$$\mathbf{FFT}$$

$$A(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} a_i x^i, B(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{m-1} b_i x^i$$

$$C(x) = A(x) \cdot B(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{n+m-1} c_i x^i$$

$$\star \quad k = 2^{\lceil \log_2(n+m) \rceil}$$

Matrix Transform

$$(x_0.x_1,..,x_{k-1}),\quad \{(a_0,a_1,...,a_{n-1})\}\quad \underline{A(x)}\quad (x_0,y_0),(x_1,y_1),...,(x_{k-1},y_{k-1})$$

$$(x_0.x_1,..,x_{k-1}),\quad \{(b_0,b_1,...,b_{m-1})\}\quad \underrightarrow{B(x)}\quad (x_0,z_0),(x_1,z_1),...,(x_{k-1},z_{k-1})$$

$$\mathbf{X_{k}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ x_{0}^{1} & x_{1}^{1} & \dots & x_{k-1}^{1} \\ x_{0}^{2} & x_{1}^{2} & \dots & x_{k-1}^{2} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_{n}^{k-1} & x_{n}^{k-1} & x_{n}^{k-1} & x_{n}^{k-1} \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{\mathbf{a}} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{0} \\ a_{1} \\ \vdots \\ a_{n-1} \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{\mathbf{b}} = \begin{pmatrix} b_{0} \\ b_{1} \\ \vdots \\ b_{m-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a^T \mathbf{X_n} = y^T, b^T \mathbf{X_m} = z^T$$

Matrix Inverse Transform

$$(x_0,y_0\cdot z_0),(x_1,y_1\cdot z_1),...,(x_{k-1},y_{k-1}\cdot z_{k-1})\to C(x)\{(c_0,c_1,...,c_{n+m-1})\}$$

$$t = \mathrm{hadamard}(y, z), \quad c^T \mathbf{X_k} = t^T, \rightarrow c^T = \mathbf{X_k^{-1}} t^T$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Euler formula} \\ & \text{e}^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + i\sin\theta \\ & \text{e}^{2\pi i} = 1, \forall \theta, \text{e}^{i(\theta+2\pi)} = \text{e}^{i\theta} \\ & \omega_n^k = \text{e}^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}k}, \quad (\omega_n^k)^j = \text{e}^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}kj} = \cos(\frac{2\pi}{n}kj) + i\sin(\frac{2\pi}{n}kj) \\ & (1).\omega_n^{k+\frac{n}{2}} = \text{e}^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}(k+\frac{n}{2})} = -\text{e}^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}k} = -\omega_n^k \\ & (2).\omega_{2n}^{2k} = \omega_n^k \\ & (3).\omega_n^{-k} = 1 \cdot \text{e}^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}(-k)} = \text{e}^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}(n-k)} = \omega_n^{n-k} \end{aligned}$$

DFT:
$$X_k = \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} x_j e^{\frac{2\pi i}{n}kj}$$

$$IDFT: \quad x_j = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} X_k e^{-\frac{2\pi i}{n}jk}$$

$$\omega = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{N}}, N = n + m$$

$$c_j = f(j), C_k = C(\omega_k)$$

$$C_k = C(\omega_k) = \sum_{j=0}^{N-1} c_j (\omega^k)^j = \sum_{j=0}^{N-1} c_j e^{\frac{2\pi i}{N}kj}$$

$$c_j = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j=0}^{N-1} C_k e^{-\frac{2\pi i}{N}jk}$$

$$H(x) = \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} a_i x^i = \sum_{i=0}^{\frac{n}{2}-1} a_{2i} x^{2i} + x \left(\sum_{i=0}^{\frac{n}{2}-1} a_{2i+1} x^{2i}\right)$$

$$H(x) = H_1(x^2) + x H_2(x^2)$$

$$A(\omega_n^k) = A_1(\omega_n^{2k}) + x A_2(\omega_n^{2k}) = A_1(\omega_{\frac{n}{2}}^k) + \omega_n^k A_2(\omega_{\frac{n}{2}}^k)$$

$$A(\omega_n^{k+\frac{n}{2}}) = A(-\omega_n^k) = A_1(w_{\frac{n}{2}}^k) - \omega_n^k A_2(\omega_{\frac{n}{2}}^k)$$

$$Strassen \quad Matrix \quad Multiply$$

$$A_{2^k \cdot 2^k} = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix}_{(2^{k-1} \cdot 2^{k-1}) \cdot 4} \quad B_{2^k \cdot 2^k} = \begin{pmatrix} B_{11} & B_{12} \\ B_{21} & B_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_1 = B_{12} - B_{22} \quad S_2 = A_{11} + A_{12}$$

$$S_3 = A_{21} + A_{22} \quad S_4 = B_{21} - B_{11}$$

$$S_5 = A_{11} + A_{22} \quad S_6 = B_{11} + B_{22}$$

$$S_7 = A_{12} - A_{22} \quad S_8 = B_{21} + B_{22}$$

$$S_9 = A_{11} - A_{21} \quad S_{10} = B_{11} + B_{12}$$

$$P_1 = A_{11} \cdot S_1 \quad P_2 = S_2 \cdot B_{22}$$

$$P_3 = S_3 \cdot B_{11} \quad P_4 = A_{22} \cdot S_4$$

$$P_5 = S_5 \cdot S_6 \quad P_6 = S_7 \cdot S_8 \quad P_7 = S_9 \cdot S_{10}$$

$$C_{11} = P_5 + P_4 - P_2 + P_6$$

$$C_{12} = P_1 + P_2$$

$$C_{21} = P_3 + P_4$$

$$C_{22} = P_5 + P_1 - P_3 - P_7$$