1.2 LIS $O(n^2)$

Contents

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
1 DP
                         1
                          2
                           #define IOS
 1.1 LCS . . .
                             ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
 1
                           3
                           using namespace std;
                           typedef long long 11;
 int main(){
                             IOS
2 Prime
                             int arr[100];
 8
                             int n;
cin >> n;
 2 10
                             for(int i = 0;i < n;i++) cin >> arr[i];
 2.4 egcd CPP
                          11
                             int dp[100];
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) dp[i] = 1;</pre>
                          12
                             for(int i = 0;i < n;i++){</pre>
                          13
3 Graph
                          14
                               for(int j = 0; j < i; j++){
15
                                 if(arr[i] > arr[j])
 dp[i] = max(dp[j] + 1, dp[i]);
                          16
17
 }
                          18
 int ans = 1;
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) ans = max(ans, dp[i]);
                          20
 cout << ans << '\n';
22
                          23
                             return 0:
4 RMO
                          24 }
 5
 1.3 LIS O(n \log n)
5 Uncategorized
 5.1 快速冪
     6
                           class Solution {
 5.2 矩陣快速罩
 5.3 快速計算費氏數列 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                          2
                           public:
                             int lengthOfLIS(vector<int>& nums) {
6 常用小扣
                               vector<int> v;
                               int n = nums.size();
for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){</pre>
                                 int p = lower_bound(v.begin(), v.end(),
nums[i]) - v.begin();
7 Basic
                                 if(p == v.size()) v.push_back(nums[i]);
                          8
9
                                 else v[p] = nums[i];
 7
                               }
                          10
 11
                               return v.size():
                          12
                             }
                          13 };
```

1 DP

1.1 LCS

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                  3
  #define IOS
       ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(4)
3 using namespace std;
                                                                  6
4 string s1, s2;
  int dp[505][505];
                                                                  8
6 int main(){
                                                                  9
       TOS
7
                                                                 10
8
       cin >> s1 >> s2;
                                                                 11 }
9
       memset(dp, 0, sizeof(dp));
10
       int 11 = s1.size(), 12 = s2.size();
                                                                 13
       for(int i = 1; i <= l1; i++){</pre>
11
                                                                 14
12
           for(int j = 1; j \le 12; j++){
                                                                 15
13
                if(s1[i - 1] == s2[j - 1]) dp[i][j] =
                                                                 16
                     dp[i - 1][j - 1] + 1;
                                                                 17
                                                                        }
14
                else dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j
                                                                 18 }
                     - 1]);
15
16
       }
17
       cout << dp[l1][l2] << '\n';
18
19
       return 0;
20 }
```

1.4 LIS $O(n \log n)$

2 Prime

2.1 質數篩 CPP

```
1 bitset < MAXN > prime_bool;
2 vector<11> prime;
  void find_prime(){
       prime_bool.set();
5
       for(int i=2;i<MAXN;i++){</pre>
6
            if(prime_bool[i]){
7
                prime.push_back(i);
9
            for(auto j:prime){
                if(j*i>=MAXN)
10
11
                     break:
                prime_bool[j*i]=0;
12
13
                if(i\%j==0)
                     break:
14
15
            }
       }
16
17 }
```

2.2 質數篩 PY

```
1  is_prime = n * [1]
2  is_prime[0] = is_prime[1] = 0
3
4  for i in range(2, n):
5     if is_prime[i]:
6         for j in range(2, n):
7         if i * j >= n:
8         break
9     is_prime[i * j] = 0
```

2.3 單一質數

```
bool prime(int n){
    if(n < 2) return false;
    if(n <= 3) return true;

if(!(n % 2) || !(n % 3)) return false;

for(int i = 5; i * i <= n; i += 6)
    if(!(n % i) || !(n % (i + 2))) return false;

return true;

8 }</pre>
```

2.4 egcd CPP

```
1 int exgcd(int a,int b,int &x,int &y){
2          if(b==0){
3                x=1,y=0;
4                return a;
5          }
6          int gcd=exgcd(b,a%b,y,x);
7          y-=a/b*x;
8          return gcd;
9     }
```

