Hunting Threats with Wireshark Plugins

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PentesterAcademy.com & AttackDefense.com

About Me

Me, Nishant Sharma

- R&D Manager and Lead Trainer, Pentester Academy
- Firmware developer, Enterprise WiFi APs and WIPS Sensors, Mojo Networks (Acquired by Arista Networks)
- Masters degree in Infosec
- Published research at Blackhat US/Asia, DEF CON USA/China, HITB Amsterdam and other venues
- Conducted trainings in HITB, OWASP NZ day and for multiple private clients

About Us

Jeswin Mathai,

- Security Researcher
- Published research at Blackhat US/Asia, DEF CON USA and other venues
- Conducted trainings for multiple private clients

Shivam Bathla

- Security Researcher
- Newest member of the team ©

Security Research/Trainer at Hacker Cons

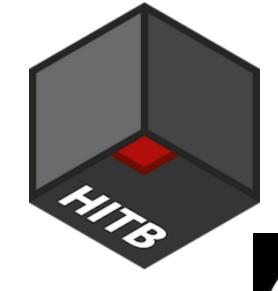












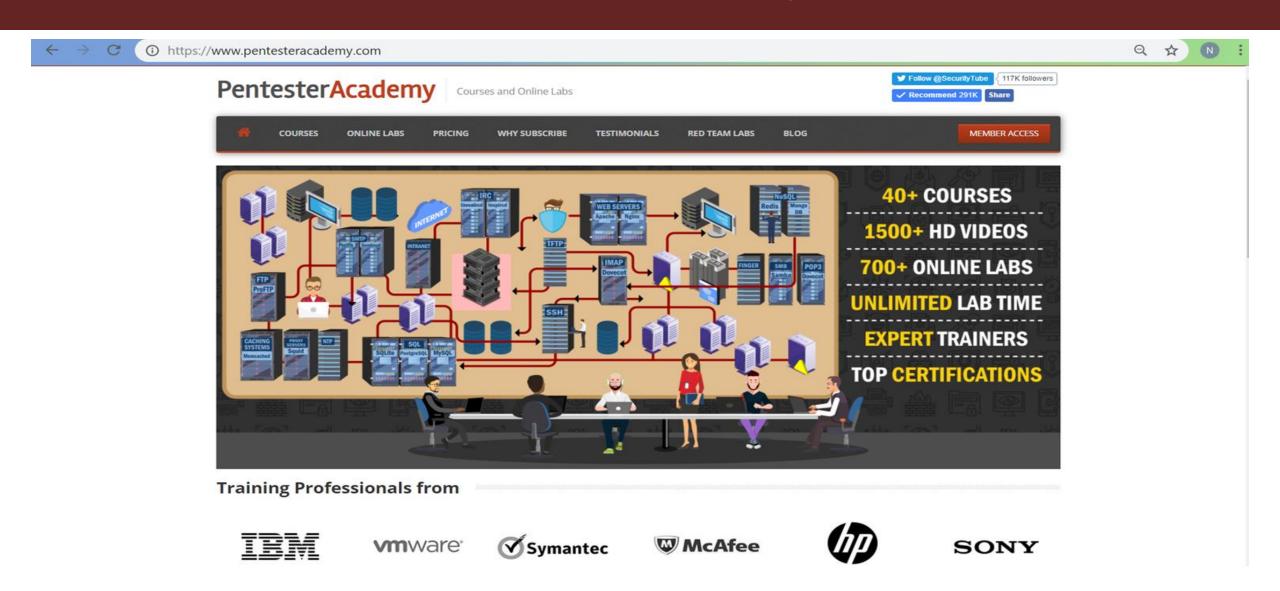




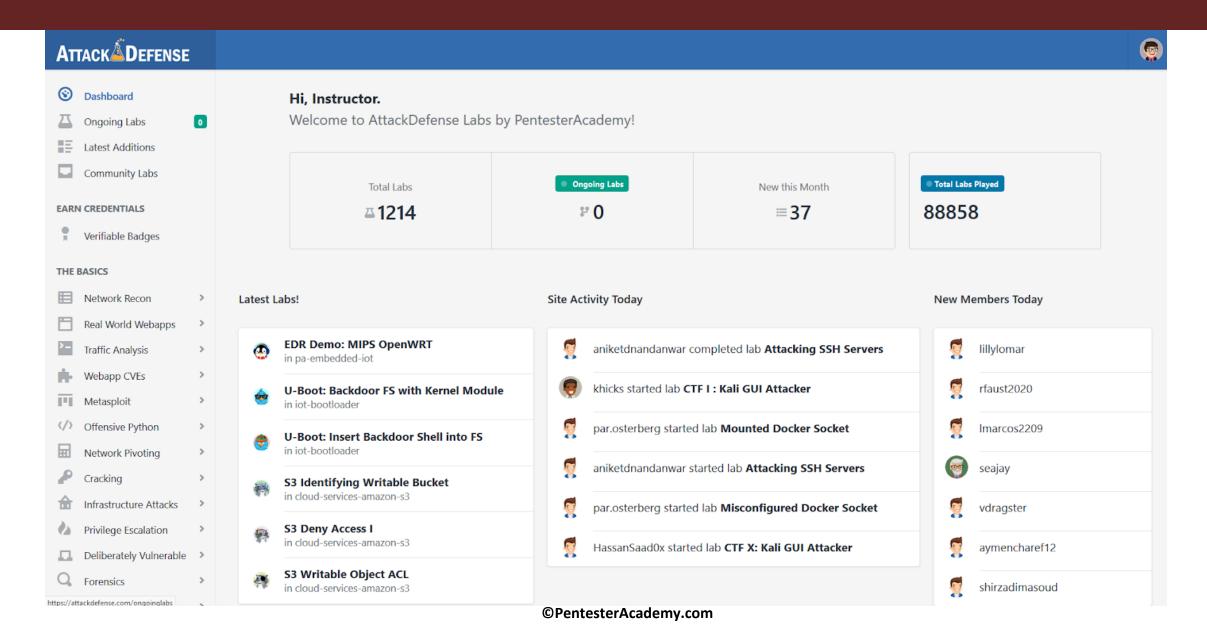
black hat

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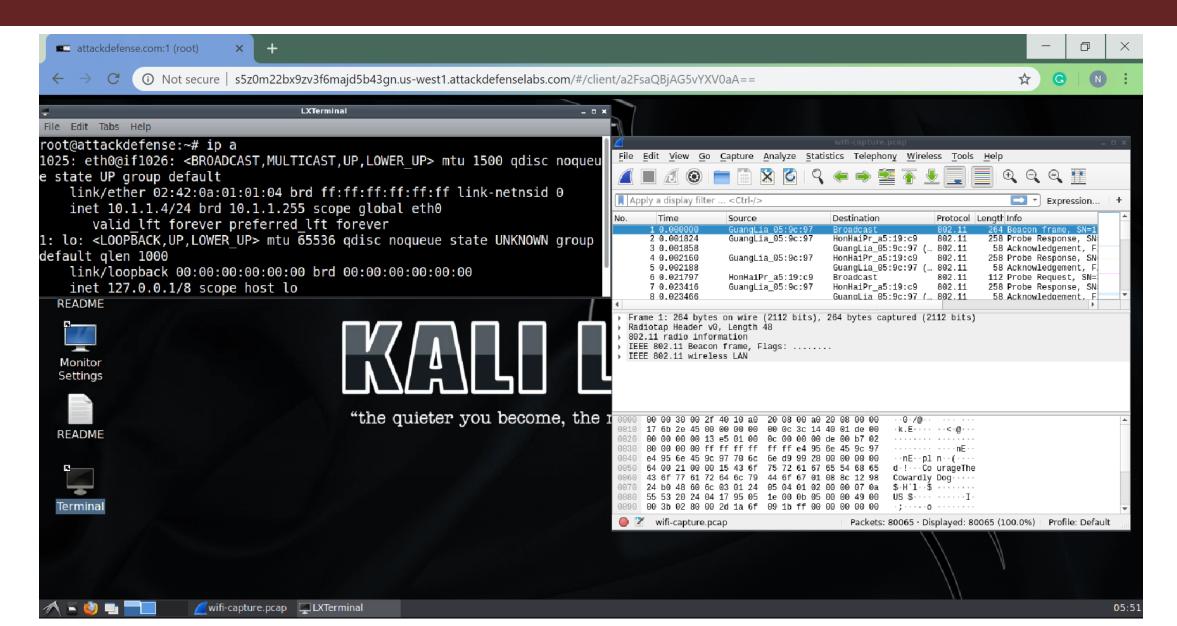
PentesterAcademy.com



AttackDefense.com



Dedicated Instances, No VPN, Only Web browser



Talk Overview

- Motivation
- Why Wireshark
- Wireshark Plugins and Plugins type
- What all we can do
 - Macro Analysis
 - Modifying Traffic
 - Attack Detection
 - Tool Detection
- Conclusion

Motivation

- Macro analysis
- Custom/Proprietary protocols
- Scaling detection logic (i.e. automating detection)
- Easy to get and operate

Why Wireshark Plugins?

