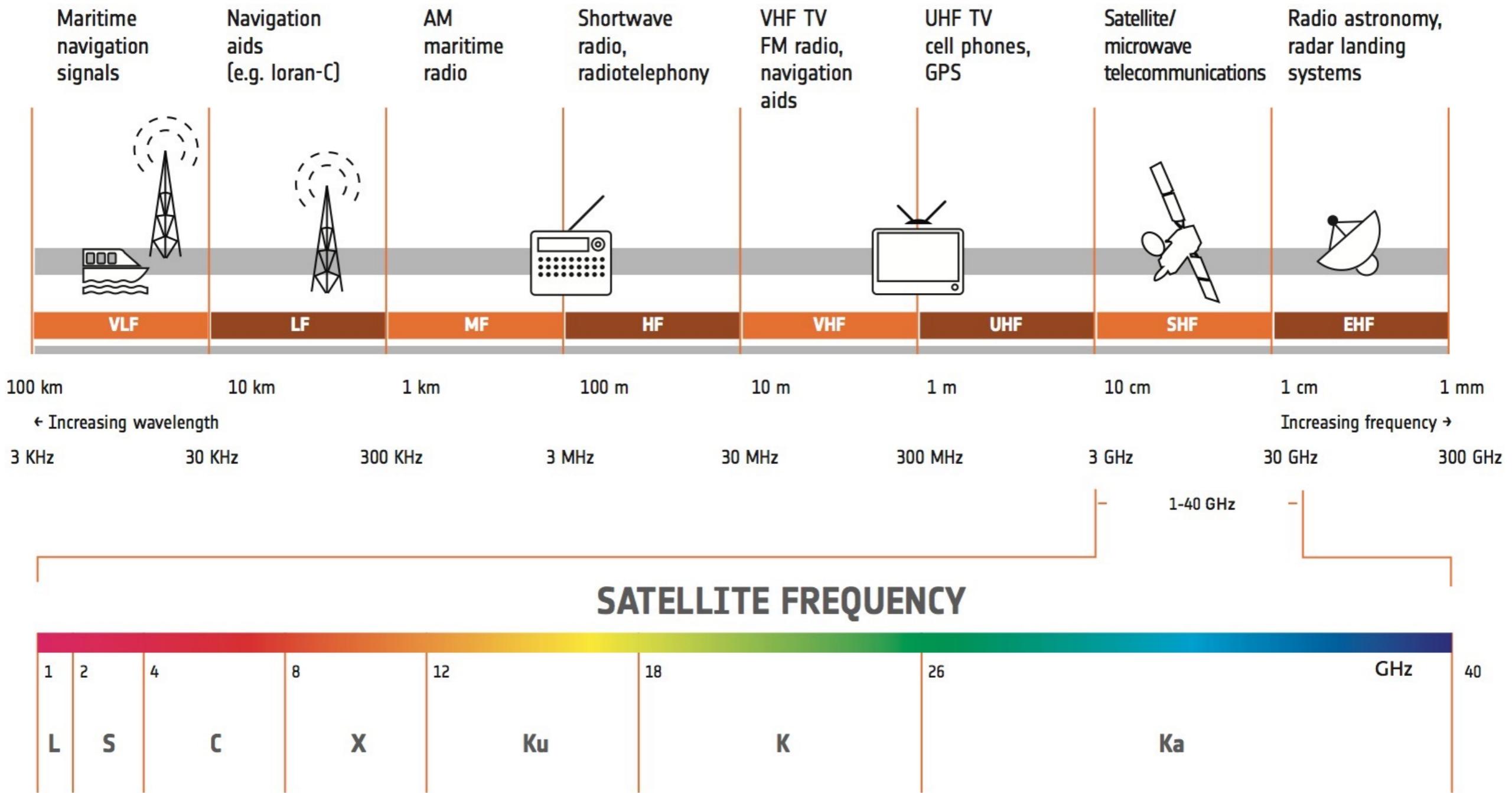


# TELEKOMUNIKACJA

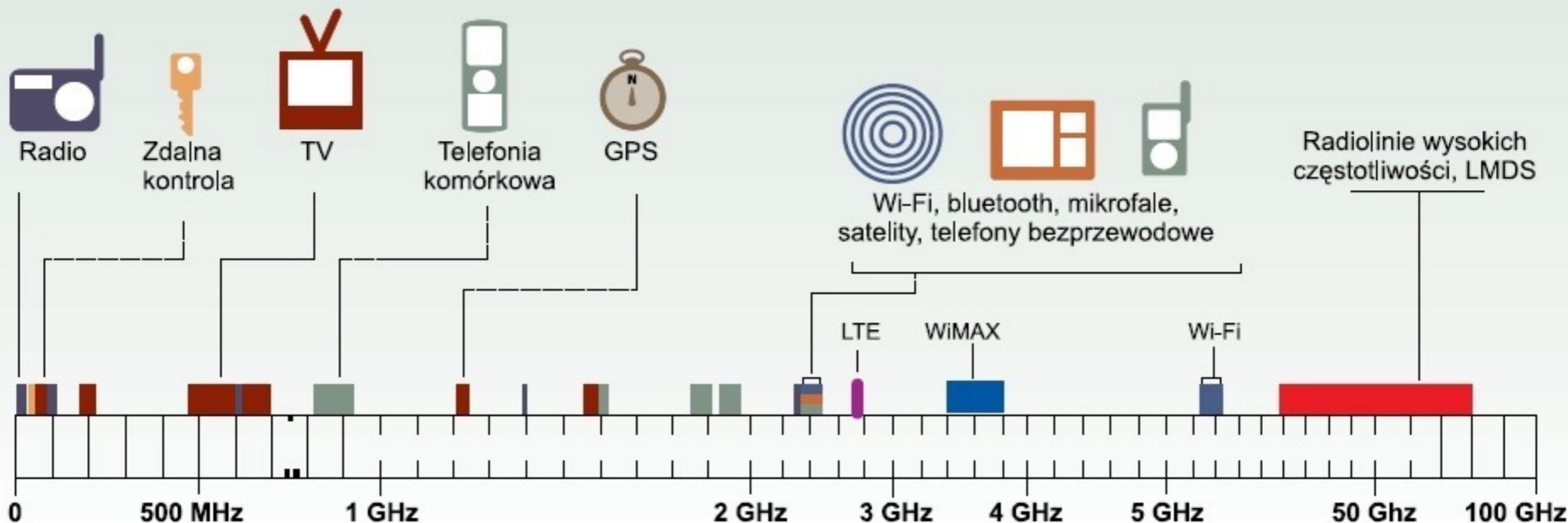


# RADIOKOMUNIKACJA

# Zakresy radiowe



## Popularne technologie wykorzystujące różne zakresy częstotliwości radiowych



# Pasmo ISM (Industrial-Scientific-Medical)

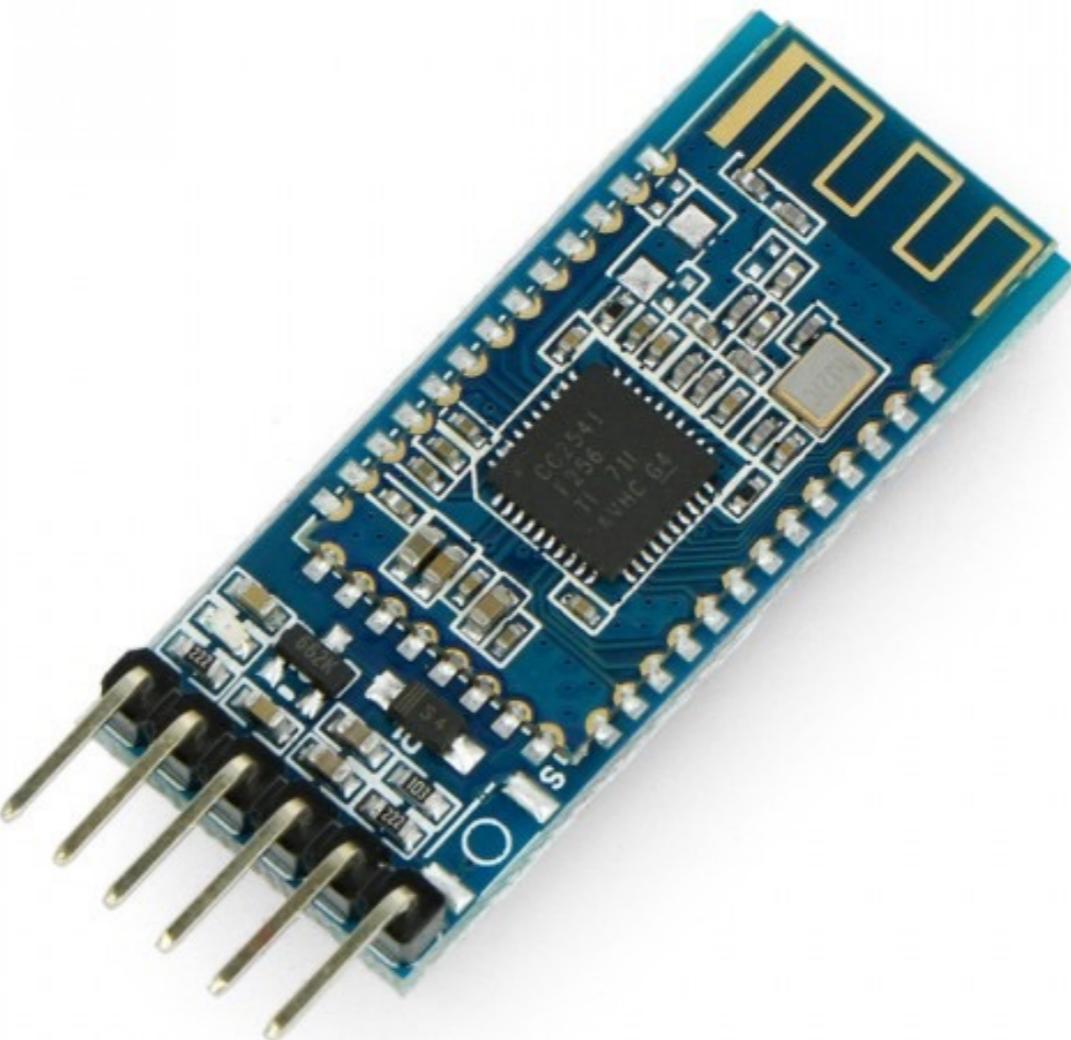
## Przedziały częstotliwości ISM akceptowanych na terenie Polski

