



TEMOS: Generating diverse human motions from textual descriptions

Paper, video,
PyTorch code,
pretrained models
available online



<https://mathis.petrovich.fr/temos>

Mathis Petrovich^{1,2} Michael J. Black² G  l Varol¹

¹LIGM,   cole des Ponts, Univ Gustave Eiffel, CNRS, France

²Max Planck Institute for Intelligent Systems, T  bingen, Germany



Introduction

Goal: Given a textual description, the task is to generate **multiple** diverse 3D human motions.

Prior work: Deterministic (generating only one motion), jittery, complex models and losses

Solution: Encode the text into a gaussian distribution, use a non-autoregressive Transformer VAE

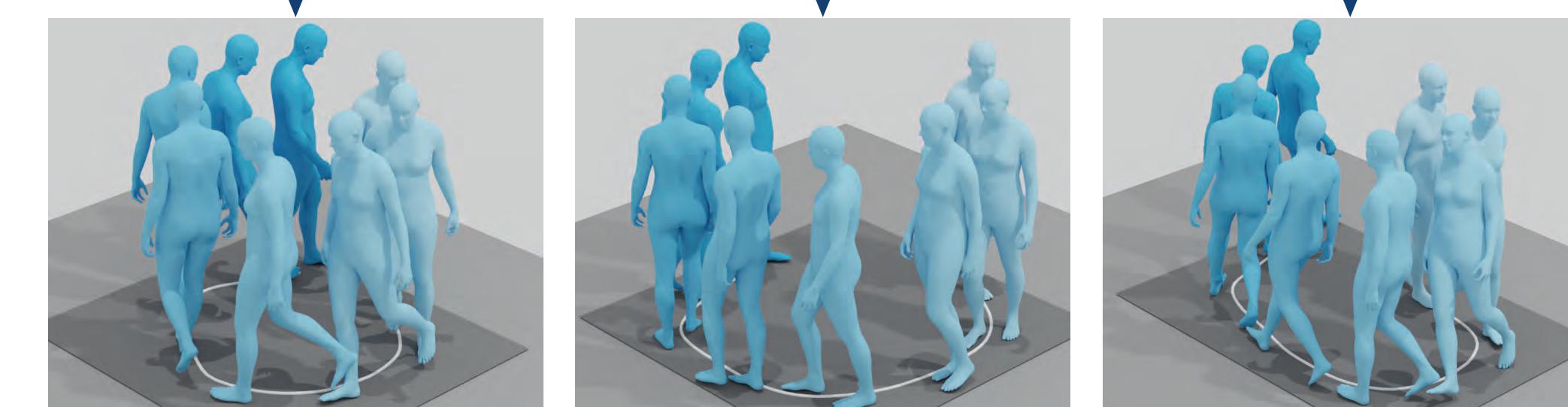
Contributions: • Novel cross-modal variational model that can produce **diverse** motions

