

Translating neurophysiological recordings into dynamic estimates of conceptual knowledge and learning

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tl;dr

- We used computational approaches to create **knowledge estimates** based on **EEG data** of participants who were watching a set of lecture videos
- We asked if we can use these approaches to accurately re-construct the **conceptual knowledge** and **progress of learning** with a **moment-by-moment resolution**
- We found that brain waves in the **gamma band** may be **indicative of knowledge acquisition**
- Further analysis may reveal a robust method of **knowledge prediction**

Background

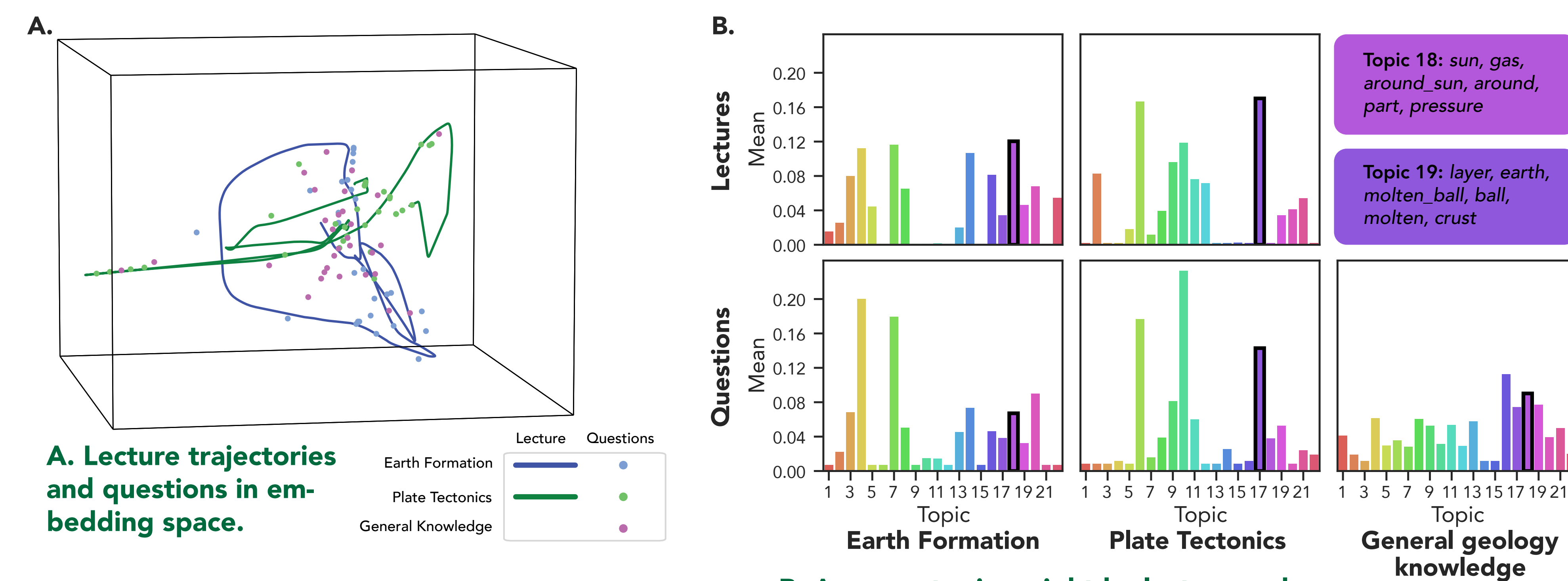
- Fitzpatrick, et al. (2023) developed a computational framework to **estimate the conceptual trajectory** of a lecture video over time
- Prior studies have used **inter-subject correlations** (ISC) and **inter-subject functional correlations** (ISFC) between neurophysiological signals recorded from different individuals to **identify stimulus-driven dynamics** (Hasson et al., 2004; Simony et al., 2016)

