Cheat sheet 2: EIT Pulse Propagation and Storage

Pulse propagation – Static control field¹

Input – Output relation in frequency domain: $E(\omega,z)=e^{ikz\chi(\omega)}E(\omega,z=0)$

Optical depth d: $I_{out}(\omega) = I_{in}(\omega) e^{-d}$, $d = kL \ Im \ \chi(\omega)$

Resonant optical depth for $\Omega_c = 0$: $d_0 = \frac{N}{V} \frac{2|\mu_{12}|^2}{\epsilon_0 \hbar} \frac{kL}{\nu_2}$

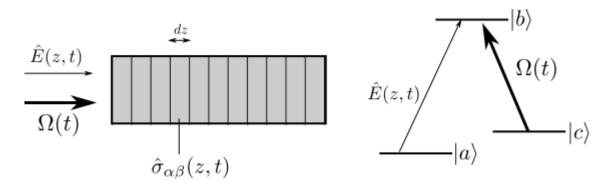
Group delay:

$$\begin{split} \tau_d &= L \left(\frac{1}{v_{gr}} - \frac{1}{c} \right) = \frac{d_0}{\gamma_2} \frac{|\Omega_c|^2/\gamma_3^2 - 1}{|1 + |\Omega_c|^2/(\gamma_2\gamma_3)|^2} \\ &\simeq d_0 \left(\frac{\gamma_2}{|\Omega_c|^2} - \frac{\gamma_2^2}{|\Omega_c|^4} \gamma_3 \right) \end{split}$$

Spectral width of the transparency window: $\sigma \sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{d_0}} \; (\gamma_3 + |\Omega_c|^2/\gamma_2)$

Fractional delay: $\frac{\tau_d}{\tau_p} \sim \tau_d \sigma \simeq \sqrt{d_0} \left(1 - \frac{\gamma_2^2 \gamma_3^2}{|\Omega_c|^4}\right)$

Dark-State Polaritons^{2,3}



Slowly varying operators

$$\hat{E}(z,t) = \sum_{k} \hat{a}_{k}(t) e^{i(kz-\omega_{ba}t)}, \qquad \hat{\sigma}_{\alpha\beta}(z,t) = \frac{1}{N_{z}} \sum_{j=1}^{N_{z}} |\alpha_{j}\rangle\langle\beta_{j}| e^{-i\omega_{\alpha\beta}t}$$

Interaction Hamiltonian in continuous limit

$$\begin{split} H &= -\frac{N}{L} \int_0^L dz \left(\hbar g \sum_k \hat{a}_k(t) e^{ikz} \hat{\sigma}_{ba}(z,t) + \hbar \Omega \, \hat{\sigma}_{bc}(z,t) + H.c. \right) \\ g &= \mu_{ba} \sqrt{\frac{\omega_{ba}}{2\hbar \epsilon_0 V}} \end{split}$$

Time evolution in slowly-varying amplitude approximation and for low excitation

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + c \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\right) \hat{E}(z,t) = igN \hat{\sigma}_{ba}(z,t)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ba}(z,t) = -\frac{i}{\Omega(t)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \hat{\sigma}_{ac}(z,t), \quad \sigma_{ac}(z,t) = -\frac{g\hat{E}(z,t)}{\Omega(t)} + \text{terms with } \frac{\partial}{\partial t}$$

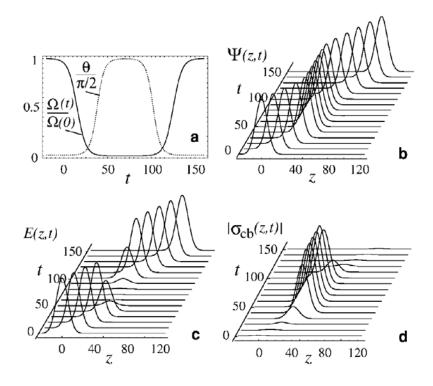
Adiabatic limit

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + c \frac{\partial}{\partial z}\right) \hat{E}(z, t) = -\frac{g^2 N}{\Omega(t)} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \frac{\hat{E}(z, t)}{\Omega(t)}$$

Introduce polariton field $\widehat{\Psi}(z,t) = \cos\theta(t)\,\widehat{E}(z,t) - \sin\theta(t)\,\sqrt{N}\,\widehat{\sigma}_{ab}(z,t)$ with $\tan^2\theta(t) = \frac{g^2N}{|\Omega(t)|^2}$, such that

$$\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + v_{gr}(t)\frac{\partial}{\partial z}\right)\widehat{\Psi}(z,t) = 0$$
, where $v_{gr}(t) = c\cos^2\theta(t)$

Example plot for light storage²:



Further reading (optional)

- 1. Fleischhauer, M., Imamoglu, A. & Marangos, J. Electromagnetically induced transparency: Optics in coherent media. *Rev. Mod. Phys.* **77**, 633–673 (2005).
- 2. Fleischhauer, M. & Lukin, M. D. Dark-State Polaritons in Electromagnetically Induced Transparency. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **84,** 5094–5097 (2000).
- 3. Fleischhauer, M. & Lukin, M. D. Quantum memory for photons: Dark-state polaritons. Phys. Rev. A 65, 022314 (2002).