신반포중학교 -	3학년 1학기 기말고사	과목명	영어	과목코드	10
	2017학년도 7월 3일 3교시	출제자	이은경,	김근영, 역	안미영
		반 번,	ই:]름:	

※ 다음 문제를 읽고 물음에 맞는 답을 찾아 선택형은 OMR카드에, 서술형은 서술형 답안지에 작성하세요.

- 1. Which is the most appropriate dialogue? (2점)
 - ① A: Hello, Jake. I want to know when it will be done.
 - B: Sorry, I'm not sure. Can I call you back later?
 - ② A: Why are you pulling my leg?
 - B: Sure, I just wonder what makes lightning happen.
 - ③ A: Hi, Bora. This is Jack. How are you?
 - B: Sorry. That's not what I want to say.
 - 4 A: Hi, Juri! What took you so long to answer?
 - B: How about playing tennis if it doesn't rain tomorrow?
 - ⑤ A: Why don't you keep calling me?
 - B: You can count on me. Thank you for cheering me up.
- 2. Which sentence has a different meaning from the rest among ①~⑤? (3점)
 - ① But for this password, the complicated code could not be solved.
 - ② Thanks to this password, the complicated code could not be solved.
 - ③ If it were not for this password, the complicated code could not be solved.
 - ④ Were it not for this password, the complicated code could not be solved.
 - ⑤ Without this password, the complicated code could not be solved.

[3~4] Read the passage and answer the questions.

(a) Being tired of touring, the Beatles spent more time in (b) writing and recording songs. The songs from this time were different. The first change was Yesterday. (c) Unlike the earlier songs that were simple and happy, Yesterday was sad and was supported by classical instruments.

The album, *Rubber Soul* (1965) was (d)<u>even much</u> different. [A] All the songs on the album were written by the Beatles. Also the words in the songs were thoughtful and complicated. Some of them were difficult to understand. [B]

With the success of their final album, *Abbey Road* (1969), the Beatles decided (e)to go their separate ways. [C] In 1970, they were no longer a band. Each man took a different musical path. [D]

There were many good bands during the time of the Beatles, but the Beatles were thought to be the best. [E] Through their hard work and creativity, they changed the world of music forever! The Beatles are gone now, but their music will live forever.

3. Where is the best place of the given sentence in the passage above? (3점)

In addition to that, Indian instruments, saxophones, and trumpets were mixed with the sound of the band, making their music more complicated.

- $\textcircled{1} \ \, \texttt{[A]} \quad \, \textcircled{2} \ \, \texttt{[B]} \quad \, \textcircled{3} \ \, \texttt{[C]} \quad \, \textcircled{4} \ \, \texttt{[D]} \quad \, \textcircled{5} \ \, \texttt{[E]}$
- **4.** Which is the most inappropriate among (a)~(e) in the passage above? (2점)
 - 1 (a) being tired
 - 2 (b) writing and recording
 - ③ (c) unlike
 - (4) (d) even much
 - ⑤ (e) to go

☞뒷면에 계속

[5~7] Read the passage and answer the questions.

For almost 10 years, the Beatles made the most remembered music in pop history. They loved music, worked hard, and tried many different styles of music from the blues to Indian classical.

When ①they started the band, all they dreamed of was rock and roll. In 1956, Paul met John and they made a rock band. The next year, George joined the band as the lead guitarist. Later in 1962, Ringo joined the Beatles as the drummer. When they got their first job in Hamburg, ②they had to perform all night in a club. Though they didn't get enough sleep, ③they practiced their music very hard and wrote many songs.

Newspapers wrote, "Beatlemania Sweeps the World!" As the reporters shouted questions, 4 they took the pictures. Fans screamed and sometimes fought with the police to get close to see the Beatles. Beatlemania became the youth culture of the 1960s. When 5they released the single, *I Want to Hold Your Hand* in late 1963, it immediately hit number one on the charts. (a)Selling nearly 5 million copies in the U.S. by 1968, the album became one of the best selling singles of the 1960s.

