Pmetrics Objects and Plots

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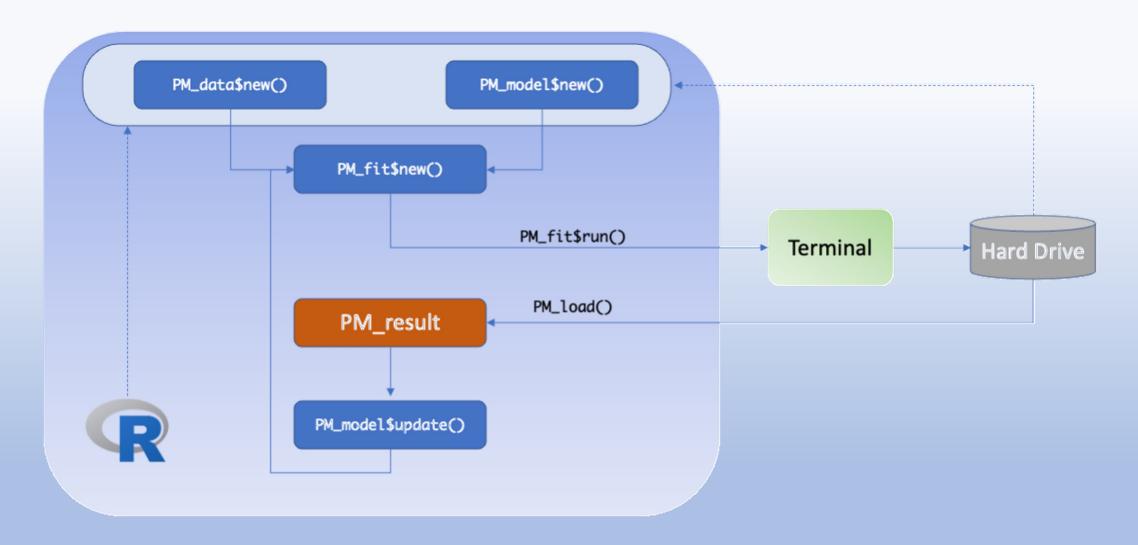
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General Workflow



General Workflow

- 1. After a run is complete an HTML summary page is created and displayed
- 2. A sequentially numbered run folder is created
- 3. The results can be loaded into R with PM_load(n), where n is the run number

PM_result

- A PM_result object is created by PM_load(1) after NPAG/IT2B run 1, with the following fields
 - op
 - final
 - cycle
 - COV
 - pop and post (NPAG only)
 - data
 - model
 - Npdata/ITdata

PMop objects

- Observed vs. Predicted
- class: PMop, data.frame
- methods: plot, summary
- examples: run1\$op, run2\$op

PMop Structure

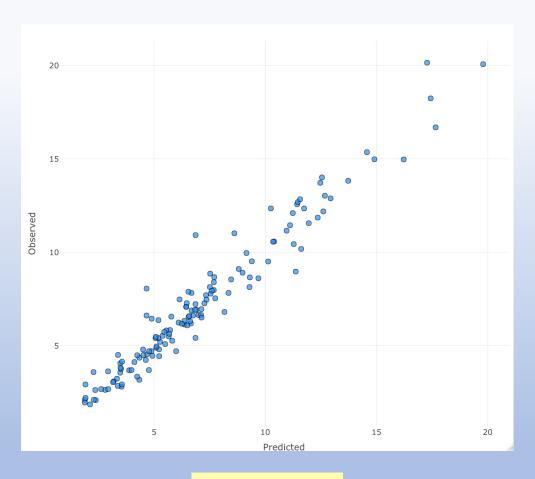
- Data frame with the following columns
 - id: Subject ID
 - **time**: time of observation/prediction
 - obs: the observed output value
 - pred: the predicted output value
 - **pred.type**: type of prediction, population or posterior
 - icen: summary of parameter distribution used for prediction, mean or median
 - outeq: output equation number for the observation/prediction
 - block: dosing block defined by EVID=4 events
 - outSD: SD of the observation, based on C0, C1, C2, C3 and gamma/lambda
 - **d**: pred-obs
 - ds: (pred-obs)
 - wd: (pred-obs)/SD
 - wds (pred-obs) / SD

