Assignment2_2021_07_29_22_10_04

July 29, 2021

1 Weather Data Plot

An NOAA dataset has been stored in the file data/C2A2_data/BinnedCsvs_d400/fb441e62df2d5899492 The data for this project comes from a subset of The National Centers for Environmental Information (NCEI) Daily Global Historical Climatology Network (GHCN-Daily). The GHCN-Daily is comprised of daily climate records from thousands of land surface stations across the globe.

Each row in the datafile corresponds to a single observation.

The following variables are provided:

- id: station identification code
- date: date in YYYY-MM-DD format (e.g. 2012-01-24 = January 24, 2012)
- element: indicator of element type
 - TMAX : Maximum temperature (tenths of degrees C)
 - TMIN : Minimum temperature (tenths of degrees C)
- value : data value for element (tenths of degrees C)

Steps:

- 1. Return a line graph of the record high and record low temperatures by day of the year over the period 2005-2014. The area between the record high and record low temperatures for each day should be shaded.
- 2. Overlay a scatter of the 2015 data for any points (highs and lows) for which the ten year record (2005-2014) record high or record low was broken in 2015.
- 3. Watch out for leap days (i.e. February 29th), it is reasonable to remove these points from the dataset for the purpose of this visualization.
- 4. Make the visual nice!

The data given is **Ann Arbor**, **Michigan**, **United States**

```
In [1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import mplleaflet
    import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np

In [2]: df0 = pd.read_csv('data/C2A2_data/BinnedCsvs_d400/fb441e62df2d58994928907as
```

#Convert Date to DateTime so that can group by month-day

```
df0['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(df0['Date'])
        df0.set_index('Date', inplace=True)
        #Filter 2005-2014 and 2015 data. Use agg to get max/min
        #Get data ready for graph: drop Feb29, drop level and keep min/max, scale of
        #2005-2014 Data
        df1 = df0[df0.index<'2015']
        df1 = df1.groupby([df1.index.month, df1.index.day]).agg({'Data_Value':[max,
        df2 = df1.drop((2,29)).reset_index()
        df2 = df2[['Data_Value']]
        df2.columns = df2.columns.droplevel()
        df2['min'] = df2['min']/10
        df2['max'] = df2['max']/10
        #2015 Data
        df2015 = df0[df0.index>='2015']
        df2015 = df2015.groupby([df2015.index.month, df2015.index.day]).agg({'Data_
        df2015.reset_index(inplace=True)
        df2015 = df2015[['Data_Value']]
        df2015.columns = df2015.columns.droplevel()
        df2015['min'] = df2015['min']/10
        df2015['max'] = df2015['max']/10
        dfconcat = pd.concat([df2015,df2], ignore_index=True, axis =1)
        dfconcat.columns = ['max2015','min2015','maxdf2','mindf2']
        df_2015max = dfconcat.query('max2015 > maxdf2')
        df_2015min = dfconcat.query('min2015 < mindf2')</pre>
In [3]: plt.figure()
        #2005-2014 Line Plot
        plt.plot(df2['max'], color = 'indianred', label = '10 Year Record High')
        plt.plot(df2['min'], color = 'cornflowerblue', label = '10 Year Record Low
        #2015 Scatter Plot
        plt.scatter(df_2015max.index, df_2015max['max2015'], s=50, color = 'maroon'
        plt.scatter(df_2015min.index, df_2015min['min2015'], s=50, color = 'darkblu
        #Plot editing
        plt.axhline(y=0, color='lightslategrey', linestyle='--')
        plt.fill_between(df2015.index, df2['max'], df2['min'], facecolor='lightgrey
```

```
plt.ylabel('Temperature $^{\circ}$ C')
plt.title('Daily Record High-Low Temperatures \n 2005-2014')
plt.legend(framealpha=1, frameon=False, loc='lower center', ncol=2) #plots
#Setting ticks, 15-380 so that are centered
months = ['January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May', 'June', 'July', 'August
plt.xticks(np.arange(15, 380, step=31), months)
# remove the frame of the chart
for spine in plt.gca().spines.values():
    spine.set_visible(False)
# remove all the ticks (both axes), and tick labels on the Y axis
plt.tick_params(top='off', bottom='on', left='off', right='off', labelleft=
plt.gcf().set_size_inches(20, 10)
plt.savefig('temperatures.png', dpi=300, bbox_inches='tight')
plt.show()
```