- Plug and play
- Plugins can be
 - Lua scripts
 - Compiled C/C++ code
- Harnessing power of Wireshark
- OS independent
- Large user base



Wireshark Plugins

- plugins for various purposes
- Plugins can be
 - Lua scripts
 - Compiled C/C++ code



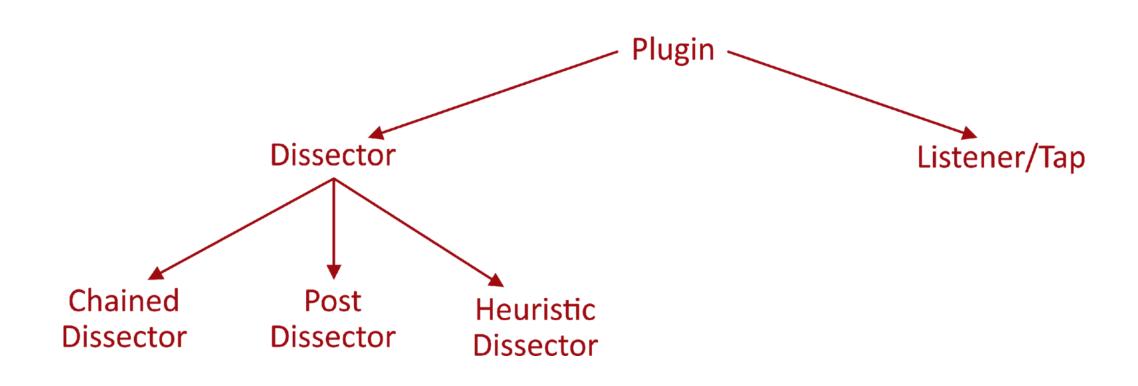


Why Lua?

- User friendly
- No Compilation



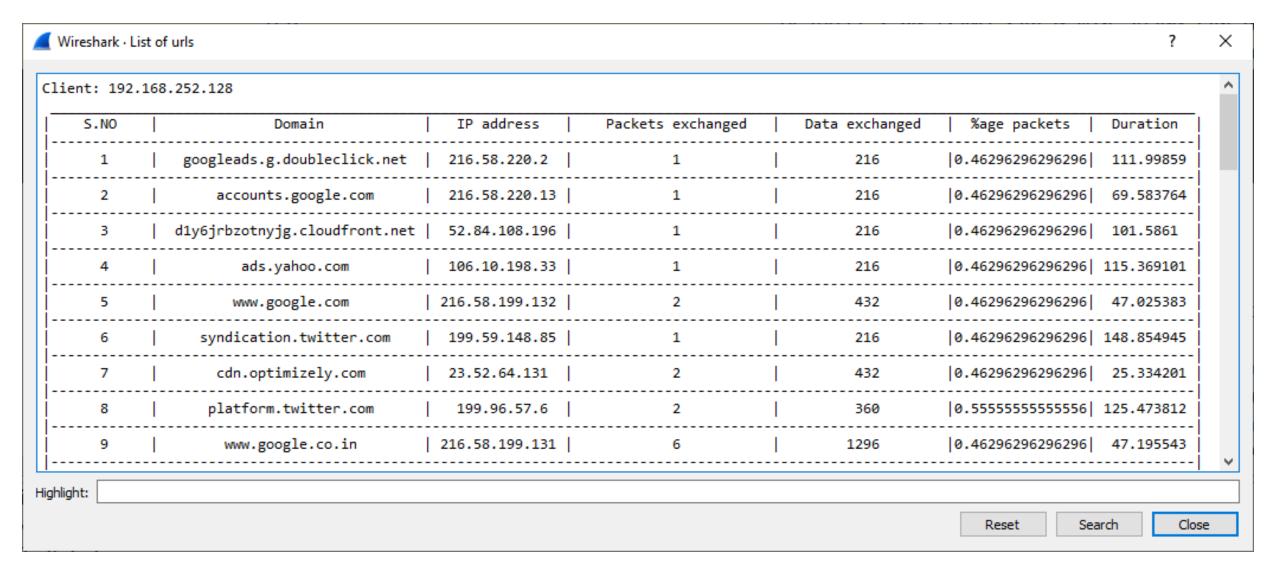
Wireshark Plugins Types



Tap/Listener

- To read the packet and summarizing the information
- Macro Analysis

Sample Tap/Listener



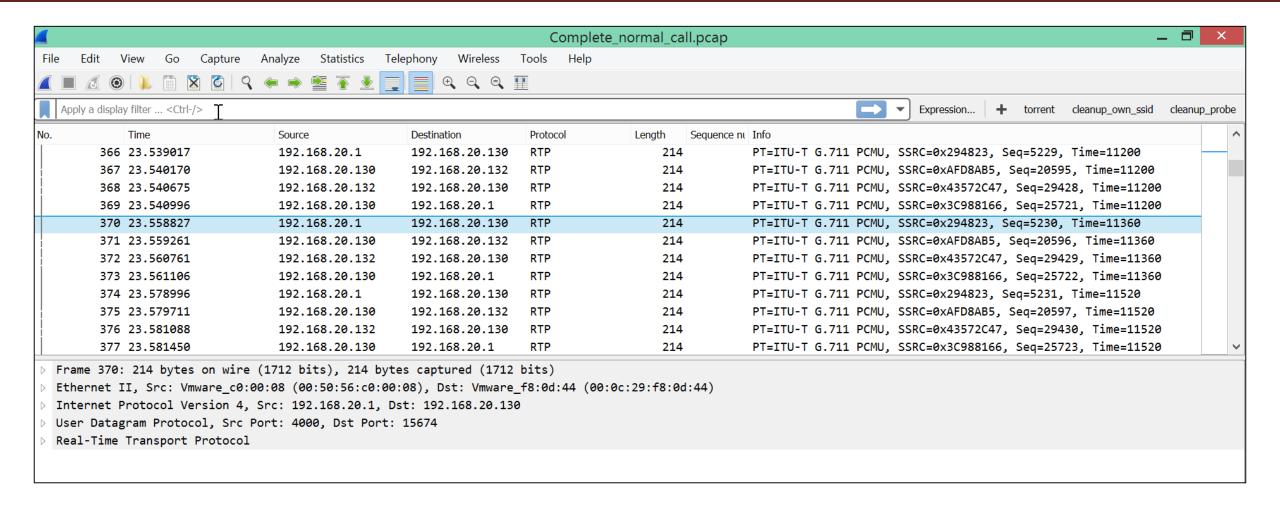
Dissector

- To interpret the payload data
- Decodes its part of the protocol and passes the payload to next

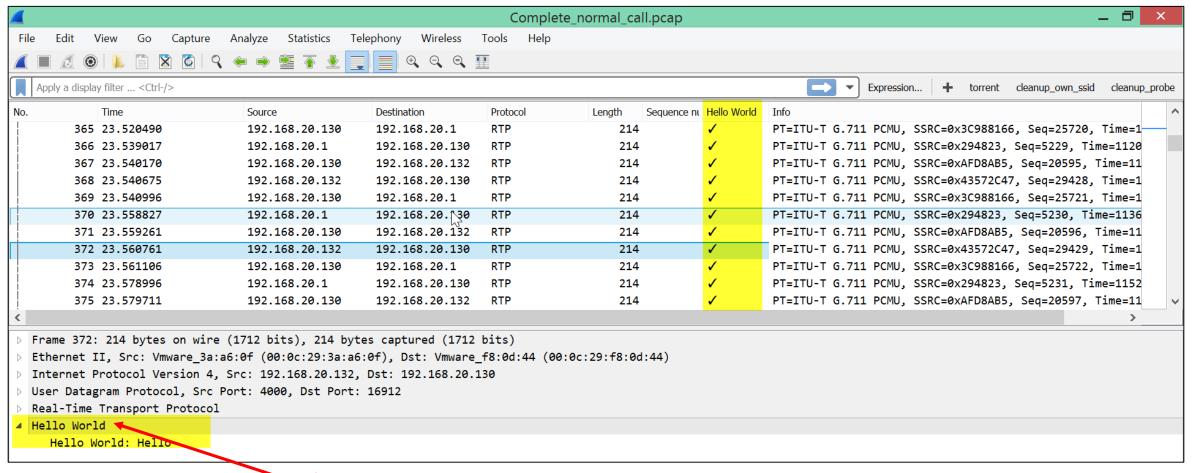
Example Dissection Flow



Sample Dissector: Before



Sample Dissector: After



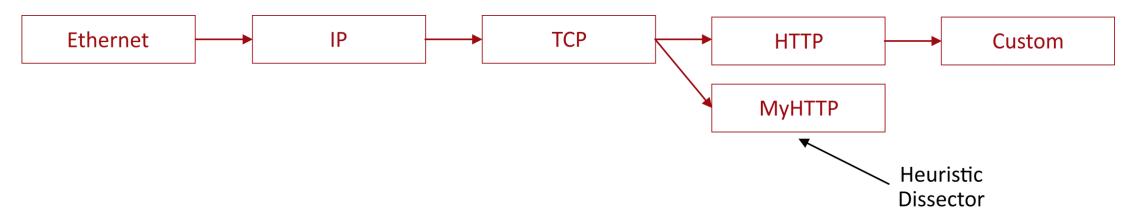
This one

Heuristic Dissector

- Identifies the protocol on the basis of heuristics
- Heuristics can be
 - Average size or size range of the packets
 - Specific codes or strings in the header or the payload
- Useful when port based detection fails i.e. protocols operating on non standard ports (e.g. DNS server running on port 8089)

