신반포증학교 3학년 1학기 중간고사 과목명 영어 과목코드 10 출제자 안미영, 이은경, 김근영 반 번호: 이름:

- ※ 다음 문제를 읽고 물음에 맞는 답을 찾아 선택형은 OMR카드에, 서술형은 서술형 답안지에 작성하세요.
- **1.** Which shows a different relation between the given words? (2점)

better : worse
 useful : dangerous
 decrease : increase

4) advantage : disadvantage5) comfortable : uncomfortable

2. Which is used in the same usage as the underlined part in 〈보기〉? (4점)

- ① It was on Tuesday that Sara met Mike at the park.
- 2) Jerry is the very student that got married already.
- 3 Ben hadn't expected Christine to turn that beautiful.
- 4 It is surprising $\underline{\text{that}}$ many people couldn't see the news.
- ⑤ The news **that** the ship has sunken into the sea was heartbreaking.
- **3.** Which of the followings is the most appropriate dialogue? (3점)
 - ① A: Watch out!
 - B: Really? I can't believe it.
 - ② A: When was it due?
 - B: This morning, the road was busy.
 - ③ A: My favorite activity is making book reviews.
 - B: You' re supposed to bring your books tomorrow.
 - ④ A: He said there would be no score for the report.
 - B: Oh, sorry to hear that.
 - ⑤ A: I forgot that I should look at the other way when crossing the street.
 - B: We were supposed to cross that road.

- **4.** Which of the followings is the correct meaning of the given words? (2점)
 - ① avoid: the movement of people or goods from one
 - 2 popular: the way something is treated or used
 - 3 realize: to understand a situation, sometimes suddenly
 - 4 rental: the degree to which something is a lot or a little
 - ⑤ usage: a condition giving a greater change of success
- **5.** Where is the best place of the given sentence in the dialogue among (A)~(E)? (2점)

— < dialogue > ———

Jiho: Do you have any plans for this weekend?

Julie: Nothing special. Why?

Jiho: How about going to the bike festival? (A)

Julie: Bike festival? That sounds interesting. What can we do there? (B)

Jiho: Lots of things, but the most important event is riding with K-pop stars. (C)

Julie: That sounds great. I'd like to go. (D)

Jiho: Don't forget to bring some water. (E)

Julie: Of course. See you then.

And you're supposed to wear a helmet, too.

- ① (A) ② (B) ③ (C) ④ (D) ⑤ (E)
- 6. What is the right order of the passage below? (3점)
 - (A) At 6 A.M., Mr. Jeong was so busy that he couldn't check his scripts.
 - (B) It was about a fire downtown. Now, he announces that there is a fire downtown.
 - (C) After the morning news, he had a meeting with the director of the evening news.
 - (D) So, he checked them while he was changing his clothes.
 - (E) At 5 P.M., the evening news began. Suddenly, breaking news was delivered.

 - ② (A) (B) (D) (E) (C)
 - (3) (E) (C) (D) (A) (B)
 - ④ (E) (B) (D) (A) (C)
 - ⑤ (E) (B) (A) (D) (C)

☞뒷면에 계속

[7-8] Read the passage and answer the questions.

Nikki Evans is a ①self-employed car mechanic in London. She used to be a librarian. [A] We asked her why she decided to work with cars. "My first reason was ②independence," she said. "I also wanted to use my hands, and I like to learn how things work. [B] "Nikki didn't find it easy to become a car mechanic. [C] She had to attend to Skills Center—a special sort of college where people can learn a new job – for twenty weeks. She tells us about it:

"For ten weeks I was the only woman among four hundred men. [D] And some of them were rude to me just because of <u>3my gender</u>. [E] It was also very tiring: from eight in the morning to five in the evening, with only thirty minutes for lunch." She is now <u>Ofreelance</u>, that is, not working for a garage or a company, but <u>5working for herself</u>.

- **7.** Which is <u>not</u> related with the others among ①~⑤ in the passage above? (2점)
 - ① self-employed
 - 2 independence
 - 3 my gender
 - 4 freelance
 - ⑤ working for herself
- 8. Where is the best place of the given sentence in the passage above? (3점)

Besides, I came to the conclusion that many people prefer to have a woman repair their cars.

