

Guide to the Python-based Coil System

https://github.com/atelier-ritz/CoilSystemPython

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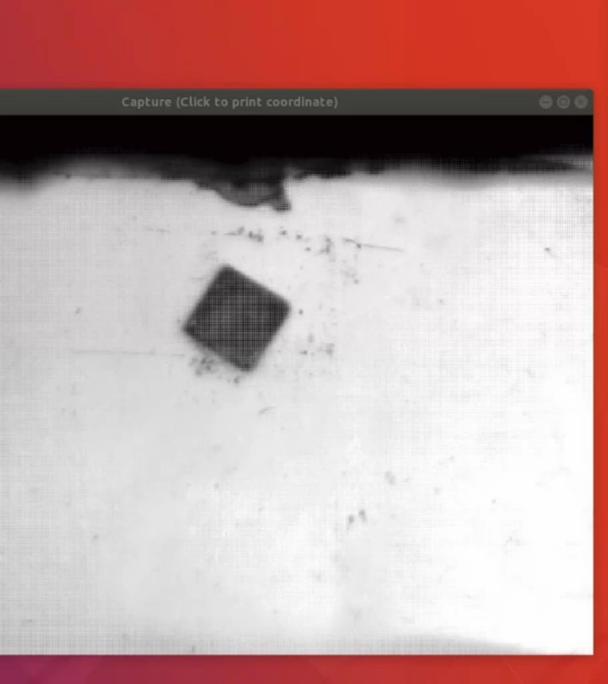
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Dependencies

Recommend Ubuntu16

```
===== Tested on Ubuntu 17.10 =====
```

- Python 3.6 pre-installed in Ubuntu 17.10
- PyQt5 pip3 install pyqt5
 - What is PyQt https://riverbankcomputing.com/software/pyqt/intro
- Opencv pip3 install opencv-python, pip3 install opencv-contrib-python
- Pydc1394
 - Firewire camera module https://github.com/jordens/pydc1394
- Qt-designer sudo apt-get install qt4-designer
 - GUI designer