Heuristic Dissector

Example Dissection Flow



Example: DNS heuristic dissector

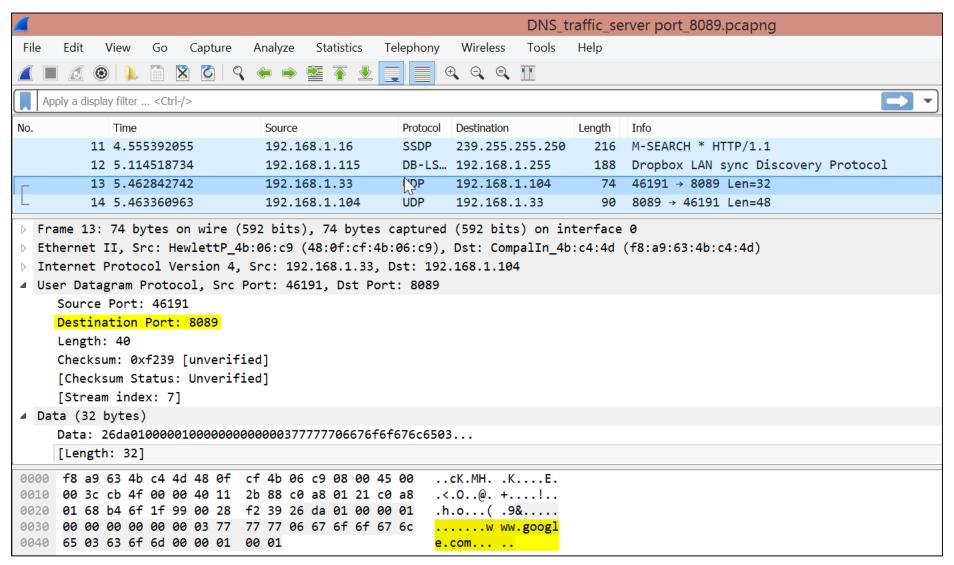
Note: The heuristic dissector will only give result if no existing dissector is able to identify the packet

Lua File: dns_dissector.lua

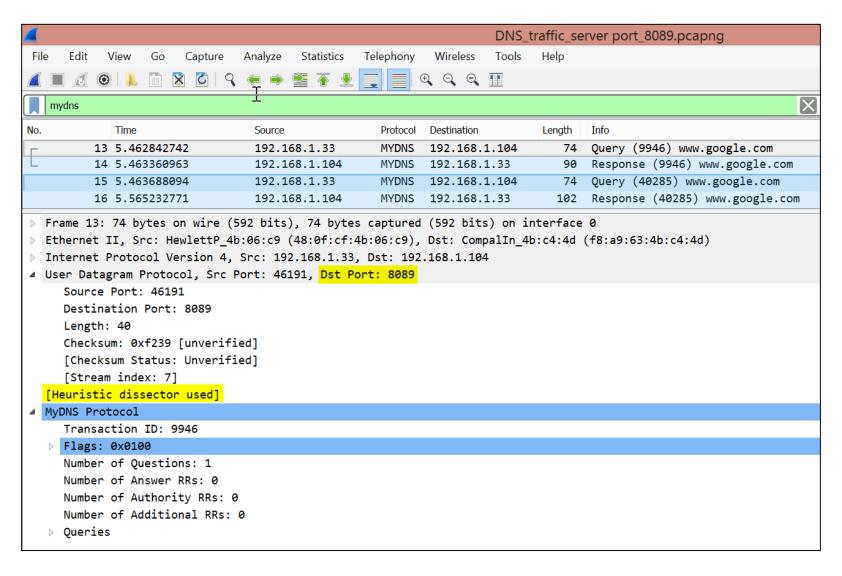
File Source:

https://wiki.wireshark.org/Lua/Examples?action=AttachFile&do=get&target=dissector.lua

Heuristic Dissector: DNS Server on Port 8089



Heuristic Dissector: Identifying DNS Traffic



What all can be done?

