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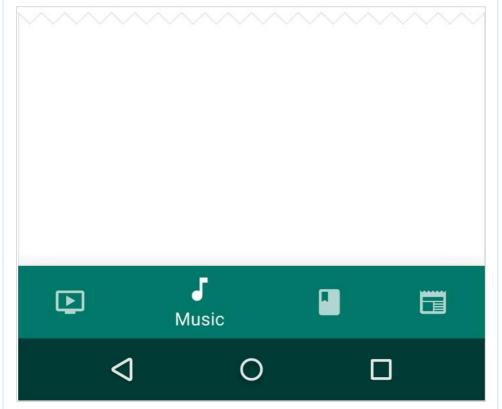
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Android BottomNavigationBar底部导航控制器使用方法详解

作者:请叫我小东子 字体: [增加 减小] 类型:转载 时间: 2016-03-23 我要评论

这篇文章主要为大家详细介绍了Android BottomNavigationBar底部导航控制器使用方法,感兴趣的小伙伴 们可以参考一下

最近Google在自己推出的Material design中增加了Bottom Navigation导航控制。Android一直没有官方的导 航控制器,自己实现确实是五花八门,有了这个规定之后,就类似苹果的底部Toolbar,以后我们的APP就会 有一致的风格, 先看一张效果:



这是官方在Material design中给出一张图,确实很不错。

1.BottomNavigationBar的下载地址

https://github.com/Ashok-Varma/BottomNavigation

- 2.使用的方法
- 2.1在Gradle中添加

compile 'com.ashokvarma.android:bottom-navigation-bar:0.9.5'

2.2布局实现

Com. ashokvarma. bottomnavigation. BottomNavigationBar android:layout gravity="bottom" android:id="@+id/bottom navigation bar" android:layout_width="match_parent" android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>

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```
2.3类中Activity中添加BottomNavigationItem
```

```
BottomNavigationBar bottomNavigationBar = (BottomNavigationBar) findViewById(R.id.bottom_nav
  bottomNavigationBar
          .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R. drawable.ic home white 24dp, "Home"))
          .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R.drawable.ic_book_white_24dp, "Books"))
          .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R.drawable.ic_music_note_white_24dp, "Music"))
          .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R.drawable.ic_tv_white_24dp, "Movies & TV"))
          .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R.drawable.ic_videogame_asset_white_24dp, "Games"))
          .initialise():
2.4设置事件监听器TabChangeListener
   bottomNavigationBar.setTabSelectedListener(new BottomNavigationBar.OnTabSelectedListener() {
        public void onTabSelected(int position) {
        @Override
        public void onTabUnselected(int position) {]
        public void onTabReselected(int position) {
      });
3.案例的实现
布局文件
  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
  <RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
    xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto" android:layout_width="match_parent"
    android:layout_height="match_parent"
    app:layout_behavior="@string/appbar_scrolling_view_behavior"
    tools:showIn="@layout/activity navigation view demo"
    tools:context="com.lidong.demo.navigation_view.BottomNavigationBarDemoActivity">
    <LinearLavout</pre>
      android:id="@+id/tb"
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout_height="match_parent"
      android:orientation="vertical" />
    <com. ashokvarma. bottomnavigation. BottomNavigationBar</pre>
      android:id="@+id/bottom_navigation_bar"
      android:layout_width="match_parent"
      android:layout alignParentBottom="true"
      android:layout_height="wrap_content"/>
  </RelativeLayout>
Activity的代码:
  package com. lidong. demo. navigation view;
  import android.app.FragmentManager;
  import android.app.FragmentTransaction;
  import android.os.Bundle;
  import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
  import android. support. v7. widget. Toolbar;
  import android.util.Log;
  import\ com.\ as hok varma.\ bottomnavigation.\ BottomNavigationBar;
  import\ com.\ as hokvarma.\ bottomnavigation.\ BottomNavigation Item;
  import com. lidong. demo. R:
  /**
   * BottomNavigationBar实现
  public class BottomNavigationBarDemoActivity extends AppCompatActivity implements BottomNavig
    private BottomNavigationBar bottomNavigationBar;
    int lastSelectedPosition = 0;
    private String TAG = BottomNavigationBarDemoActivity.class.getSimpleName();
```