Od	Do
6,765 MHz	6,795 MHz
13,553 MHz	13,567 MHz
26,957 MHz	27,283 MHz
40,660 MHz	40,700 MHz
433,050 MHz	434,790 MHz
868,000 MHz	870,000 MHz
2400 MHz	2483 MHz
5725 MHz	5875 MHz
24,00 GHz	24,25 GHz
61,00 GHz	61,50 GHz
122,00 GHz	123,00 GHz
244,00 GHz	246,00 GHz

Bluetooth

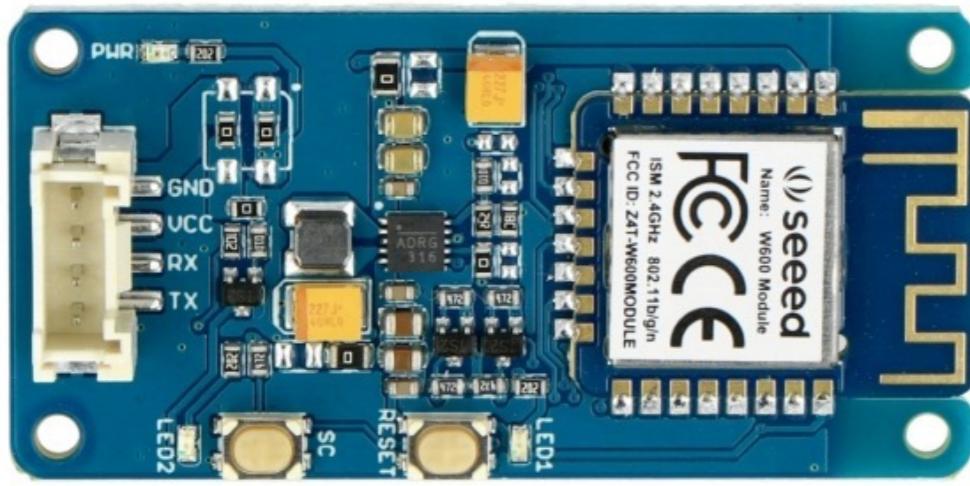
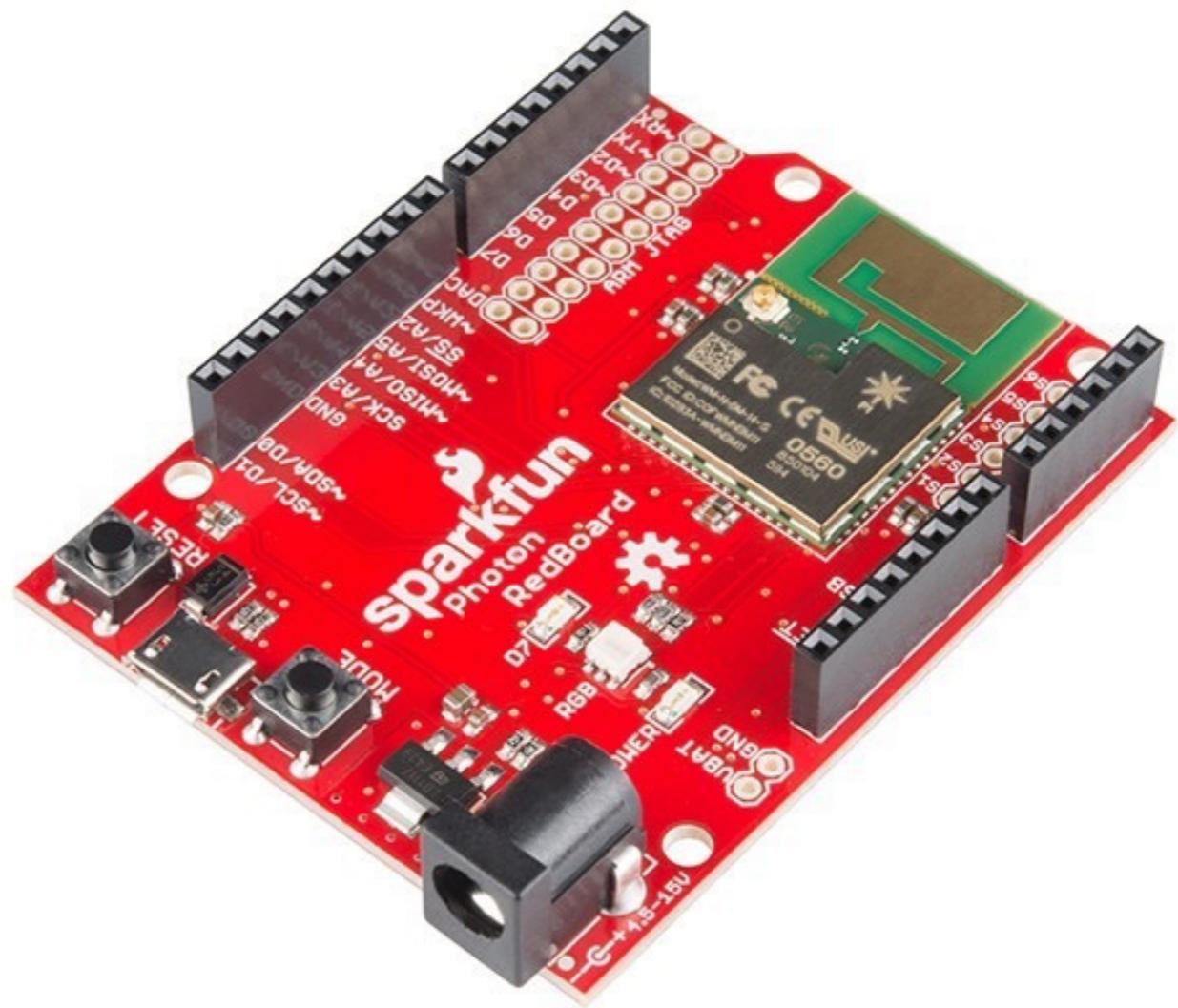
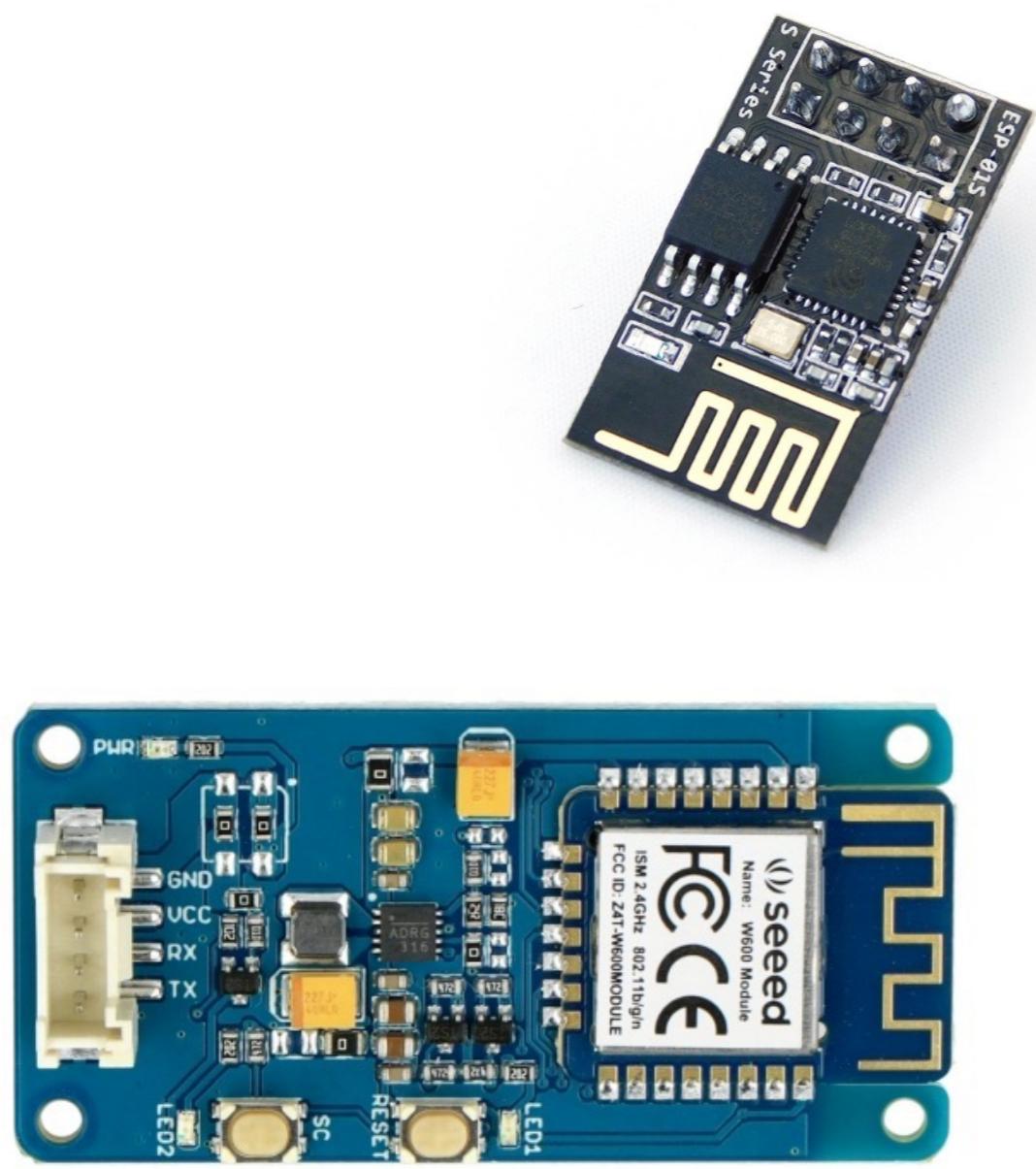