- Macro Analysis
- Modifying Traffic
- Attack Detection
- Attack Tool Detection

Macro Analysis

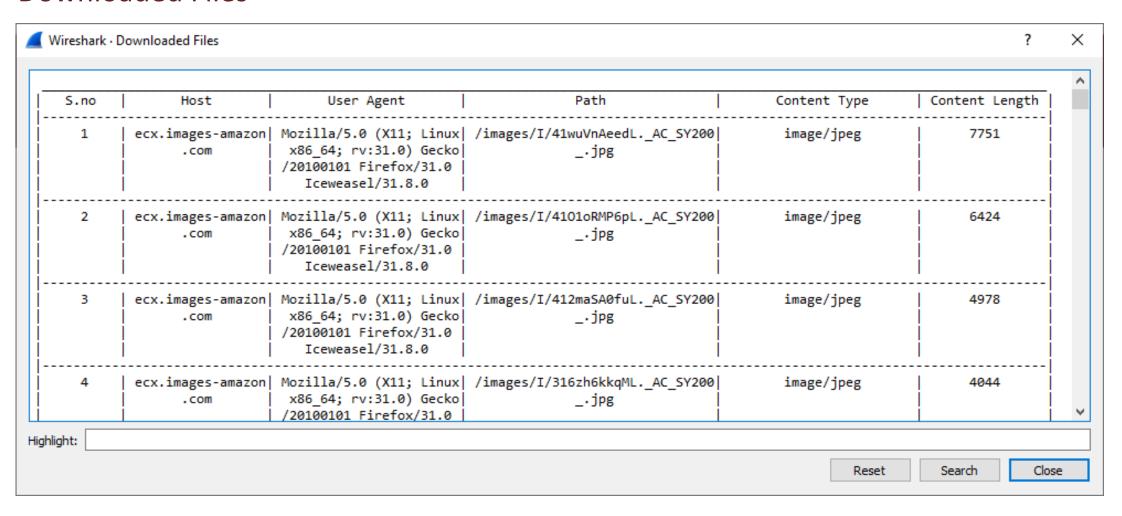
HTTP

- Downloaded Files
- GET Requests With Details
- POST Requests With Details

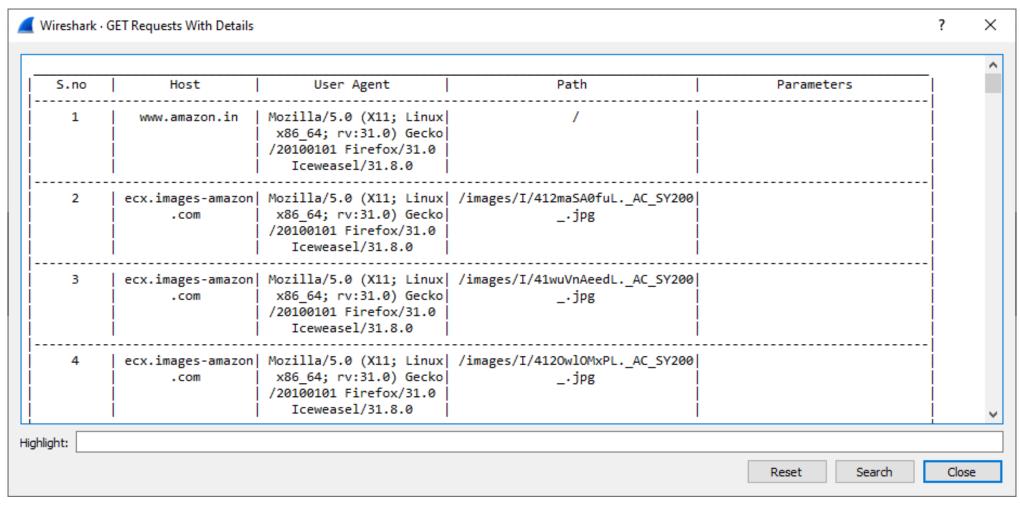
HTTPS

- List of urls
- WiFi
 - Overview

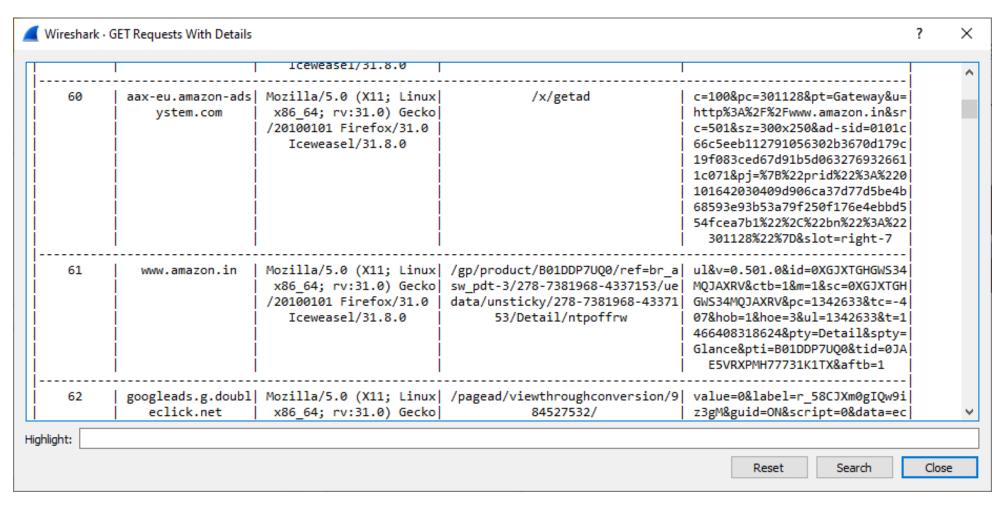
Downloaded Files



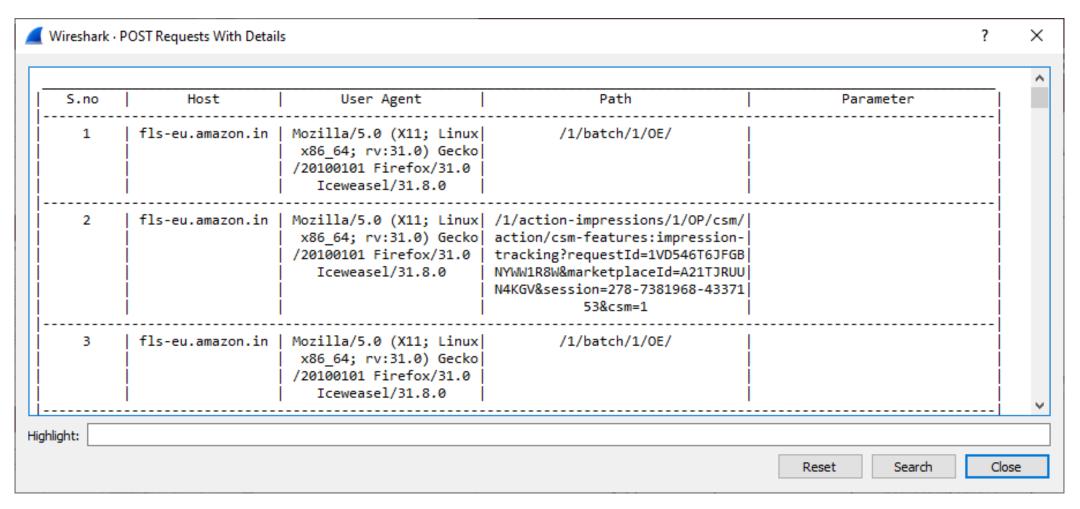