Summarizing PMop

```
Time Obs Pred
      120.00 1.86 1.96
      121.03 4.50 4.49
Median 126.00 6.56 6.61
75% 132.00 8.88 8.94
Max 144.98 20.15 20.39
Mean 127.69 7.24 7.09
SD
       7.86 3.80 3.69
Mean prediction error: -0.1474
Mean weighted prediction error (bias): -0.0879 (P=0.9121 different than 0)
Mean squared prediction error: 0.7778
Root mean squared error (RMSE): 0.8819
Percent root mean squared error (%RMSE): 12.18
Mean weighed squared prediction error: 0.9965
Bias-adjusted mean squared prediction error: 0.7561
Bias-adjusted mean weighted squared prediction error (imprecision): 0.9888
```

run1\$op\$summary(pred.type="post", icen="median", outeq=1)

Plotting PMop



run1\$op\$plot()



run1\$op\$plot(pred.type="pop", marker = list(color = "green"), linear = T)

PMfinal objects

- Final cycle parameter values
- class: PMfinal, NPAG/IT2B, list
- methods: plot, summary
- examples: run1\$final, run2\$final

PMfinal Structure

- List with the following objects
- popPoints: (NPAG only) Data frame of the final cycle grid points with column names equal to the name of each random parameter plus prob for the associated probability of that point
- popMean: The final cycle mean for each random parameter distribution
- popSD: The final cycle SD for each random parameter distribution
- popCV: The final cycle coefZicient of variation for each random parameter distribution
- popVar: The final cycle variance for each random parameter distribution
- popCov: The final cycle covariance matrix for each random parameter distribution
- popCor: The final cycle correlation matrix for each random parameter distribution
- popMedian: The final cycle median for each random parameter distribution
- gridpts: (NPAG only) The initial number of support points
- ab: Matrix of boundaries for random parameter values. For NPAG, this is specified by the user prior to the run; for IT2B, it is calculated as a user specified multiple of the SD for the parameter value distribution
- postPoints: (NPAG only) Data frame of the Bayesian posterior parameter points for each of the first 100 subjects, with the columns id, subject ID; point, point number for that subject; parameters, parameters in the model; prob, probability of each point in the posterior for each patient

Summarizing PMfinal

```
par type quantile
                              value
                 0.025 4.608512e-01
     Ka WtMed
     Ka WtMed
                 0.500 6.625952e-01
     Ka WtMed
                 0.975 8.958512e-01
      Ka MAWD
                 0.025 4.092800e-03
     Ka MAWD
                 0.500 1.498528e-01
     Ka MAWD
                 0.975 3.180688e-01
     Ke WtMed
                 0.025 3.519846e-02
     Ke WtMed
                 0.500 4.393907e-02
     Ke WtMed
                 0.975 6.755382e-02
     Ke MAWD
                 0.025 4.409361e-03
                 0.500 1.369061e-02
11
     Ke MAWD
12
                 0.975 2.131143e-02
     Ke MAWD
13
     V WtMed
                 0.025 6.287781e+01
     V WtMed
                 0.500 7.339845e+01
15
     V WtMed
                 0.975 1.018518e+02
16
     V MAWD
                 0.025 5.888538e+00
17
      V MAWD
                 0.500 2.025000e+01
                 0.975 3.817413e+01
      V MAWD
19 Tlag1 WtMed
                 0.025 6.866592e-01
20 Tlag1 WtMed
                 0.500 1.177336e+00
21 Tlag1 WtMed
                 0.975 1.791292e+00
22 Tlag1 MAWD
                 0.025 1.992990e-01
23 Tlag1 MAWD
                 0.500 4.906768e-01
24 Tlag1 MAWD
                 0.975 8.750000e-01
```

```
        mean
        se.mean
        cv.mean
        var
        se.var

        Ka
        1.3579700
        0.137701091
        0.10140216
        3.792318e-01
        1.230390e-01

        Ke
        0.0444298
        0.003619635
        0.08146863
        2.620352e-04
        8.501543e-05

        V0
        88.8163000
        8.490104143
        0.09559173
        1.441637e+03
        4.677289e+02

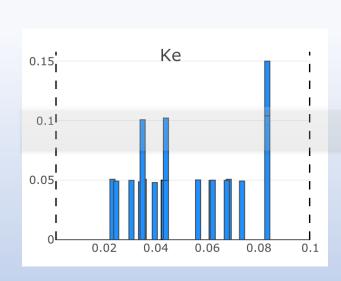
        Tlag1
        1.6135400
        0.084027186
        0.05207630
        1.412114e-01
        4.581501e-02
```