- **5.** Which question <u>cannot</u> be answered according to the passage above? (3점)
 - ① What kinds of genre did the Beatles perform?
 - ② Why did the reporters fight with police?
 - 3 What instrument did George play in the band?
 - 4 Where did the Beatles start to play their music?
 - ⑤ What was the title of Beatles' best selling single in the 1960s?
- **6.** Which "<u>they</u>" is different from the others among ①~ ⑤ in the passage above? (2점)
 - 1
- (2)
- (3)
- **(4**)
- (5)

- 7. Which underlined word is the same usage with (a)Selling in the passage above? (3점)
 - ① It being too dark, I turned on the light.
 - 2) They are making cookies for her birthday.
 - ③ The students looks busy doing their homework.
 - 4 Who woke up the lion which was sleeping well?
 - (5) They enjoyed eating the brand-new menu.

〈서술형 1〉

다음 문장의 밑줄 친 부분을 아래의 조건에 맞게 같은 내용을 가진 문장으로 고치시오. (4점)

As we had watched the movie, we knew how the story ended in the movie.

Û

()()(), we knew how the story ended in the movie.

〈조건〉가. 반드시 <u>분사구문</u>를 사용할 것

나. 줄임 표현을 쓰지 말고 각 빈 칸에 한 개 의 단어만 쓸 것 (총4단어)

〈배점〉조건에 따르지 않은 경우 : 부분점수 없음

- 8. Which is the most appropriate word for blank ⓐ, ⓑ, and ⓒ? (3점)
 - < Words to Meanings>
 - contain : to have something (ⓐ) or include something as a part
 - mining: the industry of ($\ensuremath{\textcircled{b}}$) substances such as coal from the ground by digging
- lead: to (©) a group of people or a country

(a)

(b)

(c)

① outside

obtaining

control

② outside

removing

invite

 $\ensuremath{\Im}$ beneath

having

follow

4 inside

removing

control

(5) inside

obtaining

follow

☞다음 장에 계속

신반포중학교	3학년 1학기 기말고사	과목명	영어	과목코드	10
	2017학년도 7월 3일 3교시	출제자	이은경,	김근영, 역	안미영
		반 번	ই:]름:	

[9~10, 서술형2] Read the passage and answer the questions.

Jazz grew up in and around New Orleans, Louisiana, spreading out to Chicago and New York City later. Jazz is a mixture of different styles of music and traditions. When Africans were forced to come to the U.S. as slaves, they brought their own ways of making music. They also heard other kinds of music such as brass bands, gospel music, and Spanish music. All these different kinds of music were mixed together. The result was jazz.

Jazz was a new sound. It was created by black musicians and first played in the late 1890s. Originally called 'Jass,' the name was later changed to 'Jazz.' Here are some important (A) to know about jazz music:

- <u>(B)</u>: Jazz was not played just from written notes. Many jazz musicians could not even read music. Instead, much of the music was improvised.
- -Musical notes that were 'Bent' or 'Slurred' are common in jazz. These notes are called 'Blue Notes' and can sound sad, happy, or angry.
- -In jazz, the rhythm or beat comes from different instruments in the band, not just the drum. The other instruments in a jazz band are the cornet, trumpet, violin, alto saxophone, slide trombone, double bass, grand piano, clarinet, guitar, or banjo.
- -Syncopation: Rhythms change in an unexpected way, from the strong beat to the weak beat, so jazz music sounds surprising.
- -Jazz is not commonly sung, but played on instruments.
- **9.** What is the most proper word for blank (A) in the passage above? (3점)
 - ① kinds
- 2 paths
- ③ ways

- 4 traditions
- (5) features

- **10.** Who are the <u>two</u> people saying wrong about Jazz after reading the passage above? (4점)
 - ① James: Thanks to syncopation, we can expect similar rhythms in Jazz music.
 - ② John: I've learned that Jazz was not the original name when it was created.
 - ③ Jane: African slaves created the genre of Jazz.
 - ④ Jessica: 'Blue Notes' can express human's emotions and feelings in Jazz.
 - ⑤ Jim: Even though Jazz is a mixture of different kinds of music, it doesn't need many instruments to play.

〈서술형 2〉

다음은 위 본문의 (B)에 들어갈 단어를 설명한 것이다. 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오. (3점)

(B) is the practice of acting, singing, dancing, and performing in response to one's inner feelings. The terms such as "let's play it by ear," "take it as it comes," and "make it up as we go along" are all used to describe it.