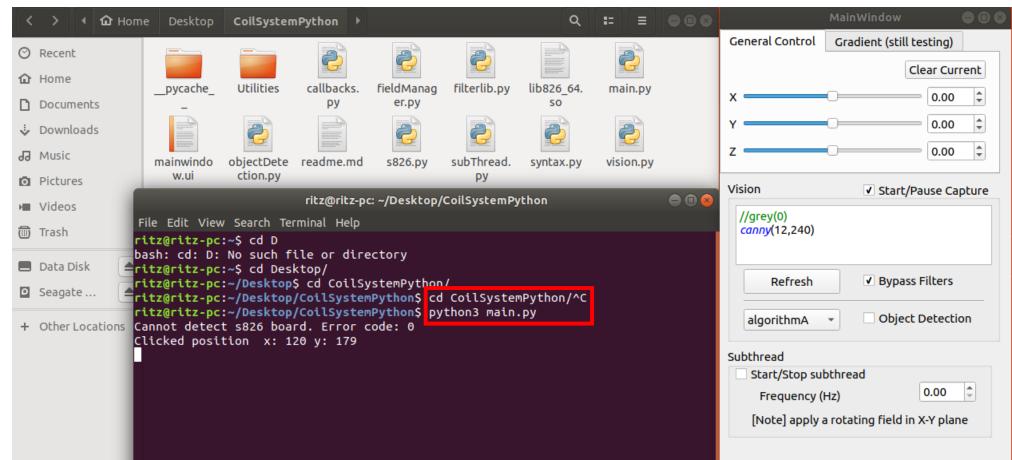


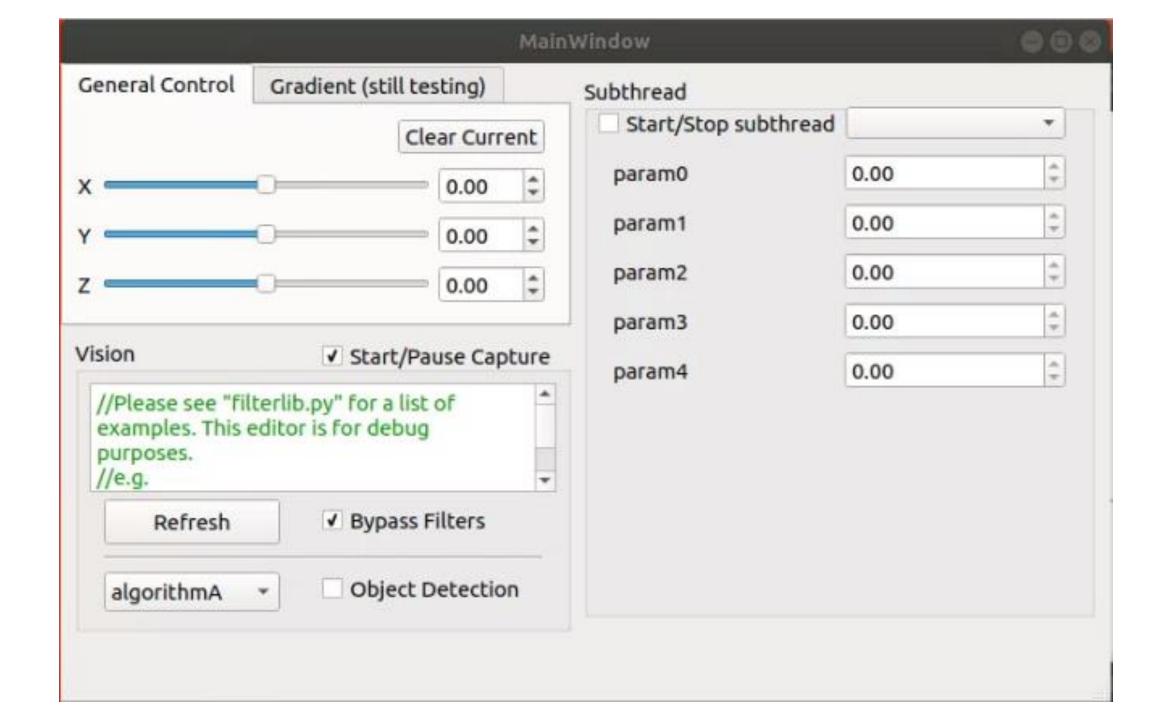
MainWindow					
General Control	Gradient (still testing)		Subthread		
Clear Current			✓ Start/Stop subthread		-
x	0.00	\$	param0	0.00	0
Υ ————	0.00	-	param1	0.00	*
z	0.00	\$	param2	0.00	\$
			param3	0.00	\$
Vision ✓ Start/Pause Capture			param4	0.00	\$
examples. This of purposes.	lterlib.py" for a list of editor is for debug				
//e.g.		*			
Refresh ✓ Bypass Filters					
algorithmA	→ Object Detection				