- State-of-the-art performance

- Extensive ablation study

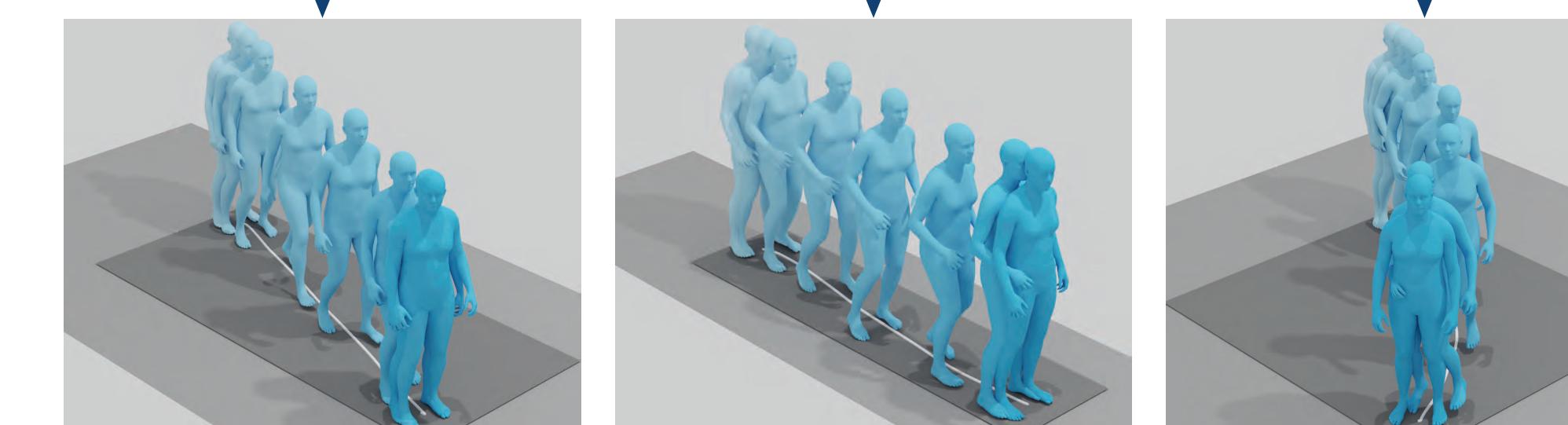
A man walks in a circle clockwise.

$$z \in \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$$



A person stands, then walks a few steps, then stops again.

$$z \in \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$$



TEMOS: TExt-to-MOtionS

- Supports both **skeletons** and **SMPL body** motions
- Non-autoregressive architecture
- Motion-level motion encoder \mathcal{M}_{enc}
- Sentence-level text encoder \mathcal{T}_{enc}

Training

- Reconstruction loss on the motion-to-motions branch (left)
- Reconstruction loss on the text-to-motions branch (right)
- Cross-modal losses to encourage a joint space between motion and text
- Gaussian priors to regularize the joint latent space

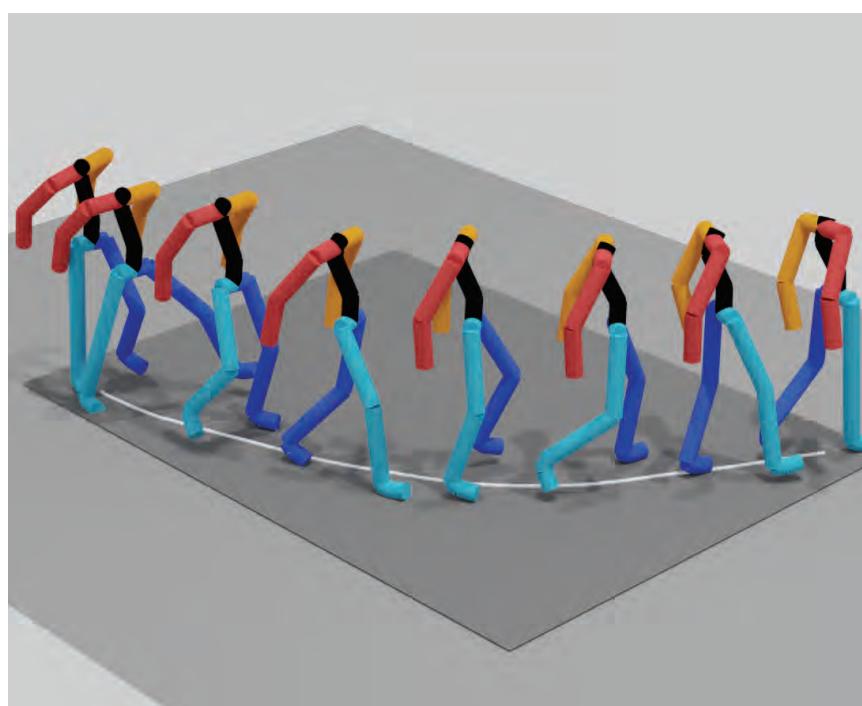
Inference

- Only the text-to-motions branch (right)
- Ability to sample multiple motions given a single textual description