2.5 egcd PY

3 Graph

3.1 Floyd Warshall

```
1 int n, rd, 1, r, v;
2 cin >> n >> rd;
3 vector<vector<int>> dp(n + 1, vector<int>(n + 1,
       1e9));
  for(int i = 0; i < rd; i++){</pre>
       cin >> 1 >> r >> v;
5
       dp[1][r] = dp[r][1] = v;
       //每條路皆雙向
7
8 }
10
  //以下即 Floyd-Warshall
  for(int k = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre>
11
       for(int i = 1; j <= n; j++){</pre>
12
           for(int j = 1; k <= n; k++){</pre>
13
               dp[i][j] = min(dp[i][k] + dp[k][j],
14
                    dp[i][j]);
                //窮舉所有鬆弛可能
15
           }
16
17
       }
18 }
19 cin >> 1 >> r;
20 cout << dp[1][r];</pre>
```

2

3.2 Bellman Ford

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
  #define IOS
       ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
  #define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
  using namespace std;
  typedef long long 11;
  struct Edge{
7
    int x, y, t;
  };
8
9
  int dis[1005];
10 int main(){
    IOS
12
    int c;
13
     cin >> c;
14
     while(c--){
15
       vector<Edge> edge;
16
       int n, m;
       cin >> n >> m;
17
18
       for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++) dis[i] = INF;</pre>
19
       dis[0] = 0;
20
       for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){
21
         int x, y, t;
22
         cin >> x >> y >> t;
23
         edge.push_back({x, y, t});
24
25
       for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++){
26
         for(int j = 0; j < m; j++){
           if(dis[edge[j].x] + edge[j].t <</pre>
27
                dis[edge[j].y]){
28
              dis[edge[j].y] = dis[edge[j].x] + edge[j].t;
29
           }
         }
30
31
32
       bool judge = true;
       for(auto e : edge){
33
         if(dis[e.x] + e.t < dis[e.y]){</pre>
35
           judge = false;
36
           break:
37
         }
38
       }
39
       cout << (judge ? "not possible" : "possible") <<</pre>
40
41
     return 0;
```

