## **COMSEND CLASS**

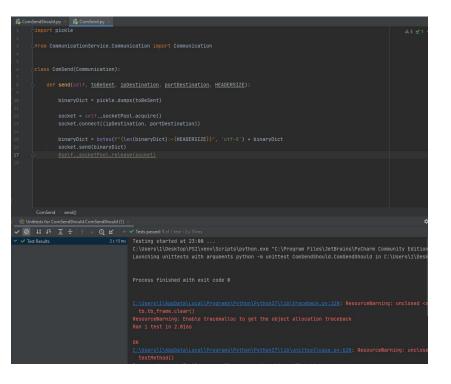
#### **BEFORE IMPLEMENTING:**

```
| Composed boundary | Composed content | Composed c
```

Explanation: In the first test, we had not caught the ConnectionRefused exception yet

The first test will fail because no ConnectionRefusedError is caught (no implemented component)

So, we'll write the code and run the tests again



And the test will pass this time.

We add the second test, for success. It will run if we maintain this version of the ComSend class. So, we are going to comment on it for a while to see what's happening.

```
CommendShould.py

def test_failWhereConnectionRefused(self):

comsend = Comsend(SocketPool(5))

fine server is at the designated address
with self.assertRaises(ConnectionRefusedError):

comsend = Comsend(socketPool(5))

fine server is at the designated address
with self.assertRaises(ConnectionRefusedError):

comsend.send(colesent="ownwabata", inDestination="127.0.0.1",

monthsestInation=4455,

HEADERSIZE=100

def test_successWhenConnectionValid(self):

comsend = Comsend(socketPool(5))

toBeSent = "dummyData"
ipDestination = "127.0.0.1"

portDestination = "127.0.0.1"

portDestination = 4455

HEADERSIZE=10

server_thread = threading.Thread(tanget=run_fake_server)

server_thread = threading.Thread(tanget=run_fake_server)

server_thread.start()

time.sleep(0.5)

comsend.send(toBesent, ipDestination,
 portDestination,

portDestination,

comsendShould

time.sleep(0.5)

time.sleep(0.5)

comsendShould

time.sleep(0.5)

c
```

We will observe that the second test will run infinitely because the corresponding process will not join (no message is sent by the sender). We will undo the commenting code and obtain the result

```
### Commonstant Service | A | Second | A |
```

### **COMRECEIVE CLASS**

Writing a test with no receiver implemented (dummy connection test)

```
ComReceiveShould.py
      def run_fake_client():
          global bufferZone
      class ComReceiveShould(TestCase):
          def test_receiveConnection(self):
              client_thread = threading.Thread(target=run_fake_client)
              client_thread.start()
              comReceive = ComReceive(SocketPool(5))
              client_thread.join()
              if bufferZone == "CONNECTION ERROR":
  Ø ↓₹ ↓₹ ₹ ↑ ↓ Q ڬ » 8 Tests failed: 1 of 1 test – 2 s 515 ms
                     2s515ms Testing started at 23:59 ...
 ⊗ Test Results
   ⊗ ComReceiveShould
                               2s515ms C:\Users\1\Desktop\PSI\venv\Scripts\python.exe "C:\Program Files\JetBrai
        8 test_receiveConnection
```