IT2B

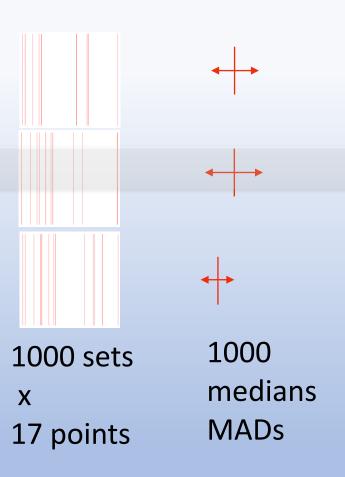
NPAG

```
run1$final$summary(lower = 0.025, upper = 0.975) #NPAG
run1$final$summary() #IT2B
```

Confidence in NP



17 points

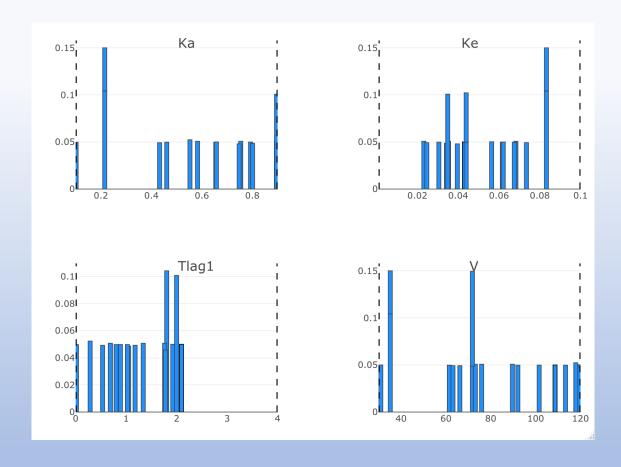


Median (2.5%, 97.5%) MAWD (2.5%, 97.5%)

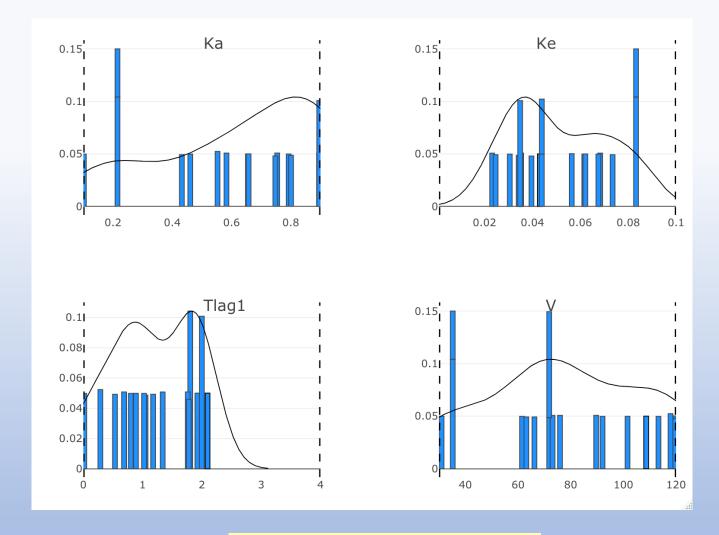
Parametric Confidence

- SE (mean) = SD/sqrt(nsub)
- SE (var) = var * sqrt(2/(nsub-1))