- ① [A]
- ② [B]
- ③ [C]
- ④ [D]
- ⑤ [E]
- **9.** What is the most appropriate word in the blanks in 〈보기〉? (2점)
 - 보기 >When artists _____, they show their
 - works in public place.

 His work won a prize in the recent art
 - ① sell
- ② visit
- ③ relax

- ④ perform
- ⑤ exhibit

[10, 서술형1] Read the passage and answer the questions.

An Interview with a hurricane hunter

Lee: How did you enter this field?

Kim: I was working as a meteorologist. Then I saw a movie (A) (____) (____) called *Storm Chasers*. It was about hurricane hunters. I thought that it would be a very interesting job. Then two months later, I saw an ad for a hurricane researcher. I applied and got the job.

Lee: What do you like most about being a hurricane hunter?

Kim: I like working with the other scientists - it's a classroom in the sky. I also enjoy traveling around the world.

Lee: What is an average day like?

Kim: There are no average days in this job during hurricane season. The weather is constantly changing.

Lee: What advice would you give someone who wants to get this job?

Kim: Study math and science hard and be willing to travel.

- **10.** What <u>cannot</u> be answered after reading the passage above? (4점)
 - ① What made Kim change his job?
 - 2) How did Kim feel about his job?
 - 3 What did Kim used to do for a living?
 - 4 What kinds of scientists does Kim work with?
 - (5) How does Kim answer about his daily working life?

〈서술형 1〉

위 글에서 (A)에 생략된 단어들을 쓰시오. (4점)

- 〈조건〉가. 총 2단어를 채우고, 반드시 관계대명사를 한 번 사용할 것
 - 나. 어법상 올바른 형태여야 하며, 스펠링 등 의 오류가 없도록 작성할 것
- **〈배점〉** 조건에 따르지 않은 경우: 부분점수 없음

☞다음 장에 계속

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[11-13, 서술형2] Read the passage and answer the questions.

Announcer: Now with breaking news about a fire.

A fire started at ABC building <u>adowntown</u>.

We turn to reporter, Emily Young. What's the situation?

Reporter: There are many people **()(working/worked)** here. Let's hear more about the situation from fire fighter Kim Namsu. Mr. Kim, where did the fire start? And how many people are **()(injuring/injured)**?

Kim: It looks like the fire started on the second floor. Luckily, no one was badly hurt. Everything is almost under control now.

Reporter: (A) ?

Kim: We were checking the fire engine and equipment. <u>⑤Suddenly</u> the <u>©captain</u> shouted, "Fire! Get ready to move out." Then **(B)**<u>we</u> moved so quickly that we could arrive at the building in no time.

Reporter: What did your team do when you got to the building?

Kim: We found people **Clocking/locked**) in the second floor. Some of us put out the fire and others <u>Orescued</u> the people, who were carried to nearby <u>Orescued</u> ambulances.

- **11.** What is the most appropriate interview question in the blank **(A)**? (3점)
 - ① Why did your team move so quickly?
 - 2) Why were you checking the fire engine?
 - 3 What were you doing when the fire started?
 - What kind of equipment were you carrying to ABC building?
 - ⑤ Where did your captain stay when you were checking the fire engine?
- 12. What is the correct form of the word for 기니다? (4점)

| | \bigcirc | © | € |
|-----|------------|----------|---------|
| 1 | working | injuring | locking |
| 2 | worked | injured | locked |
| 3 | working | injured | locking |
| 4 | worked | injured | locking |
| (5) | working | injured | locked |

- **13.** Which is <u>not</u> a correct meaning of the underlined words? (2점)
 - 1 ⓐ downtown: the lower part or business center of a city
 - ② b suddenly: happening without warning

 - 4 d $\underline{\text{rescue}}$: to make ready beforehand for a specific purpose
 - ⑤ @ ambulances: specially equipped vehicles used to transport sick people

〈서술형 2〉

위 글에서 문장(B)를 "enough to~" 를 사용하여 같은 의미를 가진 문장으로 바꾸시오. (6점)

