Report: Dialog Act Classification using Word Embeddings & Acoustic Features

Jens Beck

1 Introduction

Fabian Fey

Richard Kollotzek

jens.beckl@ims

fabian.fey@ims

richard.kollotzek@ims

Abstract

- 2.2 Data Preprocessing
- 3 Baseline Systems
- 4 Results
- 5 Research Question: None
- 6 Conclusion

The general task is to classify lexical and auditory speech into one of four predefined *dialog act classes*. A *dialog act*, in this context, represents informal information of how a dialog system should respond to a users input. The four provided classes are *statement*, *opinion*, *question* and *backchannel*. To solve this task we developed *convolutional neural networks* (CNN) that use lexical and acoustic features. For the development and training of the systems a subset of the *Switchboard Dialog Act Corpus* was used. In next chapters we discuss the development of the systems and subsequently to that the research question **INSERT HERE**.

2 Data & Data Preperation

In this section we discuss the *Switchboard Dialog Act Corpus* and the extraction of the lexical and acoustic features.

2.1 The Switchboard Dialog Act Corpus

The Switchboard Dialog Act Corpus (0), from now on abbreviated as SwDA, consists of recordings with corresponding transcripts. Each of these recordings is assigned to one of 42 dialog act classes. In this project we reduced the amount of classes down to four which are statement, opinion, question and backchannel. These classes are supersets of the 42 dialog act classes defined in the SwDA.

References

J. J. Godfrey, E. C. Holliman, and J. McDaniel. Switchboard: Telephone speech corpus for research and development. In *Proceedings of the 1992 IEEE International Conference on Acoustics, Speech and Signal Processing - Volume 1*, ICASSP'92, pages 517–520, Washington, DC, USA, 1992. IEEE Computer Society.