

Discrete Math

Lab 3

1) Use **set builder notation** to give a description of each of these sets.

a) $\{0, 3, 6, 9, 12\}$

b) $\{-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3\}$

c) $\{m, n, o, p\}$

(a) $\{x \in \mathbb{N} \mid x \text{ is a multiple of } 3 \text{ and } x \leq 12\}$

(b) $\{x \in \mathbb{Z} \mid -3 \leq x \leq 3\}$

(c) $\{x \mid x \text{ is a letter in the alphabet from } m \text{ to } p\}$

2) Which of the intervals $(0, 1)$, $(0, 1]$, $[0, 1)$, $[0, 1]$ contain a) 0? b) 1?

a) $[0, 1)$, $[0, 1]$

b) $(0, 1]$, $[0, 1]$

- Closed interval $[a, b]$ __ **“Contain”**
- Open interval (a, b) __ **“Not contain”**

3) Determine whether each of these pairs of sets are equal.

a) $\{1, 3, 3, 3, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5\}, \{5, 3, 1\}$

“The sets are equal.”



b) $\{\{1\}\}, \{1, \{1\}\}$

“The sets are not equal. Because the first set is a subset of the second set.”

c) $\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}$

“The sets are not equal. Because the first set is an element of the second set.”

4) What is the **cardinality** of each of these sets?

a) $\{a\}$ "1"

b) $\{\{a\}\}$ "1"

c) $\{a, \{a\}\}$ "2"

d) $\{a, \{a\}, \{a, \{a\}\}\}$ "3"

5) What is the **cardinality** of each of these sets?

a) \emptyset

b) $\{\emptyset\}$

c) $\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}$

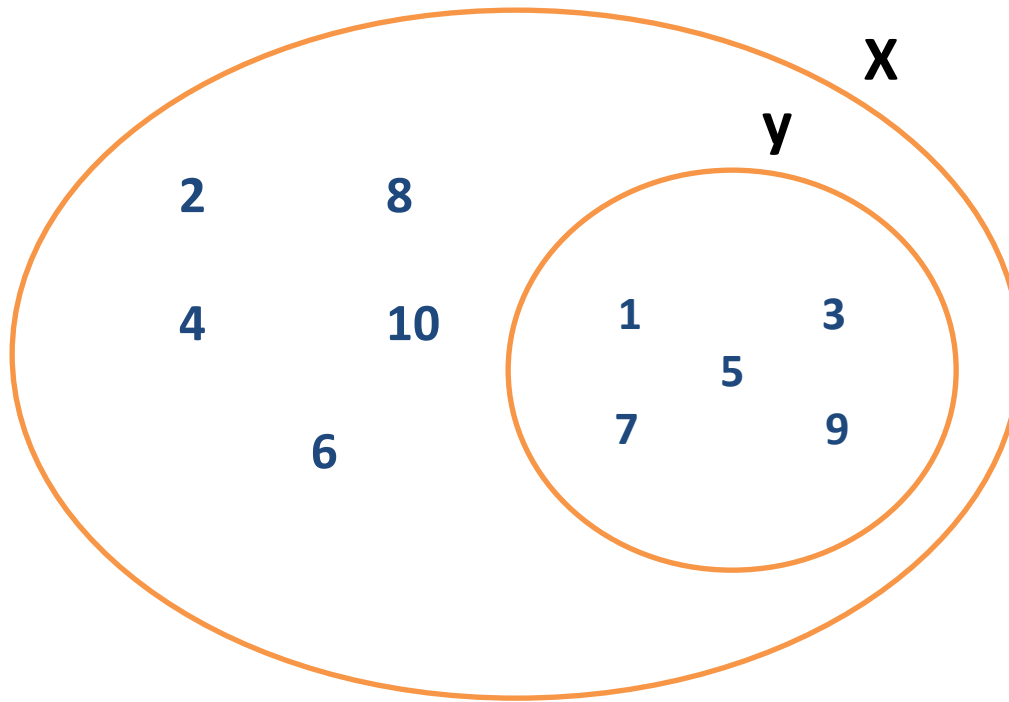
d) $\{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}, \{\emptyset, \{\emptyset\}\}\}$

a) 0, b) 1, c) 2, d) 3.

