

$$(a) \text{ Min } f(x) = 3x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + \frac{1}{2}x_3^2$$

$$\text{Subject to } x_1 + x_2 = 15$$

$$x_3 = 1$$

$$L = 3x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 + \frac{1}{2}x_3^2 + \lambda_1(x_1 + x_2 - 15) + \lambda_2(x_3 - 1)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_1} = 6x_1 + \lambda_1 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_2} = 4x_2 + \lambda_1 = 0 \\ \frac{\partial L}{\partial x_3} = x_3 + \lambda_2 = 0 \\ x_1 + x_2 - 15 = 0 \\ x_3 - 1 = 0 \\ x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} \lambda_2 = -1 \quad \lambda_1 = -36 \\ x_1 = -\frac{\lambda_1}{6} = -\frac{-36}{6} = 6 \\ x_2 = -\frac{\lambda_1}{4} = -\frac{-36}{4} = 9 \\ x_3 = 1 \\ \min Z = 3 \times 36 + 2 \times 81 + \frac{1}{2} \\ = 270.5 \end{array}$$

b)

$$x_1 + x_2 - 15 - \Delta = 0$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{\lambda_1}{6} \quad x_2 = -\frac{\lambda_1}{4} \Rightarrow x_1 + x_2 = -\frac{2\lambda_1 - 3\lambda_1}{12}$$

$$-\frac{5\lambda_1}{12} = 15 + \Delta \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = \frac{(15 + \Delta) \cdot 12}{-5} = -\frac{5\lambda_1}{12}$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{(15 + \Delta) \cdot 12^2}{-5 \times 8} \quad x_2 = -\frac{(15 + \Delta) \cdot 12^3}{-5 \times 4}$$

$$= \frac{30 + 2\Delta}{5} \quad = \frac{45 + 3\Delta}{5}$$

$$= 6 + 0.4\Delta \quad = 9 + 0.6\Delta$$

(C)

	J <sub>1</sub>	J <sub>2</sub>	J <sub>3</sub>	J <sub>4</sub>	J <sub>5</sub>
P <sub>1</sub>	205	150	161	172	M
P <sub>2</sub>	M	M	160	204	171
P <sub>3</sub>	121	154	110	M	176
P <sub>4</sub>	131	M	142	208	120
P <sub>5</sub>	0	0	0	0	0

