Tahapan validasi metode klasifikasi

1. Tentukan metode klasifikasi yang akan dievaluasi

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.svm import SVC
#Spot Check Algorithm
models = []
models.append(('KNN', KNeighborsClassifier()))
models.append(('NB', GaussianNB()))
models.append(('SVM', SVC(gamma='auto')))
# evaluate each model in turn
results = []
names = []
   Baca dataset
! wget https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/00451/dataR2.csv
     --2020-12-03 02:27:30-- <a href="https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/00451/dataR2.csv">https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/00451/dataR2.csv</a>
     Resolving archive.ics.uci.edu (archive.ics.uci.edu)... 128.195.10.252
     Connecting to archive.ics.uci.edu (archive.ics.uci.edu) | 128.195.10.252 | :443... connected.
     HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
     Length: 7665 (7.5K) [application/x-httpd-php]
     Saving to: 'dataR2.csv'
                          dataR2.csv
                                                                             in 0s
```

2020-12-03 02:27:31 (135 MB/s) - 'dataR2.csv' saved [7665/7665]

3. Tampilkan dataset

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

dataset = pd.read_csv('dataR2.csv')
dataset

	Age	BMI	Glucose	Insulin	HOMA	Leptin	Adiponectin	Resistin	MCP.1	Classification
0	48	23.500000	70	2.707	0.467409	8.8071	9.702400	7.99585	417.114	1
1	83	20.690495	92	3.115	0.706897	8.8438	5.429285	4.06405	468.786	1
2	82	23.124670	91	4.498	1.009651	17.9393	22.432040	9.27715	554.697	1
3	68	21.367521	77	3.226	0.612725	9.8827	7.169560	12.76600	928.220	1
4	86	21.111111	92	3.549	0.805386	6.6994	4.819240	10.57635	773.920	1
•••										
111	45	26.850000	92	3.330	0.755688	54.6800	12.100000	10.96000	268.230	2
112	62	26.840000	100	4.530	1.117400	12.4500	21.420000	7.32000	330.160	2
113	65	32.050000	97	5.730	1.370998	61.4800	22.540000	10.33000	314.050	2
114	72	25.590000	82	2.820	0.570392	24.9600	33.750000	3.27000	392.460	2
115	86	27.180000	138	19.910	6.777364	90.2800	14.110000	4.35000	90.090	2

116 rows × 10 columns

dataset.head()

	Age	BMI	Glucose	Insulin	HOMA	Leptin	Adiponectin	Resistin	MCP.1	Classification
0	48	23.500000	70	2.707	0.467409	8.8071	9.702400	7.99585	417.114	1
1	83	20.690495	92	3.115	0.706897	8.8438	5.429285	4.06405	468.786	1
2	82	23.124670	91	4.498	1.009651	17.9393	22.432040	9.27715	554.697	1

3.1 Membuat Set Data Validasi

```
T 00 21.111111 02 0.0TO 0.000000 0.000T T.0102TO 10.01000 110.020
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
array = dataset.values
X = array[:,0:9]
y = array[:,9]
X train, X validation, Y train, Y validation = train test split(X, y, test size=0.20, random state=1, shuffle=True)
```

3.2 K-Fold Cross Validation

```
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold

for name, model in models:
    kfold = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=10, random_state=1, shuffle=True)
    cv_results = cross_val_score(model, X_train, Y_train, cv=kfold, scoring='accuracy')
    results.append(cv_results)
    names.append(name)

print('%s: %f (%f)' % (name, cv_results.mean(), cv_results.std()))

    KNN: 0.487778 (0.143540)
    NB: 0.662222 (0.125629)
    SVM: 0.465556 (0.047778)
```

4. Buat Prediksi

4.1 Membuat Prediksi

model = SVC(gamma='auto')

```
model.fit(X train, Y train)
predictions = model.predict(X validation)
4.2 Evaluasi Prediksi
# Create Dataset
from sklearn.datasets import make classification
x, y = make classification(n samples=1000, n features=20, n informative=15, n redundant=5, random state=1)
print(x)
print(y)
                    1.68081787 ... -6.59044146 -2.21290585
   [[ 2.47475454
            0.40165523
    -3.139579 ]
   [ 0.84802507
            2.81841945 -2.76008732 ... 3.00844461
                                     0.78661954
    -1.27681551
   [ -1.90041246 -0.56901823 -1.76220236 ... 3.37336417 -2.28613707
     1.90344983]
   0.7673844
            -2.91920559
                    2.80851577 ... 4.42591832
                                     0.46321196
    -3.30523346]
   [ 2.05510667 -0.99009741
                    0.73577291 ... 3.05100898 -1.40715279
    -0.51579331]
   [-10.96847792 -2.39810735 -0.96700953 ... -11.16298557
                                     1.16646392
     0.60835176]]
   1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1
```