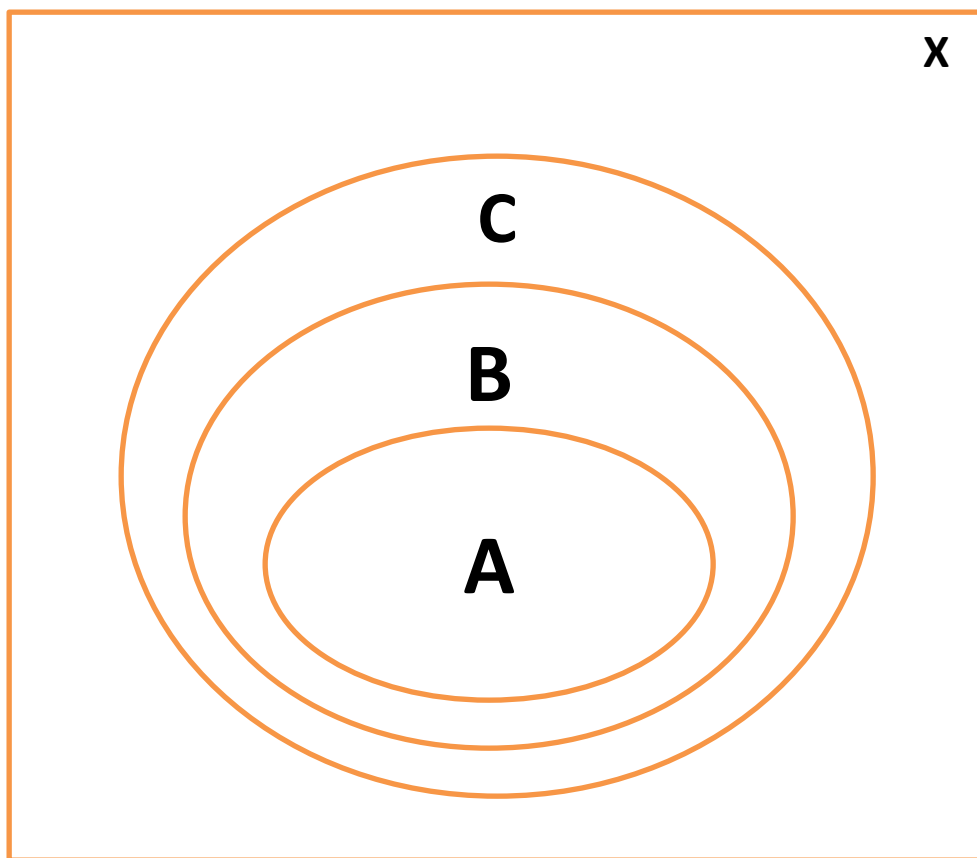
6) Suppose that $A = \{2, 4, 6\}$, $B = \{2, 6\}$, $C = \{4, 6\}$, and $D = \{4, 6, 8\}$. Determine which of these sets are subsets of which other of these sets.

$$A \subseteq A, B \subseteq A, B \subseteq B, C \subseteq A, C \subseteq C, C \subseteq D, D \subseteq D.$$

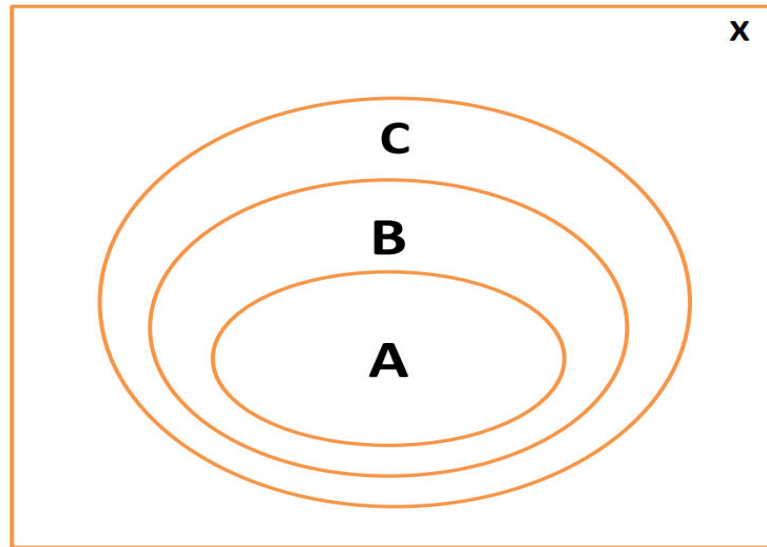
7) Use a **Venn diagram** to illustrate the subset of odd integers in the set of all positive integers not exceeding 10.



8) Use a **Venn diagram** to illustrate the relationship $A \subseteq B$ and $B \subseteq C$.



9) Suppose that A , B , and C are sets such that $A \subseteq B$ and $B \subseteq C$. Show that $A \subseteq C$ using Venn diagram.



Assignment

10) Let $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ and $B = \{y, z\}$. Find

a) $A \times B$

$\{(a,y),(a,z),(b,y),(b,z),(c,y),(c,z),(d,y),(d,z)\}$

a) $B \times A$

$\{(y,a),(y,b),(y,c),(y,d),(z,a),(z,b),(z,c),(z,d)\}$

11) Let $A = \{a, b, c\}$, $B = \{x, y\}$, and $C = \{0, 1\}$. Find

a) $A \times B \times C$

b) $C \times B \times A$

c) $C \times A \times B$

d) $B \times B \times B$



$$(a) A \times B \times C = \{(a, x, 0), (a, x, 1), (a, y, 0), (a, y, 1), (b, x, 0), (b, x, 1), (b, y, 0), (b, y, 1), (c, x, 0), (c, x, 1), (c, y, 0), (c, y, 1)\}$$

$$(b) C \times B \times A = \{(0, x, a), (0, x, b), (0, x, c), (0, y, a), (0, y, b), (0, y, c), (1, x, a), (1, x, b), (1, x, c), (1, y, a), (1, y, b), (1, y, c)\}$$

$$(c) C \times A \times B = \{(0, a, x), (0, a, y), (0, b, x), (0, b, y), (0, c, x), (0, c, y), (1, a, x), (1, a, y), (1, b, x), (1, b, y), (1, c, x), (1, c, y)\}$$

$$(d) B \times B \times B = \{(x, x, x), (x, x, y), (x, y, x), (x, y, y), (y, x, x), (y, x, y), (y, y, x), (y, y, y)\}$$