

DeeperHyperion

CS454 Project Final Presentation

Team 6

20180459 Subeom
20224734 Arogya
20228163 Xiangchi
20180650 Hyunjoon

Problem

- Dependability of Deep Learning (DL) Systems is more crucial than ever.
 - DL systems are now being used in many safety-critical domains.
- How do we ensure DL systems can be trusted with diverse real-world inputs?
 - Traditional code coverage metrics are not effective.
 - White box approaches are not sufficient to understand misbehaving input features.
- What if we could see a detailed view of the system's behavior with diverse inputs?
 - What about a feature map to interpret system behavior based on input characteristics?

DeepHyperion

- An automated test input generator for DL systems.
 - Generate diverse set of high-performing test inputs.
- “Illuminates” the input space by returning the highest-performing solution.
 - User can define the search space by features of interest.
- Provide a feature map where inputs are positioned based on their characteristics.
 - User can understand which inputs expose which misbehaviours.

DeepHyperion

- An automated test
 - Generate diverse
- “Illuminates” the input space
 - User can define
- Provide a feature map
 - User can understand

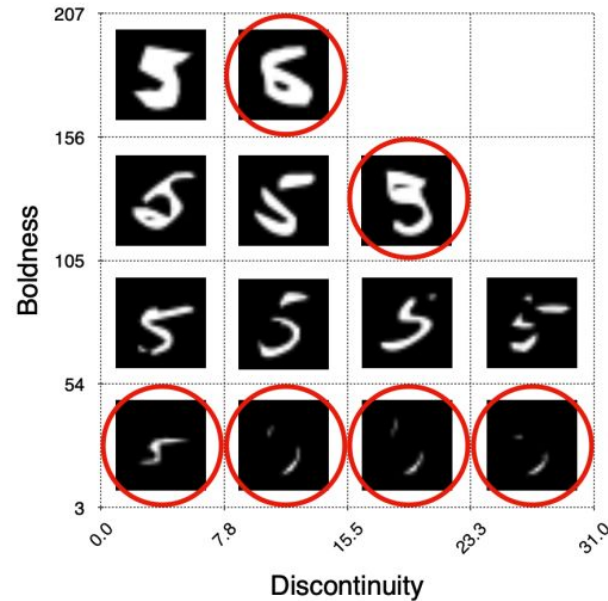


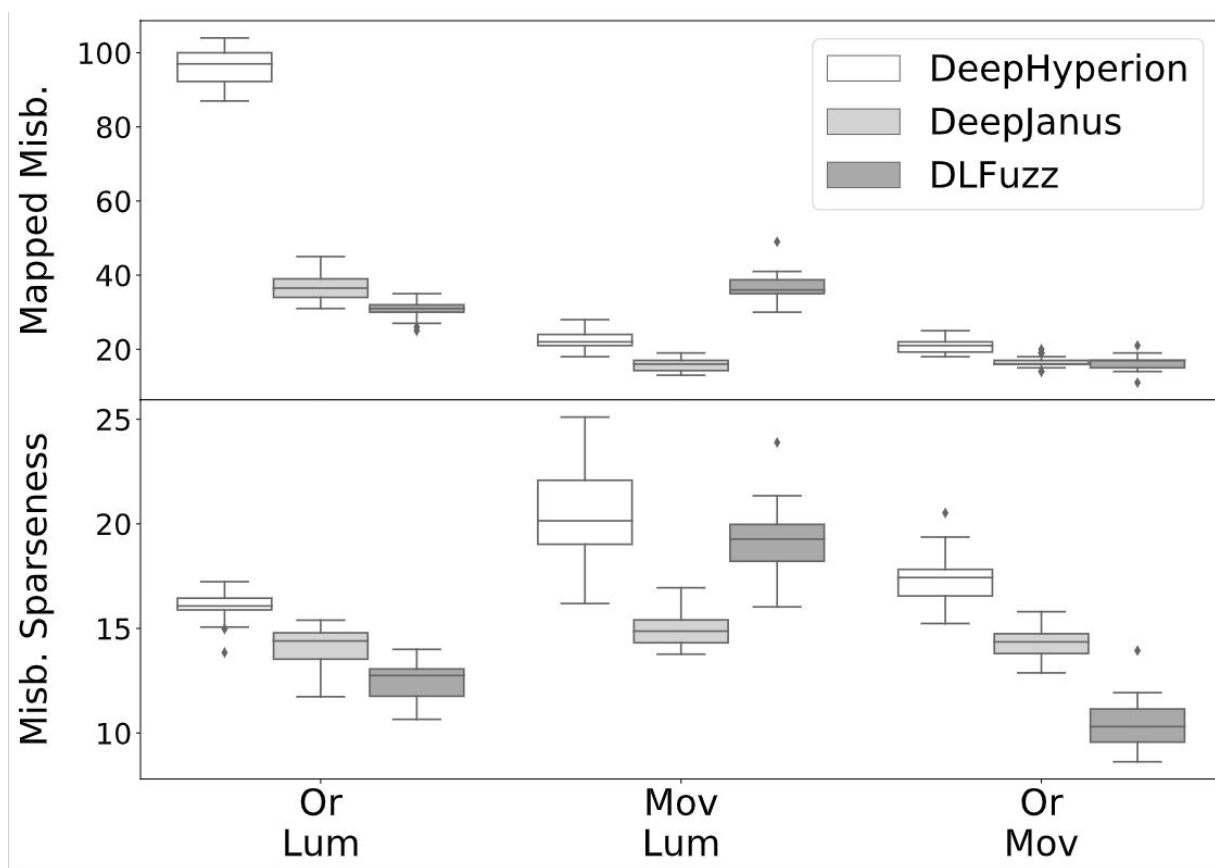
Figure 1: Feature map produced by DEEPHYPERION for a handwritten digit classifier. The two axes quantify two features: *discontinuity* and *boldness*. Cells show inputs that are either misclassified (marked with a circle) or close to being misclassified.

finding solution.

h their characteristics.
s.