```
43 }
                                                                31
                                                                            }
                                                                32
                                                                        int maxd = -1, cnt = 0;
                                                                33
                                                                        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){</pre>
                                                                34
  3.3 SPFA
                                                                35
                                                                            if(dis[i] < INF){</pre>
                                                                36
                                                                                 if(dis[i] > maxd) maxd = dis[i];
                                                                37
1 #define mem(x) memset(x, 0, sizeof(x))
                                                                38
                                                                            else cnt++:
2 struct road{
                                                                        }
                                                                39
    int r, val;
                                                                        cout << maxd << '\n' << cnt << '\n';
                                                                40
4 };
                                                                41
                                                                   }
5 int main(){
                                                                42
                                                                   int main(){
    int n, e, 1, r, v;
                                                                43
                                                                        IOS
7
     cin >> n >> e:
                                                                        cin >> n >> m;
                                                                44
8
     vector < int > dp(n + 1, 1e9);
                                                                45
                                                                        for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){</pre>
     vector<road> rd[n + 1];
                                                                46
                                                                            int u, v, w;
     for(int i = 0; i < e; i++){</pre>
10
                                                                47
                                                                            cin >> u >> v >> w;
11
       cin >> 1 >> r >> v;
                                                                48
                                                                            adj[u].push_back(make_pair(v, w));
       rd[1].push\_back(\{r,\ v\});
12
                                                                49
                                                                            adj[v].push_back(make_pair(u, w));
13
       rd[r].push_back({1, v});
                                                                50
14
                                                                51
                                                                        solve();
15
    cin >> 1 >> r;
                                                                52
16
     dp[1] = 0;
                                                                53
                                                                        return 0;
17
     queue < int > que;
                                                                54 }
18
     que.push(1);
     bool check[n + 1]; mem(check);
19
20
     int cnt[n + 1]; mem(cnt);
                                                                   3.5 Kurskal's Algorithm
21
     while(!que.empty()){
22
       int tmp = que.front(); que.pop();
23
       check[tmp] = 0, cnt[tmp]++;
                                                                 1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
24
       if(cnt[tmp] >= n) {cout << "neg cycle\n"; break;}</pre>
                                                                 2 #define IOS
       for(auto & i : rd[tmp]){
25
                                                                        ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
         if(dp[i.r] > dp[tmp] + i.val){
26
                                                                   using namespace std;
           dp[i.r] = dp[tmp] + i.val;
27
                                                                   int parent[10005];
           if(!check[i.r]) check[i.r] = 1, que.push(i.r);
28
                                                                   struct Edge{
29
                                                                 6
                                                                        int u, v, w;
30
       }
                                                                        bool operator < (Edge &b){</pre>
                                                                 7
31
     }
                                                                 8
                                                                            return w < b.w;</pre>
     for(auto & i : dp) cout << i << ' ';</pre>
32
                                                                 9
33
     return 0;
                                                                   };
                                                                 10
34 }
                                                                   int query(int a){
                                                                11
                                                                        if(parent[a] == -1) return a;
                                                                12
                                                                13
                                                                        return parent[a] = query(parent[a]);
                                                                   }
                                                                14
  3.4 Dijkstra
                                                                   bool merge(int a, int b){
                                                                15
                                                                16
                                                                        int r1 = query(a);
1 #include <iostream>
                                                                17
                                                                        int r2 = query(b);
2 #include <algorithm>
                                                                18
                                                                        if(r1 == r2) return false;
3 #include <vector>
                                                                        if(parent[r1] < parent[r2]) parent[r2] = r1;</pre>
                                                                19
4 #include <queue>
                                                                20
                                                                        else parent[r1] = r2;
5 #define IOS
                                                                        return true;
       ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie122 }
6 #define INF 2147483647
                                                                23
                                                                   int main(){
7 using namespace std;
                                                                        IOS
                                                                24
8 int n, m;
                                                                25
9 vector<pair<int, int>> adj[100005];
                                                                26
                                                                        memset(parent, -1, sizeof(parent));
10 bool visited[100005] = {false};
                                                                27
                                                                        cin >> n >> m;
11 priority_queue < pair < int , int >> pq;
                                                                28
                                                                        vector < Edge > adj;
12 int dis[100005], parent[100005];
                                                                29
                                                                        for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){
                                                                            int u, v, w;
13 void solve(){ // Dijkstra
                                                                30
       dis[0] = 0;
14
                                                                31
                                                                            cin >> u >> v >> w;
15
       for(int i = 1; i < n; i++) dis[i] = INF;</pre>
                                                                32
                                                                            adj.push_back({u, v, w});
       pq.push(make_pair(0, 0));
16
                                                                33
17
       while(!pq.empty()){
                                                                34
                                                                        sort(adj.begin(), adj.end());
18
           auto node = pq.top();
                                                                35
                                                                        // for(int i = 0;i < m;i++) cout << adj[i].w << '
19
           pq.pop();
20
           int v = node.second; // parent
                                                                 36
                                                                        int cost = 0, n_edge = 0;
                                                                        for(Edge e : adj){
           if(visited[v]) continue;
21
                                                                37
22
           visited[v] = true;
                                                                 38
                                                                            if(merge(e.u, e.v)){
           for(auto i : adj[v]){
23
                                                                39
                                                                                 cost += e.w;
24
                int vertex = i.first, weight = i.second;
                                                                40
                                                                                n_edge++;
                                                                            }
25
                if(visited[vertex]) continue;
                                                                41
                if(dis[v] + weight < dis[vertex]){</pre>
                                                                42
26
                    dis[vertex] = dis[v] + weight;
                                                                        if(n_edge == n - 1) cout << cost << '\n';</pre>
27
                                                                 43
                                                                        else cout << -1 << '\n';</pre>
28
                    parent[vertex] = v;
                                                                44
                    pq.push(make_pair(-dis[vertex],
29
                                                                45
                         vertex));
                                                                46
                                                                        return 0;
               }
30
```

3.6 Prim's Algorithm 19 20 out[cur] = t++; 21 } 1 #include <iostream> 22 int lca(int a, int b){ 2 #include <queue> 23 if(valid(a, b)) return a; 3 #include <algorithm> for(int $i = 19; i \ge 0; i--){$ 4 #include <cstring> 25 if(!valid(p[i][a], b)) a = p[i][a]; 5 #define IOS } ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie return p[0][a]; 6 using namespace std; 28 int n, m, dis[10005], parent[10005]; 29 int main(){ 8 | bool visited[10005] = {false}; IOS 30 9 vector<pair<int, int> > adj[100005]; 31 cin >> n >> q; 10 **int** main(){ for(int i = 2;i <= n;i++){</pre> 32 TOS 11 33 int e; // freopen("input.in", "r", stdin); 12 cin >> e; 34 13 cin >> n >> m; 35 vec[e].push_back(i); memset(dis, 0x3f3f3f3f, sizeof(dis)); 14 36 } memset(parent, -1, sizeof(parent)); 15 dfs(1, 1); 37 for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){</pre> 16 38 for(int $i = 1; i < 20; i++){$ 17 int u, v, w; for(int $j = 1; j \le n; j++){$ 39 cin >> u >> v >> w;18 40 p[i][j] = p[i - 1][p[i - 1][j]];adj[u].push_back({v, w}); 19 41 20 adj[v].push_back({u, w}); 42 } } 21 43 while(q--){ 22 int start = 0; 44 int u, v; 23 dis[start] = 0; cin >> u >> v; 45 24 priority_queue < pair < int , int > , vector < pair < int ,</pre> 46 cout << lca(u, v) << '\n'; int> >, greater<pair<int, int> > > pq; 47 pq.push({dis[start], start}); 25 48 while(!pq.empty()){ 26 return 0; 49 pair<int, int> cur = pq.top(); 27 50 } 28 pq.pop(); 29 if(visited[cur.second]) continue; visited[cur.second] = true; 30 Topological Sort 31 for(auto i : adj[cur.second]){ if(visited[i.first]) continue; 32 if(dis[i.first] > i.second){ 33 1 #include <bits/stdc++.h> 34 dis[i.first] = i.second; #define IOS parent[i.first] = cur.second; 35 ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0); 36 pq.push({dis[i.first], i.first}); using namespace std; } 37 typedef long long 11; } 38 vector < int > vec[200005]; 39 int ind[100005]; 40 int cost = 0, err = 0; int main(){ for(int $i = 0; i < n; i++){$ 41 IOS if(dis[i] < 0x3f3f3f3f) cost += dis[i];</pre> 42 9 int n, m; 43 else err++; 10 cin >> n >> m; 44 memset(ind, 0, sizeof(ind)); 11 cout << (err ? -1 : cost) << "\n";</pre> 45 12 for(int i = 0; i < m; i++){</pre> // for(int i = 0;i < n;i++) cout << dis[i] << ' '; 46 13 int a, b; 47 14 cin >> a >> b; 48 return 0; 15 ind[b]++; 49 } 16 vec[a].push_back(b); 17 } 18 queue<int> q; 19 for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++){</pre> 3.7 LCA 20 if(ind[i] == 0) q.push(i); 21 1 #include <bits/stdc++.h> 22 vector<int> top; 2 #define IOS 23 while(!q.empty()){ ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie140 int cur = q.front(); 3 #define INF 0x3f3f3f3f 25 q.pop(); 4 using namespace std; 26 top.push_back(cur); 5 typedef long long 11; 27 for(auto e : vec[cur]){ 28 ind[e]--; 6 const int N = 2e5 + 5; 7 **int** n, q; 29 if(ind[e] == 0){ 8 vector<int> vec[N]; q.push(e); 30 9 int p[20][N], in[N], out[N]; 31 } } 10 bool valid(int a, int b){ 32 11 return (in[a] <= in[b] && out[b] <= out[a]);</pre> 33 12 } if(top.size() == n){ 34 13 void dfs(int cur, int par){ 35 for(auto i : top) cout << i << ' ';</pre> static int t = 0; 36 cout << '\n'; 14 15 p[0][cur] = par; 37 else cout << "IMPOSSIBLE" << '\n';</pre> 16 in[cur] = t++;38 17 for(auto e : vec[cur]){ 39 18 dfs(e, cur); 40 return 0:

