

Subnetting

Subnetting table

Decimal	CIDR	addresses	hosts
0.0.0.0	/0	4294967296	4294967294
128.0.0.0	/1	2147483648	2147483646
192.0.0.0	/2	1073741824	1073741822
224.0.0.0	/3	536870912	536870910
240.0.0.0	/4	268435456	268435454
248.0.0.0	/5	134217728	134217726
252.0.0.0	/6	67108864	67108862
254.0.0.0	/7	33554432	33554430
255.0.0.0	/8	16777216	16777214
255.128.0.0	/9	8388608	8388606
255.192.0.0	/10	4194304	4194302
255.224.0.0	/11	2097152	2097150
255.240.0.0	/12	1048576	1048574
255.248.0.0	/13	524288	524286
255.252.0.0	/14	262144	262142
255.254.0.0	/15	131072	131070
255.255.0.0	/16	65536	65534
255.255.128.0	/17	32768	32766
255.255.192.0	/18	16384	16382
255.255.224.0	/19	8192	8190
255.255.240.0	/20	4096	4094
255.255.248.0	/21	2048	2046
255.255.252.0	/22	1024	1022
255.255.254.0	/23	512	510
255.255.255.0	/24	256	254
255.255.255.128	/25	128	126
255.255.255.192	/26	64	62

Decimal	CIDR	addresses	hosts
255.255.255.224	/27	32	30
255.255.255.240	/28	16	14
255.255.255.248	/29	8	6
255.255.255.252	/30	4	2
255.255.255.254	/31	2	0
255.255.255.255	/32	1	-

Subnetting Image



Subnetting Examples

Example 1

4 networks

- Root Net:
192.168.123.0/24

192.168.123. 00000000

need 2 bits for 4 networks
 $2^2 = 4$

- Subnets:

Network	Binary	Dir	Broadcast
1	00	192.168.123.0/26	.63
2	01	192.168.123.64/26	.127
3	10	192.168.123.128/26	.191
4	11	192.168.123.192/26	.255

Example 2

7 networks

- Root Net:
10.29.0.0/16

10.29. 00000000.00000000

need 3 bits for 8 networks
 $2^3 = 8$

- Subnets:

Network	Binary	Dir	Broadcast
1	000	10.29.0.0	10.29.31.255
2	001	10.29.32.0	10.29.63.255
3	010	10.29.64.0	10.29.95.255
4	011	10.29.96.0	10.29.127.255
5	100	10.29.128.0	10.29.159.255
6	101	10.29.160.0	10.29.191.255
7	110	10.29.192.0	10.29.223.255
8	111	10.29.224.0	10.29.255.255

Example 3

- Root Net:
192.168.0.0/24

192.168. 00000000 .00000000

- Subnets:
2 of 20 hosts
1 of 80 hosts
3 of 2 hosts

sort by hosts count:

- A - 80 hosts
- B - 20 hosts
- C - 20 hosts
- D - 2 hosts
- D - 2 hosts

A - 80 hosts

$2^7 = 128 - 2 = 126$ hosts

Mask: /25 = 255.255.255.128 # get by table

Dir: 192.168.0.0

Broadcast: 192.168.0.127 #Dir + $2^7 - 1$

B - 20 hosts

Dir: 192.168.0.128 # (before dir) + 1

$2^5 = 32 - 2 = 30$ hosts

Mask: /27 = 255.255.255.224 # get by table

Broadcast: 192.168.0.159 #Dir + $2^5 - 1$

C - 20 hosts

Dir: 192.168.0.160 # (before dir) + 1

$2^5 - 2 = 30$ hosts

Mask: /27 = 255.255.255.224 # get by table
Broadcast: 192.168.0.191 #Dir + $2^5 - 1$

D - 2 hosts

Dir: 192.168.0.192 # (before dir) + 1

$2^2 - 2 = 2$ hosts

Mask: /30 = 255.255.255.252 # get by table
Broadcast: 192.168.0.195 #Dir + $2^2 - 1$

E - 2 hosts

Dir: 192. 168. 0. 196 # (before dir) + 1

$2^2 - 2 = 2$ hosts

Mask: /30 = 255. 255. 255. 252 # get by table
Broadcast: 192. 168. 0. 199 #Dir + $2^2 - 1$

F - 2 hosts

Dir: 192. 168. 0. 200 # (before dir) + 1

$2^2 - 2 = 2$ hosts

Mask: /30 = 255. 255. 255. 252 # get by table
Broadcast: 192. 168. 0. 203 #Dir + $2^2 - 1$

Subnets in table

Network	hosts	Dir	Broadcast
A	80	192.168.0.0	192.168.0.127
B	20	192.168.0.128	192.168.0.159
C	20	192.168.0.160	192.168.0.191
D	2	192.168.0.192	192.168.0.195
E	2	192.168.0.196	192.168.0.199
F	2	192.168.0.200	192.168.0.203