```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import tensorflow as tf
import os
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
               2023-02-21 01:00:18.880633: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:193] This TensorFlow binary is optimized with oneAPI Deep Neural Network Library (oneDNN) to use t
               To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags
               2023-02-21 01:00:19.206157: W tensorflow/compiler/xla/stream executor/platform/default/dso loader.cc:64] Could not load dynamic library 'libcudart.so.11.0'; dlerror: libcudart.so.11.1
               2023-02-21 01:00:19.206219: I tensorflow/compiler/xla/stream executor/cuda/cudart stub.cc:29 Ignore above cudart dlerror if you do not have a GPU set up on your machine.
               2023-02-21 01:00:20.949393: W tensorflow/compiler/xla/stream_executor/platform/default/dso_loader.cc:64] Could not load dynamic library 'library 'l
               2023-02-21 01:00:20.950070: W tensorflow/compiler/xla/stream_executor/platform/default/dso_loader.cc:64] Could not load dynamic library 'library 'l
               2023-02-21 01:00:20.950104: W tensorflow/compiler/tf2tensorrt/utils/py utils.cc;38] TF-TRT Warning: Cannot dlopen some TensorRT libraries. If you would like to use Nvidia GPU wi
#Function to extract labels for both real and altered images
def extract_label(img_path,train = True):
 filename, = os.path.splitext(os.path.basename(img path))
 subject id, etc = filename.split(' ')
 #For Altered folder
 if train:
       gender, lr, finger, \_, \_ = etc.split('\_')
   #For Real folder
 else:
        gender, lr, finger, _ = etc.split('_')
   gender = 0 if gender == 'M' else 1
 lr = 0 if lr == 'Left' else 1
  if finger == 'thumb':
       finger = 0
  elif finger == 'index':
        finger = 1
  elif finger == 'middle':
        finger = 2
  elif finger == 'ring':
       finger = 3
   elif finger == 'little':
       finger = 4
 return np.array([gender], dtype=np.uint16)
img_size = 96
#Function to iterate through all the images
def loading_data(path,train):
    print("loading data from: ",path)
    data = []
    for img in os.listdir(path):
          try:
                img_array = cv2.imread(os.path.join(path, img), cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
                img_resize = cv2.resize(img_array, (img_size, img_size))
                label = extract_label(os.path.join(path, img),train)
                data.append([label[0], img_resize])
          except Exception as e:
                pass
    data
    return data
Real_path = "archive/socofing/SOCOFing/Real"
Easy_path = "archive/socofing/SOCOFing/Altered/Altered-Easy"
Medium path = "archive/socofing/SOCOFing/Altered/Altered-Medium"
Hard path = "archive/socofing/SOCOFing/Altered/Altered-Hard"
Easy data = loading data(Easy path, train = True)
Medium_data = loading_data(Medium_path, train = True)
Hard data = loading data(Hard path, train = True)
test = loading_data(Real_path, train = False)
data = np.concatenate([Easy data, Medium data, Hard data], axis=0)
```

```
del Easy data Medium data Hard socofing/SOCOFing/Altered/Altered-Easy
       loading data from: archive/socofing/SOCOFing/Altered/Altered-Medium
       loading data from: archive/socofing/SOCOFing/Altered/Altered-Hard
      loading data from: archive/socofing/SOCOFing/Real
       < array_function__ internals>:180: VisibleDeprecationWarning: Creating an ndarray from ragged nested sequences (which is a list-or-tuple of lists-or-tuples-or ndarrays with different
import random
random.shuffle(data)
random.shuffle(test)
img, labels = [], []
for label, feature in data:
  labels.append(label)
  img.append(feature)
train_data = np.array(img).reshape(-1, img_size, img_size, 1)
train data = train data / 255.0
from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
train labels = to categorical(labels, num classes = 2)
del data
#Import necessary libraries
from tensorflow.keras import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dense, Flatten
from tensorflow.keras import lavers
from tensorflow.keras import optimizers
model = Sequential([
            Conv2D(32, 3, padding='same', activation='relu',kernel initializer='he uniform', input shape = [96, 96, 1]),
            MaxPooling2D(2).
            Conv2D(32, 3, padding='same', kernel_initializer='he_uniform', activation='relu'),
            MaxPooling2D(2),
            Flatten(),
            Dense(128, kernel_initializer='he_uniform',activation = 'relu'),
            Dense(2, activation = 'softmax').