```
標題二
41 | }
       RMO
         Segment Tree
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 #define IOS
       ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie{\( \phi \)}
3 \mid \text{#define L}(x) (x << 1)
4 #define R(x) ((x << 1) | 1)
5 using namespace std;
6 typedef long long 11;
7 | 11 seg[500005 << 2], lazy[500005 << 2];
8 int n, q;
9 void init(){
       memset(seg, 0, sizeof(seg));
10
11
       memset(lazy, 0, sizeof(lazy));
12 }
  void build(int x, int 1, int r){
13
      if(1 == r){
14
           cin >> seg[x];
15
16
           return;
17
18
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
       build(L(x), 1, mid);
19
20
       build(R(x), mid + 1, r);
21
       seg[x] = seg[L(x)] + seg[R(x)];
22 }
  void push(int pos, int size){
23
      lazy[L(pos)] += lazy[pos];
24
25
       lazy[R(pos)] += lazy[pos];
26
       seg[pos] = seg[pos] + lazy[pos] * size;
27
       lazy[pos] = 0;
28 }
29 void modify(int x, int l, int r, int ql, int qr, int
       val){
       if(lazy[x]) push(x, (r - 1) + 1);
30
31
       // seg[x] = seg[L(x)] + (mid - 1) * lazy[L(x)] +
           seg[R(x)] + (r - mid) * lazy[R(x)];
       seg[x] += val * (qr - ql + 1);
32
33
       if(q1 <= 1 && qr >= r){
34
           lazy[x] += val;
35
           return;
36
37
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
       if(qr <= mid) modify(L(x), 1, mid, ql, qr, val);</pre>
38
39
       else if(ql > mid) modify(R(x), mid + 1, r, ql,
           qr, val);
       else{
40
41
           modify(L(x), 1, mid, q1, mid, val);
           modify(R(x), mid + 1, r, mid + 1, qr, val);
42
43
44 }
45 | 11 query(int x, int 1, int r, int q1, int qr){
46
       if(q1 <= 1 && qr >= r) return seg[x] + lazy[x] *
           (r - 1);
47
       if(lazy[x]) push(x, (r - 1) + 1);
       int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
48
49
       if(qr <= mid) return query(L(x), 1, mid, ql, qr);</pre>
50
       else if(ql > mid) return query(R(x), mid + 1, r,
           ql, qr);
51
       else return query(L(x), 1, mid, ql, mid) +
           query(R(x), mid + 1, r, mid + 1, qr);
52 }
53 int main(){
54
       IOS
55
       init();
       cin >> n;
56
57
       build(1, 1, n);
58
       cin >> q;
59
       while(q--){
60
           int v, x, y, k;
           cin >> v;
61
```

4.2 BIT

}

 $if(v == 1){$

}

}

return 0;

else{

cin >> x >> y >> k;

cout << ans << '\n';

cin >> x >> y;

modify(1, 1, n, x, y, k);

11 ans = query(1, 1, n, x, y);

62

63 64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

