

雅思强化口语精讲班第 14 讲讲义

老师

老师 Teacher

在这个话题里面会用到一些跟学科有关的词汇。然后考生要注意谈论相关的事件，就是老师给你印象最深的一件事。

Part two

Interviewer: Ok, I am going to give you a topic. You can prepare for one or two minutes.

Describe a teacher who has greatly influenced you in your education.

Where you met him/her

What subject he/she taught

What was special about him/her

Explain why he/she influenced you so much

I have many teachers in my years of education, and there is only one teacher who will remain in my memory forever. His name is Tom, and he taught me spoken English in a language school last year. He's not tall but he's energetic. He comes from America. He's humorous but in class he was strict with us. We were not allowed to speak Chinese and had to take a quiz every day. If you failed, you had to stay in the classroom studying until you could talk to him in English fluently. One day, I left my textbook in the classroom, and when I returned, it was already 9 o'clock in the evening. Much to my surprise, Tom was still there helping some of my classmates improving their pronunciation. And his voice was low and husky, I was quite sure he didn't have dinner. He made a strong impression on me because of his responsibility. I will remember him forever.

Part three

Interviewer: What do you think education should be?

Candidate: I guess education should focus on the development of ability of students. The capability of students should be explored.

Interviewer: Are there any problems in education?

Candidate: Well, I think education in China has got some problems. Traditional education makes students bored. Teachers only teach them to remember the figures in the books, and we can't encourage students to be creative.

Interviewer: How do you think the government can solve the problem?

Candidate: Governments should bring some reforms to examination system, co-operate with foreign universities, encourage students to study abroad, and teachers should be sent to other countries to receive some training.

Interviewer: What impressed you most when you were at university?

Candidate: There were both happiness and bitterness in my memory. I think the academic ability and responsibility of my teachers made me impressed.

Interviewer: What's the difference between today's education and that of twenty years ago?

Candidate: In the past, many children couldn't go to school, and educational conditions were terrible. But now, government offers compulsory education. Each child is endowed with the right go to school.

Interviewer: Do schools teach non-academic courses?

Candidate: No, we rarely have non-academic courses. The subjects are all relevant to our entrance exam to university.

Interviewer: Do you think that schools should be responsible for teaching these non-academic courses?

Candidate: Yes. It's necessary. Students should have courses like survival skills, communication and skill training so that they can face the tough society fully prepared.

专业

专业Major

这个专业是未来要学习的，注意时态的使用。

Part Two

Describe a major you would like to study.

What this major is

Why it is popular

How you can learn it

Explain the benefits you can get from it.

Candidate: I'd like to study Law in the future. Nowadays our country pays much attention to establishing a society of legal system, and laws are becoming more and more important to our country and people. Different from before, people now often turn to laws when they have trouble in China, so if I can learn Law well, it will be helpful to me. I plan to study law in my leisure time by myself, but maybe sometimes I will attend some classes in universities. I think I can study it well. Maybe next time you see me, I have already become a lawyer. If I study Law well and become a lawyer, then I can help many people resolve their problems, make the law more reasonable and make some contributions to our society.

Part Three

Interviewer: Why do more and more people like to go abroad?

Candidate: Because they want to learn more advanced knowledge abroad, and also it is a good chance to improve their English.

Interviewer: What majors are popular in China?

Candidate: Many people choose Computer Science and Technology, Marketing, Business Administration, etc.

Interviewer: What's the difference between the majors popular in the past and now?

Candidate: Now majors about high technology are becoming more and more popular, while in the past, majors that could give people a steady career were more popular, like teacher-training and accounting.

Interviewer: How can people learn a major well?

Candidate: One must have strong interest in it and contribute as much time as possible to it.

Interviewer: How can a person choose his major wisely?

Candidate: Before he chooses his major, he must know very clearly about his own interests and dislikes.

科目

科目 Subject

需要注意的是，在这个卡片里面提到的专业是在“school”阶段，绝对不能讲述大学时代的课程。曾经有学生因此而在考试中失分。

Part Two

Describe a subject you studied at school.
When you learned it
Who taught it
How the teacher taught it
Explain why it was your favorite.