〈조건〉가. 반드시 본문에 있는 단어를 사용하되 형태를 바꿀 것

나. 스펠링 등 어법상 오류가 없도록 작성할 것 <배점> 조건에 따르지 않은 경우 : 부분점수 없음

11. Which underlined word is the same in the usage as that in <example>? (4점)

I realized the fact <u>that</u> I lost the way.

- 1) Look at that man over there.
- 2) The women that are working here are teachers.
- 3 It was you that I met in the library last night.
- 4 He was told the news $\underline{\textbf{that}}$ he didn't want to hear.

☞뒷면에 계속

[서술형3, 12~13] Read the passage and answer the questions.

Adidas has made a sports shoe from ocean garbage. The trainer is part of a project to raise awareness of the big problem of ocean pollution. Adidas has joined with an organization called Parley, which protects and preserves the Earth's oceans. Parley's founder spoke about the cooperation with Adidas. He said: "

We are extremely proud that Adidas is joining us in this mission to show that it is possible to turn ocean plastic into something cool."

Garbage in the ocean is a huge problem.

- [A] This plastic garbage kills over a million seabirds and 100,000 marine animals every year.
- [B] UNESCO estimates that there are 30,000 pieces of plastic for every square kilometer of ocean.
- [C] Adidas says the new trainer made from ocean waste will be released later this year.
- [D] Adidas has used some of this plastic, as well as illegal fishing nets, to make its new trainer.

In another project to help the environment, the sportswear maker said it would stop handing out plastic bags in all its stores across the world. This will happen in the near future.

〈서술형 3〉

주어진 우리말과 정확하게 일치하도록 빈 칸에 알맞은 단어를 쓰시오. (5점)

(A): 우리의 목적은 대중의 인지도를 높이고, 바다를 보호하고 보존하는데 기여할 수 있는 새로운 협력을 고무시키는(영감을 주는) 것이다.

	Ų	/		
Our objective	e is to () () (),
and to () () ()
that can () () ()
and () the oceans.			

- **〈조건〉가.** 반드시 "to, public, inspire, aware" 를 한 번 씩 사용하고 필요할 경우 형태를 바꿀 것
 - 나. 스펠링 등 어법상 오류가 없도록 작성할 것
 - 다. 줄임 표현을 쓰지 말고 각 빈 칸에 한 개 의 단어만 쓸 것 (총10단어)
- **〈배점〉**조건에 따르지 않은 경우 : 부분점수 없음

- **12.** Which is the most proper order of the sentences of the second paragraph in the passage above? (3점)
 - ① [A] [B] [C] [D]
 - ② [A] [C] [B] [D]
 - ③ [B] [A] [D] [C]
 - ④ [B] [C] [A] [D]
 - ⑤ [B] [A] [C] [D]
- 13. Which is correct according to the passage above? (3점)
 - ① Parley is a company which invents new shoe designs.
 - ② Adidas used only plastics to make its new trainers.
 - ③ Plastic kills about 100,000 seabirds and a million marine animals every year.
 - ④ It was hard to see people using plastic bags in Adidas stores before the project.
 - ⑤ Adidas didn't launch the new project by themselves.

〈서술형 4〉

주어진 문장을 의미가 정확하게 일치하도록 빈 칸에 알 맞은 단어를 쓰시오. (6점)

- (1) This is how she received A on the test.
- \rightarrow This is () () () she received A on the test.
- (2) They visited the museum, where their teacher explained important historical events.
- → They visited the museum, () () their teacher explained important historical events.
- **(조건) 가.** 줄임 표현을 쓰지 말고 각 빈 칸에 한 개 의 단어만 쓸 것
 - 나. 스펠링 등 어법상 오류가 없도록 작성할 것
- **〈배점〉가.** 조건에 따르지 않은 경우 : 부분점수 없음
 - **나.** (1), (2) 각 3점씩

□ 다음 장에 계속

과목명 영어 과목코드 10 3학년 1학기 기말고사 이은경, 김근영, 안미영 신반포중학교 출제자 2017학년도 7월 3일 3교시 ήŀ 버호: 이름:

14. What is the most appropriate expression for the blank (A)? (2점)

(A)

- B: What did you say? I don't see anything around us.
- A: That's not what I meant to say. It means I want to make people feel more comfortable and relaxed.
 - ① I have a long face.
 - ② I want to break the ice.
 - (3) I could eat a horse.
 - 4 I need to face the music.
 - ⑤ I have butterflies in my stomach.
- 15. How many sentences have the same meaning of as in the example? (3점)

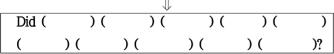
— < example> -You don't need to study as you have already passed the exam.

