

Modern theme template

Navn Navnsen¹ and Navn Andetnavnsen²

¹navn@navnsen.com; ²navn@andetnavnsen.com

December 3, 2018

Abstract. Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

Table of Contents

1	Folder structure	1
2	Bibliography	2
3	Section titles	2
3.1	Subsections look like this	2
3.1.1	Subsubsections look like this	2

List of Figures

1	This will be the figures name in the list of figures	2
---	--	---

List of Tables

Welcome to my modern-style latex template and thank you for using it. I hope you like it. The template should behave very much like all other \LaTeX documents. Below you will find some notes on how to use the template. The template itself is a mix of [this](#) template by [cmichi](#) and various stuff from the submission templates for Science and PNAS, which are both available on Overleaf.

1 Folder structure

The theme keeps most of the writing in separate files in the `o2_chapters` folder. I suggest that whenever you want to create a new section, you create a new `.tex` file here, and insert the section in `main.tex` with the `\input` command. Look at the source for this demo to understand exactly how.¹

¹This is an example footnote

The folder `01_preamble` contains various code that determines the look of the document. Unless you want to make changes to the layout this folder shouldn't be changed. If you need additional packages you can add them in `01_preamble/packages.tex`.

2 Bibliography

This template uses `natbib` to handle the bibliography. This requires a bibliography file (zotero can autogenerate these) placed in the main folder of your project. In this demo it is called `references.bib`. If you wish to change this name, adjust the line linking to this file at the bottom of `main.tex`.

By default references look like this: (1). If you have more than two citations at a single place they are autocollapsed: (2–4) To change this adjust the options passed to `natbib` at the top of `main.tex`.

3 Section titles

3.1 Subsections look like this

3.1.1 Subsubsections look like this

Use paragraph as a fourth level Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

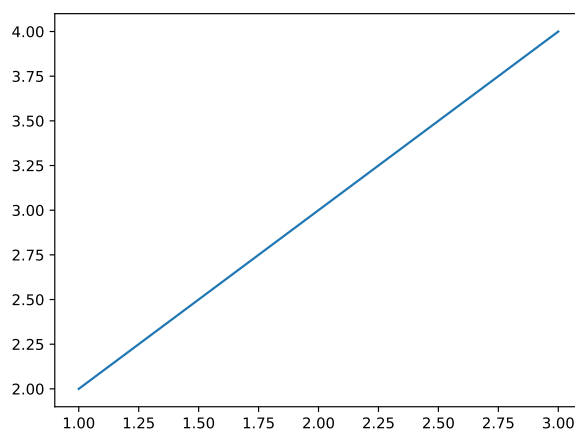


Fig 1. Here is a figure This is a slightly longer piece of text detailing the content of the figure. This can include any number of weird details.

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like “Huardest gefburn”? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

References

1. Sendhil Mullainathan and Jann Spiess. Machine Learning: An Applied Econometric Approach. *Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 31(2):87–106, May 2017. ISSN 0895-3309. doi: 10.1257/jep.31.2.87. URL <https://www.aeaweb.org/articles?id=10.1257/jep.31.2.87>.
2. Uri Shalit, Fredrik D. Johansson, and David Sontag. Estimating individual treatment effect: generalization bounds and algorithms. *arXiv:1606.03976 [cs, stat]*, June 2016. URL <http://arxiv.org/abs/1606.03976>. arXiv: 1606.03976.
3. F. Charles Brunicki, Richard A. Gibbs, David A. Wheeler, John Nemunaitis, William Fisher, John Goss, and Changyi Chen. Overview of the Development of Personalized Genomic Medicine and Surgery. *World Journal of Surgery*, 35(8):1693–1699, August 2011. ISSN 0364-2313, 1432-2323. doi: 10.1007/s00268-011-1056-0. URL <http://link.springer.com/10.1007/s00268-011-1056-0>.
4. Geoffrey S Ginsburg and Kathryn A Phillips. Precision Medicine: From Science to Value. *Health affairs (Project Hope)*, 37(5):694–701, May 2018. ISSN 0278-2715. doi: 10.1377/hlthaff.2017.1624. URL <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5989714/>.