- ⟨조건⟩ 가. 총 12단어의 문장으로 영작할 것
 - 나. 문장의 의미가 바뀌지 않을 것
 - 다. 어법상 올바른 형태여야 하며, 스펠링 등 의 오류가 없도록 작성할 것
- **〈배점〉**조건에 따르지 않은 경우: 부분점수 없음
- 14. Which is the most appropriate among @~@? (4점)
 - 1. There are over a half billion bicycles in China. Bikes ⓐ have been brought to China since the late 1800s.
 - 2. Over the past 30 years, bicycle delivery services being developed into an important industry, especially in cities.
 - 3. Americans use their bicycles for ©<u>little</u> than one percent of all urban trips.
 - 4. The Tour de France is one of the most famous bicycle races in the world. Established in 1903, it dwas considered to be the biggest test of endurance out of all sports since then. Lance Armstrong, an American cyclist, is the only rider to have won seven titles (1999~2005) after @survival cancer.

| $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ | (b) | 3 0 | (A) (A) | (5) (e) |
|--|-----|-----|---------|---------|

☞뒷면에 계속

[15-16, 사슬형 3] Read and answer the questions.

Thousands of naked cyclists took part in a worldwide protest against gas-guzzling cars on June 11 in the 2005 World Naked Bike Ride. Organizers said, "Over 50 cities across the world experience the naked joy of the world's largest naked protest against oil @reliance and car culture in the history of humanity."

In London, hundreds of mostly naked and male protesters cycled past the British Houses of Parliament, the U.S. Embassy and other famous sights. They were **Oprotecting** against the West's overuse of cars. Perfect nudity was not a prerequisite to participate in the rides. People were asked simply to "just go as bare as you dare." One protester pointed out, "It's a protest against oil dependency and car culture, and the overuse of cars for **Oessential** reasons. There is too much pollution. It stinks in London, and we use too much fossil fuel."

Organizers also wanted to increase pedal power and greater use of bicycles. Their website stated, "A "
They said that by lessening our almost **@incomplete** thirst for oil and our **@independence** of cars, we could reduce pollution.

- **15.** What are the most appropriate expressions among ⓐ~@? **(2 answers)** (4점)
 - ① a 2 b 3 c 4 d 5 e
- **16.** Which of the followings is true according to the passage? (4점)
 - ① Only Londoners in the West took part in the event.
 - ② Protesters had to visit the U.S. Embassy for their permission.
 - ③ Participants need not take off all the clothes to attend the event.
 - ④ It has become the world's largest protest against nudity since 2005.
 - ⑤ The purpose of Bike Ride is to reduce pollution by lowering the use of bikes.

〈서술형 3〉

위 글의 밑줄 친 (A)를 〈보기〉의 뜻에 알맞게 영작하시오 (6점)

< 보기 >
 (A): 자동차 배기가스들에 대한 적절하지 못한 노출을 멈추고 우리 몸이 가진 힘을 격려할 때이다.
 □ It is time ()()()()()()
 () and ()() the power of our bodies.

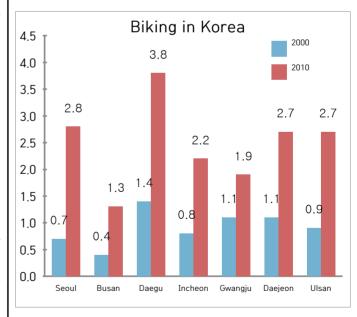
〈조건〉가. 〈보기〉의 우리말과 의미가 정확히 같도록 작성할 것

> 나. 빈 칸에 총 9단어를 채워 문장을 완성하고 줄임 표현을 하지 말 것 (줄임 표현 예시: You'd 또는 I'm (X))

다. 어법상 올바른 형태여야 하며, 스펠링 등의 오류가 없도록 작성할 것

〈배점〉 조건에 따르지 않은 경우: 부분점수 없음

- 17. Which underlined part is grammatically correct? (3점)
 - ① My friend is very prettier than me.
 - ② I think that the game is a lot funnier.
 - 3) There are much more candies in the box.
 - ④ My computer is even more old than yours.
 - (5) How many more money have you got than her?
- **18.** Which statement is <u>incorrect</u> according to the graph below? (4점)



- ① Daegu shows the highest increase from 2000.
- ② Gwangju shows the lowest increase from 2000.
- ③ Ulsan shows the third highest increase from 2000.
- 4 Busan shows the second lowest rate in 2010.
- ⑤ Seoul shows the second highest rate in 2010.