- We did as my teacher had asked.
- As you were not at home, I left you a message.
- As I don't like fish, I didn't eat any fish.
- As she is smart, she has many ideas for the problem.
- As time goes by, my sister becomes pretty.
 - ① 1개 ② 2개 ③ 3개 ④ 4개 ⑤ 5개

〈서술형 5〉

주어진 우리말과 정확하게 일치하도록 영작하시오. (5점) 너는 그녀가 세 개의 언어를 말할 수 있다는 그 소

문을 들었니?



〈조건〉가. 반드시 "speak, that, hear" 를 사용할 것

- 나. 숫자도 영어로 쓸 것
- 다. 스펠링 등 어법상 오류가 없도록 작성할 것
- 라. 줄임 표현을 쓰지 말고 각 빈 칸에 한 개의 단어만 쓸 것 (총10단어)

〈배점〉 조건에 따르지 않은 경우 : 부분점수 없음

[16~17] Read the passage and answer the questions.

The amount of electronic products @discarded globally has **(b)skyrocketed** recently, with 20-50 million tons of waste **©generated** every year. If such a huge figure is hard to imagine, think of it like this - if the [A]estimating amount of electronic waste (e-waste) generated every year would [B]put into containers on a train, it [C]goes once around the world!

E-waste now makes up five percent of all @ municipal solid waste worldwide, nearly the same amount as all plastic packaging, but it is far more dangerous.

E-waste is now the fastest growing @component of the municipal solid waste stream because people are [D]upgrading their mobile phones, computers, televisions, audio equipment, and printers more frequently than ever before. Mobile phones and computers are causing the biggest problem because they are [E]replacing most often.

- **16.** Which is **not** properly changed among @~@ in the passage above? (3점)
 - ① ⓐ discarded \rightarrow disposed of
 - 2 b skyrocketed \rightarrow increased
 - \bigcirc \bigcirc generated \rightarrow produced
 - 4 d municipal \rightarrow rural
 - \bigcirc element \rightarrow element
- 17. Which is the most grammatically correct? (3점)
 - ① [A] ② [B] ③ [C] (4) [D] ⑤ [E]

☞뒷면에 계속

[18~20] Read the passage and answer the questions.

People say different things about lightning.

Some are true, but some are false. (7) While a house is a good place for lightning safety, just be inside does not mean you are safe. You must stay away from things that are connected to the outside. For example, telephones, TV sets, metal doors, or windows can become a path for lightning Bto be entered your house. Don't stand near a window to watch lightning. An inside room is generally the safest place to be.

Most people know that they should look for the safe place once they see storm clouds in the sky. But, few know that one of the most dangerous times to be hit by lightning is before a storm. This is because lightning can strike far away in the storm, even a clear sky <u>©can dangerous</u>. So, you can never <u>©been too safe</u> when it comes

to lightning safety.

You have to remember that both right distance and proper shelter **Eare** your best protection from lightning.

- **18.** Which question can be answered according to the passage above? (3점)
 - ① How many people know the true facts about lightning safety?
 - 2 What kinds of storm clouds are dangerous to us?
 - ③ How can we get some more information about lightning?
 - ④ What should we stay away from when there is lightning?
 - ⑤ How can we measure the safety distance from lightning in our house?
- **19.** Choose two which are the same usage as (가)while in the passage above. (4점)
 - ① While I studied very hard, I failed the exam.
 - 2 We had a great time while we visited the country.
 - While there's no evidence, he thinks she is guilty.
 - ④ Watch out your steps <u>while</u> you' re coming up the stairs.
 - ⑤ While I was in Korea, I taught English to many foreigners.