```
1 // BIT
 2 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 3 #include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
 4 #include <ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
  // #include <ext/pb_ds/detail/standard_policies.hpp>
 5
  #define IOS
       ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
  #define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
  #define lowbit(x) x&(-x)
  using namespace std;
10
  using namespace __gnu_pbds;
11 typedef long long ll;
  const int N = 2e5 + 5;
12
13 | 11 bit[N], n, q;
14
  11 query(int idx){
15
       11 \text{ sum} = 0;
       for(int i = idx;i > 0;i -= lowbit(i))
16
17
           sum += bit[i];
       return sum;
18
19
  }
  void update(ll val, int idx){
20
21
       for(int i = idx;i <= n;i += lowbit(i))</pre>
22
           bit[i] += val;
23
  }
24
  int main(){
       IOS
25
26
       cin >> n >> q;
       for(int i = 1;i <= n;i++){ // 1-based</pre>
27
28
           11 in;
29
            cin >> in;
30
           update(in, i);
31
       while(q--){
32
33
           ll o, a, b;
34
           cin >> o >> a >> b;
35
           if(o == 1){
                11 u = query(a) - query(a - 1);
36
                update(b - u, a);
37
38
39
            else{
                cout << query(b) - query(a - 1) << ' \setminus n';
40
41
42
       }
43
44
       return 0;
45 }
```

4.3 Sparse Table

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
  #define IOS
      ios\_base::sync\_with\_stdio(\textbf{false}); cin.tie(\emptyset); cout.tie(\emptyset);
 #define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
4 using namespace std;
  typedef long long 11;
  const int N = 5e5 + 5;
7 int n, m, arr[N], dp[35][N];
```