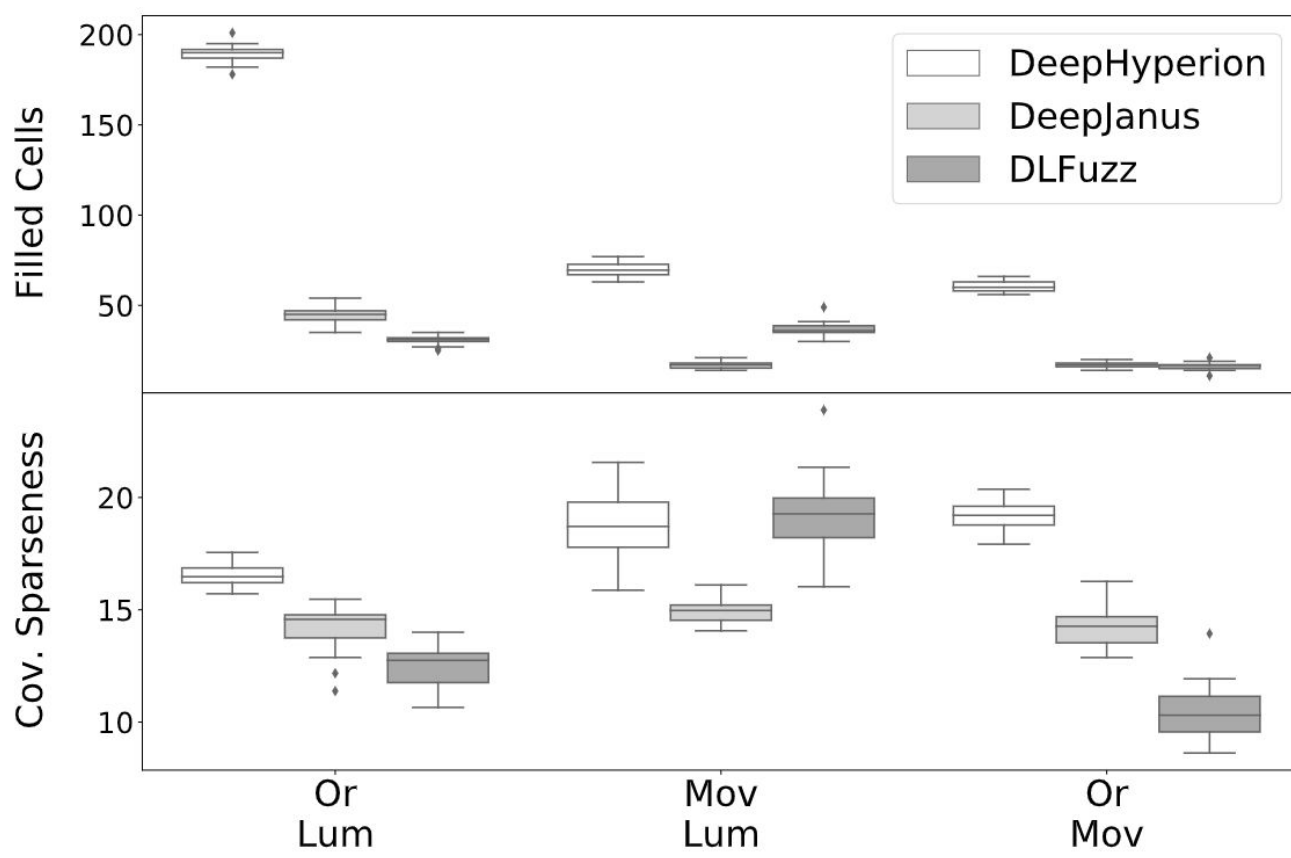
DeepHyperion: Replication

- Misbehaviours found by DeepHyperion, DeepJanus and DLFuzz on MNIST



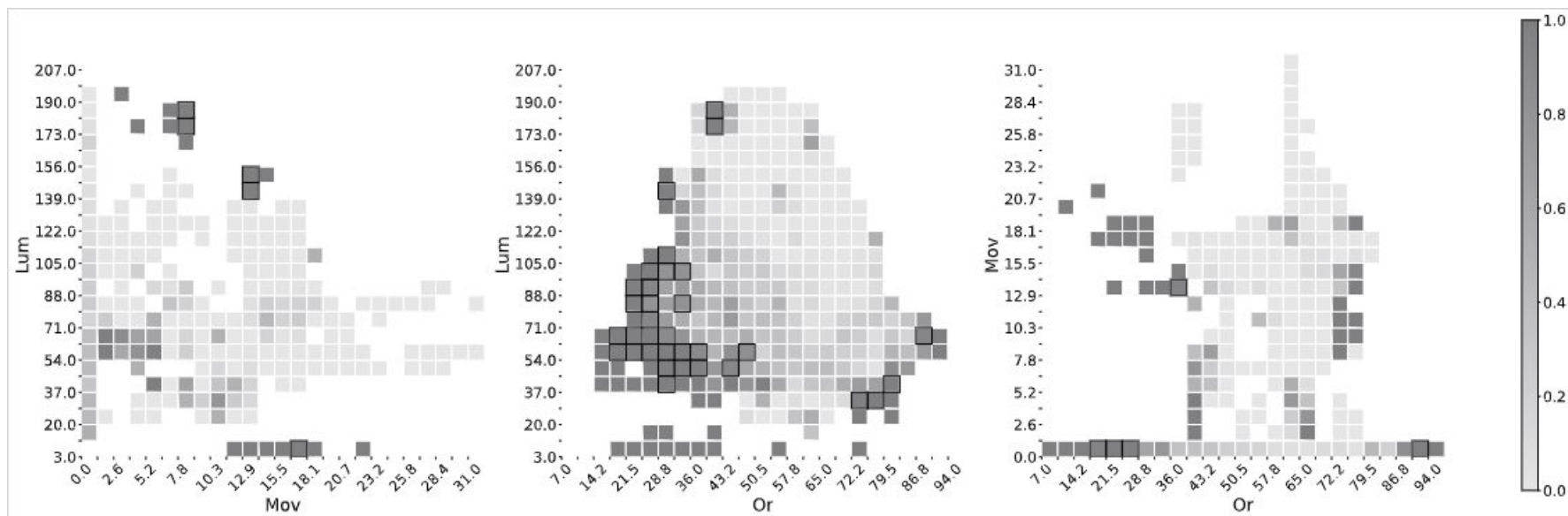
DeepHyperion: Replication

- Map cells filled by DeepHyperion, DeepJanus and DLFuzz on MNIST



DeepHyperion: Replication