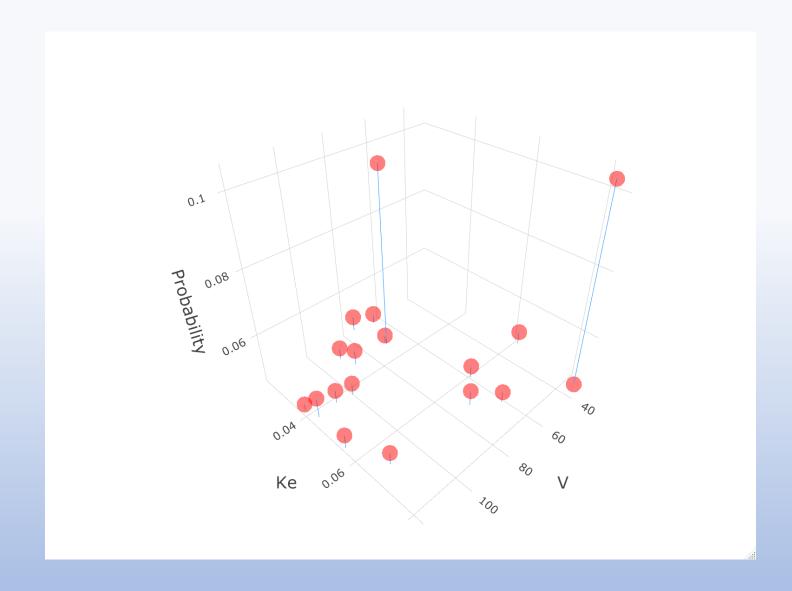
Plot PMfinal



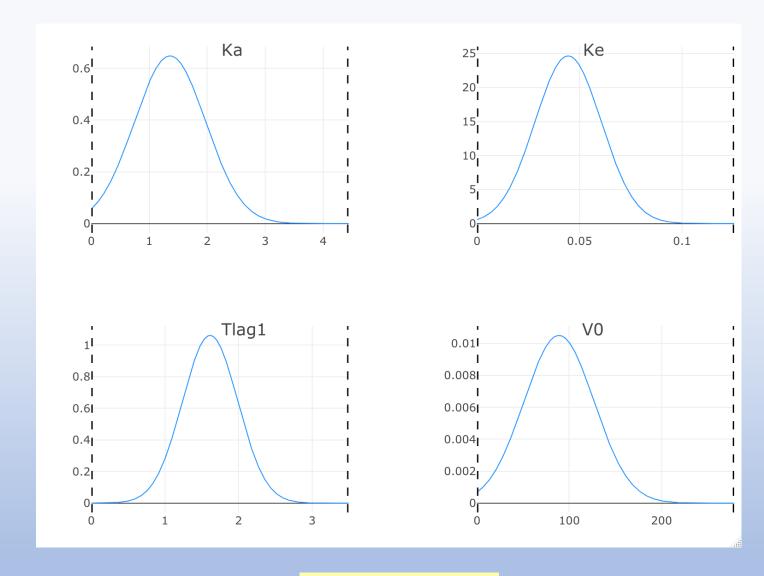
run1\$final\$plot()



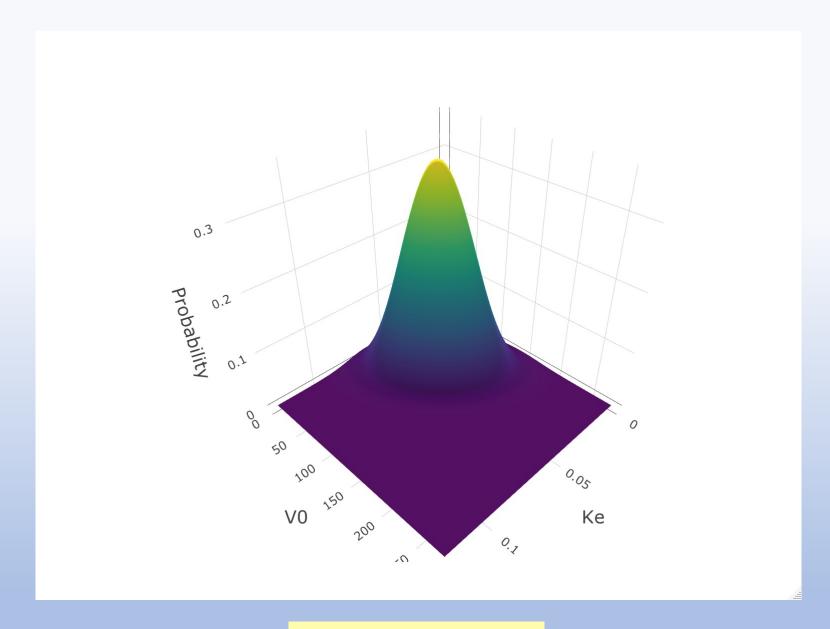
run1\$final\$plot(density=T)



run1\$final\$plot(Ke~V)



run2\$final\$plot()

