NAME

cal - display a specified month of some year

SYNOPSIS

```
cal { alphamonth | [month] year | year/month } -number
```

DESCRIPTION

Introduction

The CAL program is used to print out (to standard output) a calendar of a month that is specified as an argument. If a month is specified alone (as in the case with *alphamonth*), it must consist of non-numeric characters. This is necessary in order to distinguish it from a year being specified. Anywhere a month is specified, it may also be specified as a character string representing the month. All month names can be abbreviated to the first three characters without any ambiguity.

Options

There are some argument options that can be used to provide values in addition to the standard way of supplying them.

-<number> A single minus sign followed by a number is interpreted to ispecify the number of

total months to print out, including the starting month specified with the other

arguments (if any).mean that

-m month This will override any month that is specified using the mornal arguments.

-y year This will specify a year to override any that is supplied in the normal way.

Output

The printed output of this program is identical to that of the standard calendar program (cal) that is supplied with the UNIX System

ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES

See the standard cal program.

EXAMPLES

print the the month of May for the current year:

```
cal May
```

print out the month of May for the year 2007:

```
cal May 2007
```

print out the month of May for the year 2007:

```
cal 2007/May
```

SEE ALSO

cal(1), calendar(1)

PATH TO

This program is currently located in /usr/add-on/local/bin or possibly where ever "local" programs are stored on your system. This is often at \${LOCAL}/bin on some systems.

WARNINGS

Note that at least one white-space character must be put between all option key-letters and the associated key-letter parameter.

AUTHOR

David A.D. Morano