☞다음 장에 계속

| | 3학년 1학기 중간고사 | 과목명 | 영어 | 과목코드 | 10 |
|--------|--------------------|------|-----|-----------|----|
| 신반포중학교 | 2017학년도 4월 28일 1교시 | 출제자 | 안미영 | j, 이은경, 김 | 근영 |
| | | 반 번, | ই: |]름: | |

19. What <u>cannot</u> be answered after reading the text?

There is a market called Tsukiji Fish market in Tokyo, the capital of Japan. Tokyo's fish market is one of the largest and busiest markets in Japan. It attracts around 2,000 visitors each day of the weekend and according to the official website about 30% of those visitors are foreign tourists.

All tourists in the market are satisfied with the shopping in this market. Even those who do not like seafood are addicted to purchasing its marine life because of the market's lively atmosphere and orderly behaviors. Auctioneers have a lingo on their own, buyers wear wetsuits, and the market sells around 3,000 tons of fish each day and almost 800,000 tons per year. If you have a few days in Tokyo, squeeze in a day trip to Tsukiji Fish market and you will not be disappointed.

- ① Where is the Tsukiji Fish market in Japan?
- 2) What time does the Tsukiji Fish market open?
- 3 How many fish are sold at the Tsukiji Fish market per day?
- ④ Why do all visitors like to buy some fish at the Tsukiji Fish market?
- ⑤ How many visitors go to the Tsukiji Fish market on each day of weekend?
- **20.** Which of the followings is right order after the given sentence? (2점)

Hello, I'm looking for a new shirt.

- (A) It's 20,000 won.
- (B) Sounds great! I'll take it!
- (C) Yes, that's right. How much is it?
- (D) I prefer to buy a red shirt. Do you have it in small?
- (E) We already have many kinds. Which one do you like better?
- (F) Sure, here is a red shirt in small. By the way, are you sure that this is the thing that you wanted?
- (1) (A) (D) (F) (E) (B) (C)
- (2) (C) (D) (B) (A) (E) (F)
- (3) (D) (E) (F) (C) (B) (A)
- 4 (E) (F) (D) (C) (B) (A)
- (5) (E) (D) (F) (C) (A) (B)

〈서술형 4〉

아래의 우리말에 맞게 영어로 바르게 바꾸시오 (6점)

- 그 남자는 직접 보는 것이 훨씬 더 매력적으로 보인다.
- **〈조건〉가.** 반드시 "still, person"이 한 번씩만 들어가 도록 쓸 것
 - 나, 총 8단어의 문장으로 영작할 것
 - 다. 어법상 올바른 형태여야 하며, 스펠링 등의 오류가 없도록 작성할 것
- **〈배점〉**조건에 따르지 않은 경우: 부분점수 없음

〈서술형 5〉

다음 그림을 보고 남자가 최근에 운동을 시작하려는 여자에 게 할 수 있는 충고나 조언의 의미가 되도록 주어진 조건에 맞게 영작하시오. (5점)



- **〈조건〉가.** 반드시 "make, work, regularly"를 횟수 제한 없이 활용할 것
 - 나. 총 6단어의 문장으로 영작할 것
 - 다. 줄임 표현을 하지 말 것 (줄임 표현 예시: You'd 또는 I'm (X))
 - 라. 어법상 올바른 형태여야 하며, 스펠링 등의 오류가 없도록 작성할 것
- **〈배점〉**조건에 따르지 않은 경우: 부분점수 없음

☞뒷면에 계속

[21-22] Read and answer the questions.

