

A/S/m/K/L :

A = arrival process 到达

S = service distribution for the arriving customers 服务分布

m = no. of servers 服务器数量

K = storage space 储存空间

L = customer population

$$W_j = D_j + S_j$$

↙ ↓ ↓
Waiting Waiting Service
time time time

2. Little's Result

Let

λ = arrival rate

W = mean waiting time in the system

D = mean waiting time in the queue

L = mean no. of customers in the system

Q = mean no. of customers in the queue

In the steady state ($t \rightarrow \infty$)

$$L = \lambda W, \quad Q = \lambda D.$$

M/M/1 Queue

M/M/1 Queue with Arrival Rate λ and Service Rate μ :

λ : arrival rate

μ : service time

of customers

$$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu} = U \text{ (utilization 使用)}$$

$$\pi_0 = 1 - \rho$$

$$\pi_k = \rho^k(1 - \rho), \quad k \geq 1$$

$$L = \frac{\rho}{1 - \rho} = \frac{\lambda}{\mu - \lambda} \quad L = Q + \rho$$

$$Q = \frac{\rho^2}{1 - \rho} = \frac{\lambda^2}{\mu(\mu - \lambda)}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{\mu(1 - \rho)} = \frac{1}{\mu - \lambda} \quad W = D + \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\Rightarrow W = \frac{L}{\lambda} \quad D = W - \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{\lambda}{\mu(\mu - \lambda)}$$

$$F_d(t) = \begin{cases} 1 - \rho & t=0 \\ 1 - \rho e^{-\underline{\mu(1-\rho)t}} & t>0 \end{cases}$$

$$f_w(t) = 1 - e^{-(\mu - \lambda)t} \quad (\text{Exp})$$

$$\Rightarrow W = \frac{1}{\mu - \lambda}$$

M/M/1/N Queue

M/M/1/N Queue with Arrival Rate λ and Service Rate μ :

$$\lambda_k = \begin{cases} \lambda & 0 \leq k \leq N-1 \\ 0 & k \geq N \end{cases}$$

$$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu} \quad \boxed{\mu = 1 - \pi_0} = \frac{\rho(1 - \rho^N)}{1 - \rho^{N+1}}$$

$$\pi_0 = \left(\sum_{k=0}^N \rho^k \right)^{-1} = \frac{1 - \rho}{1 - \rho^{N+1}}$$

$$\mu_k = \mu \quad k \geq 1$$

$$\pi_k = \rho^k \pi_0 = \frac{\rho^k (1 - \rho)}{1 - \rho^{N+1}}, \quad 0 \leq k \leq N$$

$$L = \frac{\rho [1 - \rho^N - N\rho^N(1 - \rho)]}{(1 - \rho)(1 - \rho^{N+1})}$$

$$Q = \frac{\rho^2 [1 - \rho^N - N\rho^{N-1}(1 - \rho)]}{(1 - \rho)(1 - \rho^{N+1})}$$

$$W = \frac{1 - \rho^N - N\rho^N(1 - \rho)}{\mu(1 - \rho)(1 - \rho^{N+1})}$$

$$D = \frac{\rho [1 - \rho^N - N\rho^{N-1}(1 - \rho)]}{\mu(1 - \rho)(1 - \rho^{N+1})}$$

M/M/m Queue

如果是 average no. of busy server
则是 $\frac{\lambda}{\mu}$

M/M/m Queue with Arrival Rate λ and Service Rate μ :

$$\lambda_k = \lambda \quad k \geq 0$$

$$\mu_k = \begin{cases} k\mu & 0 \leq k \leq m-1 \\ m\mu & k \geq m \end{cases}$$

$$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{m\mu} = U = \frac{\lambda}{m\mu} \text{ 每个 server}$$

$$\pi_0 = \left[\frac{(m\rho)^m}{m!(1-\rho)} + \sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(m\rho)^k}{k!} \right]^{-1}$$

$$\pi_k = \pi_0 \begin{cases} \frac{(m\rho)^k}{k!}, & 0 \leq k \leq m-1 \\ \frac{m^m \rho^k}{m!}, & k \geq m \end{cases}$$

$$L = \frac{\rho(m\rho)^m \pi_0}{m!(1-\rho)^2} + \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$$

$$Q = \sum_{k=m}^{\infty} (k-m) \pi_k = \frac{\rho(m\rho)^m \pi_0}{m!(1-\rho)^2}$$

$$W = \frac{L}{\lambda} = \frac{\rho(m\rho)^m \pi_0}{m!\lambda(1-\rho)^2} + \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$D = W - \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{\rho(m\rho)^m \pi_0}{m!\lambda(1-\rho)^2}$$

$M^b/M/1$

$M^b/M/1$ Queue with Arrival Rate λ and Service Rate μ :

b 是批量 batch

$$\begin{aligned}\rho &= \frac{b\lambda}{\mu} & U = 1 - \pi_0 &= \rho \\ \pi_0 &= 1 - \rho \\ \pi_k &= \begin{cases} \left(\frac{\lambda + \mu}{\mu}\right)^{k-1} \frac{\lambda}{\mu} \pi_0 & 1 \leq k \leq b \\ \frac{\lambda + \mu}{\mu} \pi_{k-1} - \frac{\lambda}{\mu} \pi_{k-b-1} & k \geq b+1 \end{cases} \\ L &= \frac{\rho(1+b)}{2(1-\rho)} \\ Q &= L - \rho = \frac{\rho(b-1+2\rho)}{2(1-\rho)} \\ W &= \frac{L}{\lambda b} = \frac{1+b}{2\mu(1-\rho)} \\ D &= W - \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{b+2\rho-1}{2\mu(1-\rho)}\end{aligned}$$