```
2
    /// CSCI 176 Program 1
3
    /// Kenneth Willeford
    ///
5
    ///
            This program performs parallel partial sums on partitions of an array.
    ///
6
            Once compiled the program is ran as so...
7
                <exe name> <number of thread> <number of elements>
8
   ///
                ie: a.exe 4 400000000 (run with 4 threads and 400000000 elements)
9
   ///
            I had trouble running the full 500000000 on my system, so I ran with 400000000
    instead
10
    /// In addition as I was using a 32 bit compiler I had to use long long integers in
    order to store my sums.
11
    #include <iostream>
13
   #include <cstdlib>
14
    #include <sstream>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <ctime>
17
   using namespace std;
18
19
   namespace global {
20
        // contains the amount of threads to run.
21
        int thread count;
22
        // contains the size of the global array.
23
        int arr size;
24
        // contains the size of a given partition in the array.
25
        int partition size;
26
        // the global array itself
27
        unsigned int* arr;
28
        // global sum
29
        long long unsigned int global sum;
30
    };
    \ensuremath{//} Adds to the global sum, the operation is guarded by a mutex.
31
32
    void add to global sum(long long unsigned int i);
33
    // Performs a cout command on a string quarded by a mutex.
34
    void cout semaphore(string);
    // Function to call from pthread. Performs a partial sum.
35
36
    void*perform partial sum(void*);
37
    // Retrieves command line arguments and loads them into global variables.
38
    void get command line arguments(char* argv[]);
39
    // Prepares an array to be able to be run in the summation.
40
    void prepare array();
41
    // Runs the parallel summation.
42
    void run sums();
43
44
    int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
45
        get command line arguments(argv);
46
        prepare array();
47
        run sums();
48
    }
49
50
    void*perform partial sum(void* v) {
51
        // Get the passed in thread id.
52
        int thread id = (int)v;
        // Initialize local sum
53
54
        long long unsigned int local sum = 0;
55
        // Get the start index based on the partition size and thread id.
56
        unsigned int start index = thread id*global::partition size;
        // Get the end index based on the partition size and thread id taking into account
57
        if it's the last partition.
58
        unsigned int end index = ((thread id+1)*global::partition size > global::arr size ?
        global::arr_size : (thread_id+1)*global::partition_size);
        // Perform the partial sum.
59
60
        for(unsigned int i = start index; i < end index; i++)</pre>
```

```
61
              local sum += global::arr[i];
 62
          // Report Local Information
 63
          ostringstream ss;
          ss << "thread id:" << thread id << " start index:" << start index << " end index"
 64
          << end index << " partial sum:" << local sum;</pre>
 65
          cout semaphore(ss.str());
 66
          // Add to the global sum
 67
          add to global sum(local sum);
 68
      }
 69
      void cout semaphore(string s){
 70
          // Shared lock between function calls. Protects cout.
 71
          static pthread mutex t lock = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
 72
          pthread mutex lock(&lock);
 73
          cout << s << endl;</pre>
 74
          pthread mutex unlock(&lock);
 75
      }
 76
      void run sums(){
 77
          // Begin Benchmark
 78
          clock t t = clock();
 79
 80
              // Initialize global sum
 81
              global::global sum = 0;
 82
              // Find partition size
 83
              global::partition size = global::arr size/global::thread count;
 84
              // Launch Threads
 85
              pthread t threads[global::thread count];
 86
              for(unsigned int thread id = 0; thread id < global::thread count; thread id++)</pre>
 87
                  pthread create(&threads[thread id], NULL, perform partial sum,
                  (void*) thread id);
 88
              // Join Threads
 89
              for(unsigned int thread id = 0; thread id < global::thread count; thread id++)</pre>
 90
                  pthread join(threads[thread id], NULL);
 91
          }
 92
          // End Benchmark
 93
          double seconds = ((float)(clock()-t))/CLOCKS PER SEC;
 94
          // Convert global sum into string and then print data.
 95
          ostringstream ss;
          ss << "global sum:" << global::global sum << "time taken:" << seconds << "s";
 96
 97
          cout semaphore(ss.str());
 98
 99
      void prepare array(){
100
          // Build Array Elements
          for(unsigned int i = 0; i < global::arr size; i++) global::arr[i] = i+1;</pre>
101
102
103
      void get command line arguments(char* argv[]) {
104
          // Get number of threads to create. If less than 1 or undefined defaults to 1.
105
          global::thread count = (atoi(argv[1]) >= 1 ? atoi(argv[1]) : 1);
106
          // Get size of array to sum. Highest stable array size on my system is along the
          lines of 476449900 elements. For my tests I'll use 400000000
107
          // If less than 1000 or undefined defaults to 1000.
          global::arr size = (atoi(argv[2]) >= 1000 ? atoi(argv[2]) : 1000);
108
109
          global::arr = new unsigned int[global::arr size];
110
111
      void add to global sum(long long unsigned int i) {
112
          // Shared lock between function calls. Protects the sum.
113
          static pthread mutex t lock = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
114
          pthread mutex lock(&lock);
115
          global::global sum += i;
116
          pthread mutex unlock(&lock);
117
      }
```

```
command-line-input.txt
g++ parallel-sums.cpp -o parallel-sums.exe
parallel-sums 1 400000000 > output1.txt
parallel-sums 2 400000000 > output2.txt
parallel-sums 4 400000000 > output4.txt
parallel-sums 8 400000000 > output8.txt
```