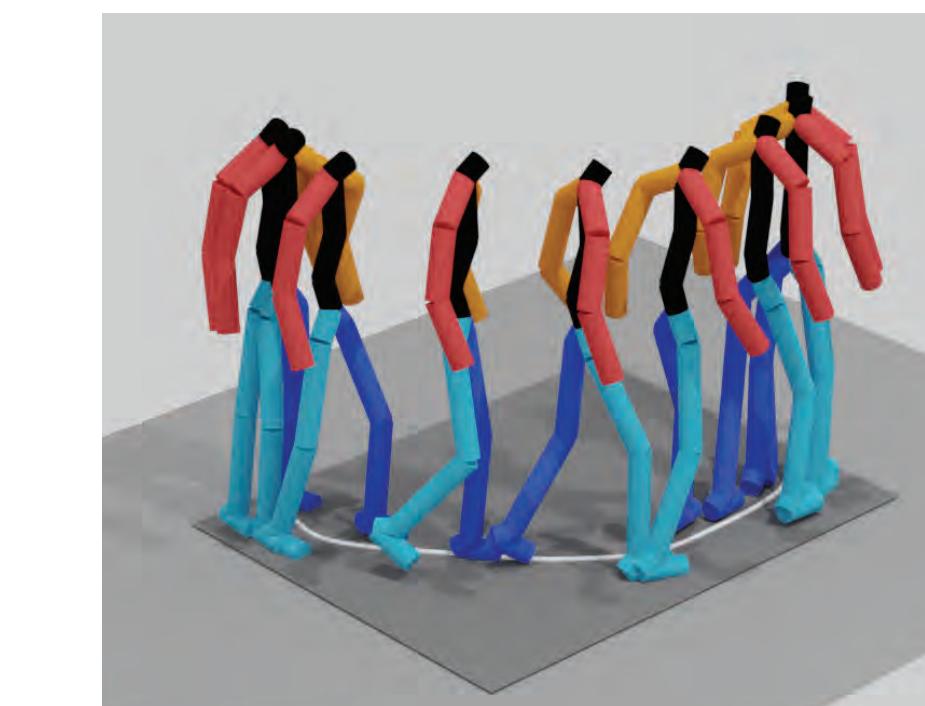
KIT Motion-Language Dataset

- 3911 motions sequences with 6353 sequence level sentence annotations
- Processed with MMM framework, as in prior work