10

11

Matrix tmp;

for(int $i = 0; i < 2; i++){$

```
void sparse_table(int n){
                                                                12
                                                                                for(int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
       for(int i = 1; i \le 31; i++){
                                                                                    for(int k = 0; k < 2; k++){
                                                                13
9
10
           for(int j = 0;(j + (1LL << (i - 1))) < n;j++){}
                                                                                         tmp.mat[i][j] = ((tmp.mat[i][j] +
               dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i - 1][j]
11
                                                                                             (mat[i][k] % mod) *
                    + (1LL << (i - 1))]);
                                                                                             (inp.mat[k][j] % mod)) % mod)
12
           }
                                                                                             % mod;
                                                                                    }
13
                                                                15
14 }
                                                                16
                                                                                }
15 int query(int 1, int r){
                                                                17
                                                                           }
       int idx = _{-}lg(r - l + 1);
16
                                                                18
                                                                           return tmp;
17
       return max(dp[idx][1], dp[idx][r - (1LL << idx) +</pre>
                                                                19
                                                                20 };
18 }
                                                                   Matrix base;
  int main(){
                                                                   Matrix fast_pow(int exp){
19
                                                                22
20
       IOS
                                                                23
                                                                       if(exp == 1) return base;
                                                                       if(exp % 2 == 0){
       cin >> n;
21
                                                                24
22
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) cin >> arr[i];
                                                                25
                                                                           Matrix res = fast_pow(exp >> 1);
23
       cin >> m;
                                                                26
                                                                           return res * res;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) dp[0][i] = arr[i];</pre>
                                                                27
24
                                                                       }
       sparse_table(n);
25
                                                                28
                                                                       Matrix res = fast_pow(exp >> 1);
       while(m--){
                                                                29
26
                                                                       return base * res * res;
27
           int 1, r;
                                                                30 }
28
           cin >> 1 >> r;
                                                                31 int main(){
29
           if(1 > r) swap(1, r);
                                                                32
                                                                       IOS
           1--, r--
                                                                33
                                                                       base.mat[0][0] = 1;
30
31
           cout << query(1, r) << '\n';</pre>
                                                                34
                                                                       base.mat[0][1] = 4;
32
                                                                35
                                                                       base.mat[1][0] = 2;
33
                                                                36
                                                                       base.mat[1][1] = 3;
34
                                                                37
                                                                       Matrix output = fast_pow(10);
       return 0:
35 }
                                                                38
                                                                       for(int i = 0; i < 2; i++){}
                                                                           for(int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
                                                                39
                                                                40
                                                                                cout << output.mat[i][j] << ' ';</pre>
                                                                41
                                                                           }
       Uncategorized
                                                                42
                                                                           cout << '\n';
                                                                       }
                                                                43
                                                                44
  5.1
         快速冪
                                                                45
                                                                       return 0;
                                                                46 }
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
  #define IOS
       ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0)5.3 快速計算費氏數列
3 using namespace std;
4 typedef long long 11;
                                                                 1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
5 \mid 11 \mod = 1000000007;
                                                                   #define IOS
6 11 fast_pow(int base, int exp){
                                                                       ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(0);
       11 res = 1;
                                                                   #define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
8
       while(exp > 0){
                                                                   using namespace std;
9
           if(exp & 1) res = res * base % mod;
                                                                   typedef long long 11;
10
           base = base * base % mod;
                                                                   11 \mod = 1000000007;
11
           exp >>= 1;
                                                                   struct Matrix{
12
                                                                       11 \text{ mat}[2][2] = \{\{0\}\};
13
       return res;
                                                                       Matrix operator * (Matrix &inp){
                                                                9
14 }
                                                                           Matrix tmp;
                                                                10
15
  int main(){
                                                                11
                                                                           for(int i = 0; i < 2; i++){
16
                                                                                for(int j = 0; j < 2; j++){
                                                                12
17
       int base = 3, exp = 15;
                                                                13
                                                                                    for(int k = 0; k < 2; k++){
       cout << fast_pow(base, exp) << '\n';</pre>
18
                                                                14
                                                                                         tmp.mat[i][j] = ((tmp.mat[i][j] +
19
                                                                                             (mat[i][k] % mod) *
20
       return 0;
                                                                                             (inp.mat[k][j] % mod)) % mod)
21 }
                                                                                             % mod;
                                                                15
                                                                                    }
                                                                                }
                                                                16
         矩陣快速冪
                                                                17
                                                                           }
                                                                18
                                                                           return tmp;
                                                                19
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
                                                                20
                                                                   };
2 #define IOS
                                                                21 Matrix base:
       ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);cout.tie(12) Matrix fast_pow(int n){
3 #define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
                                                                       if(n == 1) return base;
                                                                23
4 using namespace std:
                                                                24
                                                                       if(n % 2 == 0){
5 typedef long long 11;
                                                                25
                                                                           Matrix res = fast_pow(n >> 1);
6 11 mod = 1000000007;
                                                                26
                                                                           return res * res;
7 struct Matrix{
                                                                27
8
       11 \text{ mat}[2][2] = \{\{0\}\};
                                                                28
                                                                       Matrix res = fast_pow(n >> 1);
9
       Matrix operator * (Matrix &inp){
                                                                29
                                                                       return base * res * res;
```