GET Requests With Details



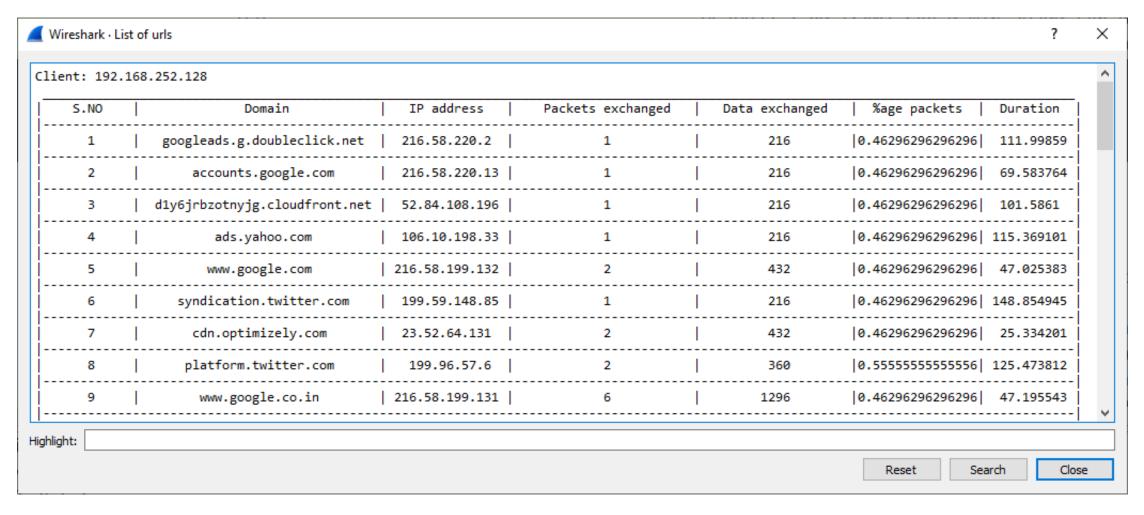
GET Requests With Details



POST Requests With Details

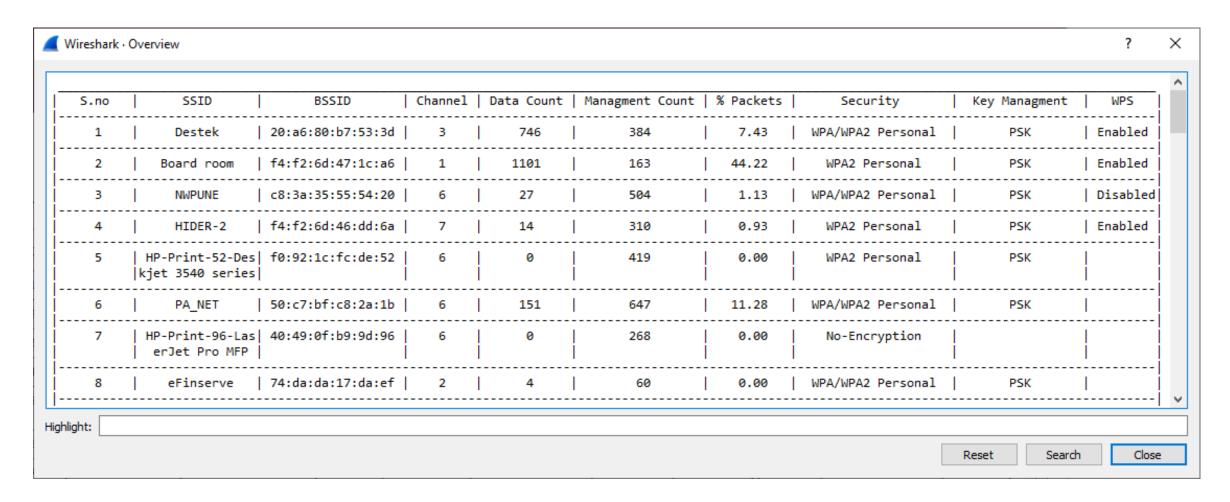


List of URLs



Macro Analysis: WiFi

WiFi Networks Overview

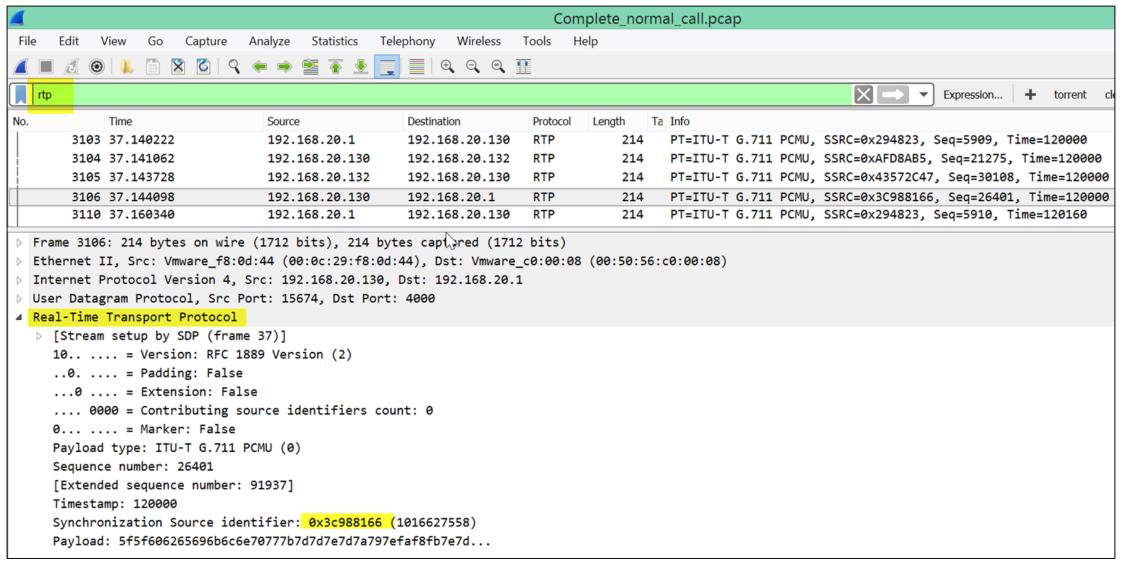


Modifying Traffic

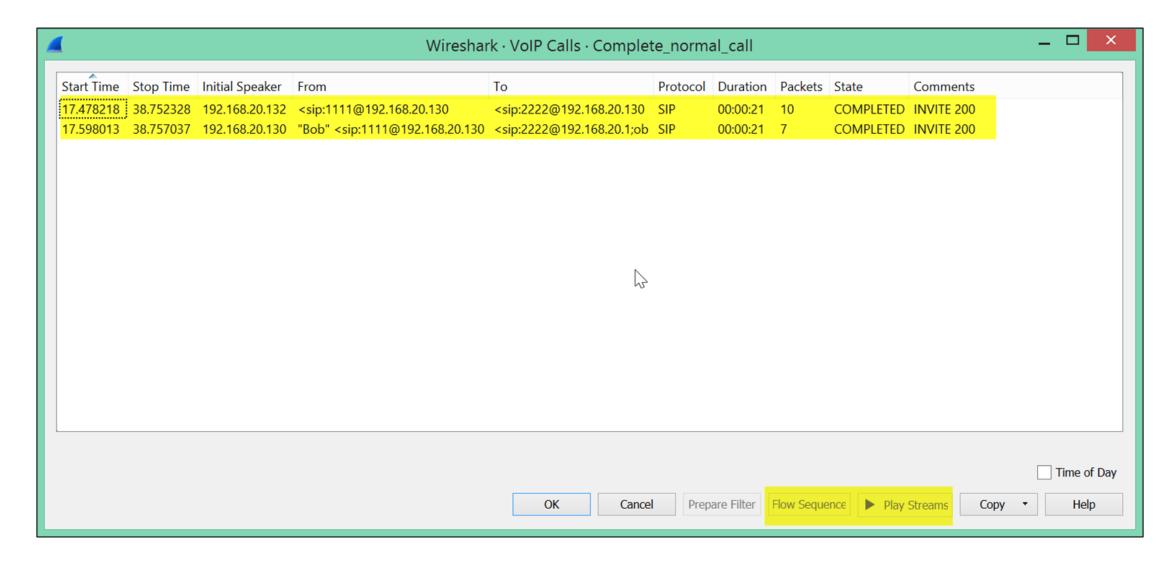
- Example Case:
 - Decrypting encrypted SRTP Traffic
 - Exporting call as audio file