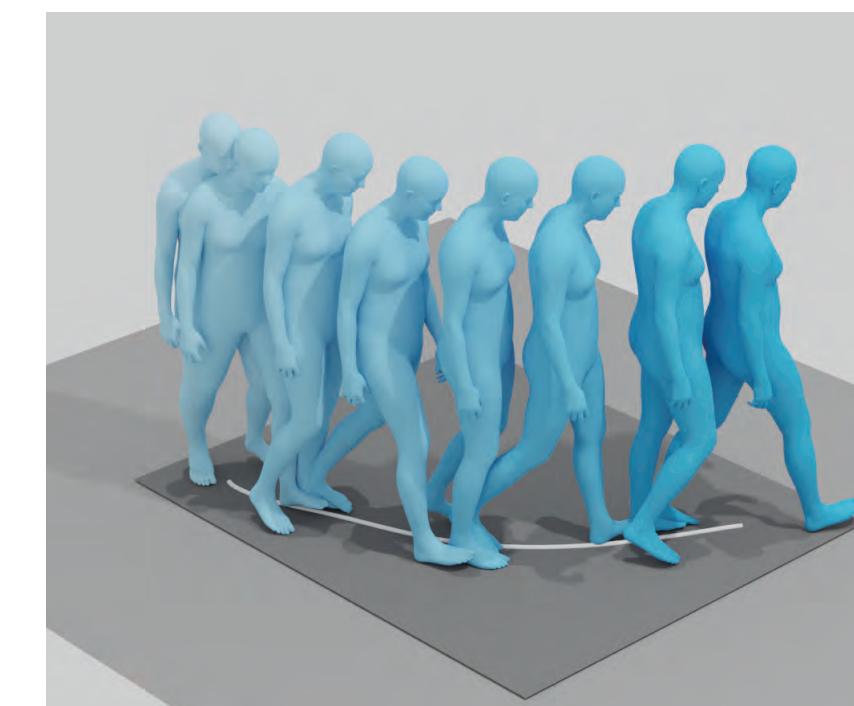
MMM joint coordinates



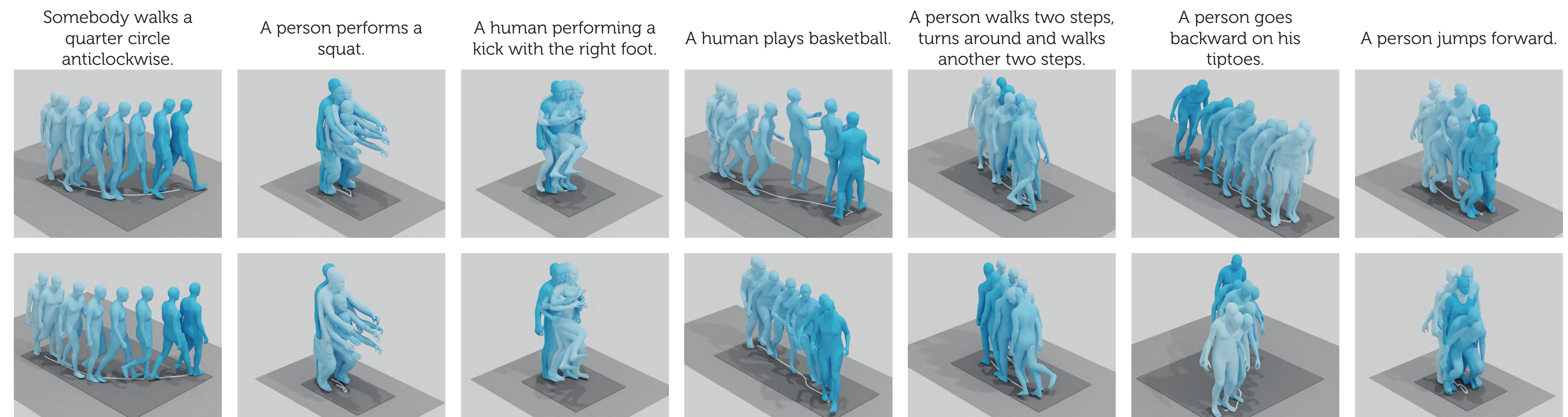
SMPL joint coordinates



SMPL pose parameters



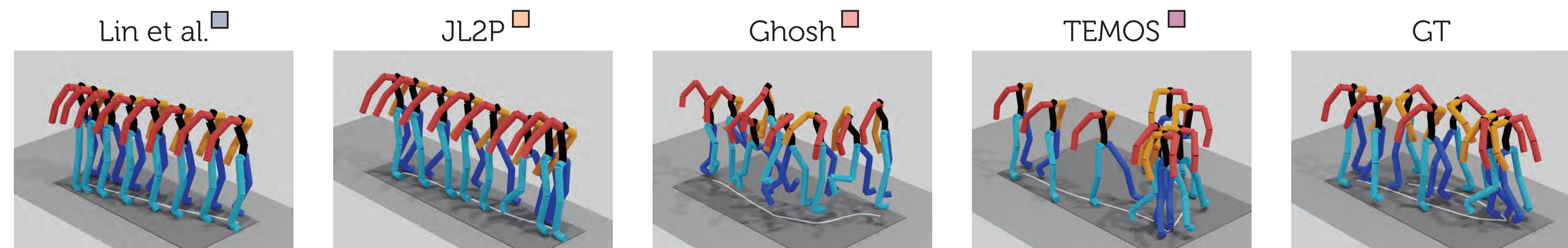
Qualitative results



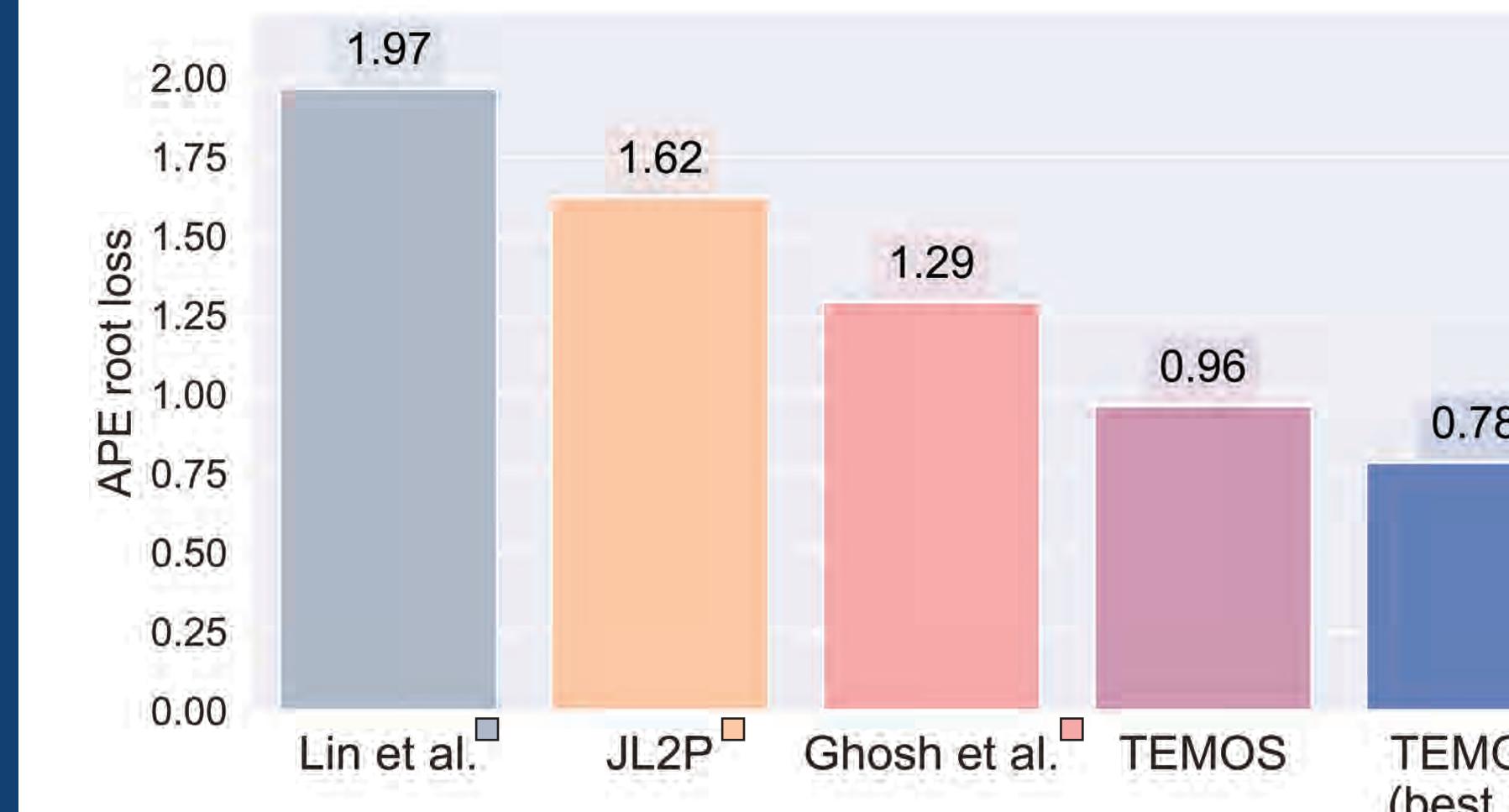
Ablation study: architecture and losses

Arch.	\mathcal{L}_{KL}	\mathcal{L}_E	Average Positional Error ↓			Average Variance Error ↓		
			root	glob.	mean	root	glob.	mean