2.4 GHz



WiFi

2.4 GHz



# NFC (Near-Field Communication)

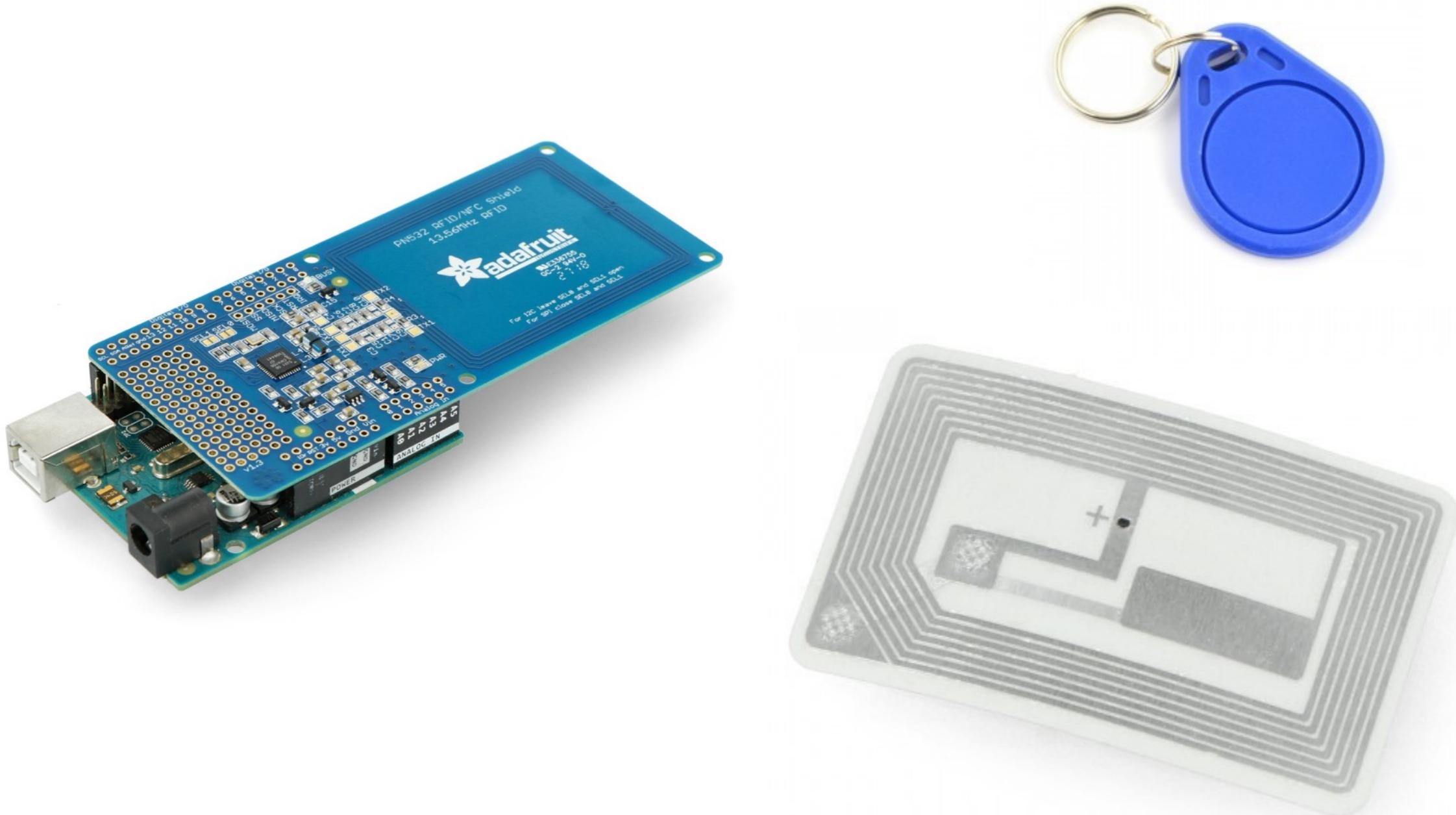


13,56 MHz ± 7 kHz



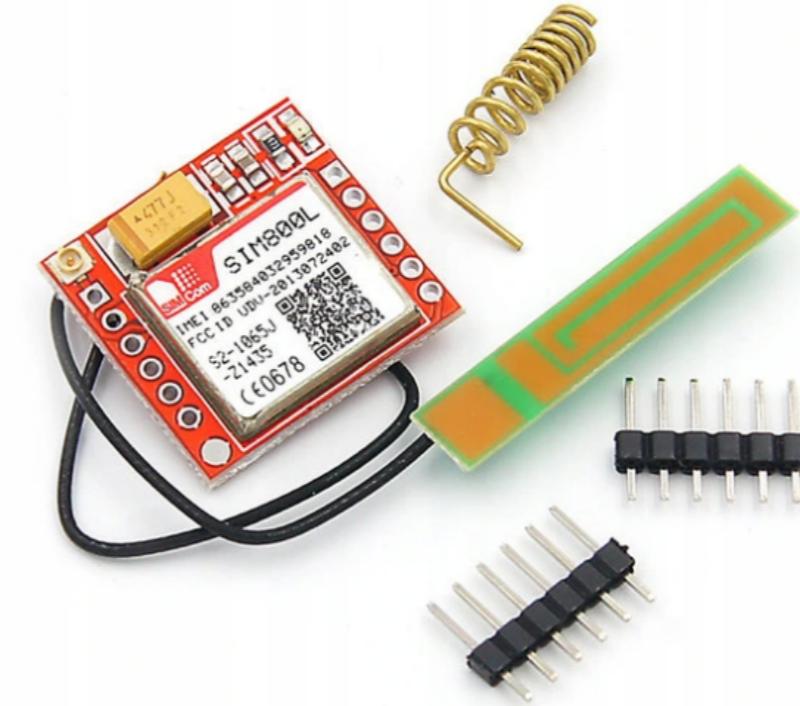
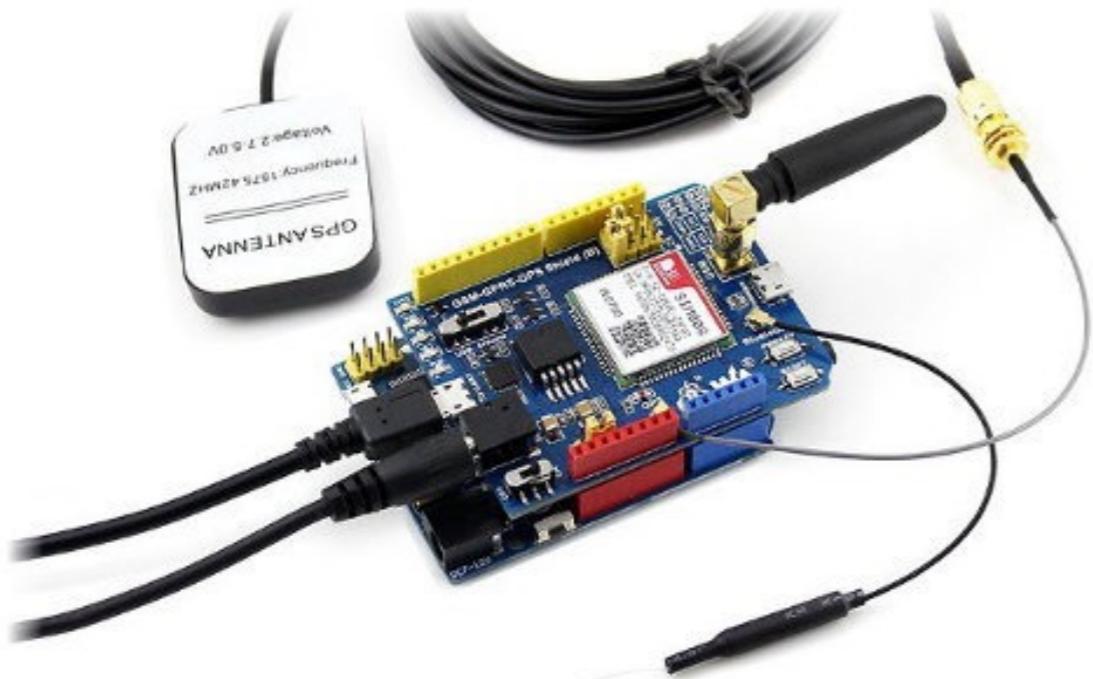
# RFID (RADIO FREQUENCY IDENTIFICATION)