30 }

31 int main(){

```
32
       IOS
       base.mat[0][0] = 1;
33
       base.mat[0][1] = 1;
34
       base.mat[1][0] = 1;
35
36
       base.mat[1][1] = 0;
       Matrix output = fast_pow(20);
37
       cout << output.mat[0][0] << '\n';</pre>
38
39
       return 0;
40
41 }
```

6 常用小扣

6.1 01 背包問題

```
1 // 01 backpack
2 for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){
3    for(int j=x;j>=w[i];j--){
4         dp[j]=max(dp[j],dp[j-w[i]]+v[i]);
5    }
6 }
```

6.2 Topological

```
1 //拓鋪
2 int N, M, u, v, deg[MAXN];
                             // deg[i] 紀錄點 i
      被連入邊數
3 vector<int> edge[MAXN];
5 /*----- 1. 計算 indegree -----*/
6 cin >> N >> M;
7 while(M--)
8 {
9
      cin >> u >> v;
10
      edge[u].push_back(v);
11
      ++deg[v];
12 }
13
  /*---- 2. 將 indegree 為 0 的點放入 queue 中
                              // 紀錄待拔點
15 queue < int > q;
16 for(int i = 0; i < N; ++i)
17
      if(deg[i] == 0)
          q.push(i);
18
19
20 /*----- 3. 重複拔點,直到 queue 清空 -----*/
21 while(!q.empty())
22 {
      int cur = q.front(); q.pop();
23
24
      cout << cur << "\n";
      for(int i: edge[cur])
25
26
      {
27
          --deg[i];
                                             // 3-1.
              相連點 indgree 減一
28
          if(deg[i] == 0) q.push(i);
                                     // 3-2. 若該點
              indgree 減至 0,則放入 queue 中
      }
29
30 }
```

6.3 常用

```
1 while(getline(ss,str,'m'))/以 m分割
2 cout << str << endl;
3 int a,b; char c;
4 while(ss>>a>>c>>b)/處理像是-2/9+9/7
5 cout<<a<<" "<<c<<" "<<b<<endl;
6 //輸出 -2 / 9 endl 9 / 7
```

7 Basic

7.1 GCD

```
1 int gcd(int a, int b){
2    if(b == 0) return a;
3    else return gcd(b, a % b);
4 }
```

7

7.2 LCM

```
1 int lcm(int a, int b){
2     return a * b / gcd(a, b);
3 }
```

7.3 Leap Year