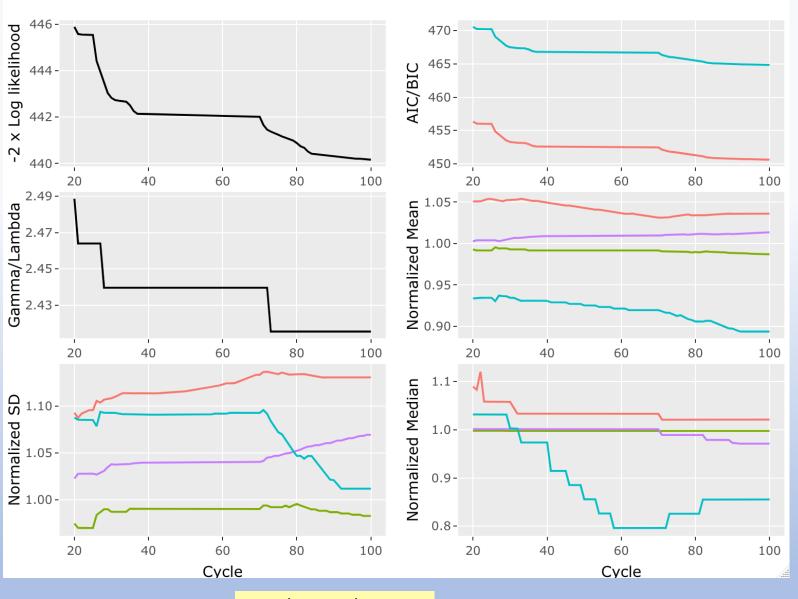


PMcycle objects

- Cycle log-likelihoods, gamma/lambda, AIC, BIC, normalized parameter means, medians, SD
- class: PMcycle, list
- methods: plot
- examples: run1\$cycle, run2\$cycle

PMcycle structure

- List with the following objects
 - names Vector of names of the random parameters
 - cycnum Vector cycle numbers, which may start at numbers greater than 1 if a non-uniform prior was specified for the run (NPAG only)
 - II Matrix of cycle number and -2*Log-likelihood at each cycle
 - gamlam A matrix of cycle number and gamma or lambda at each cycle
 - mean A matrix of cycle number and the mean of each random parameter at each cycle, normalized to initial mean
 - sd A matrix of cycle number and the standard deviation of each random parameter at each cycle, normalized to initial standard deviation
 - median A matrix of cycle number and the median of each random parameter at each cycle, normalized to initial median
 - aic A matrix of cycle number and Akaike Information Criterion at each cycle
 - bic A matrix of cycle number and Bayesian (Schwartz) Information Criterion at each cycle



run1\$cycle\$plot()

PMcov objects

- Covariate values for each subject at each time of a covariate entry in the data file, combined with mean and median Bayesian posterior parameter estimates to enable covariate analysis
- class: PMcov, data.frame
- methods: plot, summary
- examples: run1\$cov, run2\$cov

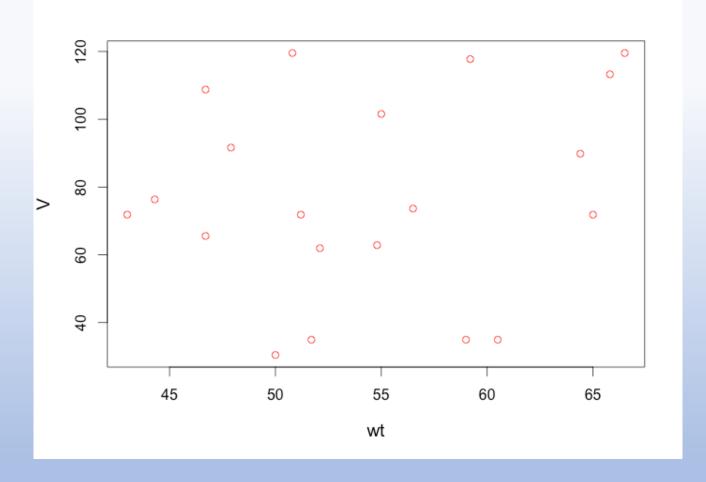
PMcov structure

- id Subject identification
- time Times of covariate observations
- covnames... Columns with each covariate observations in the dataset for each subject and time
- parnames... Columns with each parameter in the model and the icen summary for each subject, replicated as necessary for covariate observation times and duplicated for Bayesian parameter means and medians
- icen The type of summarized Bayesian posterior individual parameter values: mean or median.