13.56 MHz      125 kHz

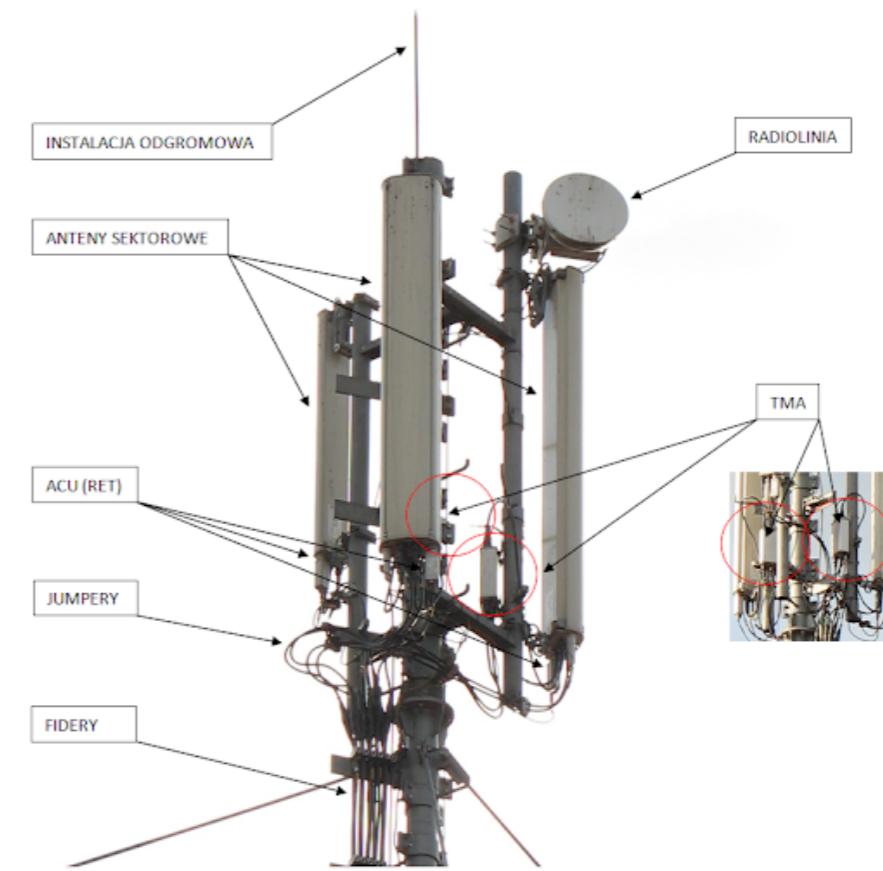


# GSM (Groupe Spécial Mobile)

400 / 850 / 900 / 1800 / 1900 MHz

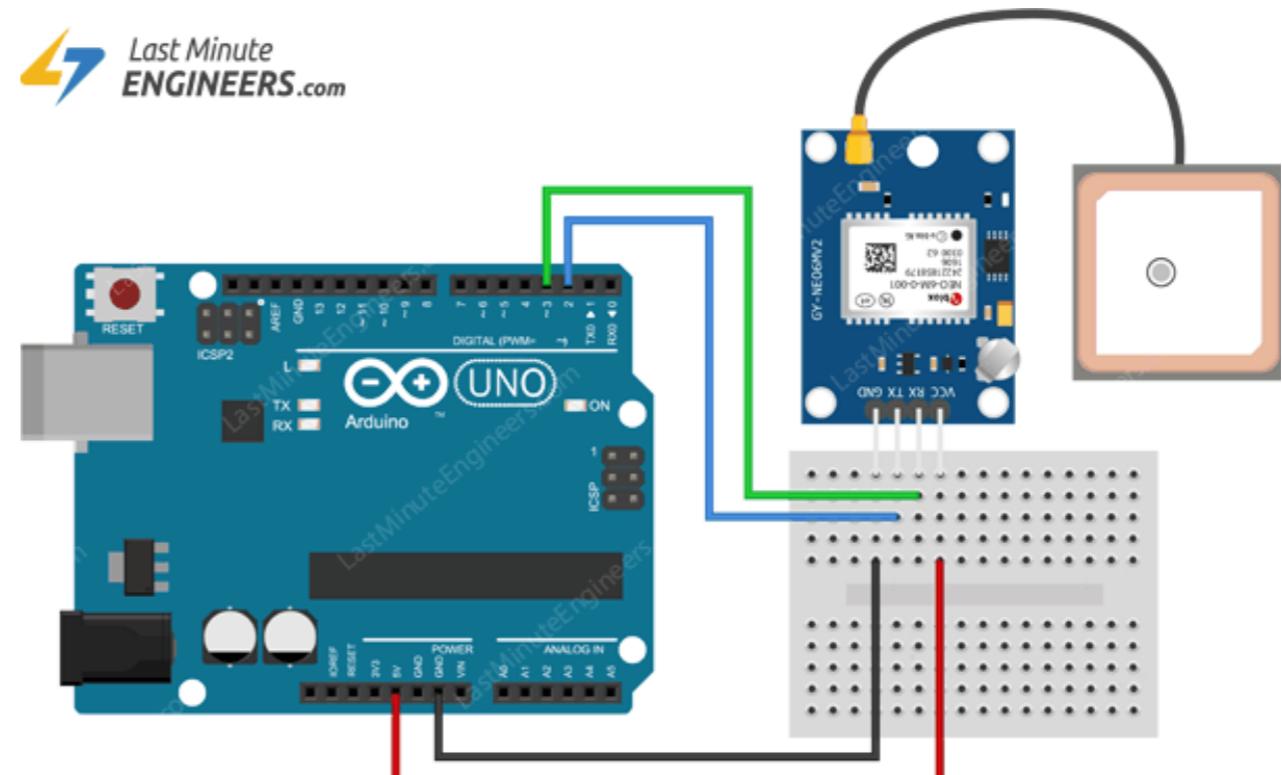


## Stacja bazowa, BTS



# GPS (Global Positioning System)

L1 C/A - 1575.42 MHz  
L2 C - 1227.6 MHz  
L2 P - 1227.6 MHz  
L5 - 1176.45 MHz

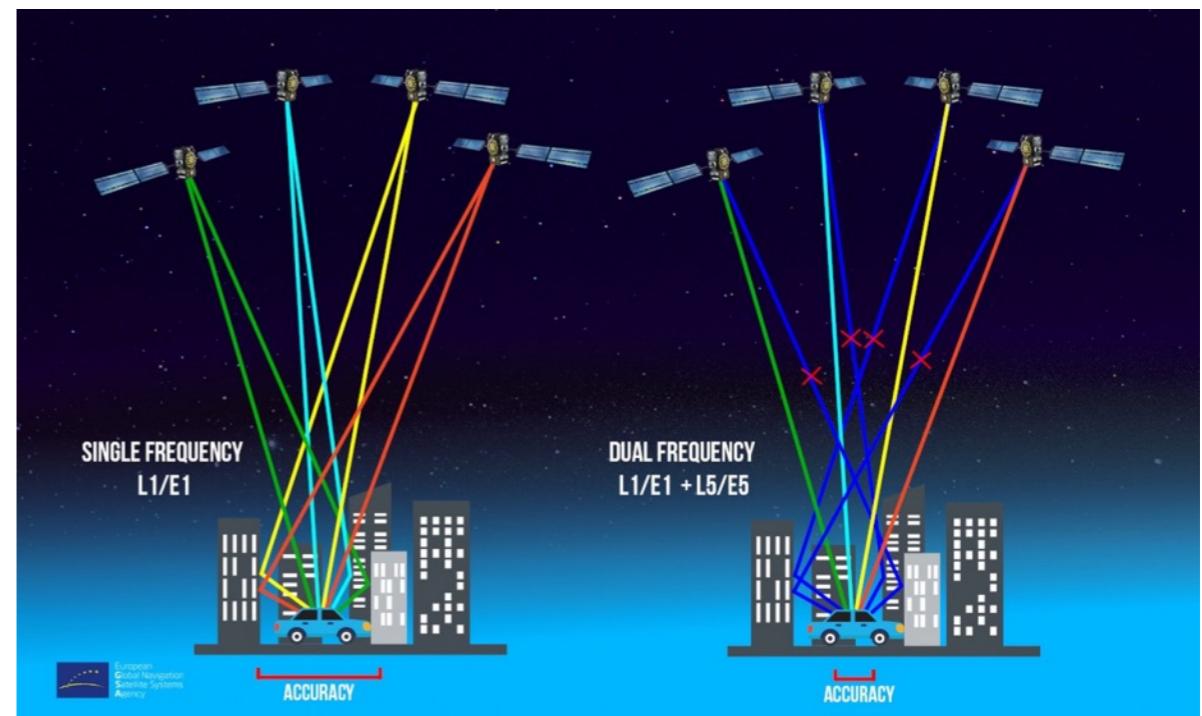


<https://lastminuteengineers.com/>

# GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite Systems)

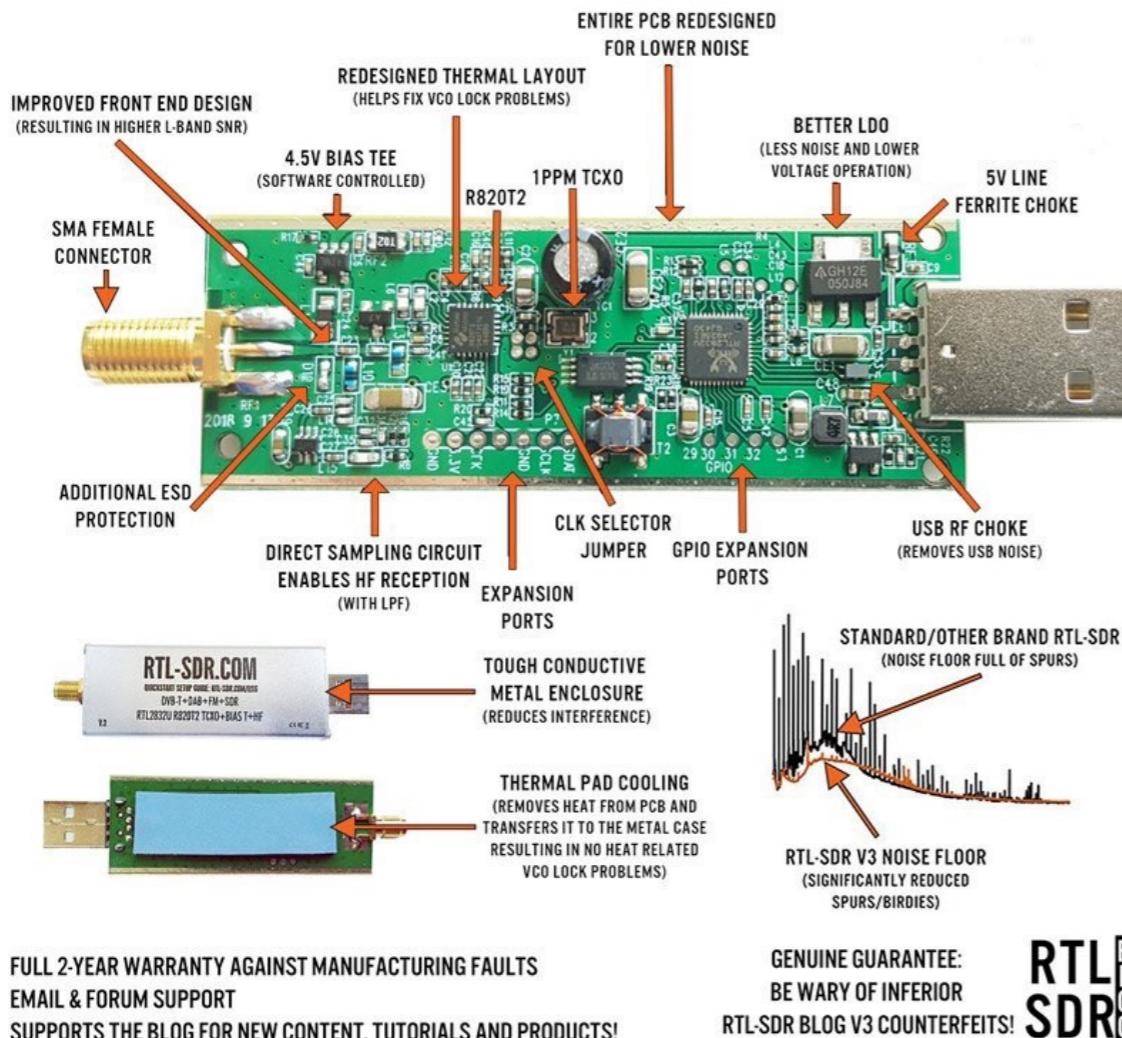
## GNSS Frequencies and Signals

System	Signal	Frequency (MHz)
GPS	L1 C/A	1575.42
	L2 C	1227.6