GRU	$KL(\phi^T, \phi^M) + KL(\phi^M, \phi^T) + KL(\phi^T, \psi) + KL(\phi^M, \psi)$	✓	1.443	1.433	0.105	1.451	0.600	0.599
Transf.	$KL(\phi^T, \psi)$ w/out \mathcal{M}_{enc}	✗	1.178	1.168	0.106	1.189	0.506	0.505
Transf.	$KL(\phi^T, \phi^M) + KL(\phi^M, \phi^T) + KL(\phi^T, \psi) + KL(\phi^M, \psi)$	✗	1.091	1.083	0.107	1.104	0.449	0.448
Transf.	$KL(\phi^T, \psi) + KL(\phi^M, \psi)$ w/out cross-modal KL losses	✗	1.080	1.071	0.107	1.095	0.453	0.452
Transf.	$KL(\phi^T, \psi) + KL(\phi^M, \psi)$ w/out cross-modal KL losses	✓	0.993	0.983	0.105	1.006	0.461	0.460
Transf.	$KL(\phi^T, \phi^M) + KL(\phi^M, \phi^T)$ w/out Gaussian priors	✓	1.049	1.039	0.108	1.065	0.472	0.471
Transf.	$KL(\phi^T, \phi^M) + KL(\phi^M, \phi^T) + KL(\phi^T, \psi) + KL(\phi^M, \psi)$	✓	0.963	0.955	0.104	0.976	0.445	0.445
			0.445	0.445	0.005	0.448		