### And implementing it in a first stage

Now, we would like to add the feature to receive messages (as in our real app, not just to connect)

```
🖧 ComReceiveShould.py 🔀 👸 ComReceive.py
           def test_receiveConnAndMessage(self):
                global bufferZone
                client_thread = threading.Thread(target=run_fake_client)
                client_thread.start()
                1s 26 ms Exception in thread initials:
1s 26 ms Traceback (most recent call last):
1s 26 ms File "C:\Users\1\AppData\Loca\P
 8 Test Results

⊗ ComReceiveShould

✓ 

✓ ComReceiveShould

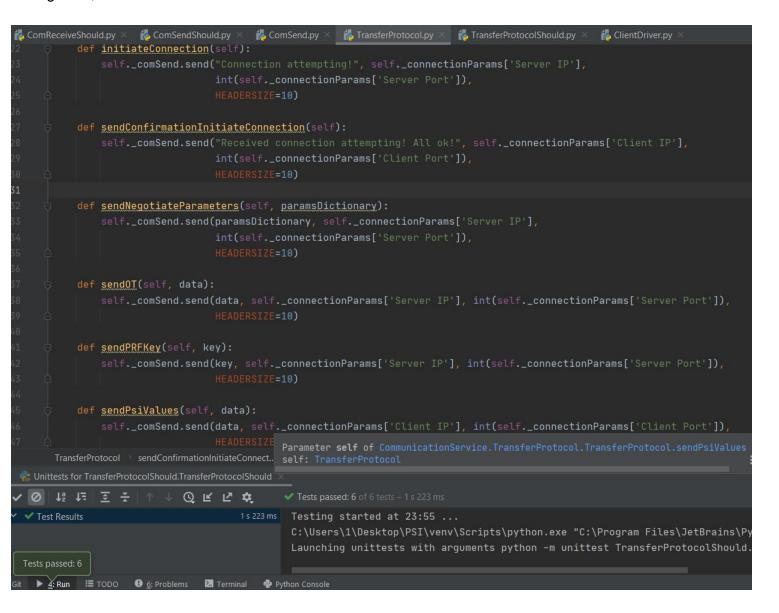
★ test_receiveConnAndMessage 518 ms
```

Of course, we had not implemented the receiving message extension, so let's do it, arrange and test:

#### TRANSFER PROTOCOL

For each case, we are writing a parameterized test for sender methods. Without code, these tests will freeze because the dummy server is waiting continuously, as seen here

Adding code, we will obtain



### Same for receiver methods

```
🐔 TransferProtocol.py 🔀 🀔 Tra
                                          🐍 ComSendShould.py 🗵
PSI
                                 @parameterized.expand([[1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6]])
                                 def test_receiveDesiredDataForEachTestCase(self, index):
    Communication.py
                                     global bufferZone
    ComReceive.py
                                     ip, port, parametersList, HEADERSIZE = self.parametersMapper(index)
    TransferProtocol.py
 DataEngineeringServi
    __init__.py
    InvalidColumnNam
    InvalidFileExtension
 Tests
                                         parameter = parametersList[0]

✓ ImintegrationTests

        init .py
         ♣ ComReceive
         ComSendSh
        TransferProte 1
                                     data = receiverFunction()
      __init_.py

★ Tests failed: 7, passed: 5 of 12 tests – 5 s 723 ms

 ~О№ Б₹↑ФСК₽Ф

✓ 

✓ 

✓ 

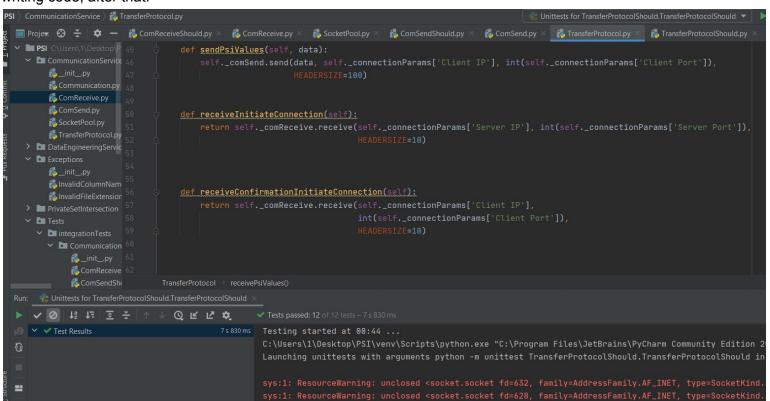
Test Results

★ test_receiveDesiredDataForEachTestCase_1

★ test_receiveDesiredDataForEachTestCase_2

          8 test_receiveDesiredDataForEachTestCase_4
          test_receiveDesiredDataForEachTestCase_5
```