	L2 P	1227.6
	L5	1176.45
GLONASS	L1 C/A	1598.0625-1609.3125
	L2 C	1242.9375-1251.6875
	L2 P	1242.9375-1251.6875
	L3 OC	1202.025
Galileo	E1	1575.42
	E5a	1176.45
	E5b	1207.14
	E5 AltBOC	1191.795
	E6	1278.75
BeiDou	B1I	1561.098
	B2I	1207.14
	B3	1268.52
	B1C	1575.42
	B2a	1176.45
NAVIC	L5	1176.45
SBAS	L1	1575.42
	L5	1176.45
QZSS	L1 C/A	1575.42
	L1 C	1176.45
	L1S	1575.42
	L2C	1227.6
	L5	1176.45
	L6	1278.75

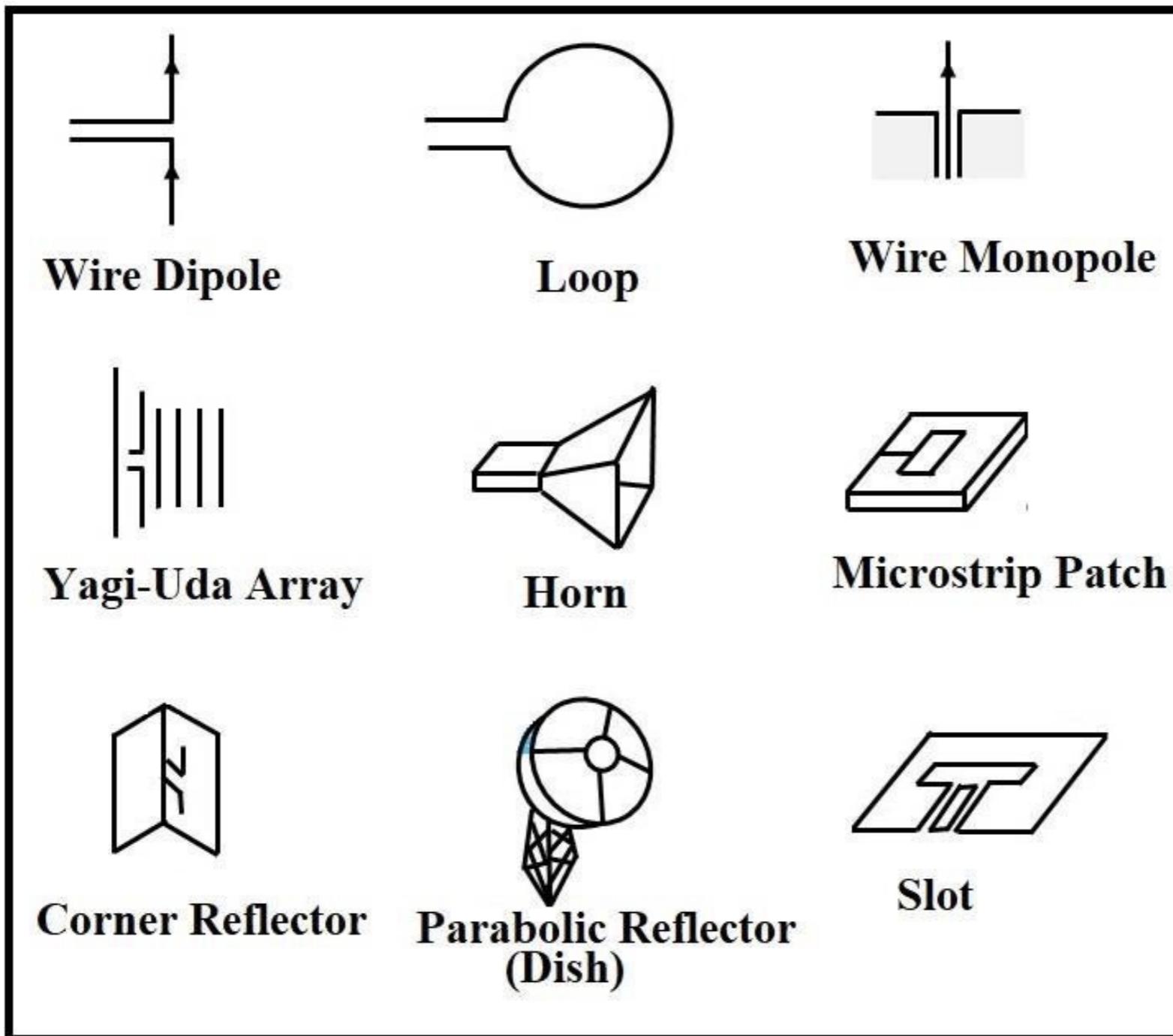


# SDR (Software Defined Radio)

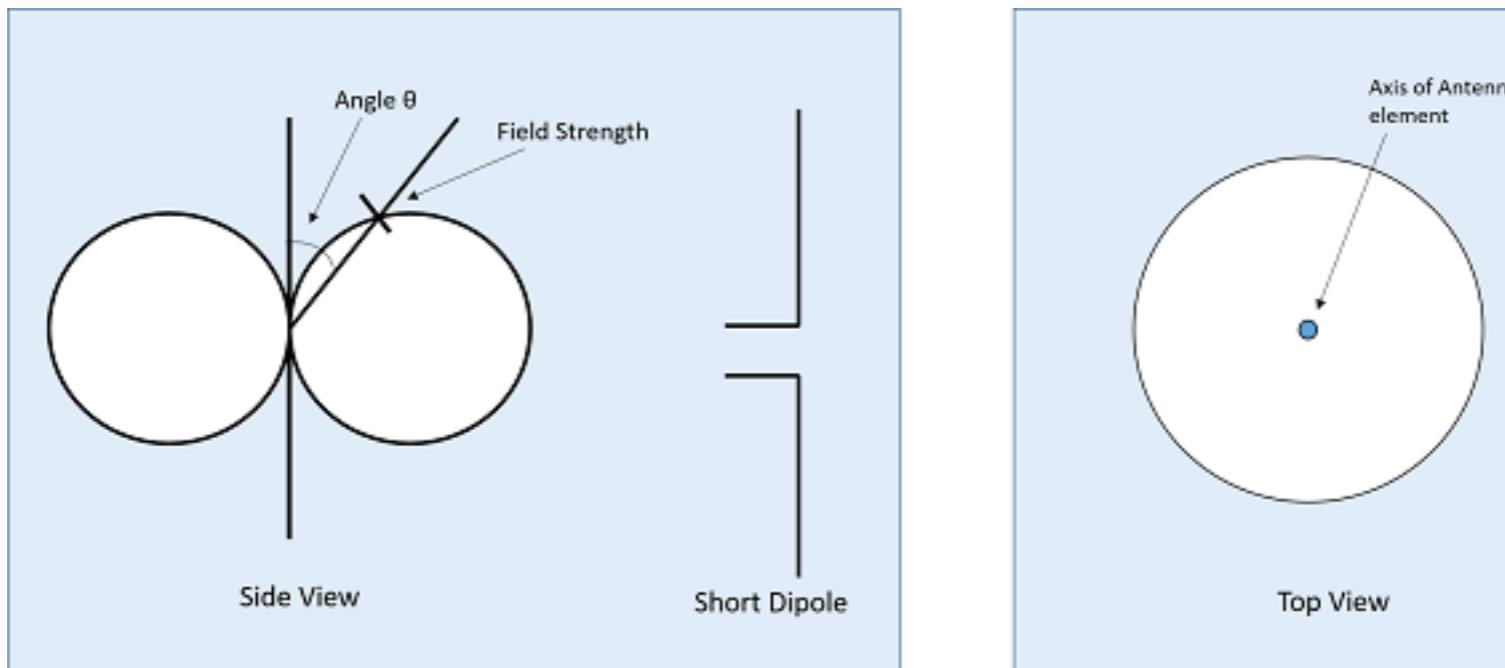
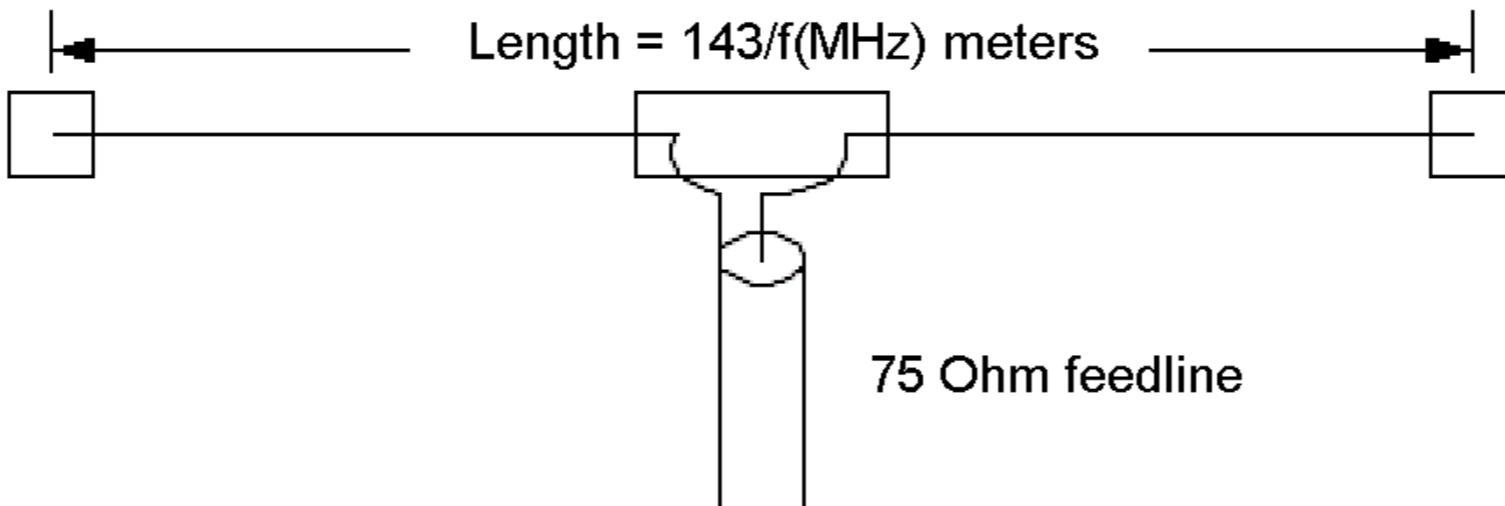
## CHOOSE A GENUINE RTL-SDR BLOG V3