```
0\;1\;1\;0\;0\;0\;0\;0\;0\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;1\;1\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;0\;1\;1\;0\;0\;0\;0\;1\;1
1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1
1]
```

from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
print(classification report(Y validation, predictions))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
1.0	0.25	1.00	0.40	6
2.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	18
accuracy			0.25	24
macro avg	0.12	0.50	0.20	24
weighted avg	0.06	0.25	0.10	24

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:1272: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))

Tugas

1. Lakukan perbandingan klasifikasi antara SVM, Naive Bayes, KNN untuk dataset iris dan breast cancer

1.1 Dataset Iris

1.1.1 Menyiapkan dataset iris

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa

dataset_iris.head()

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	Iris-setosa
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	Iris-setosa
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	Iris-setosa

1.1.2 Menyiapkan Set Validasi Data Iris

```
array = dataset_iris.values
X = array[:,0:4]
y = array[:,4]
X_train, X_validation, Y_train, Y_validation = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.20, random_state=1, shuffle=True)
```

1.1.3 K-Fold Cross Validation Data Iris

```
results_iris = []
names_iris = []

for name, model in models:
    kfold = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=10, random_state=1, shuffle=True)
    iris_results = cross_val_score(model, X_train, Y_train, cv=kfold, scoring='accuracy')
    results.append(iris_results)
    names.append(name)
```

```
print('%s: %f (%f)' % (name, iris_results.mean(), iris_results.std()))
    KNN: 0.958333 (0.041667)
    NB: 0.950000 (0.055277)
    SVM: 0.983333 (0.033333)
```

- 1.2 Dataset Breast Cancer
- 1.2.1 Menyiapkan dataset breast cancer (bc)

```
! wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/frnkldgnwn/utp-ppm/main/breast_cancer.csv
```

```
--2020-12-03 02:28:25-- <a href="https://raw.githubusercontent.com/frnkldgnwn/utp-ppm/main/breast_cancer.csv">https://raw.githubusercontent.com</a> (raw.githubusercontent.com)... 151.101.0.133, 151.101.64.133, 151.101.128.133, ...

Connecting to raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)|151.101.0.133|:443... connected.

HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK

Length: 3664 (3.6K) [text/plain]

Saving to: 'breast_cancer.csv'

breast_cancer.csv 100%[============]] 3.58K --.-KB/s in 0s

2020-12-03 02:28:25 (53.5 MB/s) - 'breast_cancer.csv' saved [3664/3664]

#karena dataset_bc berisi index, maka dataset_bc di-read ulang dengan index

dataset_bc = pd.read_csv('breast_cancer.csv', index_col=0)

dataset bc
```

	clump_thickness	cell_size	cell_shape	marginal_adhesion	<pre>epithelial_cell_size</pre>	bare_nucklei	bland_chromati
id							
1000025	5.0	1.0	NaN	1.0	NaN	1.0	3.0
1002945	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	7.0	NaN	3.0
1015425	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	NaN	2.0	3.0
1016277	6.0	8.0	8.0	1.0	3.0	NaN	3.0
1017023	4.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	NaN	1.0	3.0
•••							
1167/20	2 0	3 N	<i>1</i> ∩	<i>1</i> ∩	3 U	5.0	21
dataset_bc.head	()						

	clump_tnickness	cell_size	cerr_snape	marginal_adnesion	ebituelial_cell_size	pare_nuckiei	bland_cnromati
id							
1000025	5.0	1.0	NaN	1.0	NaN	1.0	3.(
1002945	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	7.0	NaN	3.0
1015425	3.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	NaN	2.0	3.0
1016277	6.0	8.0	8.0	1.0	3.0	NaN	3.0
1017023	4.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	NaN	1.0	3.(

1.2.2 Menyiapkan Set Validasi Data Breast Cancer

```
array_bc = dataset_bc.values
X_bc = array_bc[:,0:9]
y_bc = array_bc[:,9]
X_train_bc, X_validation_bc, Y_train_bc, Y_validation_bc = train_test_split(X_bc, y_bc, test_size=0.20, random_state=1, shuf-
```

1.2.3 K-Fold Cross Validation Data Breast Cancer

```
results_bc = []
names bc = []
for name, model in models:
  kfold = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=10, random_state=1, shuffle=True)
   bc results = cross val score(model, X train bc, Y train bc, cv=kfold, scoring='accuracy')
   results bc.append(bc results)
   names bc.append(name)
   print('%s: %f (%f)' % (name, bc results.mean(), bc results.std()))
               ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
                     FitFailedWarning)
                /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
               ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
                     FitFailedWarning)
                /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
               ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
                     FitFailedWarning)
               /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model_selection/_validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
               ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
                     FitFailedWarning)
               /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
               ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
                     FitFailedWarning)
               /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
               ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
                     FitFailedWarning)
               /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model_selection/_validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit failedWarning: Estimator fit failed failed
               ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
                     FitFailedWarning)
               /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model_selection/_validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit failedWarning: Estimator fit failed failed
               ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
```