Comparison with previous work



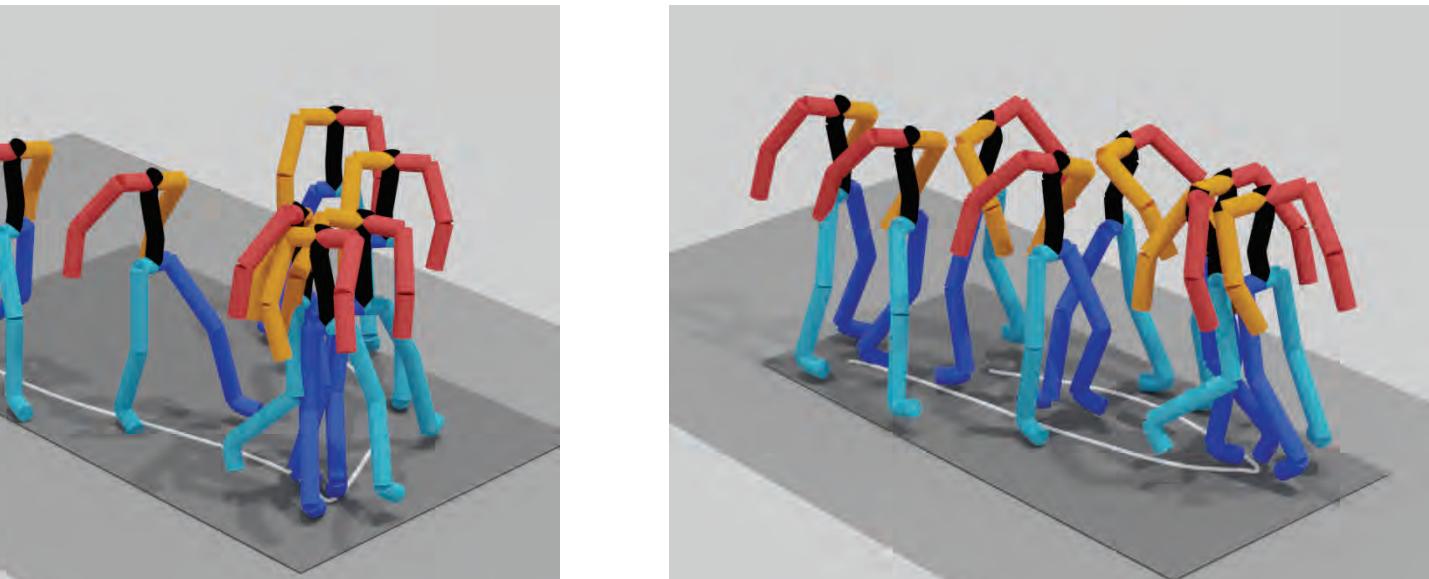
APE root joint error



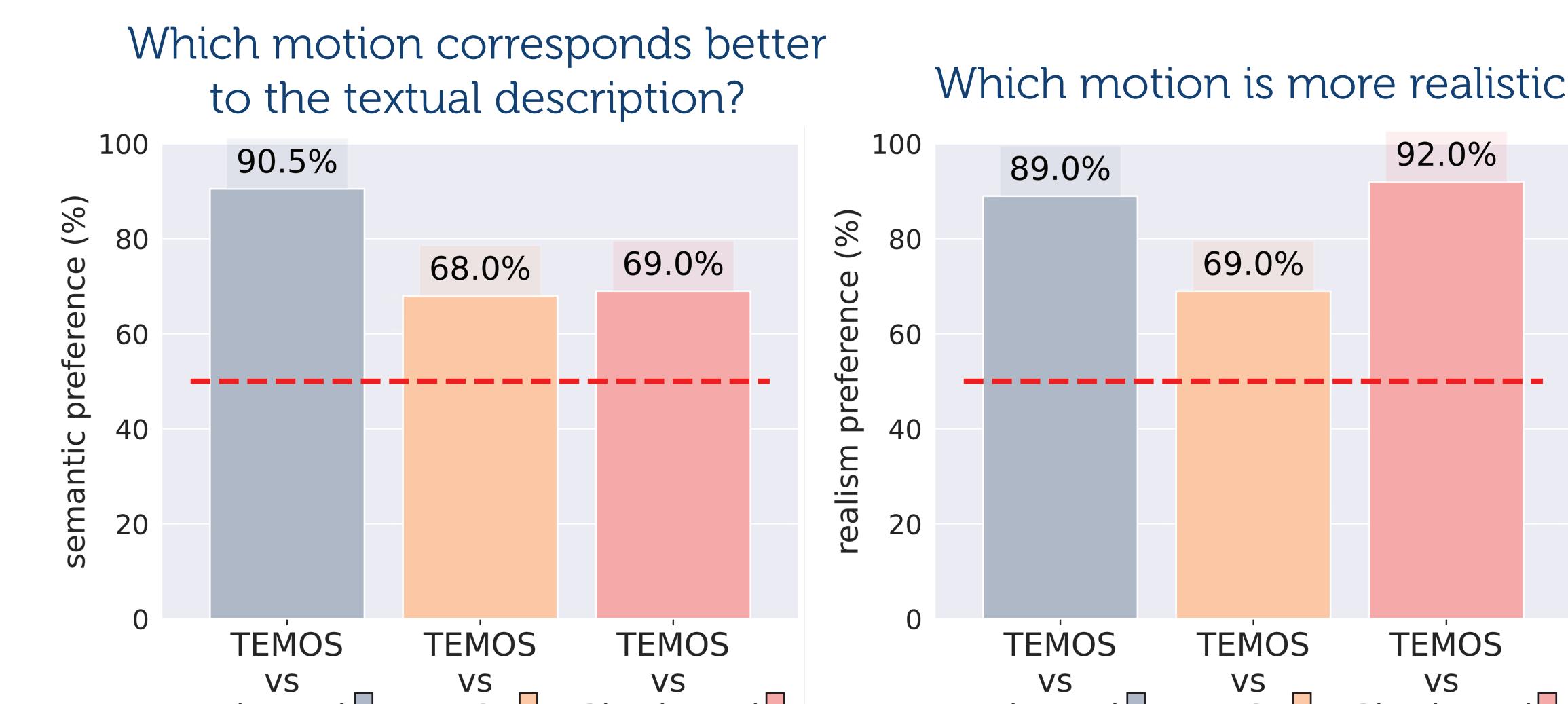
A person walks two steps, turns around and walks another two steps.

TEMOS

GT



Human studies



References

- Lin et al. Generating animated videos of human activities from natural language descriptions (NeurIPS Workshop 2018)
- Ahuja et al. Language2Pose: Natural language grounded pose forecasting (3DV 2019)
- Ghosh et al. Synthesis of compositional animations from textual descriptions (ICCV 2021)