Dear Jessica,

Today was a very fun day for me. I spent most of my time at Namdaemun Market. Namdaemun Market is one of the oldest and largest markets in Korea. This market is very lively. The streets are busy with sellers and shoppers. (A) The thing which I liked the most about this market was the colorful sea of parasols. It looked so pretty.

Most of the street shops sell local products. I think that I can find almost anything here. I bought some T-shirts printed with cute characters for my friends in Seattle. The price here was much cheaper than in supermarkets. I will leave for Seattle after a few more days in Seoul. I heard that Inho is in Seattle now. I am looking forward to seeing you and Inho in Seattle. See you soon!

Justin

- **21.** Which of followings is the same in the usage as **(A)The thing which** above? (2점)
 - \bigcirc who
- ② when
- ③ what

- 4 whom
- (5) where
- **22.** Which of followings is true according to the passage? (3점)
 - ① Namdaemun Market is the oldest and smallest market in Korea.
 - ② Justin expects to meet Jessica and Inho in Seattle a few more days later.
 - ③ Using a colorful parasol at the Namdaemun market is a prerequisite for the sellers.
 - ④ Justin thinks that the price at the Namdaemun market was much more expensive than the one in supermarkets.
 - ⑤ Justin thinks that it is hard to find out the thing which he wants to buy because the Namdaemun markets sell only local products.

〈서술형 6〉

The pictures below are about the rules people have to follow in public places. Describe these pictures based on Korean meanings. (각 4점/ 총 8점)

(1)



모든 승객들은 지하철 안에서 조용히 말하는 것이 중요하다. (12단어)

(2)



관객들이 그들의 휴대전화를 끄는 것이 필수적이다. **(11단어)**

- 《조건》가. 반드시 To 부정사를 이용하여 주어진 우리 말과 의미가 정확히 같도록 작성할 것
 - 나. (1), (2) 각각 제시된 단어의 개수와 동일하 게 작성하고 줄임 표현을 하지 말 것 (줄임 표현 예시: You'd 또는 I'm (X))
 - 다. 어법상 올바른 형태여야 하며, 스펠링 등의 오류가 없도록 작성할 것

〈배점〉조건에 따르지 않은 경우: 부분점수 없음

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※ 선택형 22문항, 서술형 6문항입니다. OMR카드 마킹 여부와 서술형 답안 작성을 꼭 확인하세요.

| 중간고사 지필평가(점수) (문항 당 배점 : 각 문항에 표기) | | 합계 |
|--|----------|------|
| 선택형(22문항) | 서술형(6문항) | (점수) |
| 65 | 35 | 100 |

<객관식 정답>

| . 1 . 1 . 0 ! | - |
|---------------|-----|
| 문제 | 정답 |
| 1 | 2 |
| 2 | 1 |
| 3 | 4 |
| 4 | 3 |
| 5 | 5 |
| 6 | 1 |
| 7 | 3 |
| 8 | 2 |
| 9 | 5 |
| 10 | 4 |
| 11 | 3 |
| 12 | 5 |
| 13 | 4 |
| 14 | 1 |
| 15 | 1,4 |
| 16 | 3 |
| 17 | 2 |
| 18 | 4 |
| 19 | 2 |
| 20 | 5 |
| 21 | 3 |
| 22 | 2 |
| | |

| 문항 번호 | 정답 |
|----------|--|
| 서5 | (Make) (sure) (you) (work) (out) (regularly). |
| 서6 | (1) (It) (is) (important) (for) (every) (passenger) (to) (talk) (quietly) (in) (the) (subway). |
| | (2) (It) (is) (necessary) (for) (the) (audience) (to) (turn) (off) (their) (cellphone(s)). |

<서술형 정답>

| 문항 번호 | 정답 |
|-----------|--|
| 서1 | (A) (which) (is) |
| 서2 | (We) (moved) (quickly) (enough) (to) (arrive) (at) (the) (building) (in) (no) (time). |
| H3 | It is time (to) (stop) (indecent) (exposure) (to) (automobile) (emission(s)) and (to) (celebrate) the power of our bodies. |
| 서4 | The man (looks) (still) (more) (attractive) (in) (person). |