```
FitFailedWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
  FitFailedWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
  FitFailedWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
  FitFailedWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
  FitFailedWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
  FitFailedWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model_selection/_validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit failedWarning:
ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
  FitFailedWarning)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/model selection/ validation.py:536: FitFailedWarning: Estimator fit fa
ValueError: Input contains NaN, infinity or a value too large for dtype('float64').
```

Dari hasil di atas terlihat bahwa K-Fold Cross Validation tidak menerima data yang mengandung NaN. Maka perlu dilakukan preproses dan normalisasi data terlebih dahulu jika ingin melihat hasilnya.

2. Pada kedua dataset lakukan proses normalisasi data dan preproses data untuk menengani data yang hilang jika ada.

2.1 Dataset iris

2.1.1 Preproses Dataset Iris

dataset irisN.head()

```
dataset_irisPre = dataset_iris.replace(0.0, np.NaN)
def imputasi(df_input):
  list_columns = df_input.columns
  class_column = list_columns[-1]
  for column in list_columns[:-1]:
    df_input[column] = df_input[column].fillna(df_input.groupby(class_column)[column].transform('mean'))
  return df_input
dataset_irisImp = imputasi(dataset_irisPre)
2.1.2 Normalisasi Min-Max Dataset Iris
def minmax(df_input):
  list fitur = df input.columns[:-1]
  for fitur in list fitur:
    max = df input[fitur].max()
    min = df input[fitur].min()
    df input[fitur] = (df input[fitur]-min)/(max-min)
  return df input
dataset irisN = minmax(dataset irisImp)
```

```
sepal_length sepal_width petal_length petal_width species

0 0.222222 0.625000 0.067797 0.041667 Iris-setosa
```

0.050847

0.500000

2.1.3 Set Validasi Data Iris Normal

0.111111

2

```
array_irisN = dataset_irisN.values
X_irN = array_irisN[:,0:4]
y_irN = array_irisN[:,4]
X_train_irN, X_validation_irN, Y_train_irN, Y_validation_irN = train_test_split(X_irN, y_irN, test_size=0.20, random_state=1
```

0.041667 Iris-setosa

2.1.4 K-Fold Cross Validation Data Iris Normal

```
results_irN = []

names_irN = []

for name, model in models:

kfold = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=10, random_state=1, shuffle=True)

irisN_results = cross_val_score(model, X_train_irN, Y_train_irN, cv=kfold, scoring='accuracy')

results_irN.append(irisN_results)

names_irN.append(name)

print('%s: %f (%f)' % (name, irisN_results.mean(), irisN_results.std()))

C→ KNN: 0.950000 (0.040825)

NB: 0.950000 (0.055277)

SVM: 0.941667 (0.053359)
```

2.2 Dataset Breast Cancer

2.2.1 Preproses Dataset Breast Cancer

```
dataset_bcPre = dataset_bc.replace(0.0, np.NaN)
dataset bcImp = imputasi(dataset bcPre)
```

2.2.2 Normalisasi Min-Max Dataset Breast Cancer

```
dataset_bcN = minmax(dataset_bcImp)
dataset_bcN.head()
```

	clump_thickness	cell_size	cell_shape	marginal_adhesion	epithelial_cell_size	bare_nucklei	bland_chromati
id							
1000025	0.44444	0.000000	0.070707	0.000000	0.128019	0.000000	0.2
1002945	0.444444	0.333333	0.333333	0.44444	0.666667	0.041344	0.2
1015425	0.222222	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.128019	0.111111	0.2
1016277	0.555556	0.777778	0.777778	0.000000	0.222222	0.041344	0.2
1017023	0.333333	0.000000	0.000000	0.222222	0.128019	0.000000	0.2!

2.2.3 Set Validasi Data Breast Cancer Normal

```
array_bcN = dataset_bcN.values
X_bcN = array_bcN[:,0:9]
y_bcN = array_bcN[:,9]
X_train_bcN, X_validation_bcN, Y_train_bcN, Y_validation_bcN = train_test_split(X_bcN, y_bcN, test_size=0.20, random_state=1
```

2.2.4 K-Fold Cross Validation Data Breast Cancer Normal

```
results_bcN = []
names_bcN = []

for name, model in models:
    kfold = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=10, random_state=1, shuffle=True)
    bcN results = cross val score(model, X train bcN, Y train bcN, cv=kfold, scoring='accuracy')
https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1xipYF4OJ9PLICeyGLx07yAXOoBiguK_o?authuser=1#scrollTo=yGSCHiR0Opx6&printMode=true
```

```
results_bcN.append(bcN_results)
names_bcN.append(name)
print('%s: %f (%f)' % (name, bcN_results.mean(), bcN_results.std()))

KNN: 0.925000 (0.100000)
NB: 0.900000 (0.108972)
SVM: 0.937500 (0.083853)
```