output1.txt
thread\_id:0 start\_index:0 end\_index400000000 partial\_sum:80000000200000000
global\_sum:80000000200000000time taken:2.065s

output2.txt thread\_id:0 start\_index:0 end\_index200000000 partial\_sum:20000000100000000 thread\_id:1 start\_index:200000000 end\_index400000000 partial\_sum:60000000100000000 global\_sum:80000000200000000time taken:0.83s

output8.txt

```
global_sum:8000000020000000time taken:0.725s
```

```
//// Park -- this is a C++ version of the Pthread Hello program
2
  //// compile and run:
5
   //// $> g++ -o Hello Hello.cpp -lpthread
   //// $>./Hello 4
   //// //4 is the number of threads to create - any
7
8
   9
10
   #include <iostream>
11
   #include <cstdlib> //for atoi()
12
   #include <pthread.h>
13
   using namespace std;
14
15
   //globals --accessible to all threads
16
   17
18
  19
   /// Global Mutex <ADDED>
20
   21
  pthread mutex t lock = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
22
   23
   void *Hello(void* rank); //prototype for a Thread function
24
25
   26
   int main(int argc, char* argv[]){
27
    long thread id; //long for type conversion [long<-->void*] for 64 bit system
28
29
    thread count = atoi(argv[1]); //tot number of threads - from command line
30
    pthread t myThreads[thread count]; //define threads
31
32
    //creates a certain number of threads
33
    for(thread id = 0; thread id < thread count; thread id++)</pre>
34
      pthread create(&myThreads[thread id], NULL, Hello, (void*)thread id);
  35
36
  /// Protected cout <ADDED>
37
   38
   pthread mutex lock(&lock);
39
    cout<<"Hello from the main thread"<<endl;</pre>
40
    pthread mutex unlock(&lock);
   41
42
    //wait until all threads finish
43
    for(thread id = 0; thread id < thread count; thread id++)</pre>
44
      pthread join(myThreads[thread id], NULL);
4.5
46
    return 0;
47
  }//main
48
49
  ////////////slave function
50
   void *Hello(void* rank) {
51
    int my rank = (long)rank; //rank is void* type, so can cast to (long) type only;
   52
53
  /// Protected cout <ADDED>
55
   pthread mutex lock(&lock);
56
    cout<<"Hello from thread "<<my rank<<" of "<<thread count<<endl;</pre>
57
   pthread mutex unlock(&lock);
58
   59
   return NULL;
60
   }//Hello
```