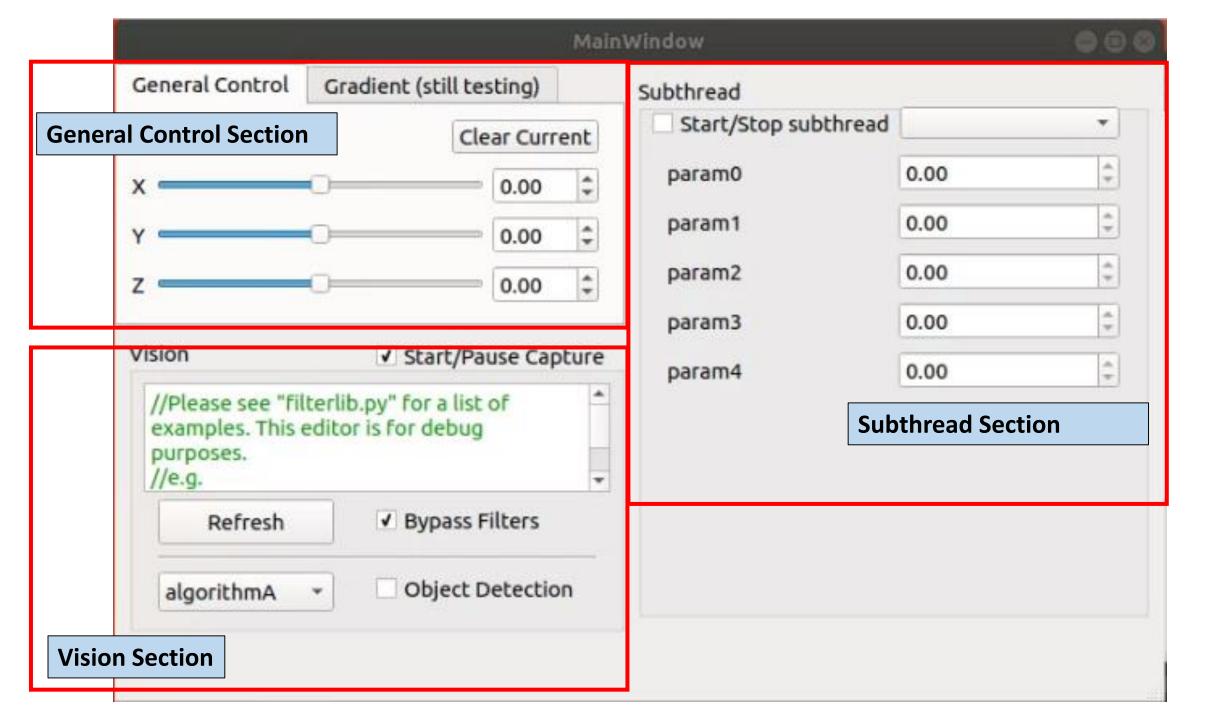
In a nutshell

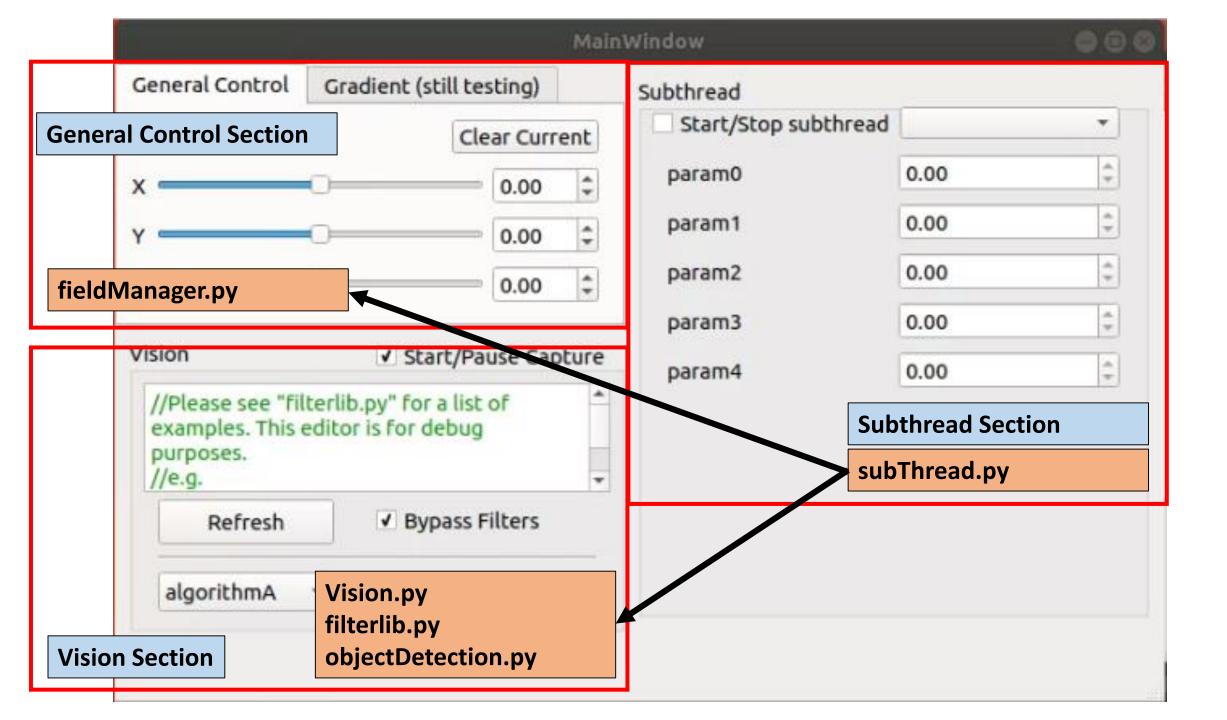
Go to the working directory.