- Probability maps and feature discrimination for MNIST



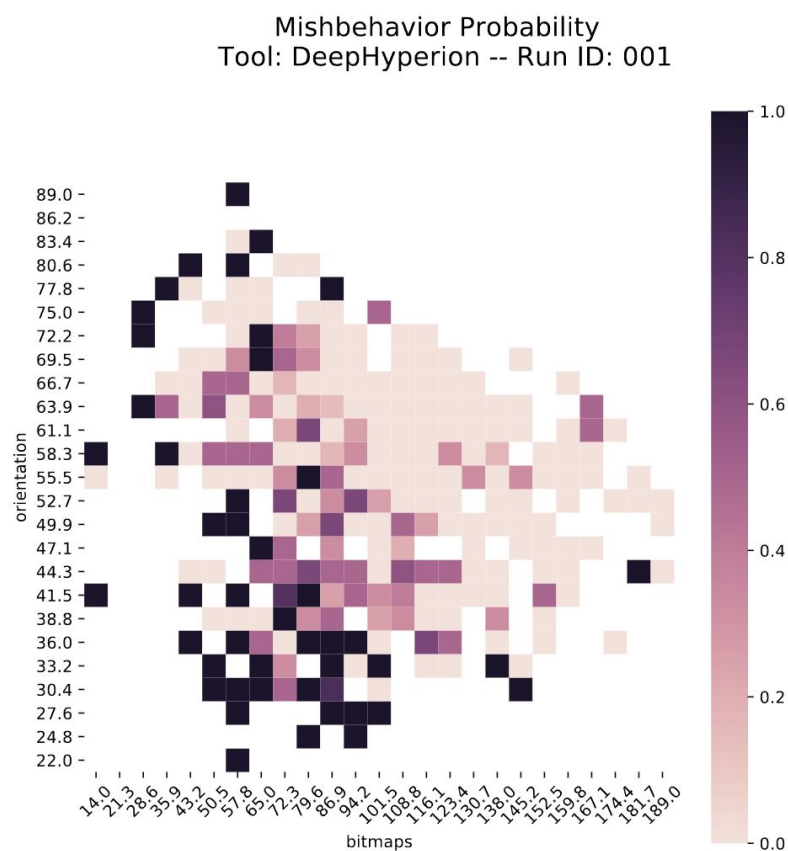
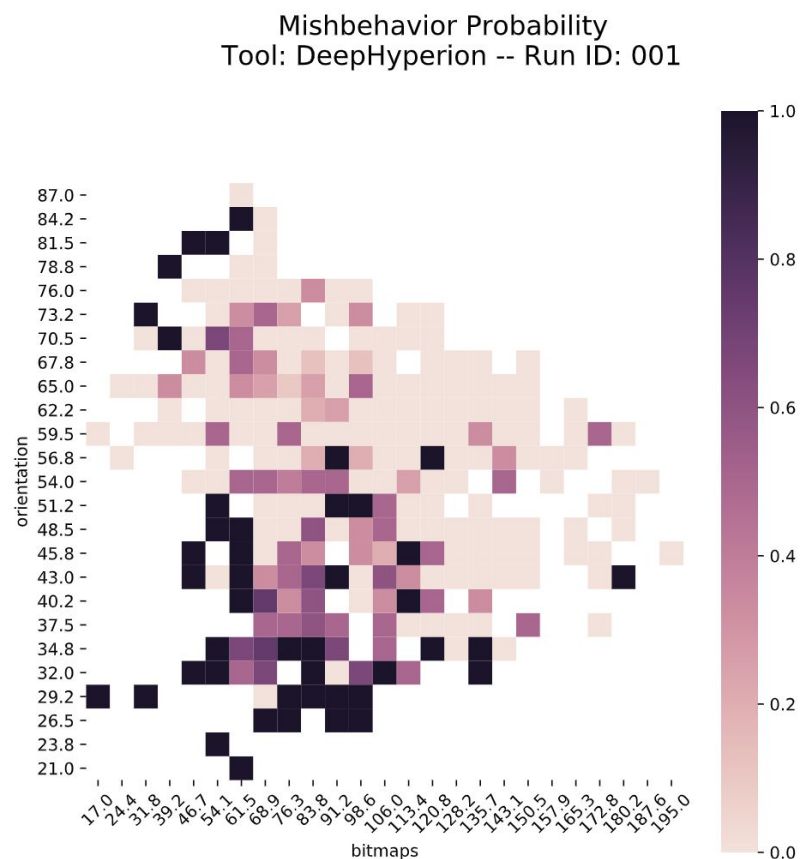
DeeperHyperion: Dataset Expansion

- F-MNIST
 - a dataset consisting of a training set of 60,000 examples and a test set of 10,000 examples. Each example being a 28x28 grayscale image associated with one of 10 classes.