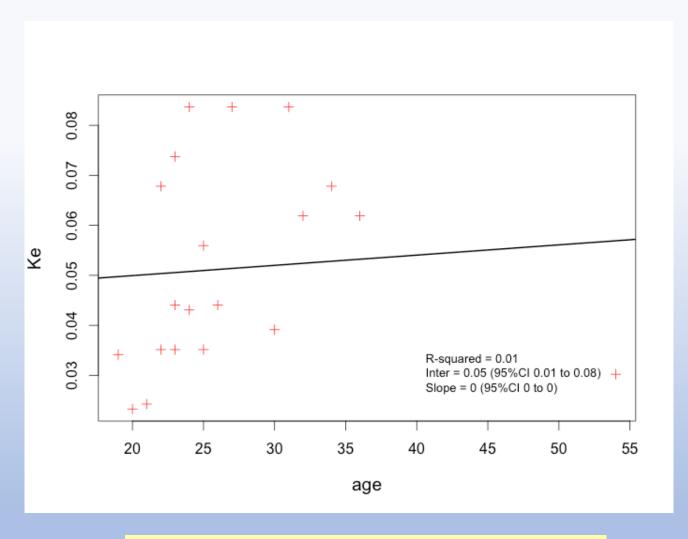
Summarizing PMcov

```
wt africa age gender height
                                                                             Tlag1
   id time
                                                           Ke
       48 46.7
                                     160 0.4320615 0.02425739 65.55692 0.54030745
       60 66.5
                                     174 0.7438166 0.03913897 119.52821 0.02096844
       60 46.7
                                     164 0.8960000 0.04307500 108.75000 2.10000000
       60 50.8
                                     165 0.8959996 0.05594505 119.54995 0.65999780
       60 65.8
                                     181 0.1040152 0.06782312 113.25171 0.02007594
       60 65.0
                                     177 0.8959928 0.03515412 71.85080 1.97996420
       60 51.7
                                     161 0.2160000 0.08366500
                                                               34.95000 1.78000000
       60 51.2
                     1 22
                                     163 0.8959970 0.03515467
                                                               71.85030 1.97998490
                     1 23
       60 55.0
                                     174 0.7919426 0.04406498 101.55640 0.89971335
                     1 32
10 10
        60 52.1
                                     163 0.6560146 0.06188319
                                                               61.95165 0.82007268
11 11
        60 56.5
                                     165 0.5840032 0.06782538
                                                               73.64966 1.33998410
12 12
        60 47.9
                                     160 0.4641038 0.03021784
                                                               91.63832 1.01995260
13 13
        60 60.5
                                     180 0.2160000 0.08366500
                                                               34.95000 1.78000000
```

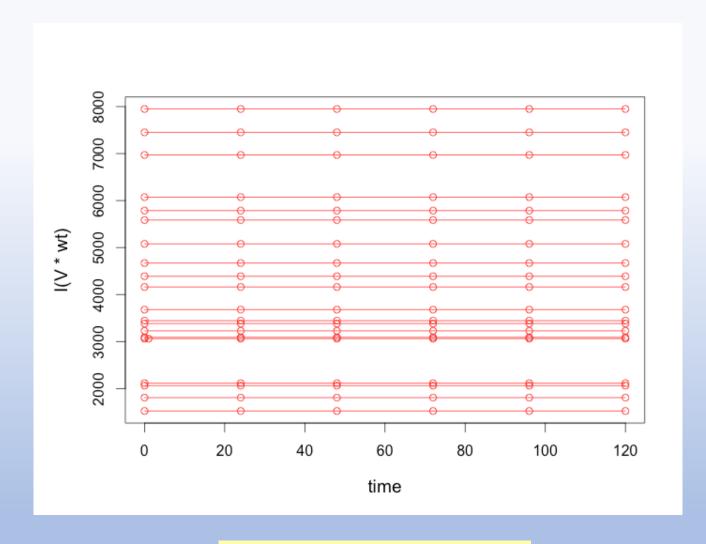
Plotting PMcov



run1\$cov\$plot(V~wt)



run1\$cov\$plot(Ke~age,lowess=F,reg=T,pch=3)



run1\$cov\$plot(I(V*wt)~time)

