# **Python Introduction Lab**

Assignment 1



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CSE - 1

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Q1. Create a program that asks the user to enter their name and their age. Print out a message addressed to them that tells them the year that they will turn 100 years old. Extras:

- Add on to the previous program by asking the user for another number and printing out that many copies of the previous message.
- 2. Print out that many copies of the previous message on separate lines. (*Hint:* the string "\n is the same as pressing the ENTER button)

#### **Pseudocode**

```
def printName():
    name = input("Enter Your Name\t")
    age = int(input("Enter You Age\t"))
    age_100 = (datetime.datetime.now().year) + (100-age)
    print("Hello! "+name+ ", you know you will celebrate your centennial in "+ str(age_100)+"\n")
    number = int(input("Enter the Number of times you want to print this message \t"))
    for i in range(number):
        print("\nHello! "+name+ ", you know you will celebrate your centennial in "+ str(age_100))
```

#### Code & Output

```
import datetime
def printName():
  #Question
  name = input("Enter Your Name\t")
  age = int(input("Enter You Age\t"))
  age_100 = (datetime.datetime.now().year) + (100-age)
  print("Hello! "+name+ ", you know you will celebrate your centennial in "+ str(age_100)+"\n")
  number = int(input("Enter the Number of times you want to print this message \t"))
  for i in range(number):
   print("\nHello! "+name+ ", you know you will celebrate your centennial in "+ str(age 100))
printName()
Enter Your Name Jagraj Singh
Enter You Age
Hello! Jagraj Singh, you know you will celebrate your centennial in 2099
Enter the Number of times you want to print this message
Hello! Jagraj Singh, you know you will celebrate your centennial in 2099
Hello! Jagraj Singh, you know you will celebrate your centennial in 2099
Hello! Jagraj Singh, you know you will celebrate your centennial in 2099
```

Q2. Take a list, say for example this one: a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89] and write a program that prints out all the elements of the list that are less than 5.

#### Extras:

- 1. Instead of printing the elements one by one, make a new list that has all the elements less than 5 from this list in it and print out this new list.
- 2. Write this in one line of Python.
- 3. Ask the user for a number and return a list that contains only elements from the original list a that are smaller than that number given by the user.

#### **Pseudocode**

```
def printelements(lst):
 # Printing Elements Less than 5
 new_lst = []
 for i in lst:
  if i<5:
   print(i)
   ##1. Appending in List
   new_lst.append(i)
 print("New List is {}".format(new_lst))
 ##2. Appending in one line
 new_lst2 = [x for x in lst if x<5]
 print("New List in one line is{}".format(new_lst2))
 ##3. Asking user and responding accordingly
 number = int(input("Enter the number to find element smaller than the number"))
 new_lst3 = [x for x in lst if x < number]
 print("Elements smaller than{} are {}".format(number, new_lst3))
a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89]
printelements(a)
```

# **Code & Output**

```
def printelements(lst):
  # Printing Elements Less than 5
  new_lst = []
  for i in 1st:
    if i<5:
     print(i)
      ##1. Appending in List
      new lst.append(i)
  print("New List is {}".format(new_lst))
  ##2. Appending in one line
  new lst2 = [x for x in lst if x<5]
  print("New List in one line is{}".format(new_lst2))
  ##3. Asking user and responding accordingly
  number = int(input("Enter the number to find element smaller than the number"))
  new lst3 = [x for x in lst if x<number]</pre>
  print("Elements smaller than{} are {}".format(number, new 1st3))
a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89]
printelements(a)
1
1
2
New List is [1, 1, 2, 3]
New List in one line is[1, 1, 2, 3]
Enter the number to find element smaller than the number2
Elements smaller than2 are [1, 1]
```

Q3. Write a program that asks the user how many Fibonacci numbers to generate and then generates them. Take this opportunity to think about how you can use functions. Make sure to ask the user to enter the number of numbers in the sequence to generate.(Hint: The Fibonacci sequence is a sequence of numbers where the next number in the sequence is the sum of the previous two numbers in the sequence. The sequence looks like this: 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, ...)

#### **Pseudocode**

```
def fibo(n):
    if n <= 1:
        return n
    else:
        return(fibo(n-1) + fibo(n-2))

nterms = int(input("Enter the number of numbers for seq."))
print("Fibonacci sequence:")
for i in range(nterms):
    print(fibo(i))</pre>
```

#### **Code & Output**

```
def fibo(n):
   if n <= 1:
       return n
   else:
       return(fibo(n-1) + fibo(n-2))
nterms = int(input("Enter the number of numbers for seq."))
print("Fibonacci sequence:")
for i in range(nterms):
  print(fibo(i))
Enter the number of numbers for seq.14
Fibonacci sequence:
1
1
2
3
5
8
13
21
34
55
89
144
233
```

Q4. Write a program (function!) that takes a list and returns a new list that contains all the elements of the first list minus all the duplicates.

#### **Extras:**

 Write two different functions to do this - one using a loop and constructing a list, and another using sets.

## **Pseudocode**

```
def lst_unique(lst):
 unique = []
 for I in Ist:
  if I not in unique:
    unique.append(I)
 for x in unique:
  print(x)
def using_set(lst):
 list\_set = set(lst)
 unique_list = list(list_set)
 for x in unique_list:
  print(x)
a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 21, 89]
print("Without using Sets")
lst_unique(a)
print("\nUsing Sets")
using_set(a)
```

# **Code & Output**

```
## Question 4
def lst_unique(lst):
 unique = []
 for 1 in 1st:
   if 1 not in unique:
     unique.append(1)
 for x in unique:
    print(x)
def using set(lst):
 list_set = set(lst)
 unique_list = list(list_set)
 for x in unique list:
    print(x)
a = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 21, 89]
print("Without using Sets")
lst_unique(a)
print("\nUsing Sets")
using_set(a)
```

```
Without using Sets
1
2
3
5
8
13
21
34
55
89
Using Sets
1
2
3
34
5
8
13
21
55
```

Github Link: https://github.com/Jagrajsinghji/ML\_Python/blob/master/ML\_Assignment\_Python.ipynb

Q5. Ask the user for a number and determine whether the number is prime or not. (For those who have forgotten, a prime number is a number that has no divisors.). Use functions

#### **Pseudocode**

```
def isPrime():
    num = int(input("Enter Number you want to check \t"))
flag = 1
for i in range(2, int(num/2)):
    if(num%i == 0):
    flag = 0
        break
if(flag==0):
    print("Number is not Prime")
else:
    print("Number is Prime")
```

## **Code & Output**

```
## Question 5
def isPrime():
    num = int(input("Enter Number you want to check \t"))
    flag = 1
    for i in range(2, int(num/2)):
        if(num%i == 0):
            flag = 0
               break
    if(flag==0):
        print("Number is not Prime")
    else:
        print("Number is Prime")

isPrime()
```

Enter Number you want to check 53 Number is Prime

Github Link: https://github.com/Jagrajsinghji/ML\_Python/blob/master/ML\_Assignment\_Python.ipynb