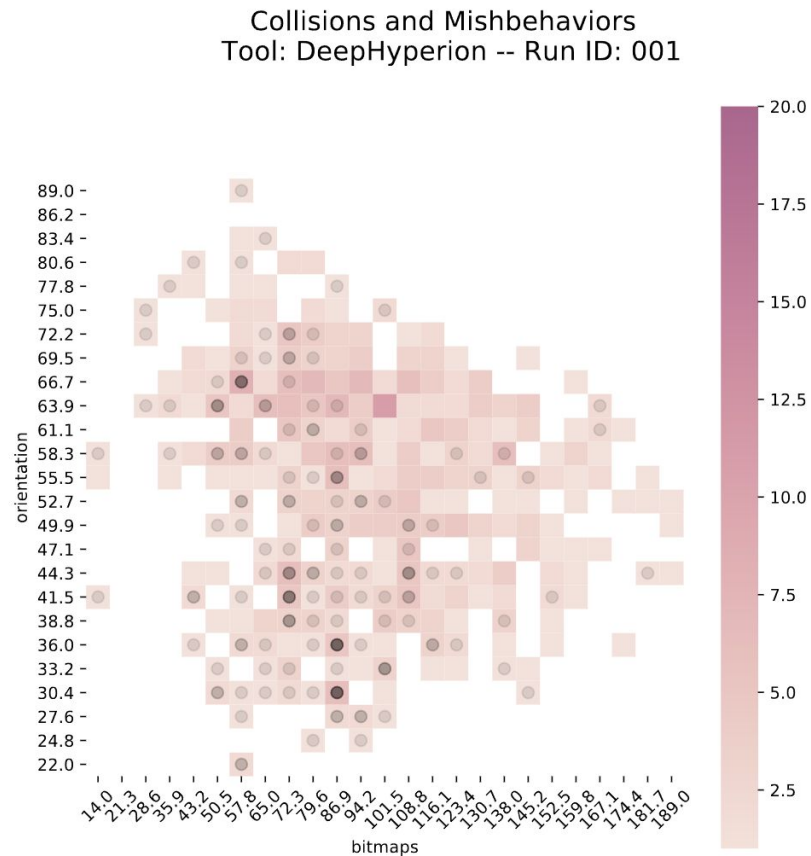
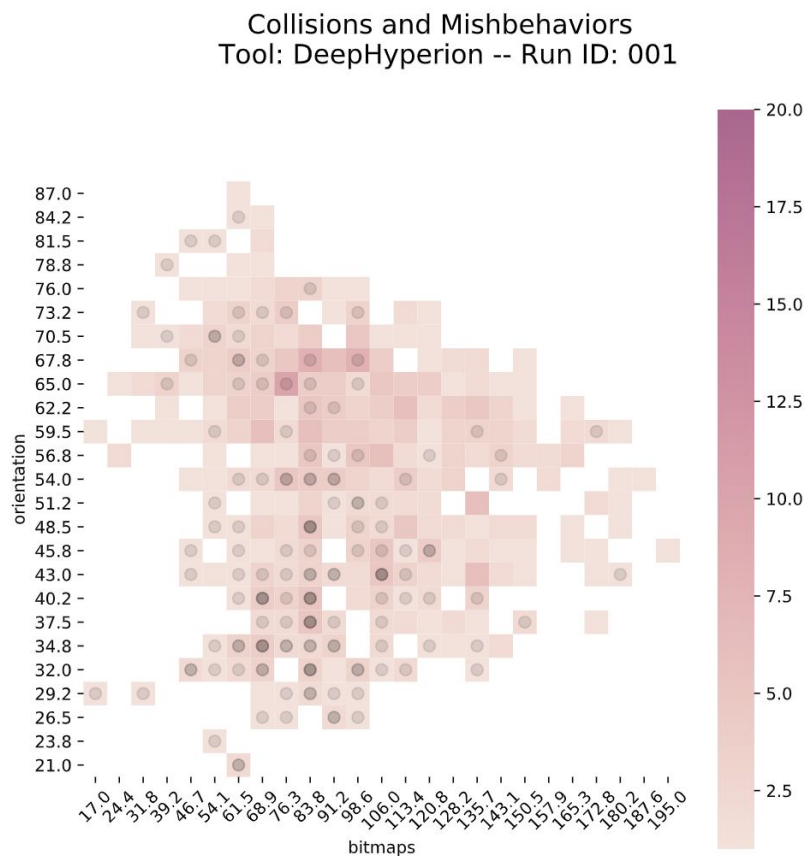
DeeperHyperion: Dataset Expansion