PMcov\$step()

- Checks each parameter against all covariates in stepwise multivariate linear regression
- Model selection is by AIC
- Default is backwards selection, i.e. start with a parameter and all covariates, then successively remove parameters associated with the greatest AIC drop until no further improvement in AIC
- Report P-value of retained parameters in multivariate linear regression

PMstep

```
KaKeVTlag1wtNANANA0.1484646africaNANANANAageNANANANAgenderNANANANAheightNANANANA
```

run1\$cov\$step()

PMpop/post objects

- Predictions based on mean/median population or posterior Bayesian parameter values at PM_fit\$run(..., idelta) frequency
- Only available after NPAG run
- class: PMpop/PMpost, data.frame
- methods: none (but can be plotted as argument to plot.PMmdata)
- examples: run1\$post, run1\$pop, run2\$post, run2\$pop.2

PMpop/post structure

- id Subject id
- time Time of predictions in decimal hours
- icen Prediction based on mean or median of Bayesian population/posterior parameter distribution
- pred Predicted output for each outeq
- outeq Output equation number
- block Observation blocks within subjects as defined by EVID=4 dosing events

PM_data objects

- The data file for the run
- class: PM_data
- methods: plot, summary
- examples: data1, data2

Summarizing PM_data

```
Number of subjects: 20
Number of inputs: 1
Number of outputs: 1
Total number of observations (outeq 1): 139, with 0 (0.000%) missing
Number of covariates: 5
THE FOLLOWING ARE MEAN (SD), MIN TO MAX
INPUTS
Number of doses per subject (input 1): 6.000 (0.000), 6.000 to 6.000
Dose per subject (input 1): 585.000 (45.189), 450.000 to 600.000
OUTPUTS
Number of obs per subject (outeq 1): 6.950 (0.224), 6.000 to 7.000
Observation per subject (outeq 1): 7.241 (3.799), 1.860 to 20.150
COVARIATES
wt: 54.538 (7.173), 43.000 to 66.500
africa: 1.000 (0.000), 1.000 to 1.000
age: 27.035 (7.717), 19.000 to 54.000
gender: 0.749 (0.434), 0.000 to 1.000
height: 167.792 (7.562), 150.000 to 181.000
Note: See help(summary.PMmatrix) for accessing specific items by name.
```

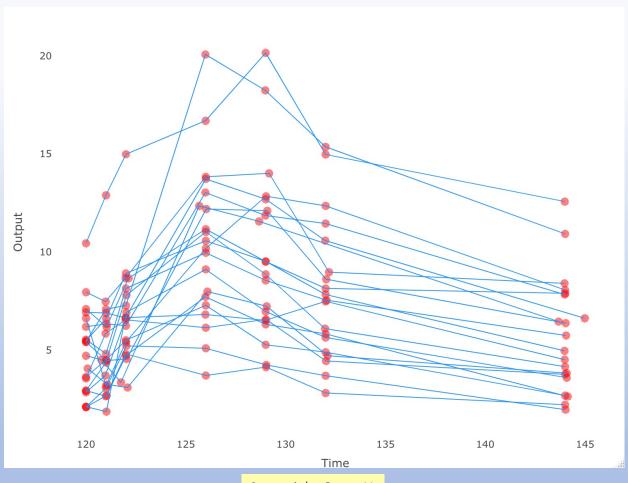
data1\$summary()

Summarizing PM_data

```
id I(dose/wt)
Min.: 1.00 Min.: 9.023
1st Qu.: 5.75 1st Qu.:10.081
Median: 10.50 Median: 10.764
Mean: 10.50 Mean: 10.844
3rd Qu.:15.25 3rd Qu.:11.742
Max.: 20.00 Max.: 12.848
```

```
dosekg <- data1$summary(formula = I(dose/wt)~id, FUN = mean)
summary(dosekg$formula)</pre>
```

Plotting PM_data



data1\$plot()



data1\$plot(overlay = F)

Getting help on plots

• ?PM result