# Exercícios de optimização

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Os exercícios neste documento são baseados nos dados em sala de aula

#### 1 Exercicio: secção áurea

Utilizando o método da secção áurea, ache o valor mínimo e máximo da equação a seguir no intervalo [-1,0]:

$$f(x) = (2x+1)^2 - 5\cos(10x)$$

### 2 Exercicio: gradiente

Utilizando o método do gradiente encontre o mínimo da função a seguir no com h=1, x0=1 e y0=1:

$$f(x,y) = y^2 - 2xy - 6y + 2x^2 + 12$$

### 3 Exercicio: Quádrica

Utilizando o método da quádrica, encontre o mínimo da equação seguinte considerando x0=0 e y0=0:

$$f(x,y) = \sin(y) + \frac{y^2}{4} + \cos(x) + \frac{x^2}{4} - 1$$

Resposta: x = 0, y = -1,02987, f(x,y) = -0,59207

## 4 Exercicio: Levemberg Marquardt

Utilizando o método de Levemberg Marquardt, encontre o mínimo da equação a seguir considerando lambda = 1, x0 = 1, y0 = 1:

$$f(x,y) = y^2 - 2xy - 6y + 2x^2 + 12$$

Resposta: x = 2,9692650, y = 5,950269, f(x,y) = -5,998

### 5 Resposta - exercicio 1 - python

```
import math as m
def f(x):
    return (2 * x + 1) ** 2 - 5 * m.cos(10 * x)
def aurea_max(x1, x2):
    b = (m. sqrt (5) - 1) / 2
    a = b * b
    for i in range (30):
        x3 = x1 + a * (x2 - x1)

x4 = x1 + b * (x2 - x1)
         if f(x3) > f(x4):
             x2 = x4
             x4 = x3
         else:
             x1 = x3
             x3 = x4
    return [x1, x2, x3, x4]
def aurea_min(x1, x2):
    b = (m. sqrt(5) - 1) / 2
    a = b * b
    for i in range(30):
        x3 = x1 + a * (x2 - x1)

x4 = x1 + b * (x2 - x1)
         if f(x3) < f(x4):
             x2 = x4
             x4 = x3
         else:
             x1 = x3
             x3 = x4
    return [x1, x2, x3, x4]
print(aurea_max(-1, 0))
#Expected result:
\#[-0.31113734222759837, -0.3111368047370985, -0.311137136924496, -0.311137136924496]
print(aurea_min(-1, 0))
#Expected result:
\#[-0.6262978964093815, -0.6262973589188816, -0.6262976911062791, -0.6262976911062791]
```

## 6 Resposta - exercicio 2 - python

```
import math as m
def f(x, y):
    return y * y - 2 * x * y - 6 * y + 2 * x * x + 12
def gradiente(xn, yn, h):
    for i in range(30):
        x = xn - h * dfx(xn, yn)

y = yn - h * dfy(xn, yn)

if f(x, y) < f(xn, yn):
            h *= 2
            xn = x
            yn = y
         else:
            h /= 2
    return [x, y]
print(gradiente(1, 1, 1))
#Expected result:
\#[2.9765625, 5.984375]
```

## 7 Resposta - exercicio 3 - python

```
import math as m
def f(x, y):
     return m. \sin(y) + y * y / 4 + m.\cos(x) + x * x / 4 - 1
\begin{array}{cccc} \text{def} & \text{dfx}\left(x\,, & y\right)\colon \\ & \text{return} & x \ / \ 2 \ - \ \text{m.} \sin\left(x\right) \end{array}
def dfy(x, y):
     return m. cos(y) + y / 2
def dfxy(x, y):
     return 0
def dfyx(x, y):
     return 0
def quadratica(xn, yn):
     for i in range (30):
           det = dfyy(xn, yn) * dfxx(xn, yn) - dfyx(xn, yn) * dfxy(xn, yn)
          \begin{array}{l} x = xn - (dfyy(xn, yn) * dfx(xn, yn) - dfyx(xn, yn) * dfx(xn, yn)) / \det \\ y = yn - (-dfxy(xn, yn) * dfx(xn, yn) + dfxx(xn, yn) * dfy(xn, yn)) / \det \end{array}
          xn = x
          yn = y
     return [x, y]
print(quadratica(0, 0))
```

### 8 Resposta - exercicio 4 - python

```
import math as m
def f(x, y):
    return y * y - 2 * x * y - 6 * y + 2 * x * x + 12
def dfx(x, y):
    return 4 * x - 2 * y
def dfxx(x, y):
    return 4
def dfyy(x, y):
    return 2
def dfxy(x, y):
    return -2
\begin{array}{ccc} \text{def} & \text{dfyx}\,(\,x\,,\,\,\,y\,): \\ & \text{return} & -2 \end{array}
def levemberg (xn, yn, lamb):
    for i in range (20):
         det = dfyy(xn, yn) * dfxx(xn, yn) - dfyx(xn, yn) * dfxy(xn, yn)
        x = xn - (dfyy(xn, yn) * dfx(xn, yn) - dfyx(xn, yn) * dfy(xn, yn)) / det - lamb *
            dfx (xn, yn)
        y = yn - (-dfxy(xn, yn) * dfx(xn, yn) + dfxx(xn, yn) * dfy(xn, yn)) / det - lamb *
             dfy(xn, yn)
         if (x - xn \le 0) and (y - yn \le 0):
            xn = x
            yn = y
        lamb /= 2
    return [x, y]
print(levemberg(1, 1, 1))
#Expected result [2.9999961853027344, 6.000011444091797]
```