- MNIST^[Left] vs F-MNIST^[Right]
 - Misbehaviours Analysis



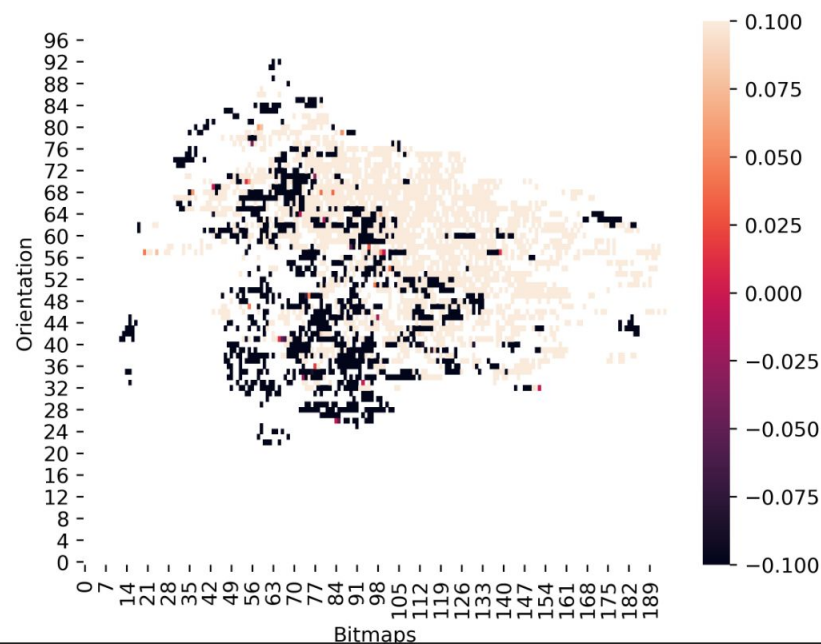
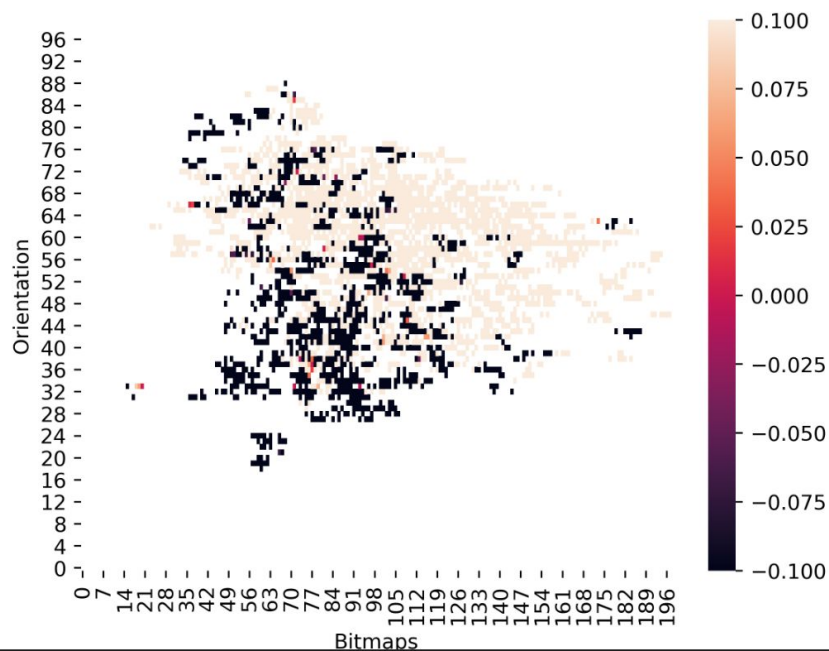
DeeperHyperion: Dataset Expansion

- MNIST^[Left] vs F-MNIST^[Right]
 - Collisions and Misbehaviors Analysis

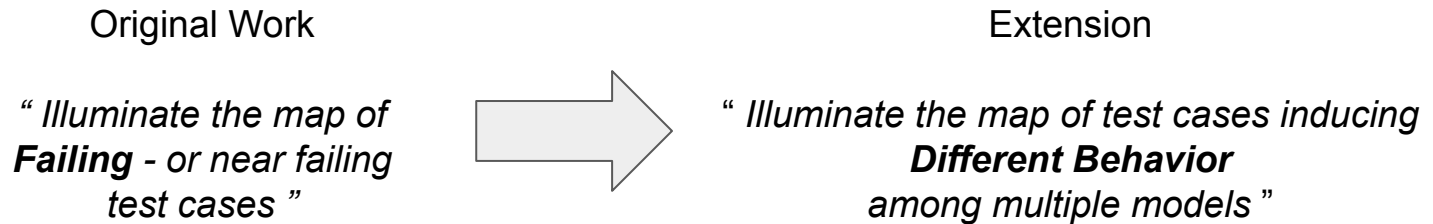


DeeperHyperion: Dataset Expansion

- MNIST^[Left] vs F-MNIST^[Right]
 - Heatmap Bitmap Orientation Analysis



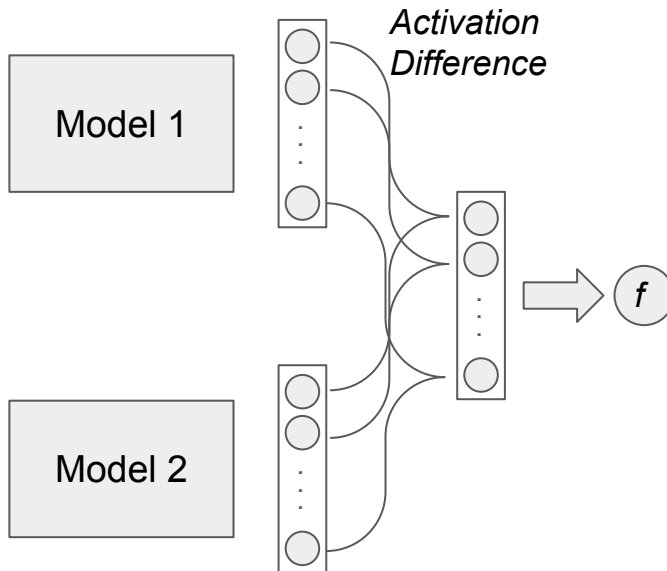
DeeperHyperion: Different Behavior



- *Baselines*
 - *a model from the original paper*
 - *a simple CNN model for comparison*