### writing code, after that:



### DATA ENGINEERING COMPONENT

#### **XLSPARSER**

#### Write the first two tests

## And implementing the methods

```
XLSParserShould.py
                  🐞 XLSParser.py
      # author more
      class XLSParser(Parser):
          def extractColumnsNames(self, file):
              columnNames = list(pd.read_excel(file))
                  if not name.replace(" ", "").isalpha():
                      raise InvalidColumnNamesException("Column names are not alphabetic")
              return columnNames
          def parse(self, file):
              columnNames = self.extractColumnsNames(file)
              df = pd.read_excel(file)
Whitests for XLSParserShould.XLSParserShould
Q K L A
                                                  Launching uniclesis with arguments python -m unit
✓ Test Results
```

The second stage will be in covering some test edge cases: for an extra column with no data (where data of form nan should appear), and extra data without column designated (which throw an InvalidColumnNamesException). These are also covered case, so if we write the corresponding tests, the tests will pass with minimum refactoring, as follows:

```
### Standard Common Com
```

## **CSVPARSER**

We are going to do the same here:

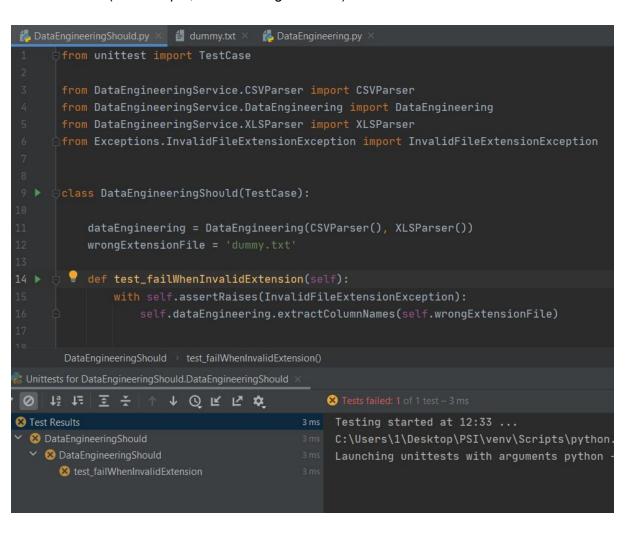
## After completing the code:

Treating the same situations as above, we write tests and run code again

```
| Compares | Compares
```

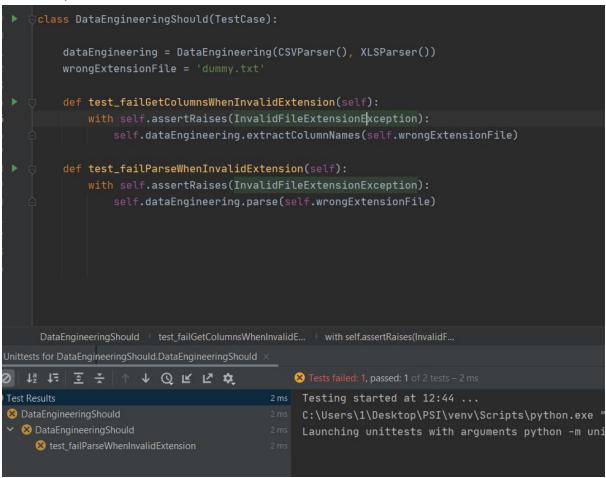
#### **DATAENGINEERING class**

First of all, we would like to ensure that our module supports only xlsx and csv formats, so we will write a test case which shall fail (for example, for extracting columns)



Filling the code, we will obtain

Same for parse function: first, we must ensure that extension is valid, so we will add test



and the corresponding code (with REAFCTORING -- extracting checker extension method)

Now, let's write tests for columns getter

Writing the code, we will obtain

```
| DataEngineeringShouldpy | | CSVParseShouldpy | | CSVParser.py | | DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngineering.DataEngine
```

## and for parse function

# writing the code