Run "python3 main.py"

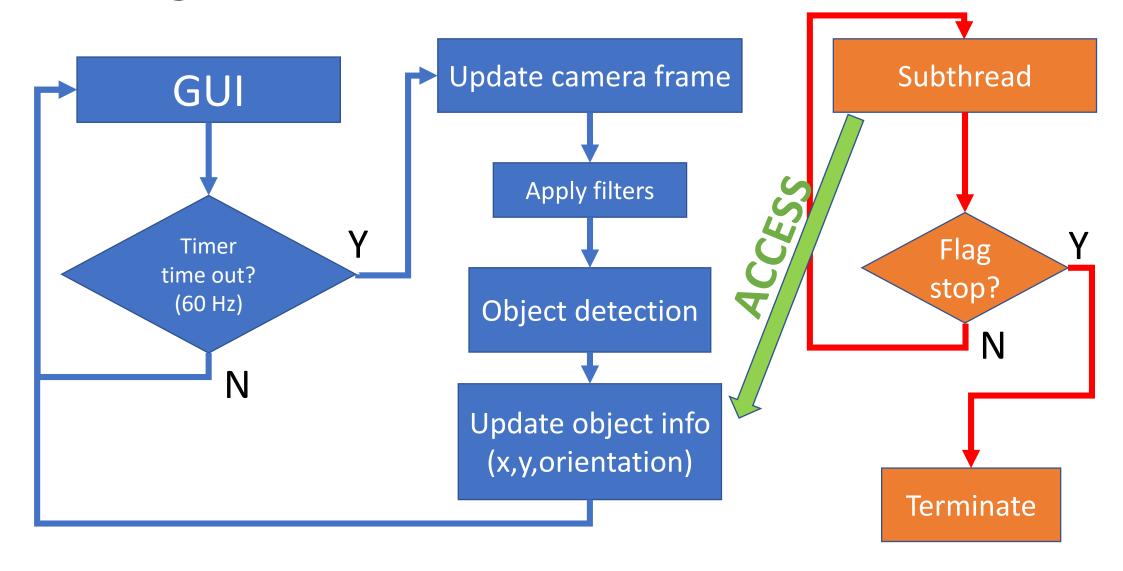








Program structure

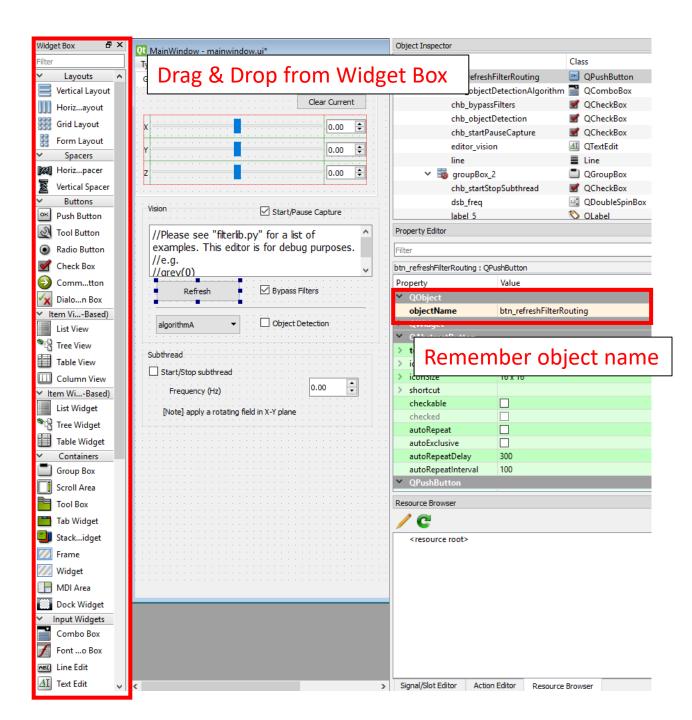


Program structure

```
main.py
callbacks.py Add your code here
   -syntax.py [highlight the keywords in GUI editor_vision]
    -fieldManager.py [send commands to s826; store XYZ field strength]
            s826.py [control s826 I/0]
   -visoin.py [capture frames; apply filters; detect objects]
            filterlib.py [define filters] Add your code here
            objectDetection.py [define object detection algorithms] Add your code here
    -subthread.py [run multithreading tasks] Add your code here
```

Modify GUI

1. Open "Mainwindow.ui" with qt-designer.



Modify GUI

<objectName>

btn refreshFilterRouting: QPushButton

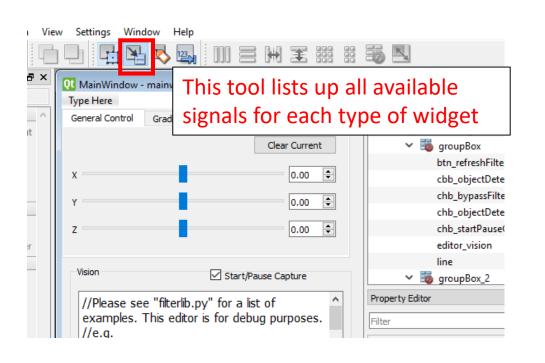
btn_refreshFilterRouting

Property

objectName

- 1. Open "Mainwindow.ui" with qt-designer.
- Oepn "callbacks.py" and edit connectSignals()

More about <signal> and <slot> http://pyqt.sourceforge.net/Docs/PyQt4/new_style_signals_slots.html



```
def connectSignals(self):
    # General Control Tab
    self.dsb x.valueChanged.connect(self.setFieldXYZ)
    self.dsb y.valueChanged.connect(self.setFieldXYZ)
    self.dsb z.valueChanged.connect(self.setFieldXYZ
    self.btn_clearCurrent.clicked.connect(self.clearField)
    self.dsb xGradient.valueChanged.connect(self.s tFieldXYZGradient)
    self.dsb yGradient.valueChanged.connect(self.setFieldXYZGradient)
    self.dsb zGradient.valueChanged.connect(self!setFieldXYZGradient)
    # Vision Tab
    self.highlighter = syntax.Highlighter(self_editor vision.document())
    self.chb bypassFilters.toggled.connect(self.on chb bypassFilters)
    self.chb_startPauseCapture.toggled.conne_t(self.on_chb_startPauseCapture)
    self.btn refreshFilterRouting.clicked.connect(self.on btn refreshFilterRouting)
    # object detection
    self.<objectName>.<signal>.connect(<slot>)
    self.chb startStopSubthread.toggled.connect(self.on chb startStopSubthread)
    self.dsb freq.valueChanged.connect(self.thrd.setFreq)
```

Image filters

Note:

ONLY include alphabets, numbers, and underbars in your filter name.