```
private LocationFragment mLocationFragment;
private FindFragment mFindFragment;
private FavoritesFragment mFavoritesFragment;
private BookFragment mBookFragment;
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
 super. onCreate(savedInstanceState);
 setContentView(R.layout.activity_navigation_view_demo);
 Toolbar toolbar = (Toolbar) findViewById(R.id.toolbar);
 setSupportActionBar(toolbar);
 bottomNavigationBar = (BottomNavigationBar) findViewById(R.id.bottom_navigation_bar);
 bottomNavigationBar
      .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R. mipmap.ic_location_on_white_24dp, "位置").setAct:
      .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R.mipmap.ic_find_replace_white_24dp, "发现").setAct
     .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R.mipmap.ic_favorite_white_24dp, "爱好").setActive(
     .addItem(new BottomNavigationItem(R.mipmap.ic_book_white_24dp, "图书").setActiveColor
     .setFirstSelectedPosition(lastSelectedPosition)
     .initialise();
 bottomNavigationBar.setTabSelectedListener(this);
 setDefaultFragment():
* 设置默认的
private void setDefaultFragment() {
 FragmentManager fm = getFragmentManager();
 FragmentTransaction transaction = fm.beginTransaction();
 mLocationFragment = LocationFragment.newInstance("位置");
 transaction.replace(R.id.tabs, mLocationFragment);
 transaction.commit();
@Override
public void onTabSelected(int position) {
 Log.d(TAG, "onTabSelected() called with: " + "position = [" + position + "]");
 FragmentManager fm = this.getFragmentManager();
 FragmentTransaction transaction = fm.beginTransaction();
 switch (position) {
   case 0:
       if \ (mLocationFragment == null) \ \{ \\
       mLocationFragment = LocationFragment.newInstance("位置");
     transaction.replace(R.id.tb, mLocationFragment);
     break:
    case 1:
     if (mFindFragment == null) {
       mFindFragment = FindFragment.newInstance("发现");
     transaction.replace(R.id.tb, mFindFragment);
     break:
    case 2:
      if (mFavoritesFragment == null) {
       mFavoritesFragment = FavoritesFragment.newInstance("爱好");
     transaction.replace(R.id.tb, mFavoritesFragment);
     break:
    case 3:
      if (mBookFragment == null) {
        mBookFragment = BookFragment.newInstance("图书");
     transaction.replace(R.id.tb, mBookFragment);
     break:
    default:
      break;
 // 事务提交
 transaction.commit();
```

```
@Override
   public void onTabUnselected(int position) {
     Log.d(TAG, "onTabUnselected() called with: " + "position = [" + position + "]");
    @Override
   public void onTabReselected(int position) {
fragment的代码
  package com.lidong.demo.navigation_view;
  import android.app.Fragment;
  import android.os.Bundle;
  import android.view.LayoutInflater;
  import android.view.View;
  import android.view.ViewGroup;
  import android.widget.TextView;
  import com. lidong. demo. R;
  public class LocationFragment extends Fragment {
    public static LocationFragment newInstance(String param1) {
     LocationFragment fragment = new LocationFragment();
     Bundle args = new Bundle();
     args.putString("agrs1", param1);
     fragment.setArguments(args);
     return fragment;
    public LocationFragment() {
    @Override
    public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
      super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    @Override
    public View onCreateView(LayoutInflater inflater, ViewGroup container,
                Bundle savedInstanceState) {
      View view = inflater.inflate(R.layout.fragment_location, container, false);
     Bundle bundle = getArguments();
     String agrs1 = bundle.getString("agrs1");
     TextView tv = (TextView)view.findViewById(R.id.tv_location);
     tv.setText(agrs1);
     return view;
```

代码下载: https://github.com/lidong1665/AndroidRapidLibrary

代码实现起来很简单,就加载布局,添加BottomNavigationItem,设置TabChangeListener就这三步搞定底部导航控制器。



以上就是关于BottomNavigationBar底部导航控制器,希望对大家的学习有所帮助。

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