DeeperHyperion: Different Behavior

- Fitness



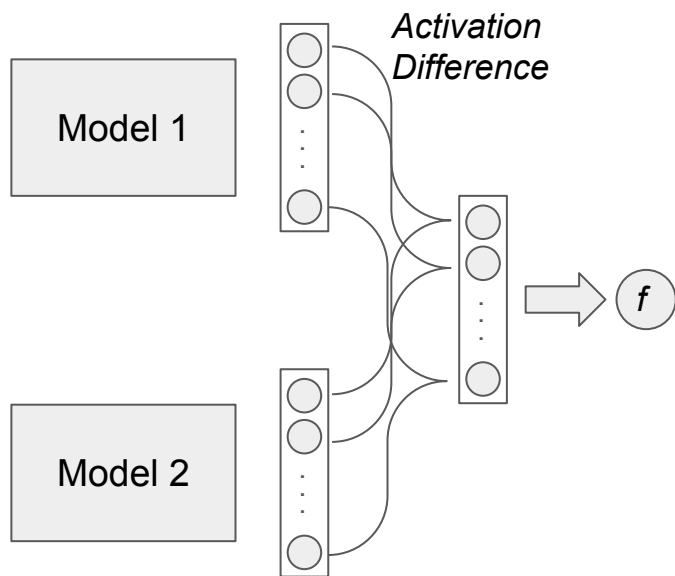
< Fitness under same prediction >

$$f = -0.1$$

< Fitness under different prediction >

DeeperHyperion: Different Behavior

- Fitness



< Fitness under same prediction >

$$f = -0.1$$

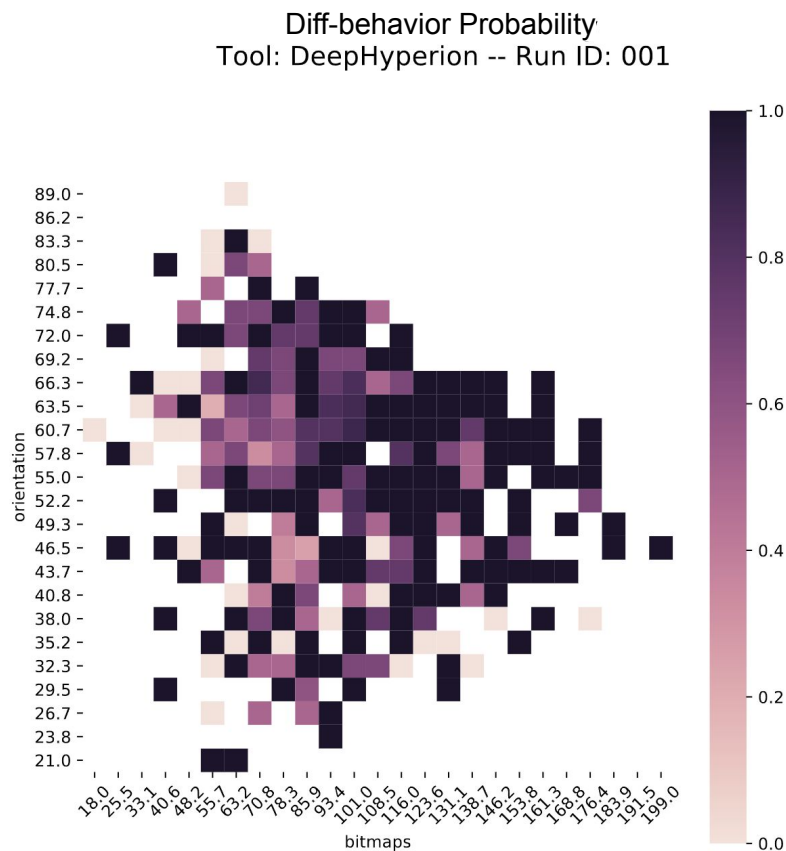
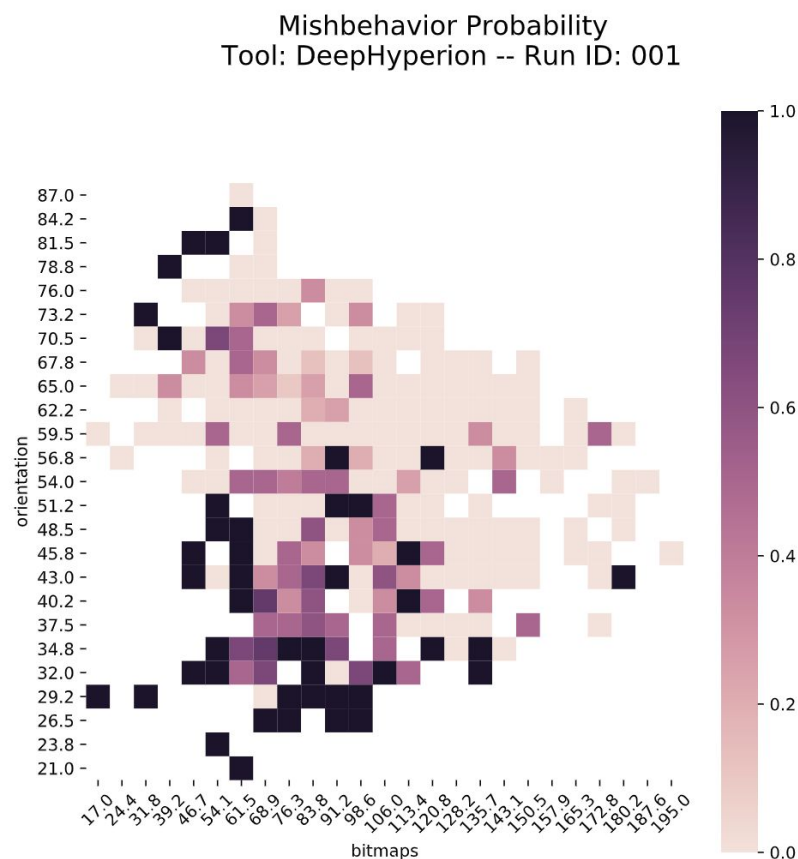
< Fitness under different prediction >