Extending Wireshark

RTP Packets



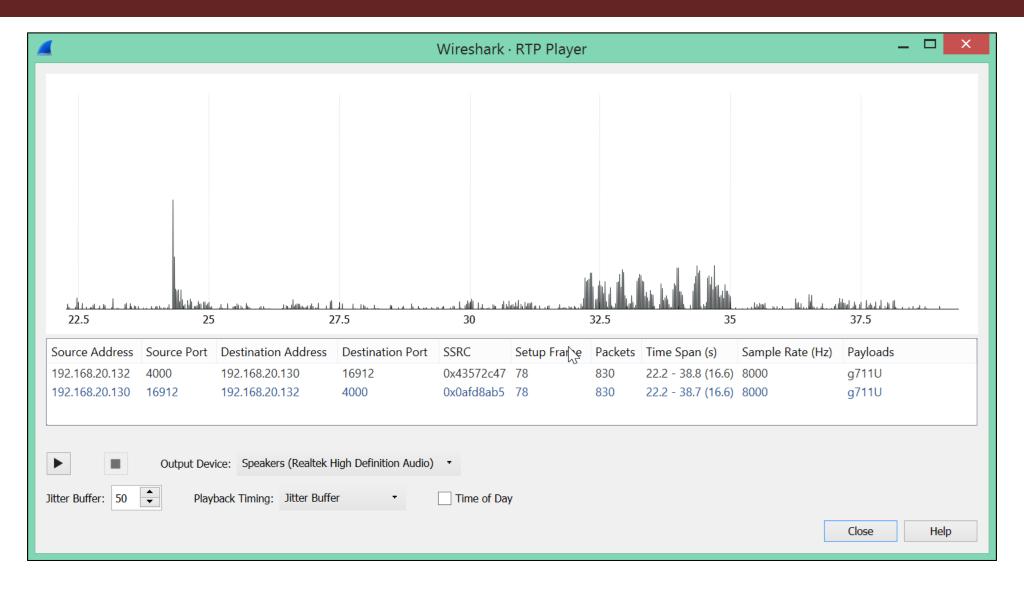
Recovered VoIP Calls



Flow Sequence



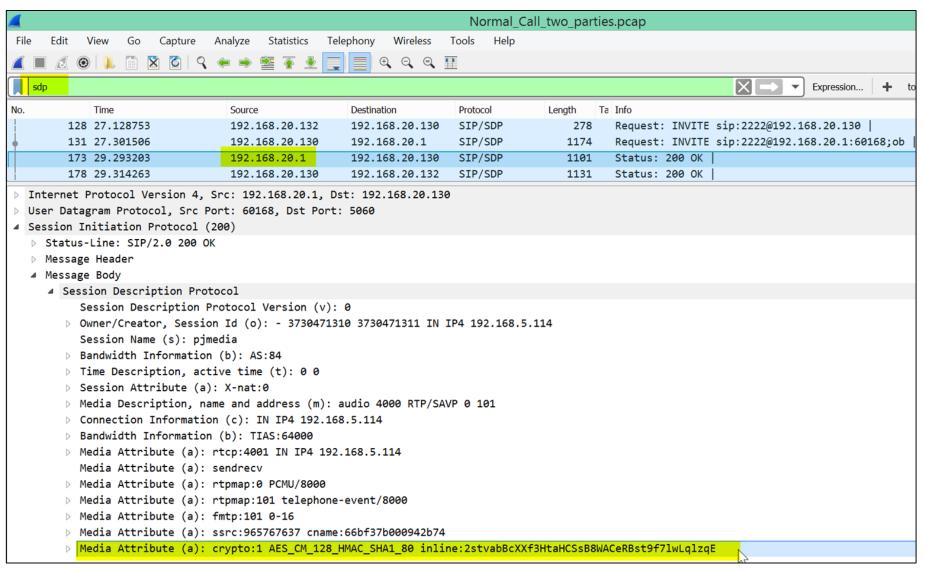
Reconstructed Call



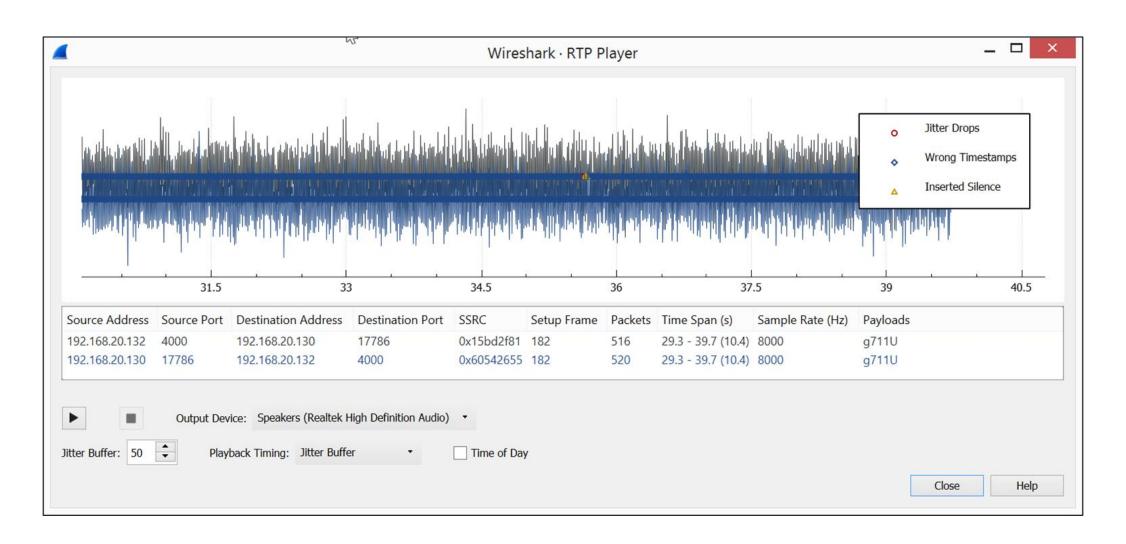
Possible Configurations

- SIP + RTP
- SIP over TLS + RTP
- SIP + SRTP
- SIP over TLS + SRTP

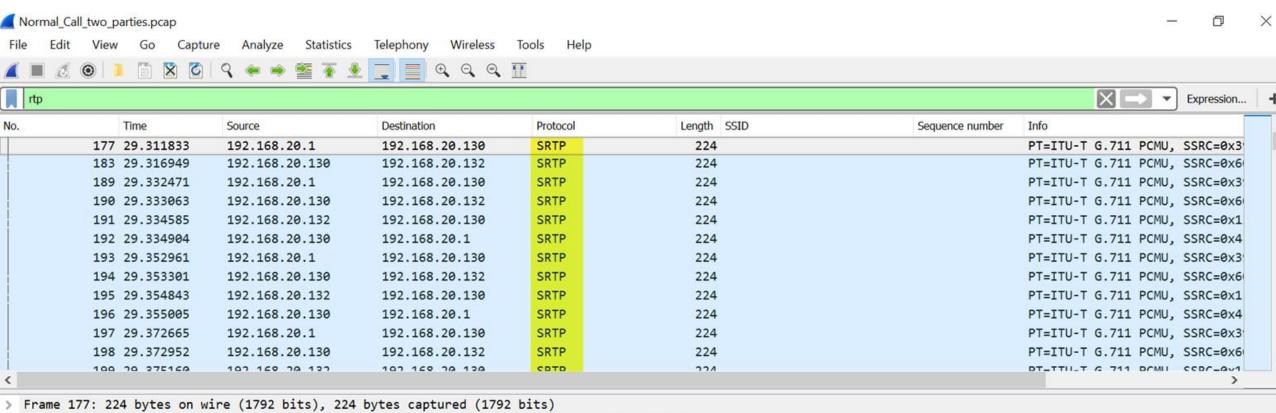
SRTP key in SDP packet



Encrypted Call

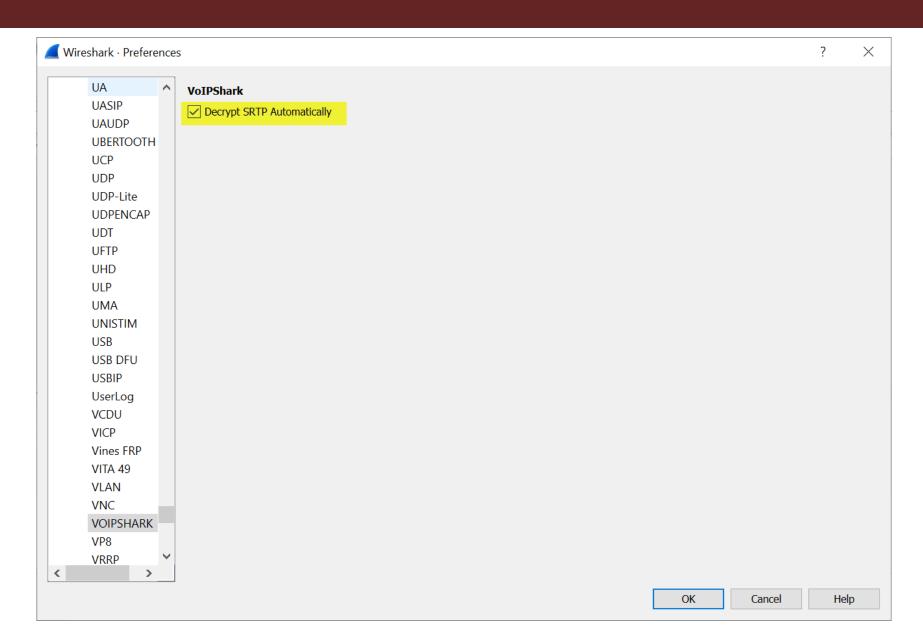


Decrypting SRTP: SRTP Packets



- > Ethernet II, Src: Vmware_c0:00:08 (00:50:56:c0:00:08), Dst: Vmware_ff:65:9b (00:0c:29:ff:65:9b)
- Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.20.1, Dst: 192.168.20.130
- User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 4000, Dst Port: 16450
- > Real-Time Transport Protocol

Decrypting SRTP: Enabling Auto Decryption



Decrypting SRTP: Decrypted SRTP (RTP)

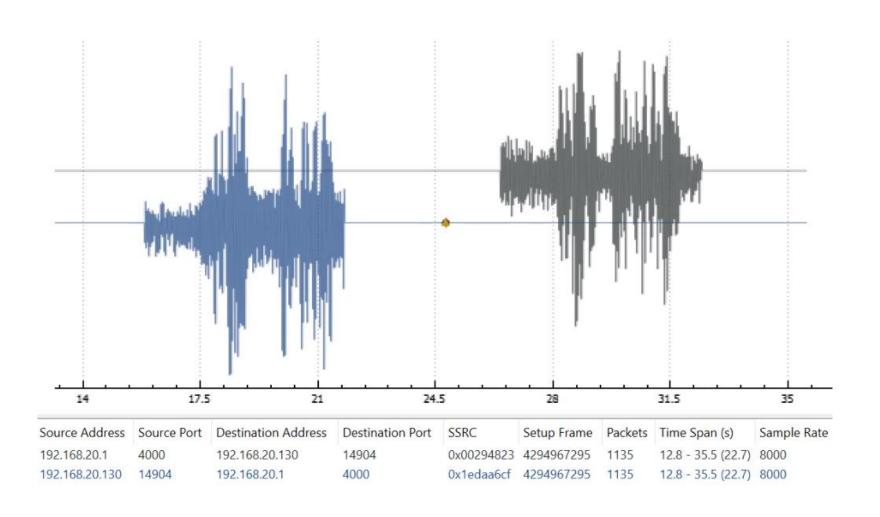
rtp								X	Expression
		Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length SSID	Sequence number	Info	
	177	29.311833	192.168.20.1	192.168.20.130	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0x
	183	29.316949	192.168.20.130	192.168.20.132	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0>
	189	29.332471	192.168.20.1	192.168.20.130	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0
	190	29.333063	192.168.20.130	192.168.20.132	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0
	191	29.334585	192.168.20.132	192.168.20.130	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0
	192	29.334904	192.168.20.130	192.168.20.1	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0
	193	29.352961	192.168.20.1	192.168.20.130	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0>
	194	29.353301	192.168.20.130	192.168.20.132	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0x
	195	29.354843	192.168.20.132	192.168.20.130	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0>
	196	29.355005	192.168.20.130	192.168.20.1	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0
	197	29.372665	192.168.20.1	192.168.20.130	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0
	198	29.372952	192.168.20.130	192.168.20.132	RTP	224		PT=ITU-T G.711 PCMU,	SSRC=0
	100	20 275160	100 160 00 100	102 160 20 120	DTD	224		DT_TTII_T & 711 DCMII	ccpc-a

> Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.20.1, Dst: 192.168.20.130

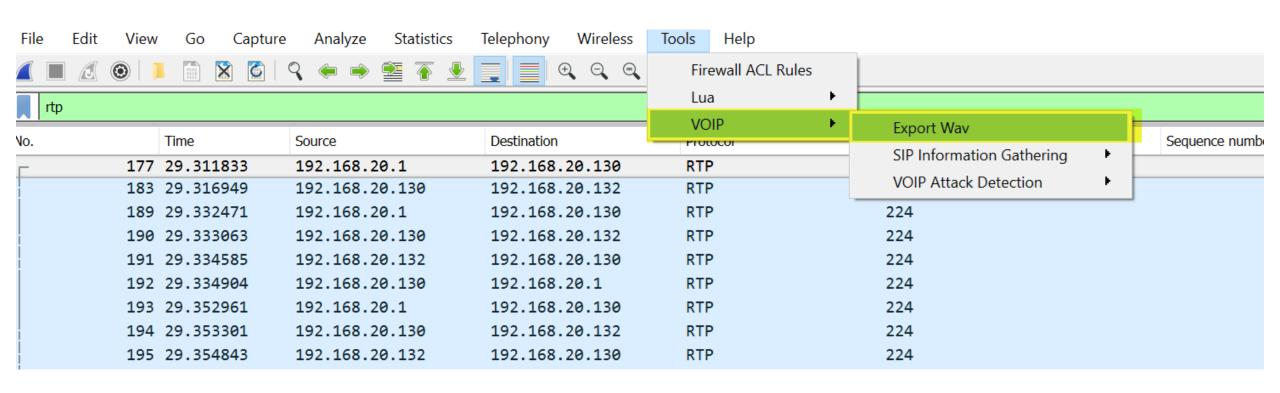
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 4000, Dst Port: 16450

