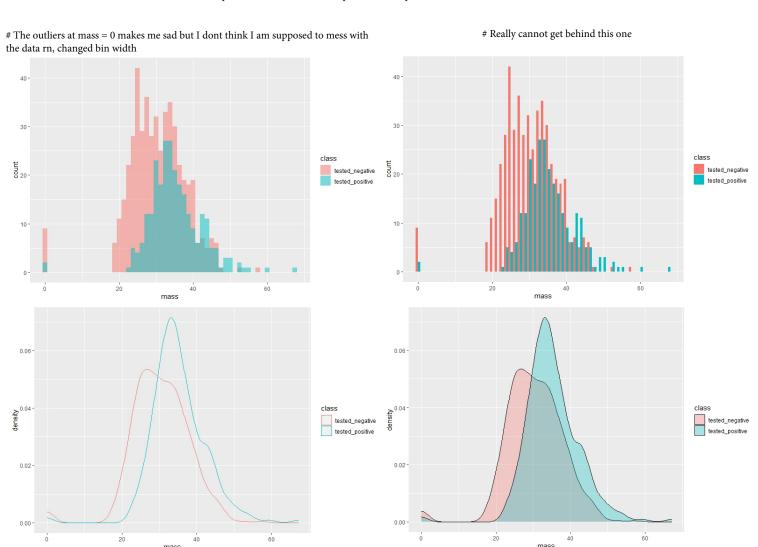


- $\#^0$ a has the same mean as the standard o distribution. The only difference being the standard deviation being less giving
- # higher histogram frequency closer to the center of the distribution (0), creating a taller, more compact spike still centered at 0
- # b has the same mean as the standard o distribution and a so its still centered at 0. The only difference being the standard deviation
- # is 0.5, more compact than sd = 1 of o, more spread out compared to sd = 0.2 of a



Reveals the shapes of the curve and relative heights as opposed to absolute heights, very useful

Still do not know if I like the filled or the unfilled version more.