

Assignment 4 of Algorithm

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1. Linear-inequality feasibility

Proof:

suppose that we have an algorithm for linear programming, that means we can solve

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b} \\ & \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$$

given a linear inequality feasibility problem, our goal is to check whether there exist \mathbf{x}^* ,

$$\mathbf{A}'\mathbf{x}^* \leq \mathbf{b}', \mathbf{x}^* \geq \mathbf{0}$$

which equals to

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & \mathbf{0} \cdot \mathbf{x} \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \mathbf{A}'\mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{b}' \\ & \mathbf{x} \geq \mathbf{0} \end{aligned}$$

this problem can be solved using the same algorithm.

2. Airplane Landing Problem

Let x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n be the exact landing time of each airplane respectively, the problem can be written as

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & \min(x_2 - x_1, x_3 - x_2, \dots, x_n - x_{n-1}) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & s_1 \leq x_1 \leq t_1 \\ & s_2 \leq x_2 \leq t_2 \\ & \dots \\ & s_n \leq x_n \leq t_n \end{aligned}$$

for instance, we have $n = 4$, $[10, 20]$, $[40, 60]$, $[75, 80]$, $[100, 120]$ (here the minute is the metric of time), using tool cvxpy we can obtain the optimal solution 35 with optimal variables $x_1 = 10, 45, 80, 116$.

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python
2
3 import cvxpy as cvx
4 import numpy as np
5 import ecos
6
7 x = cvx.Variable(4, integer=True)
8 left = np.array([10, 40, 75, 100])
9 right = np.array([20, 60, 80, 120])
10
11 objective = cvx.Maximize(cvx.min(x[1:] - x[:-3]))
12
13 constraints = [ x >= left, x <= right]
14
15 prob = cvx.Problem(objective, constraints)
16
17 prob.solve(solver = cvx.ECOS_BB)
18 print 'using solver ECOS_BB...'
19 print 'status:', prob.status
20 print 'optimal value:', prob.value
21 print 'optimal var:', x.value
```

```
Joseph_chen@JosephChen-Desktop:~/Documents/algorithms_course/python$ ./landing.py
using solver ECOS_BB...
status: optimal
optimal value: 34.99999999999
optimal var: [ 10.  45.  80. 116.]
Joseph_chen@JosephChen-Desktop:~/Documents/algorithms_course/python$
```

3. Dual Simplex Algorithm

the result is showed below.

```
directly solving...
problem has 3 equalities and 0 inequalities
starting optimization...
status: feasible!
optimal value: -16.5
optimal x: [ 0.  0.  0.  1.5  2.5 16.5]
solving dual problem...
problem has 0 equalities and 6 inequalities
starting optimization...
status: feasible!
optimal value: -16.5
optimal y: [ 2.5  6.  0. ]
using tool cvxpy
optimal value: -16.5
optimal x: [ -5.45737158e-22  6.11583402e-22 -4.40096362e-22  1.50000000e+00
  2.50000000e+00  1.65000000e+01]
```