

Table 1: Referring to classes, methods and data members

1	<pre> class Son extends Father { int bar; } class Father { void foo() { PrintInt(8); } } </pre>	ERROR
2	<pre> class Edge { Vertex u; Vertex v; } class Vertex { int weight; } </pre>	ERROR
3	<pre> class UseBeforeDef { void foo() { bar(8); } void bar(int i) { PrintInt(i); } } </pre>	ERROR
4	<pre> class UseBeforeDef { void foo() { PrintInt(i); } int i; } </pre>	ERROR

Table 2: Method overloading and variable shadowing are both illegal in **L**.

1	<pre> class Father { int foo() { return 8; } } class Son extends Father { void foo() { PrintInt(8); } } </pre>	ERROR
2	<pre> class Father { int foo(int i) { return 8; } } class Son extends Father { int foo(int j) { return j; } } </pre>	OK
3	<pre> class IllegalSameName { void foo() { PrintInt(8); } void foo(int i) { PrintInt(i); } } </pre>	ERROR
4	<pre> class IllegalSameName { int foo; void foo(int i) { PrintInt(i); } } </pre>	ERROR
5	<pre> class Father { int foo; } class Son extends Father { string foo; } </pre>	ERROR
6	<pre> class Father { int foo; } class Son extends Father { void foo() { } } </pre>	ERROR

Table 3: Class Son is a semantically valid input for foo.

<pre> class Father { int i; } class Son extends Father { int j; } void foo(Father f) { PrintInt(f.i); } void main(){ Son s; foo(s); } </pre>	OK
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Table 4: nil sent instead of a (Father) class is semantically allowed.

<pre>class Father { int i; } void foo(Father f){ PrintInt(f.i); } void main(){ foo(nil); }</pre>	OK
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Table 5: Non interchangeable array types.

<pre>array gradesArray = int[]; array IDsArray = int[]; void F(IDsArray ids){ PrintInt(ids[6]); } void main() { IDsArray ids := new int[8]; gradesArray grades := new int[8]; F(grades); }</pre>	ERROR
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Table 6: nil sent instead of an integer array is semantically allowed.

<pre>array IntArray = int[]; void F(IntArray A){ PrintInt(A[8]); } void main(){ F(nil); }</pre>	OK
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Table 7: Assignments.

1	class Father { int i; } Father f := nil;	OK
2	class Father { int i; } class Son extends Father { int j; } Father f := new Son;	OK
3	class Father { int i; } class Son extends Father { int j := 8; }	OK
4	class Father { int i := 9; } class Son extends Father { int j := i; }	ERROR
5	class Father { int foo() { return 90; } } class Son extends Father { int j := foo(); }	ERROR
6	class IntList { int head := -1; IntList tail := new IntList; }	ERROR
7	class IntList { IntList tail; void Init() { tail := new IntList; } int head; }	OK
8	array gradesArray = int[]; array IDsArray = int[]; IDsArray i := new int[8]; gradesArray g := new int[8]; void foo() { i := g; }	ERROR
9	string s := nil;	ERROR

Table 8: Equality testing.

1	<pre> class Father { int i; int j; } int Check(Father f) { if (f = nil) { return 800; } return 774; } </pre>	OK
2	<pre> int Check(string s) { return s = "LosPollosHermanos"; } </pre>	OK
3	<pre> array gradesArray = int[]; array IDsArray = int[]; IDsArray i:= new int[8]; gradesArray g:=new int[8]; int j := i = g; </pre>	ERROR
4	<pre> string s1; string s2 := "HankSchrader"; int i := s1 = s2; </pre>	OK

Table 9: Binary Operations.

1	<pre> class Father { int foo() { return 8/0; } } </pre>	ERROR
2	<pre> class Father { string s1; string s2; } void foo(Father f) { f.s1 := f.s1 + f.s2; } </pre>	OK
3	<pre> class Father { string s1; string s2; } void foo(Father f) { int i := f.s1 < f.s2; } </pre>	ERROR
4	<pre> class Father { int j; int k; } int foo(Father f) { int i := 620; return i < f.j; } </pre>	OK

Table 10: Scope Rules.

1	<pre>int salary := 7800; void foo() { string salary := "six"; }</pre>	OK
2	<pre>int salary := 7800; void foo(string salary) { PrintString(salary); }</pre>	OK
3	<pre>void foo(string salary) { int salary := 7800; PrintString(salary); }</pre>	ERROR
4	<pre>string myvar := "ab"; class Father { Father myvar := nil; void foo() { int myvar := 100; PrintInt(myvar); } }</pre>	OK
5	<pre>int foo(string s) { return 800;} class Father { string foo(string s) { return s; } void Print() { PrintString(foo("Jerry")); } }</pre>	OK