$$f = \begin{cases} \text{sum(activation difference),} \\ \quad \text{if model 1 \& 2 predict the same class} \\ -0.1, \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Objective: minimize f

DeeperHyperion: Different Behavior

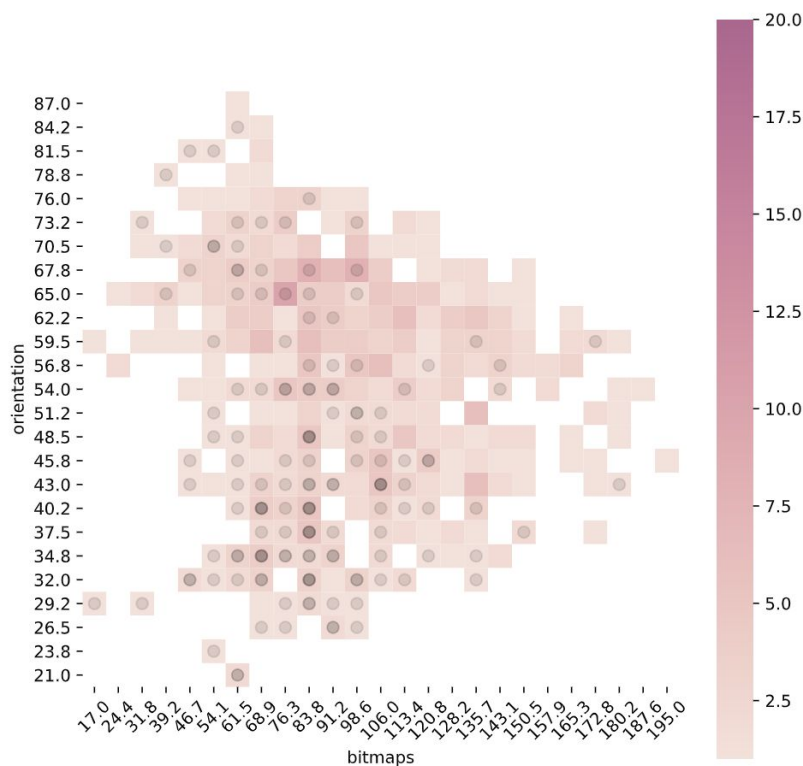
- Misbehavior^[Left] vs Different Behavior^[Right]
 - Misbehavior / Diff-behavior Analysis



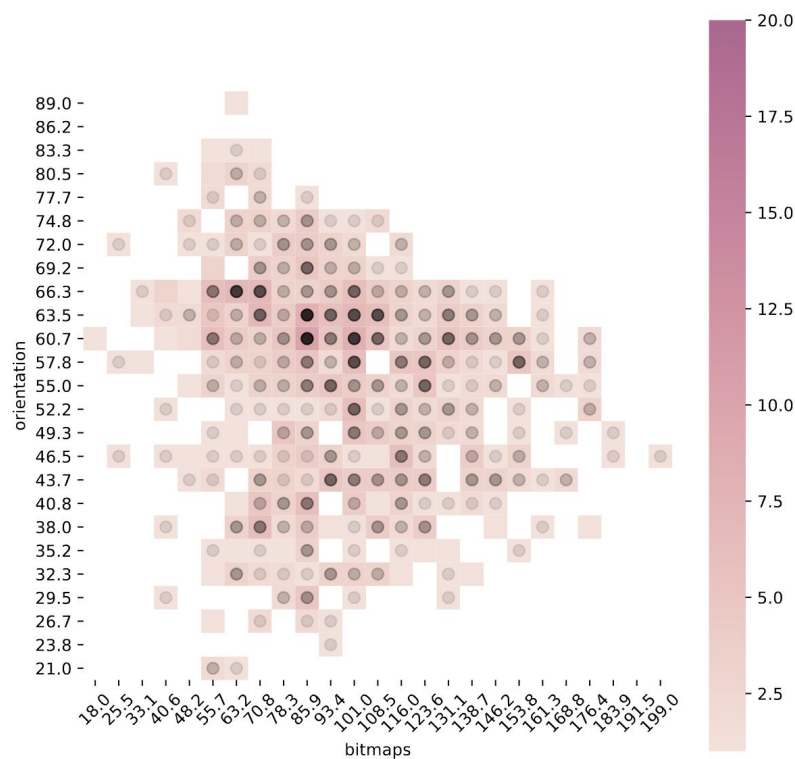
DeeperHyperion: Different Behavior

- Misbehavior^[Left] vs Different Behavior^[Right]
 - Collisions and Misbehaviors / Diff-behaviors Analysis