# Anteny

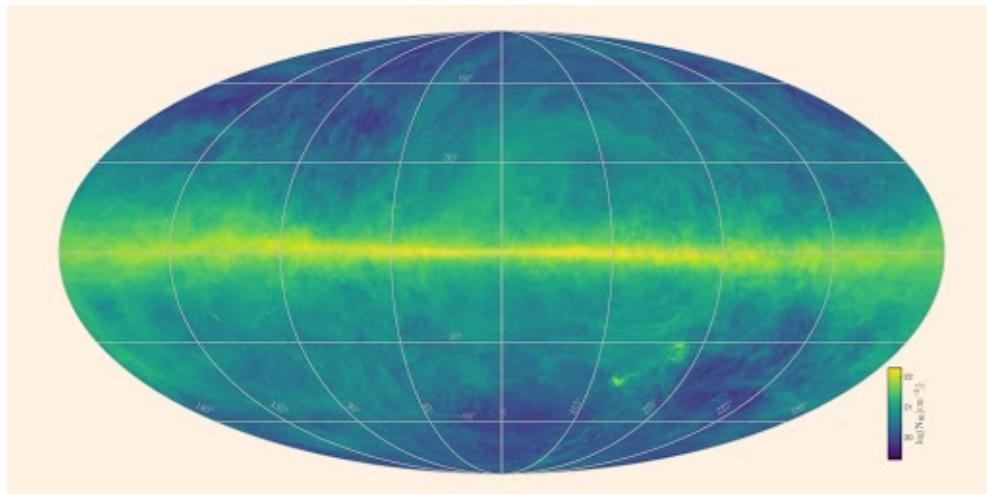
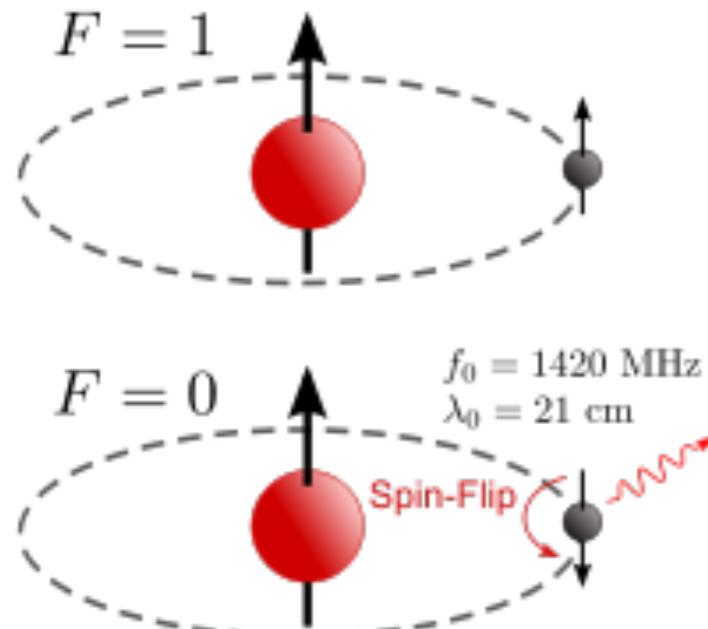


# Dipol półfalowy



Short dipole antenna radiation pattern

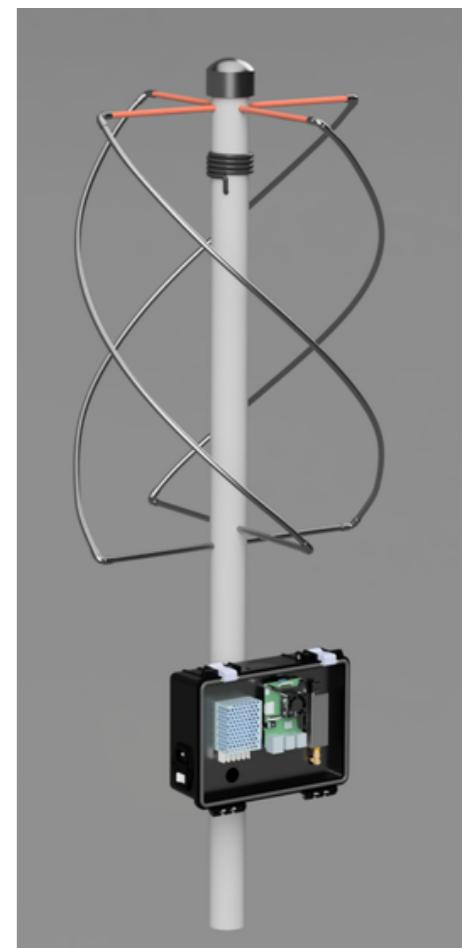
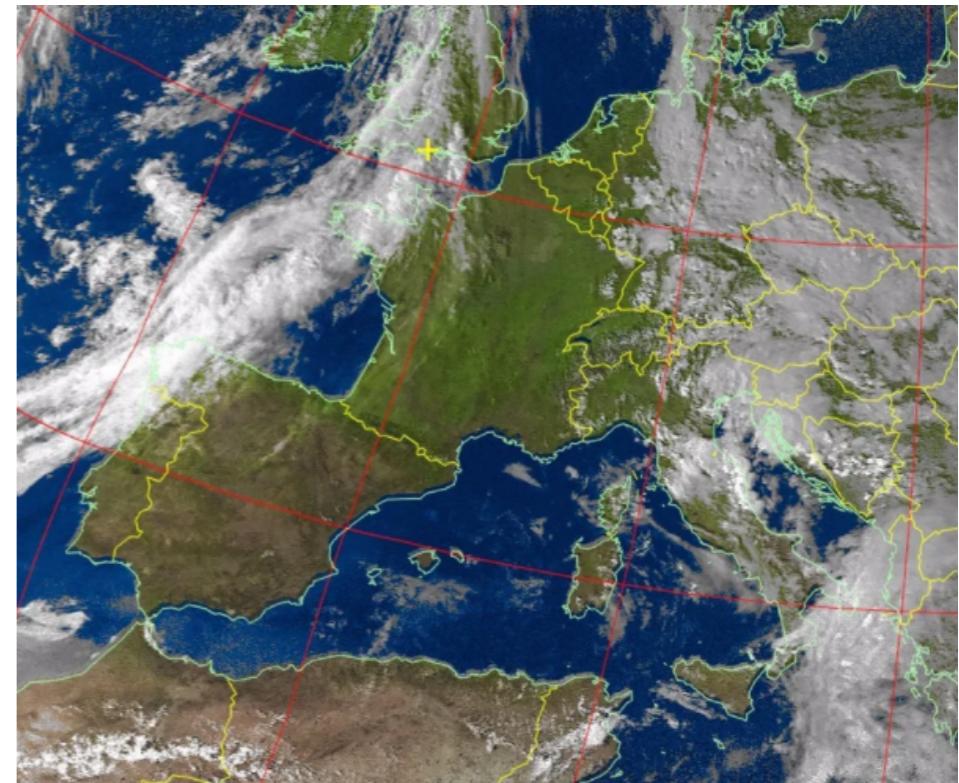
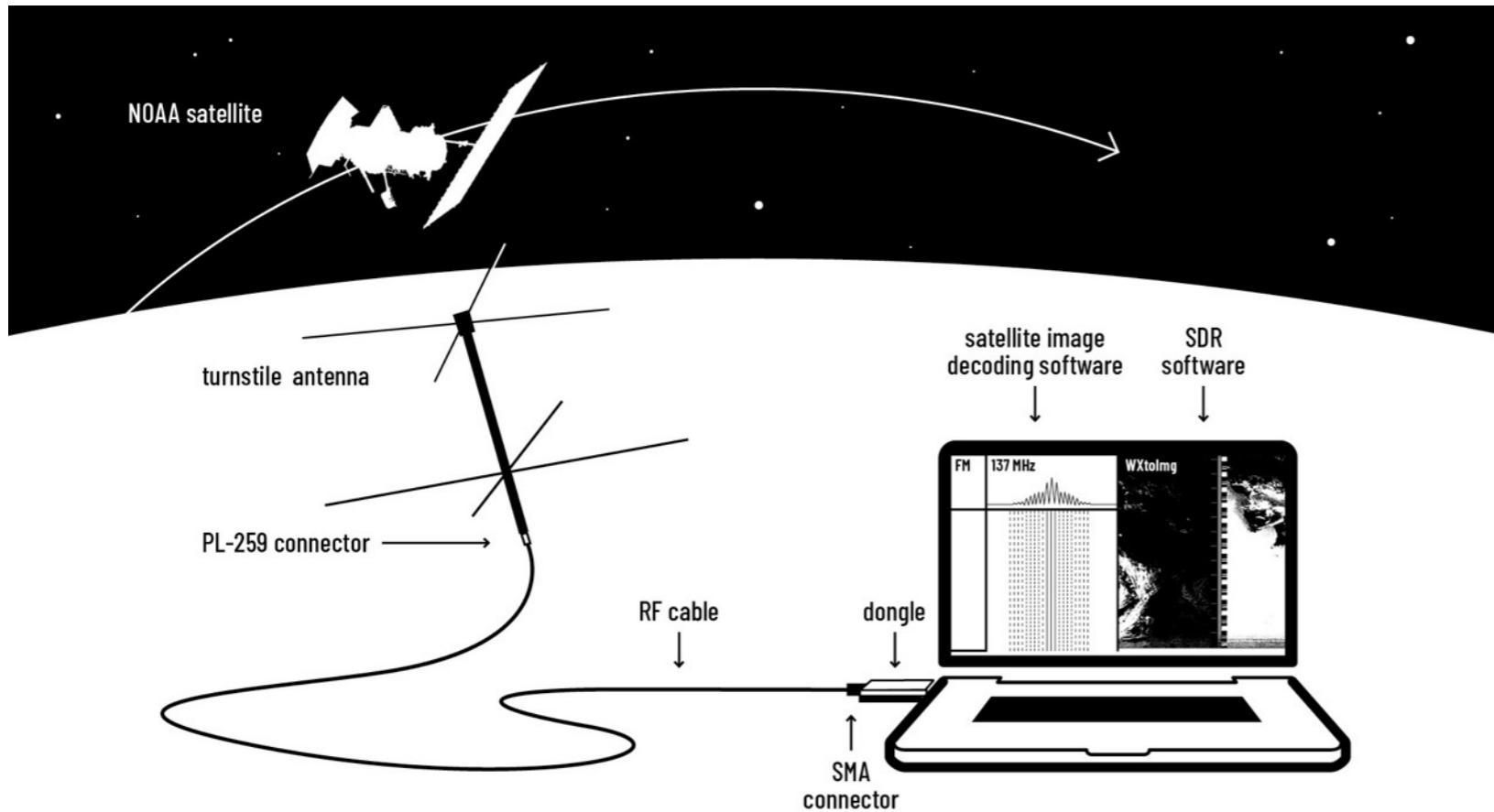
# Linia neutralnego wodoru - 21cm (1420.4058 MHz)



