



EEE CONSORTIUM
Pre-Board Examination (2021-22)
Subject: History
Class: XII

Time Allowed: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 40

General Instructions:

- i. This Question paper is divided into four sections-Section A, B, C and D
- ii. All questions are compulsory.
- iii. Section-A: Question no. 1 to 4 are Short Answer type questions of 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 80 words.
- iv. Section-B: Question no. 5 to 7 are Long Answer type questions, carrying 6 marks. Answer to this question should not exceed 150-200 words.
- v. Section-C: Question no. 8 and 9 are Case Based questions, carrying 4 marks each with subparts.
- vii. Section-D: Question no. 10 is map based, carrying 2 marks
- viii. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in a few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.
- ix. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary

Section-A: Question no. 1 to 4 are Short Answer type questions

- | | | |
|----|--|---|
| 1 | What was the composition of the Constituent Assembly in terms of representation? | 3 |
| 2 | Analyse how the East India Company would benefit by introducing the Permanent Settlement | 3 |
| Or | | |
| | “The battle between the hoe and the plough was a long one.” Substantiate the statement with reference to the Santhals and Paharias of the Rajmahal hills during the eighteenth century | |
| 3 | Discuss military causes for the Revolt of 1857. | 3 |
| 4 | Explain the significance of Gandhiji’s speech at Banaras Hindu University inauguration in three points. | 3 |

Section-B: Question no. 5 to 7 are Long Answer type questions

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|----|--|---|
| 5 | What steps did the British take to quell the uprising? | 6 |
| 6 | Explain with examples how the coming of Gandhiji broadened the base of the Indian National Movement. Write answer in three points. | 6 |
| Or | | |
| | “The Salt March of 1930 was the first event that brought Mahatma Gandhi to world attention” Elucidate the statement with suitable examples. | |
| 7 | “The production of painting in Mughal Chronicles was a source of constant tension between rulers and the Muslim orthodoxy. ‘Do you agree with the statement? Substantiate. | 6 |
| OR | | |
| | Discuss the distinctive feature of the Mughal nobility. How were their relationship with the Emperor shaped? | |

Section-C: Question no. 8 and 9 are Case Based questions

- 8 Darbar-i Akbari 4
- Abu'lFazl gives a vivid account of Akbar's darbar: Whenever His Majesty (Akbar) holds court (darbar) a large drum is beaten, the sounds of which are accompanied by Divine praise. In this manner, people of all classes receive notice. His Majesty's sons and grandchildren, the grantees of the Court, and all other men who have admittance, attend to make the kornish, and remain standing in their proper places. Learned men of renown and skilful mechanics pay their respects; and the officers of justice present their reports. His Majesty, with his usual insights, gives orders, and settles everything in a satisfactory manner. During the whole time, skilful gladiators and wrestlers from all countries hold themselves in readiness, and singers, male and female, are in waiting. Clever jugglers and funny tumblers also are anxious to exhibit their dexterity and agility.
- a) Who was Abul Fazl? Name the book he wrote. 1
- b) What was Kornish? 1
- c) Describe the main activities taking place in the darbar. 2
- 9 Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions that follow: 4
- What should be the qualities of a national language
- A few months before his death Mahatma Gandhi reiterated his views on the language question: This Hindustani should be neither Sanskritised Hindi nor Persianised Urdu but a happy combination of both. It should also freely admit words wherever necessary from the different regional languages and also assimilate words from foreign languages, provided that they can mix well and easily with our national language. Thus, our national language must develop into a rich and powerful instrument capable of expressing the whole gamut of human thought and feelings. To confine oneself to Hindi or Urdu would be a crime against intelligence and the spirit of patriotism.
- HARIJAN SEVAK, 12 OCTOBER 1947
- i. What, according to Gandhiji should Hindustani be and what should our national language develop to be? 2
- ii. What was the opinion of members from the South on this issue? 1
- iii. How did the Constituent Assembly resolve this issue? 1
- Section-D: Question no. 10 is map based**
- 10 a) On the given political outline map of India, locate and label ANY ONE of the following with appropriate symbol. 2
1. The place where the Jallianwala Bagh massacre took place. 1
- Or
2. The place where peasant satyagraha was led by Gandhiji. 1
- b) On the same outline map of India, a place related to the centres of the Revolt of 1857 is marked as A. Identify it and write its name on the line drawn near them. 1



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India Political Maps