Collisions and Mishbehaviors
Tool: DeeperHyperion -- Run ID: 001

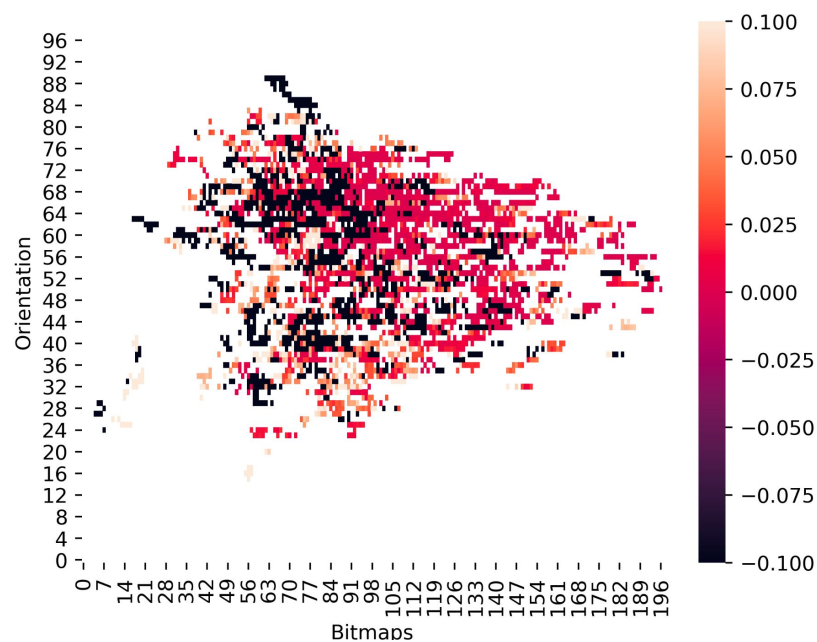
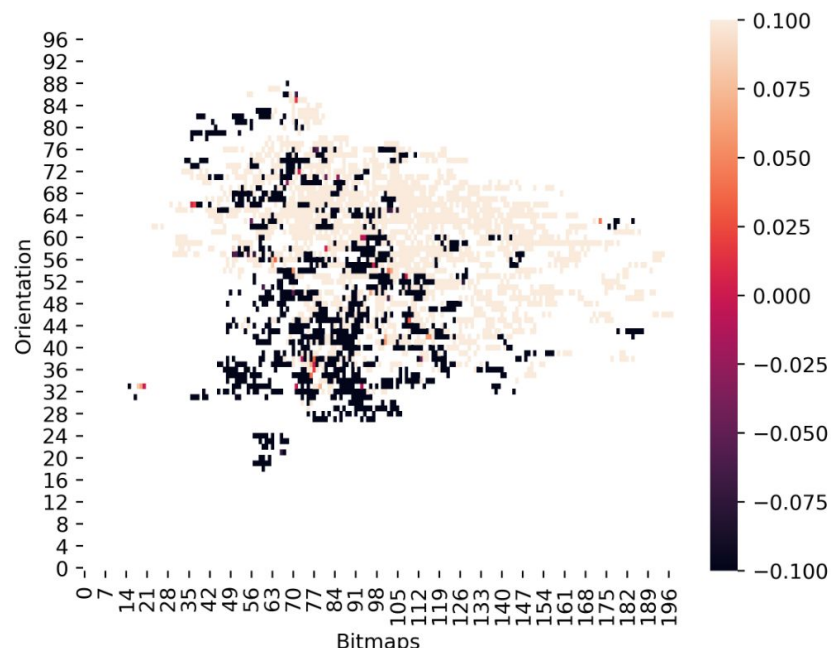


Collisions and Diff-behaviors
Tool: DeeperHyperion -- Run ID: 001



DeeperHyperion: Different Behavior

- Misbehavior^[Left] vs Different Behavior^[Right]
 - Heatmap Bitmap Orientation Analysis



Conclusion

- We replicated the DeepHyperion-MNIST experiments.
- We expand upon DeepHyperion-MNIST to FMNIST and presented our results.
 - FMNIST contains more complex and higher detailed examples.
- We expand DeepHyperion framework to consider differential behavior.
 - Useful for pinpointing precise weaknesses in the subject model.

Future Work

- Modifying fitness function
 - Current function is counter-intuitive, different function may provide insights.
- Investigate and compare with quantized models
 - Deephyperion may provide insights on where a quantized model breaks!
- Newer deep learning frameworks
 - Current implementation is based on TF 1.3, newer versions might improve efficiency.

Thank You

DeeperHyperion

CS454 Project Final Presentation

Team 6

"DeeperHyperion: Exploring the Feature Space of Deep Learning-Based Systems through Illumination Search"

Reference

- [1] Zohdinasab, Tahereh, et al. "Deephyperion: exploring the feature space of deep learning-based systems through illumination search." Proceedings of the 30th ACM SIGSOFT International Symposium on Software Testing and Analysis. 2021.
- [2] Mouret, Jean-Baptiste, and Jeff Clune. "Illuminating search spaces by mapping elites." arXiv preprint arXiv:1504.04909 (2015).
- [3] Xiao H, Rasul K, Vollgraf R. Fashion-mnist: a novel image dataset for benchmarking machine learning algorithms[J]. arXiv preprint arXiv:1708.07747, 2017.