<https://www rtl-sdr.com/tag/hydrogen-line/>

<http://physicsopenlab.org/2020/07/26/sdr-based-receiver-for-the-21-cm-neutral-hydrogen-line/>

# Satety meteorologiczne NOAA



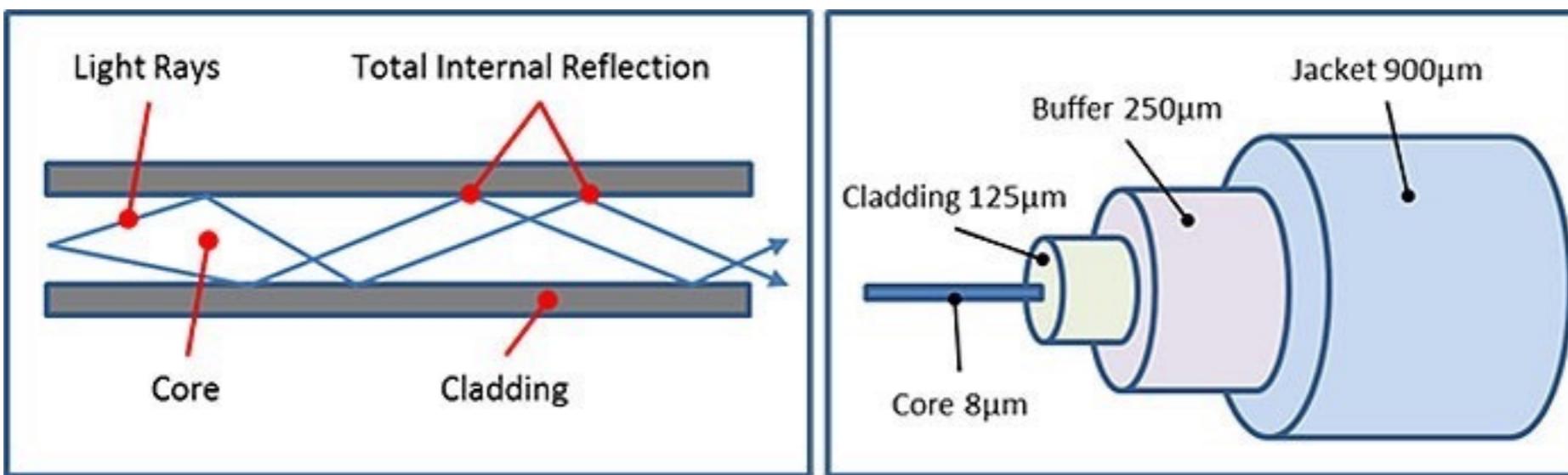
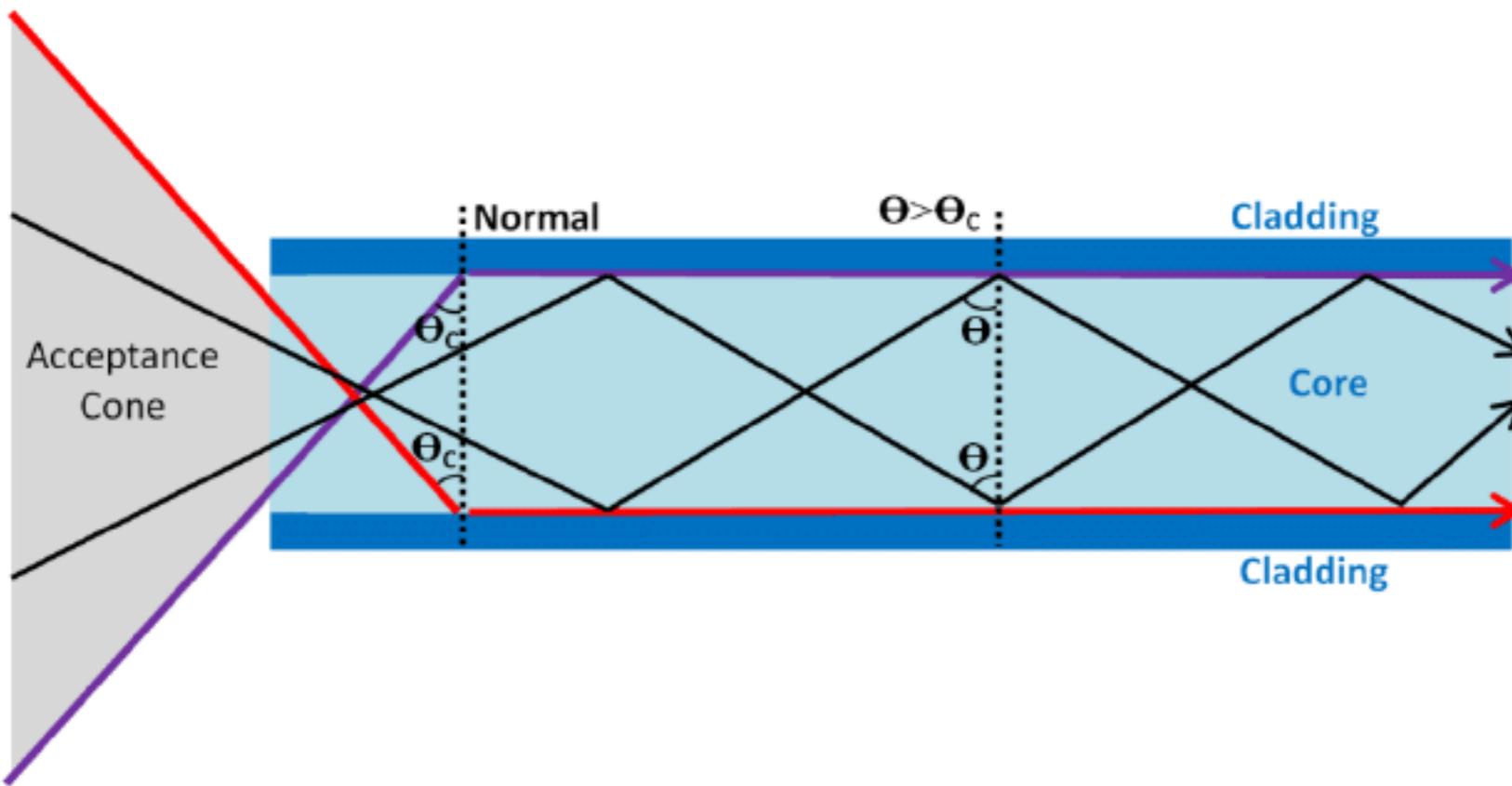
<https://publiclab.org/notes/sashae/06-26-2020/diy-satellite-ground-station>