Approach

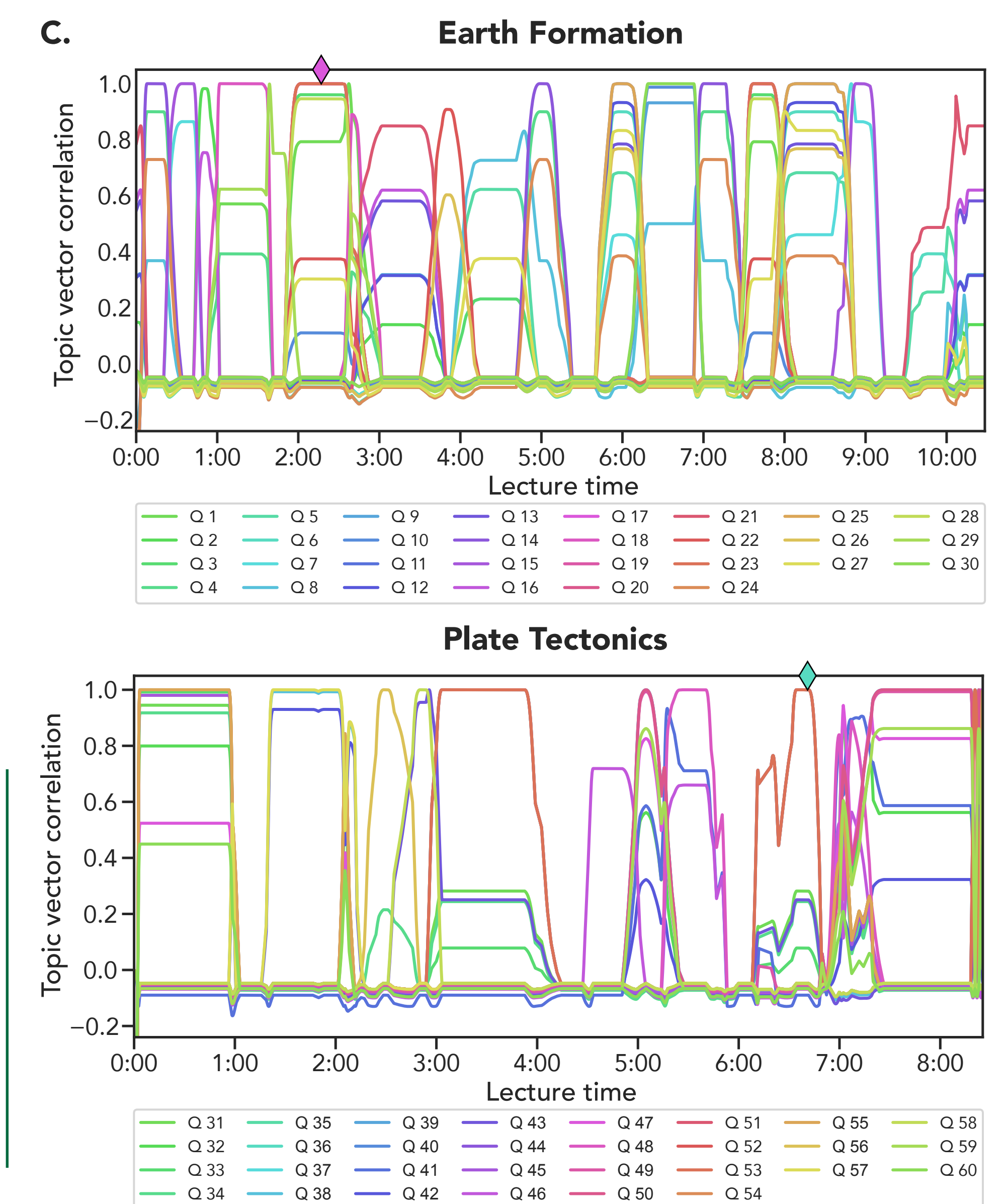
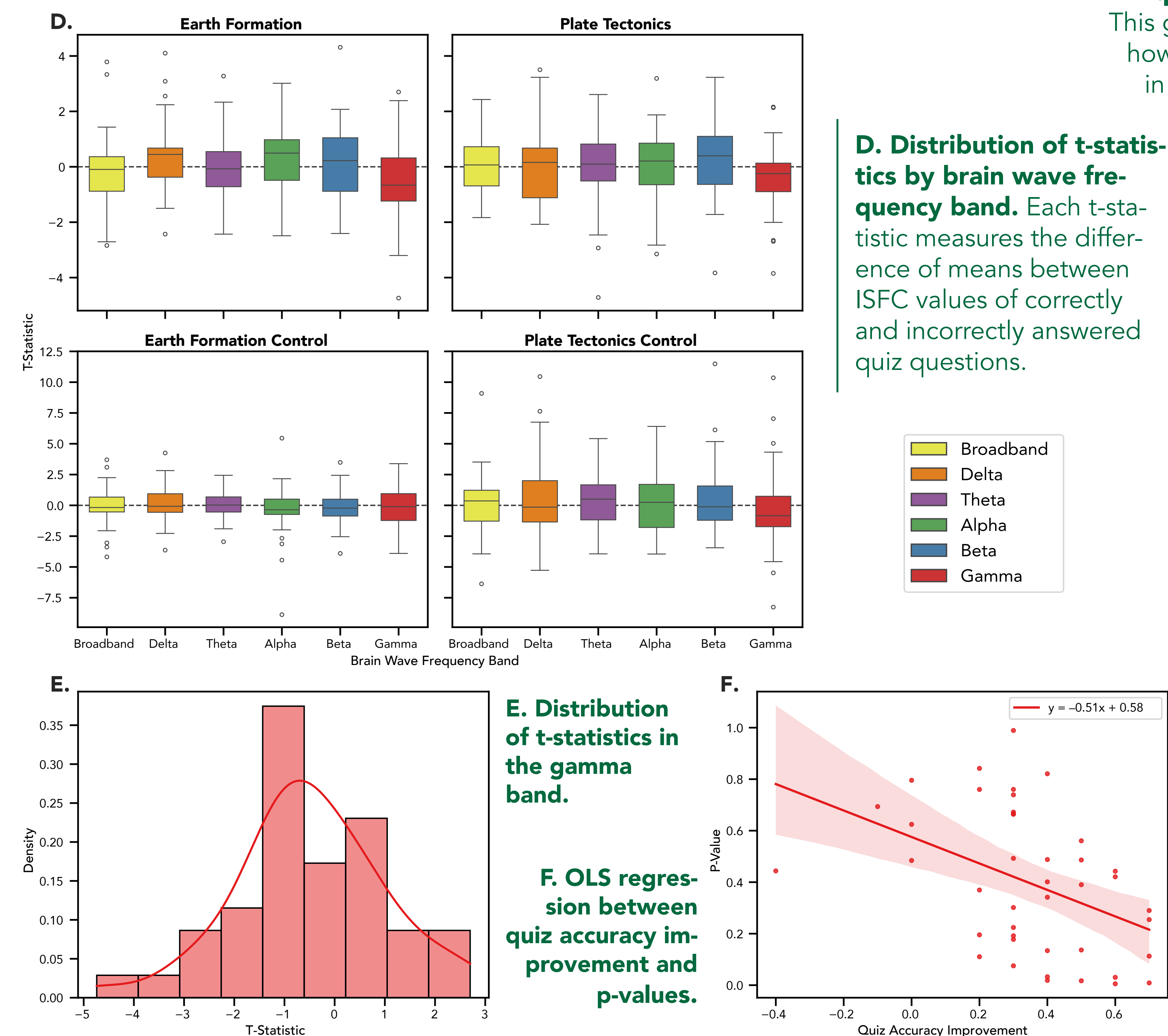
- We selected the Khan Academy lectures “Earth formation” and “Plate tectonics,” and created three sets of 30 questions each that test **conceptual understanding**
- We used a topic model (Blei, et al. 2003) to estimate the **conceptual trajectory** of each lecture
- We collected **64-channel EEG data** (n = 42) while participants were watching the two lecture videos and answered three rounds of 30 questions
- For each recording, we computed **five neural features** per channel corresponding to the five common brain wave frequency bands
- We leveraged **timepoint-by-timepoint ISFC values** as a measure of each participant's level of **knowledge acquisition** at each moment in the lecture video
- We treated the topic vector of the transcript in each sliding window as the **“question”** and the ISFC value at the corresponding timepoint as the **“answer”**
- This allowed us to create **ISFC-derived knowledge predictions**

Results

I. Text Embedding



II. ISFC Analysis



Discussion

- We asked if we can treat participants' ISFC values aligned with the conceptual trajectory of a lecture as a **moment-by-moment knowledge and learning estimate**
- We found that **ISFC values of gamma band activity** may contain a signal informative of knowledge acquisition
- We discovered that the **confidence of our estimates** is directly tied to the learning progress made while watching a lecture
- We will investigate if the ISFC signal of specific **brain regions** is indicative of knowledge and learning

References & Acknowledgements

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