Real-Time Transport Protocol

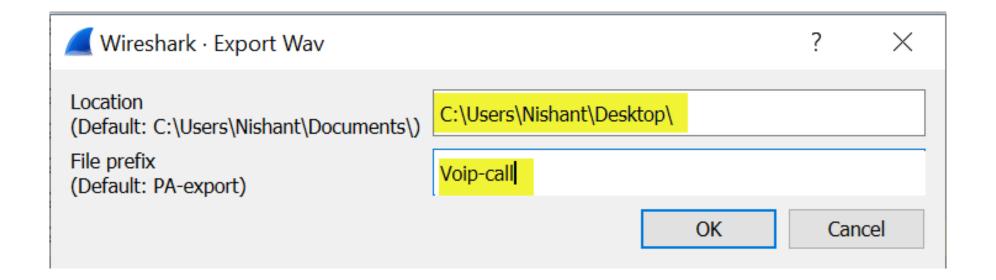
Decrypted call



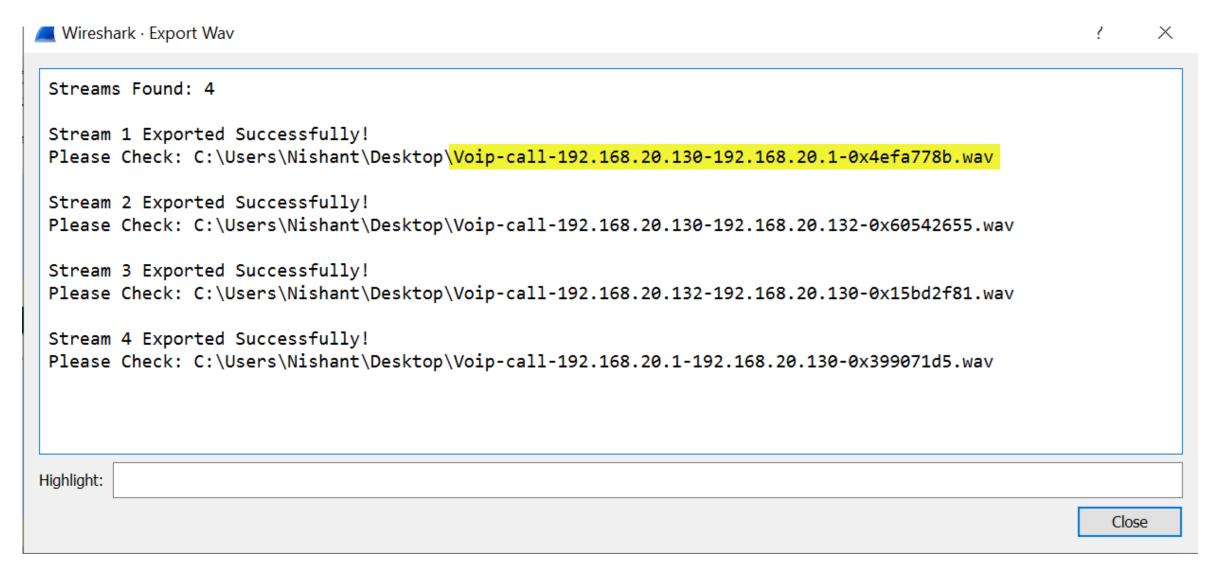
VoIPShark: Exporting Call Audio



Exporting Call Audio: Specifying Location and File name



Exporting Call Audio: Exported Streams

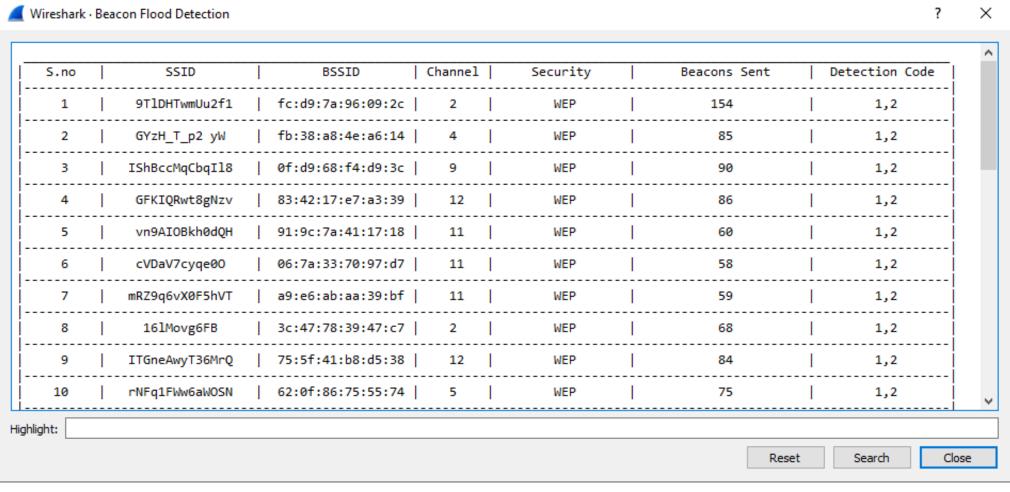


Attack Detection

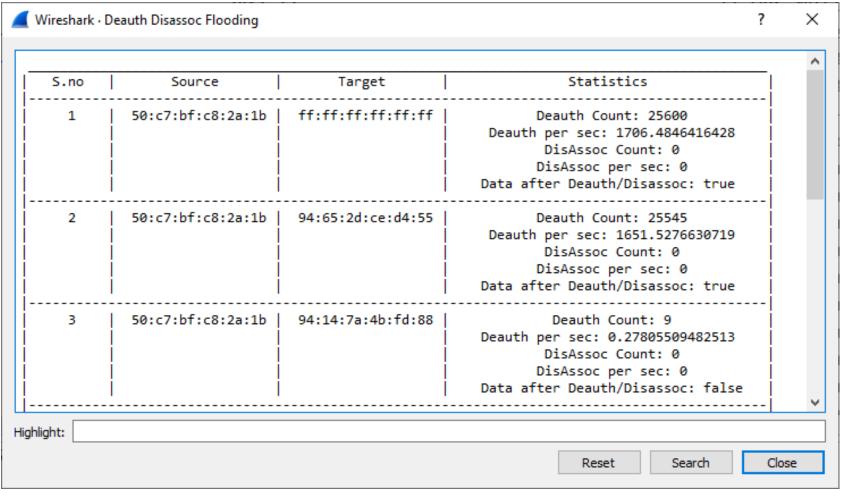
WiFi Attacks

- Beacon Flood Detection
- Deauth Disassoc Flooding
- Possible Handshake Cracking
- Evil Twin Detector
- SIP Invite Flood
- MiTM Attempts
- Dictionary Attack