20. Which is grammatically correct among A~E? (3점)

① A 2 B 3 C 4 D 5 E

〈서술형 6〉

아래 그림을 보고 번개가 곧 치려는 상황에서 축구를 하고 있는 학생들에게 충고나 조언의 의미가 되도록 빈칸을 채워 글을 완성하시오 (4점)



축구 그만해! 그거 알아? 번개는 어떤 폭풍우에서라도 10km까지 발생할 수 있 어. 빨리 실내로 들어가는 것이 좋을 거야.

Stop playing	soccer! You	know who	at?	
Lightning () () () ()
10 kilometers	from any ().	So, you'	d
()() () quick	dy.	

〈조건〉가. 반드시 "happen, can, up" 를 사용할 것

나. 줄임 표현을 쓰지 말고 각 빈 칸에 한 개 의 단어만 쓸 것 (총8단어)

라. 스펠링 등 어법상 오류가 없도록 작성할 것 **〈배점〉**조건에 따르지 않은 경우 : 부분점수 없음

☞다음 장에 계속

| 3학년 1학기 기말고사 | 과목명 영어 과목코드 10 | 출제자 이은경, 김근영, 안미영 | 반 번호: 이름: _____

[21~22] Read the passage and answer the questions.

You might not know it, but there are many ⓐ <u>valuable materials</u> all around our cities. You might even have some in your pockets right now. We are not talking about gold rings or <u>bjewelry</u>. We are talking about <u>opersonal</u> electronics.

We live in a world where people dispose of old electronics without a second thought. Electronics that people don't use anymore and throw away are called '@e-waste.'

How can we solve the problem of e-waste? 'Urban Mining' is one way. [A] E-waste contains large amounts of @valuable metals such as gold, iron, and copper. [B] Getting gold from old electronics is better than digging it from the earth. That's why it's called 'Urban Mining. [C] First, the earth does not have enough materials to keep making things forever. So, it's better to recycle materials than to dig them from the ground. [D] Second, if people keep throwing away their electronics, it will lead to mountains of e-waste. 'Urban Mining' helps materials to go back to the places where they came. [E] 'Urban Mining' is the process of finding not only valuable materials, but also value from waste materials. Why don't you try finding value from things around you?

21. Which is <u>not</u> related to "urban mining" among @~ @ in the passage above? (3점)

C = F.....

② (b) ③ (c)

(4) (d)

(5) (e)

22. Where is the best place of the given sentence in the passage above? (3점)

There are also two green reasons to practice 'Urban Mining.'

① [A]

(1) (a)

② [B]

③ [C]

④ [D]

⑤ [E]

〈서술형 7〉

주어진 가정법 문장을 직설법 문장으로 정확하게 바꾸시오. (8점)

(1) (4점)	If I flew like a bird, I could arrive at the top quickly. →
(2) (4점)	I wish he bought a ring for the lady. \rightarrow

〈조건〉가. 가정법과 직설법 문장의 의미가 일치하도 록 작성할 것

나. 스펠링 등 어법상 오류가 없도록 작성할 것 **(배점)** 조건에 따르지 않은 경우 : 부분점수 없음

----<끝>----

※ 선택형 22문항, 서술형 7문항입니다. OMR카드 마킹 여부와 서술형 답안 작성을 꼭 확인하세요.

기말고사 지필평가(점수) (문항 당 배점 : 각 문항에 표기)		합 계 (전소)
선택형(22문항)	서술형(7문항)	(점수)
65	35	100

〈객관식 정답〉

문제	정답
1	1
1 2 3 4	2
3	2 2 4 2 4
4	4
5	2
6	4
7 8	1 4
8	4
9	5
10	1,5 5 3 5 2 3 4
11	5
12 13	3
13	5
14	2
15	3
16 17	4
17	4
18	4
19	1,3
20	1,3 5 2 3
21	2
22	3

〈서술형 정답〉

문제	정답
서1	Having watched the movie
서2	improvisation / improvising
서3	Our objective is to boost public awareness, and to inspire new collaboration(s) that can contribute to protect and preserve the oceans.
(1) the way in which	
서4	(2) and there
서5	Did you hear the rumor(rumour) that she can(could) speak three languages?
서6	Lightning can happen up to 10 kilometers from any storm(s). So you'd better go(get) inside(indoors) quickly.
서7	(1) As(Because) I can't (dont't) fly like a bird, I can't arrive at the top quickly.
	(2) I'm sorry (that) he doesn't' buy a ring for the lady.