Capture (Click to show coordinate)

Original image

1. Open "filterlib.py" and add your custom filter.

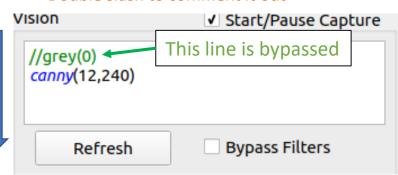
Attention: need to handle variable conversion by yourself

E.g. str -> int/float, define upper/lower bounds

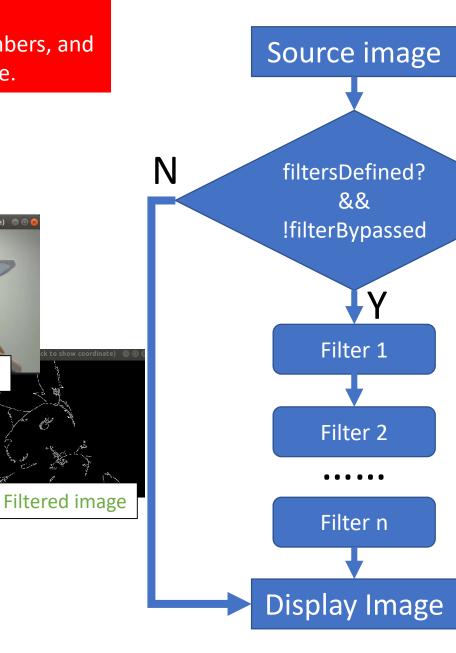
2. Use it directly in the GUI.

Double slash to comment it out

Filters are connected in series and applied in order.







Object detection

Note:

When object detection is enabled, the original image overlayed with the detected object will be shown instead of the filtered image.

Refresh

- 1. Add the name of your object detection algorithm to the GUI.
- 2. Define your algorithm in "objectDetection.py".

See sample algorithmA() or google "opency object detection python"

```
algorithmA algorithmB

class Agent():
    def __init__(self):
        self.x = 0
        self.y = 0
        self.orientation = 0
```

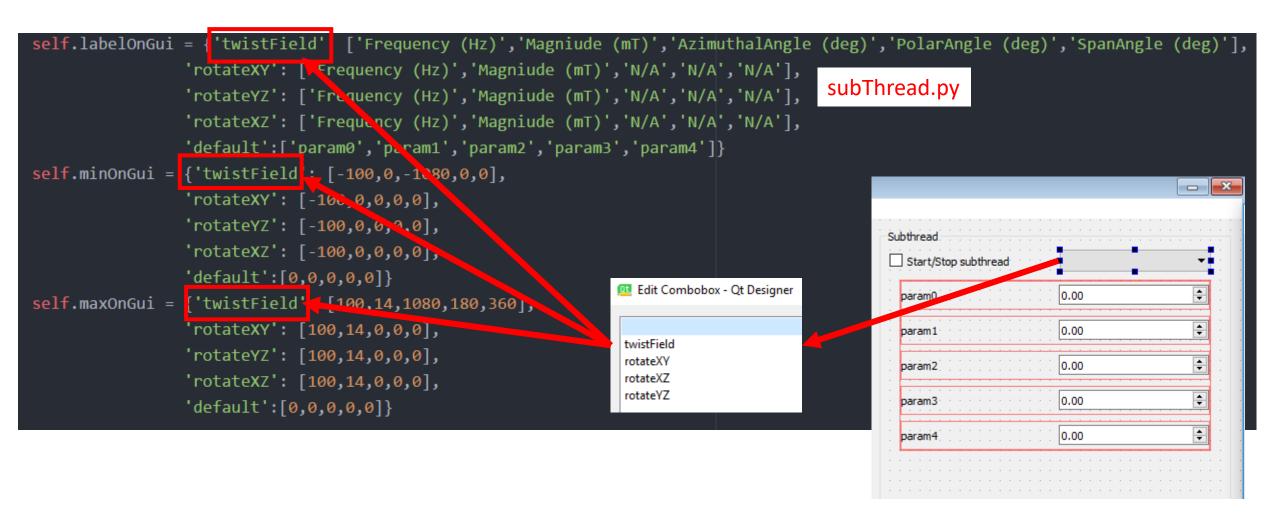
Edit Combobox - Qt Designer

```
def algorithmA(imageFiltered,imageOriginal, agent)
  nOfSamples = 2
  im2, contours, hierarchy = cv2.findContours(imageFiltered, cv2.RETR_TREE, cv2.CHAIN_APPROX_SIMPLE)
  cnts = sorted(contours, key = cv2.contourArea, reverse = True)[:nOfSamples]
  if len(cnts) > 1:
      targetCnt = cnts[1] # cnt[0] is the edge of the screen
      rect = cv2.minAreaRect(targetCnt)
      box = np.int0(cv2.boxPoints(rect)) # vertices of the bounding rect
      center = np.int0(np.sum(box, axis=0)/4) # [centerX, centerY] dataType: int
      agent.set(center[0],center[1]) # update the position of the agnet
      imageOriginal = cv2.drawContours(imageOriginal,[box],0,(0,255,0), 3) # draw boundingRect on the
    return imageOriginal
```