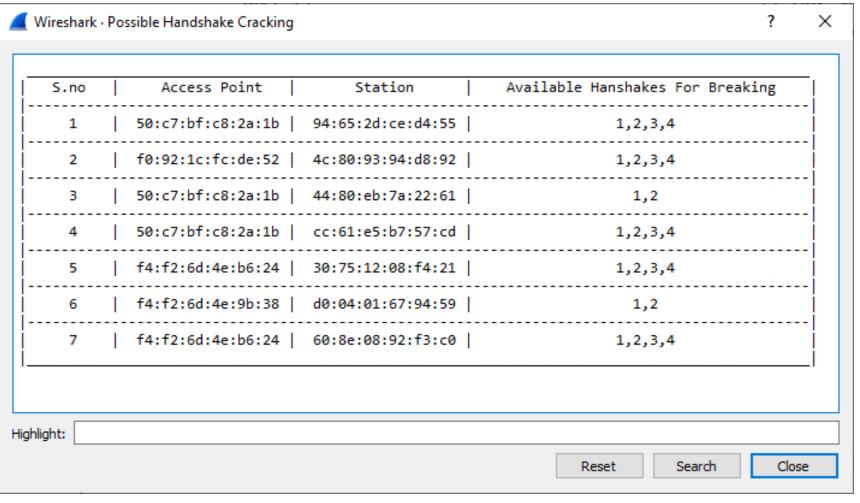
Beacon Flood Detection



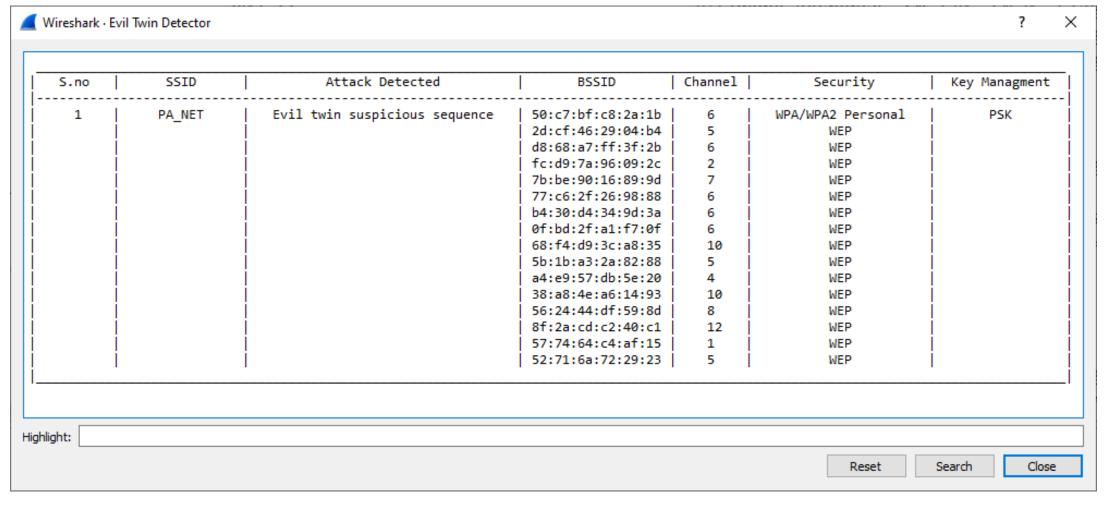
Deauth Disassoc Flooding



Possible Handshake Cracking

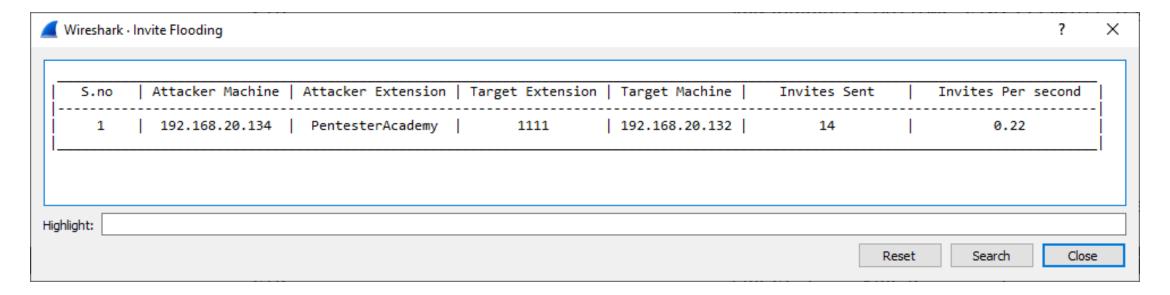


Evil Twin Detector

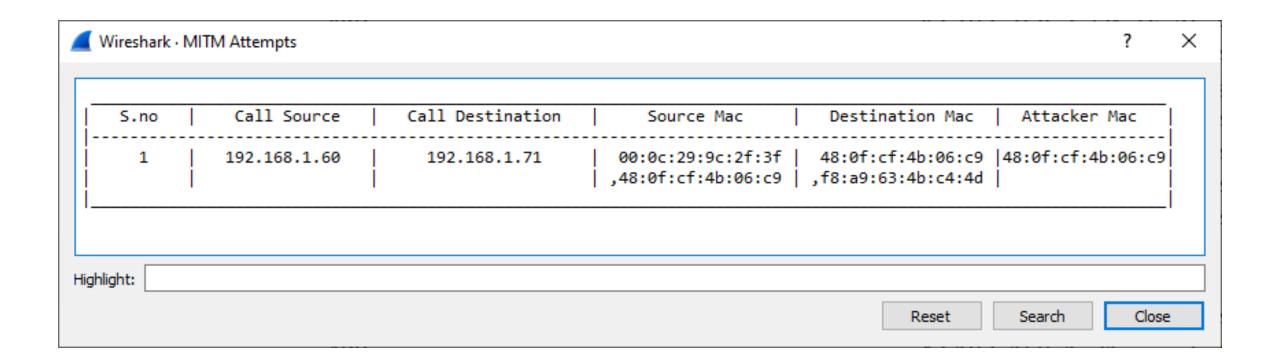


Attack Detection: SIP

Invite Flooding



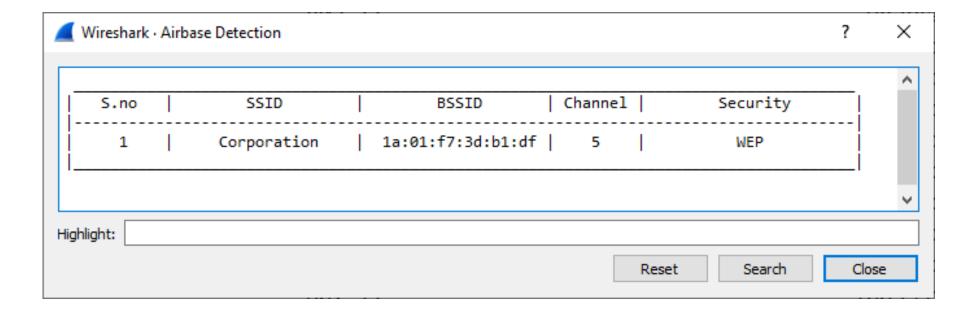
Attack Detection: MiTM



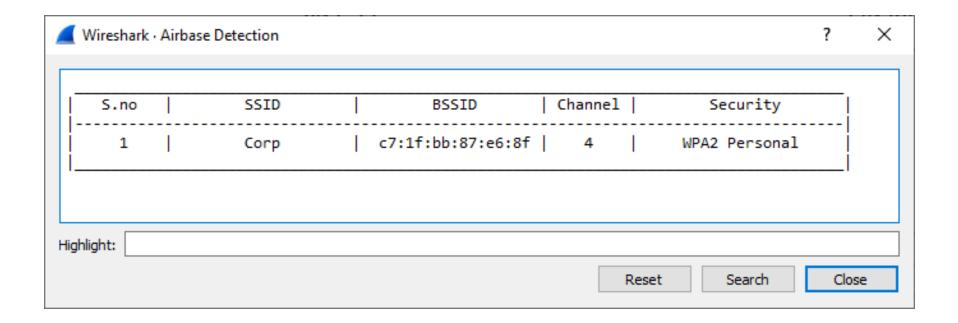
Example Case: Airbase Detection

Airbase: Tool to create Honeypots and Evil Twins

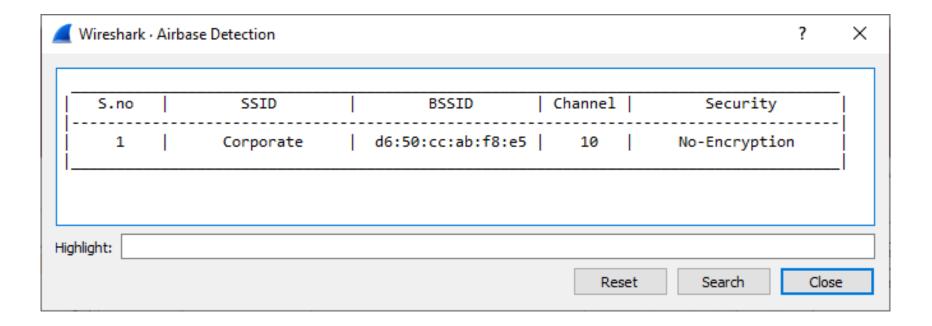
Airbase Detection - WEP



Airbase Detection – WPA2-Personal



Airbase Detection – No-Encryption



Demo

PAToolkit

- Collection of Wireshark plugins to perform
 - Macro analysis
 - Providing summary or overview
 - Dissecting unknown protocols
 - Detecting attacks/threats
- Coveres WiFi, DNS, DHCP, HTTP, HTTPS



GitHub: http://www.github.com/pentesteracademy/patoolkit

VolPShark

- Collection of Wireshark plugins to
 - Decrypt VoIP calls
 - Export call audio
 - Overview of traffic (Extensions, SMS, DTMF)
 - Common VoIP attacks



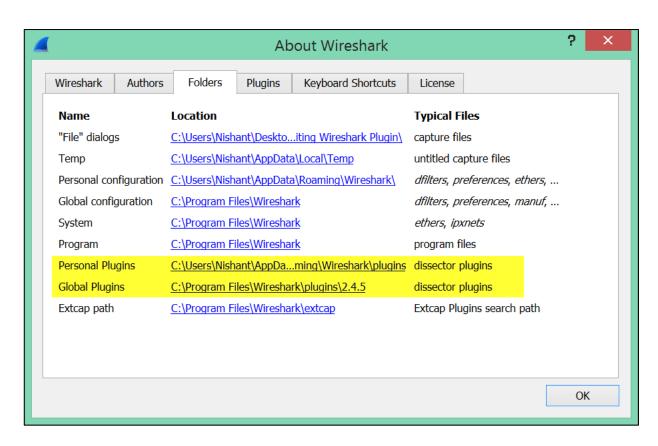
Github: http://www.github.com/pentesteracademy/voipshark



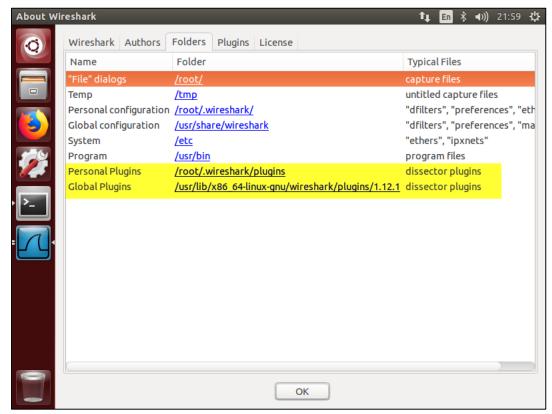
Plugins locations

Check Help > About Wireshark > Folders

Windows



Ubuntu



Q & A

nishant@attackdefense.com