Candidate: During my school days, I was greatly attached to chemistry. Perhaps it's because of my chemistry teacher, Mr. Li. Without his guidance and enlightenment, I would have totally failed to study it. Generally speaking, Mr. Li was a conscientious and responsible teacher. He preferred traditional teaching ways, but it didn't mean that he was a pedantic teacher. In his class, he did not try to put everything into students' brains but tried to establish mutual communication at first place. His class was divided into two parts. One was the lecture on textbooks, and the other one was practice part. In the second part, Mr. Li would ask some of us to do exercises on the blackboard and bring forward several questions. After we finished, he would point out our mistakes and correct them one by one in a very lucid and straightforward way to make himself understood. I benefited so much from his teaching that later chemistry became my favorite subject. Although it has been three years since I graduated from high school, I still remember Mr. Li and his class.

Part Three

Interviewer: When should children go to school?

Candidate: I think normally children should start school at the age of six. They are very curious at this age and it is easy for them to grasp new skills.

Interviewer: What's the best age to learn skills?

Candidate: Well, it's hard to say. It depends on the skills people want to learn. I think we can start at nearly any age. If we want to learn driving, we must learn it after we are 16.

Interviewer: Which one is more important, learning by oneself or at schools?

Candidate: For my part, leaning by oneself is more important. Teachers are guides, and you must depend on yourself for improving your ability.

Interviewer: What do you think of the qualities of teachers?

Candidate: Some teachers are quite qualified, and they can teach students useful information, but we can't deny the fact that there are some teachers who don't know what they are talking about.

Interviewer: What's the difference between university education and the education for you in the past?

Candidate: Well, I think the biggest difference is that teachers are no longer the master of class, and they discuss many questions with students. And also teachers do not tell students what to do but encourage them to think by themselves.

Interviewer: Do you think schools should teach more subjects?

Candidate: Yes. In this way, students can attain knowledge more abundantly, and their general interests will be aroused.

Interviewer: Will teachers change in future?

Candidate: If there should be any changes, teachers may become students' friends, and they can learn something from each other.

Interviewer: Are teachers necessary since you can learn by yourself?

Candidate: Yes, I think teachers are the essential part of studying. Sometimes you can't learn only by yourself. Teachers can give advice to you because their experience will save you a lot of trouble. When you make a mistake, they can point it out.

Interviewer: Do you think that teachers will be replaced by computers?

Candidate: They are complementary. Teachers can give you face to face guidance, but computers can give education to those who stay at home.

学英语

学英语 Learning English

Part 2

Examiner: I'm going to give you a topic, and you can prepare for one minute.

Describe your experience of learning English.

You should say:

when you start to learn English ,

describe most interesting English class ,

which thing help to your English .

And explain the importance of learning English.

Candidate: English is the most popular language now in China with the entering of WTO. English is the official language of many countries, and the working language in the United Nations is also English. We are in the age of development and I believe that English is the necessary skill for us. If a person can speak fluent English, he or she can find a position in a foreign company, which will provide a wide scope for him or her for future development. Besides, we can communicate freely with others if we travel around the world because it is an international language. Some people may think that it is only a tool like a dictionary, but actually, we can benefit a lot from it. I started learning English after I entered the middle school and we had only four hours of English every week. I like English very much but at that time, I didn't realize the importance of it. One day, my English teacher invited a foreigner to our class and we talked to each other about simple topics in English. We communicated freely but of course there were moments that we couldn't understand each other but we enjoyed ourselves. I believe that's the most interesting English class I've ever had. Now I always go to the English corners or watch English films at home and I think this is the most natural way of learning English. I know that learning English is a gradual process and I hope that my English is going to improve with my hard work.

Part 3

Interviewer: What's dull in learning English?

Candidate: I don't like learning the grammatical rules. I think it's boring.

Interviewer: What's difficult in learning English?

Candidate: In my opinion, learning vocabulary is most difficult. I spend a long time remembering words but in a few days, I forget them. It's really frustrating.

Interviewer: Do you think it is difficult to learn Chinese?

Candidate: I think it's easy because we don't have strict rules for sentences and we don't have changes of verbs. It's much easier than English.

Interviewer: What is most interesting in learning English?

Candidate: I like having spoken English classes. When we can communicate with each other in English, it's really pleasant.

Interviewer: When do most Chinese people start learning English?

Candidate: In the past, students started having English classes when they were middle school, but now English is taught in primary schools.

Interviewer: Is it true that all Chinese people can speak a little English?

Candidate: Not really. Young people can speak a little English, but old people can't because when they were young, English was not regarded as important.

Interviewer: Is it necessary to have an international language?

Candidate: Yes. Cooperation between countries is increasing and if there is no barrier of languages, both technology and society is going to develop faster. Underdeveloped countries can learn from developed countries.