 Instances of Agent class can be accessed via "vision.<agentName>". Information about the agents are often used in a subthread.

Subthread

Use a subthread when you want to apply a time-varying magnetic field with respect to the position/orientation of the agents.



```
def twistField(self):
                                                                                            Subthread
    # reference params
                                                                                            Start/Stop subthread
                                           params[0], params[1], ...
                                                                                                        0.00
                                                                                            param0
    # 1 'Magniude (mT)'
                                                                                                        0.00
                                                                                             param1
    # 2 'AzimuthalAngle (deg)'
                                                                                                        0.00
                                                                                                        0.00
    # 4 'SpanAngle (deg)'
                                                                                                        0.00
    startTime = time.time()
    record = 'Time(s), FieldX(mT), FiledY(mT), FieldZ(mT), X(pixel), Y(pixel) \n' # output to a txt file
    counter = 0
    while True:
                                                           Obtain elapsed time
        fieldX = self.params[1]* ( cosd(self.params[2])*cosd(self.params[3])*cosd(90-self.params[4]*0.5)*cos(2*pi*self.params[0]*t) - s
        fieldY = self.params[1]* ( sind(self.params[2])*cosd(self.params[3])*cosd(90-self.params[4]*0.5)*cos(2*pi*self.params[0]*t) + c
        fieldZ = self.params[1]* (-sind(self.params[3])*cosd(90-self.params[4]*0.5)*cos(2*pi*self.params[0]*t) + cosd(self.params[3])*c
        self.field.setX(fieldX)
                                  setField
         self.field.setY(fieldY)
         self.field.setZ(fieldZ)
        # save to txt
        counter += 1
        if counter > 300:
                                                                           Obtain XYZ field strength
            counter = 0
Stop flag
            record = record + '{:.5f}, {:.2f}, {:.2f}, {:.2f}, {}\n'.format(t self.field.x,self.field.y,self.field.z self.vision.ag
        if self.stopped:
            text file = open("Output.txt", "w")
                                                           Obtain object position
                                                                                        self.vision.agent1.x, self.vision.agent1.y)
            text file.write(record)
```

Tips

- Left click on the camera image returns xy coordinate in the terminal.
- If you are using Ubuntu 17, use green-recorder for screen recording.
 - Ubuntu 17.10 rolls back to GNOME shell (Ubuntu has been using Unity shell since Ubuntu 11), so some screen recording software is not working properly.
 - https://github.com/foss-project/green-recorder
 - You might have trouble converting WEBM format. One of the reasons I would recommend Ubuntu 16.
- We need you to improve it!