<https://hackaday.io/project/169083-noaa-lb-cd>

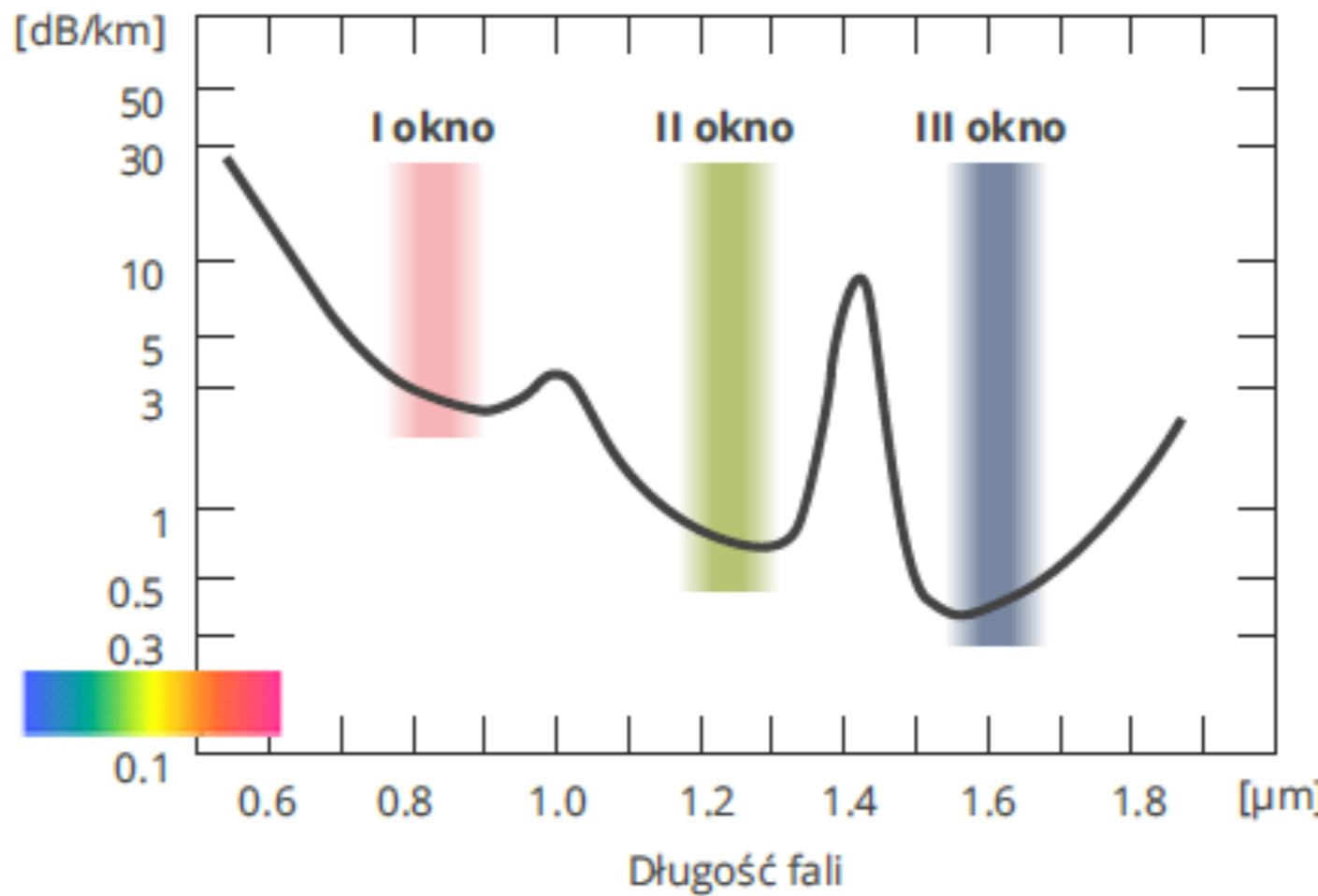
<https://www rtl-sdr.com/rtl-sdr-tutorial-receiving-noaa-weather-satellite-images/>

# **ŚWIATŁOWODY**

# Całkowite wewnętrzne odbicie



# Okna Transmisyjne



I: 850 nm

II: 1300/1310 nm

III: 1490/1550 nm

# Główne typy światłowodów

Jednomodowe



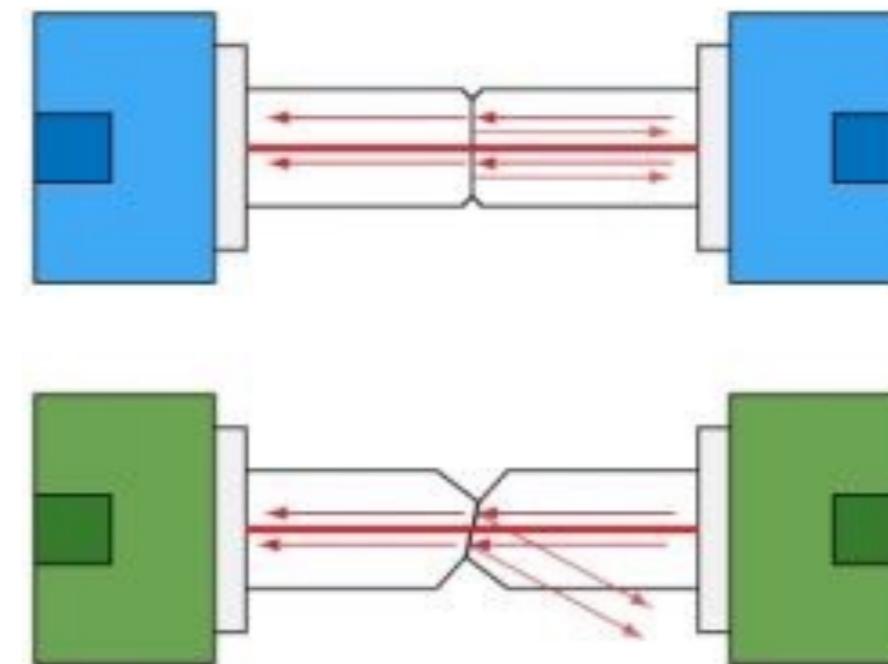
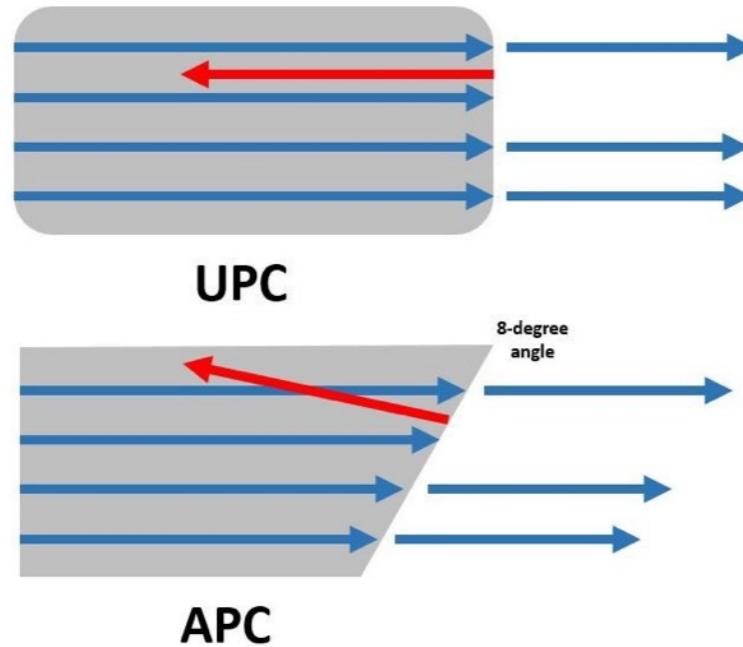
Wielomodowe



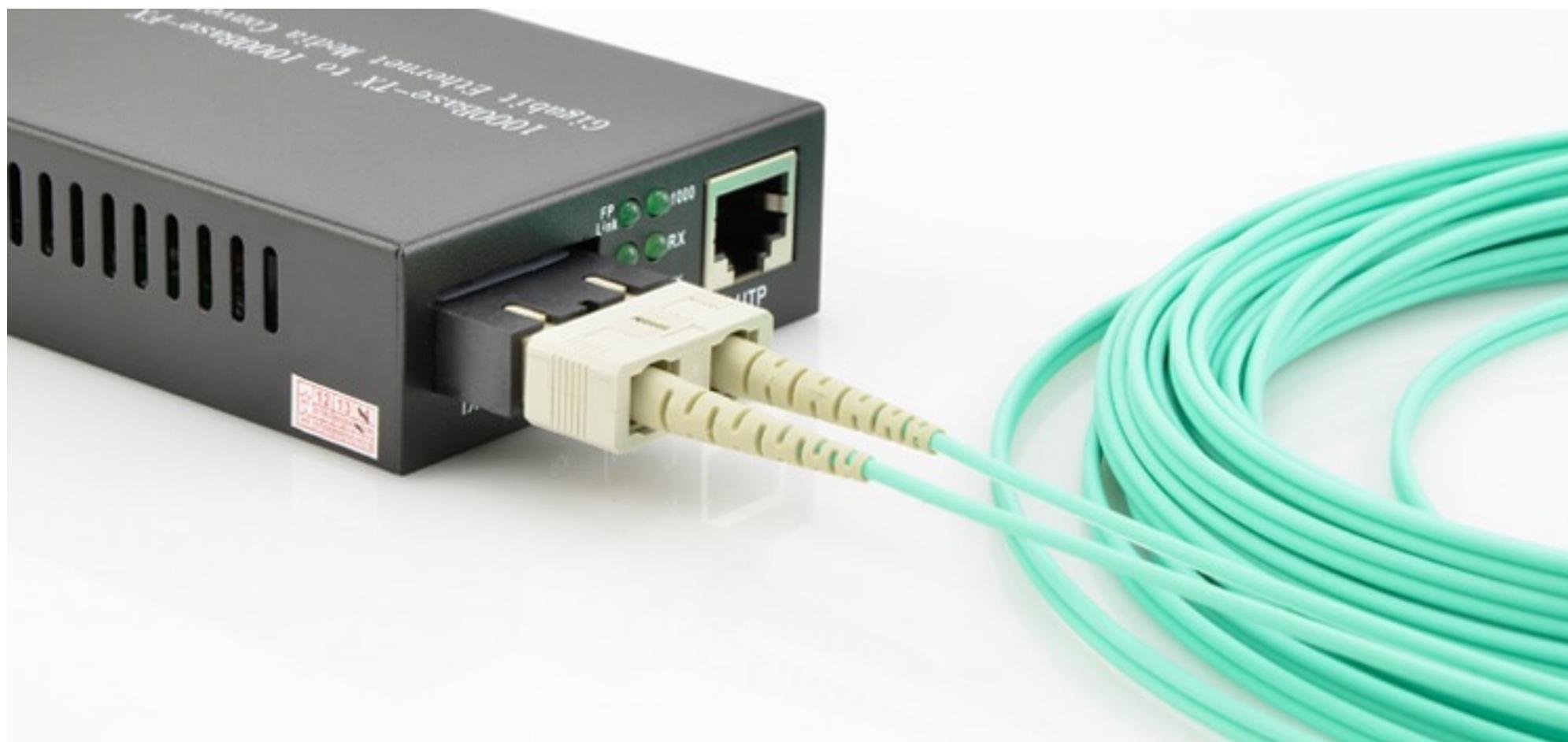
Duże odległości

Małe odległości

# Złącza światłowodowe



# Media konwertery



# Pomiar prędkości światła w światłowodzie



<https://twitter.com/mifune/status/1304480913754066945>

# Optyczna sztuczna sieć neuronowa



<https://jakubmielczarek.com/2020/04/18/optyczny-mozg/>