      2023-02-21 01:41:38.610499: W tensorflow/compiler/xla/stream executor/platform/default/dso loader.cc:64] Could not load dynamic library 'libcuda.so.1'; dlerror: libcuda.so.1: cannot
      2023-02-21 01:41:38.610886: W tensorflow/compiler/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda driver.cc:265] failed call to cuInit: UNKNOWN ERROR (303)
       2023-02-21 01:41:38.611004: I tensorflow/compiler/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda_diagnostics.cc:156] kernel driver does not appear to be running on this host (lapputoppu): /proc/driv
      2023-02-21 01:41:38.784035: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:193] This TensorFlow binary is optimized with oneAPI Deep Neural Network Library (oneDNN) to use t
      To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
model.compile(optimizer = optimizers.Adam(1e-3), loss = 'categorical_crossentropy', metrics = ['accuracy'])
early\_stopping\_cb = tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(monitor='val\_loss', patience=10)
history = model.fit(train data, train labels, batch size = 128, epochs = 30,
      validation_split = 0.2, callbacks = [early_stopping_cb], verbose = 1)
       Epoch 2/30
      308/308 [=
                                                         -] - 266s 862ms/step - loss: 0.2604 - accuracy: 0.8961 - val loss: 0.2375 - val accuracy: 0.9062
       Epoch 3/30
       308/308 [=
                                                         =] - 221s 717ms/step - loss: 0.1232 - accuracy: 0.9579 - val loss: 0.1477 - val accuracy: 0.9469
       Epoch 4/30
       308/308 [=
                                                         =] - 211s 686ms/step - loss: 0.0576 - accuracy: 0.9833 - val loss: 0.1042 - val accuracy: 0.9648
       Epoch 5/30
       308/308 [=
                                                         =] - 212s 688ms/step - loss: 0.0267 - accuracy: 0.9939 - val loss: 0.1000 - val accuracy: 0.9678
       Epoch 6/30
       308/308 [=
                                                         - 209s 678ms/step - loss: 0.0209 - accuracy: 0.9954 - val_loss: 0.0963 - val_accuracy: 0.9704
       Epoch 7/30
       308/308 F=
                                                         = - 212s 688ms/step - loss: 0.0146 - accuracy: 0.9964 - val loss: 0.1020 - val accuracy: 0.9673
       Epoch 8/30
       308/308 [=
                                                         - 209s 680ms/step - loss: 0.0129 - accuracy: 0.9972 - val_loss: 0.1351 - val_accuracy: 0.9614
       Epoch 9/30
       308/308 [=
                                                         =] - 210s 682ms/step - loss: 0.0151 - accuracy: 0.9958 - val_loss: 0.1518 - val_accuracy: 0.9649
       Epoch 10/30
       308/308 [=
                                                         =] - 215s 697ms/step - loss: 0.0172 - accuracy: 0.9948 - val loss: 0.1143 - val accuracy: 0.9702
      Epoch 11/30
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Epoch 15/30
                                                  =] - 260s 843ms/step - loss: 0.0152 - accuracy: 0.9952 - val_loss: 0.1223 - val_accuracy: 0.9699
308/308 [=
Epoch 16/30
308/308 [=
                                                   -] - 228s 740ms/step - loss: 0.0102 - accuracy: 0.9967 - val_loss: 0.1186 - val_accuracy: 0.9702
Epoch 17/30
308/308 [=
                                                     - 209s 680ms/step - loss: 0.0052 - accuracy: 0.9985 - val loss: 0.0926 - val accuracy: 0.9781
Epoch 18/30
                                                   =] - 211s 684ms/step - loss: 0.0020 - accuracy: 0.9996 - val_loss: 0.0965 - val_accuracy: 0.9795
308/308 [=
Epoch 19/30
308/308 [=
                                                   - 212s 687ms/step - loss: 0.0101 - accuracy: 0.9968 - val loss: 0.1288 - val accuracy: 0.9655
Epoch 20/30
                                                    - 208s 676ms/step - loss: 0.0171 - accuracy: 0.9939 - val_loss: 0.0906 - val_accuracy: 0.9782
308/308 [=
Epoch 21/30
308/308 [=
                                                   =] - 213s 692ms/step - loss: 0.0057 - accuracy: 0.9985 - val loss: 0.1055 - val accuracy: 0.9764
Epoch 22/30
308/308 [=
                                                    - 212s 689ms/step - loss: 0.0017 - accuracy: 0.9996 - val_loss: 0.0839 - val_accuracy: 0.9794
Epoch 23/30
308/308 [=
                                                   - 210s 682ms/step - loss: 0.0026 - accuracy: 0.9997 - val_loss: 0.0853 - val_accuracy: 0.9790
Epoch 24/30
308/308 [=
                                                   - 211s 685ms/step - loss: 5.6878e-04 - accuracy: 0.9998 - val_loss: 0.0867 - val_accuracy: 0.9811
Epoch 25/30
308/308 F=
                                                   - 206s 670ms/step - loss: 0.0012 - accuracy: 0.9996 - val loss: 0.0789 - val accuracy: 0.9817
Epoch 26/30
308/308 [==
                                                    - 215s 697ms/step - loss: 4.2742e-04 - accuracy: 0.9996 - val loss: 0.0803 - val accuracy: 0.9821
Epoch 27/30
308/308 [=
                                                    - 214s 694ms/step - loss: 3.9160e-04 - accuracy: 0.9997 - val_loss: 0.0821 - val_accuracy: 0.9817
Epoch 28/30
308/308 [=
                                                  =] - 263s 855ms/step - loss: 3.6940e-04 - accuracy: 0.9998 - val_loss: 0.0835 - val_accuracy: 0.9817
Epoch 29/30
308/308 [=
                                                   - 383s 1s/step - loss: 3.7563e-04 - accuracy: 0.9998 - val_loss: 0.0840 - val_accuracy: 0.9815
Epoch 30/30
308/308 [=
                                                  =] - 389s 1s/step - loss: 3.4882e-04 - accuracy: 0.9998 - val loss: 0.0851 - val accuracy: 0.9816
```

import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt pd.DataFrame(history.history).plot(figsize = (8,5)) plt.grid(True) plt.gca().set_ylim(0,1)

