

Homework 2

Out: September 29, 2015, Wednesday -- Due: October 20, 2015, Tuesday, 11:59pm

EC327 Introduction to Software Engineering – Fall 2015

Total: 200 points

Submission

- ✓ Write your answers to each question area (e.g. Q1, Q2, Q3) clearly in your favorite text editor or word processor and submit a **txt, doc, or pdf** file for each file named **<username>_HW2_QX.<file extension>**
i.e. dougd_HW2_Q1.doc
- ✓ Zip all your materials together (3 total files) and name this archive **<username>_HW2.zip**
i.e. dougd_HW2.zip
For example: *dougd_HW2.zip* has *dougd_HW2_Q1.doc*, *dougd_HW2_Q2.doc*, *dougd_HW2_Q3.doc*
- ✓ Follow submission instructions on Blackboard.

Failure to follow naming conventions will cost you points.

Q1. Liang Book Problems [125 points]

Book problems (2nd edition info); 5pts each; **NOT the programming exercise problems**

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|------------------|----------------|
| 1) 2.26 p. 54 | (2.15 p. 65) |
| 2) 4.7 p. 125 | (2.19 p. 65) |
| 3) 4.9 p. 126 | (2.21 p. 66) |
| 4) 1.38 p. 23 | (2.27 p. 66) |
| 5) 3.10 p. 79 | (3.8 p. 105) |
| 6) 3.17 p. 88 | (3.11 p. 106) |
| 7) 3.21 p. 93 | (3.14 p. 106) |
| 8) 5.12 p. 173 | (4.10 p. 142) |
| 9) 5.15 p. 174 | (4.13 p. 143) |
| 10) 5.16 p. 174 | (4.22 p. 145) |
| 11) 6.4 p. 215 | (5.4 p. 176) |
| 12) 6.9 p. 215 | (5.8 p. 177) |
| 13) 6.12 p. 221 | (5.9 p. 177) |
| 14) 6.27 p. 239 | (6.4 p. 206) |
| 15) 6.16 p. 225 | (6.9 p. 208) |
| 16) 7.4 p. 272 | (7.4 p. 242) |
| 17) 7.8 p. 273 | (7.8 p. 242) |
| 18) 7.11 p. 283 | (7.10 p. 243) |
| 19) 7.18 p. 296 | (7.18 p. 243) |
| 20) 11.9 p. 419 | (11.4 p. 379) |
| 21) 11.10 p. 419 | (11.5 p. 379) |
| 22) 11.11 p. 422 | (11.6 p. 379) |
| 23) 11.13 p. 422 | (11.8 p. 379) |
| 24) 11.17 p. 426 | (11.12 p. 379) |
| 25) 11.15 p. 422 | (11.10 p. 379) |

Q2. Pointer Practice [50 points]

Mark the following as true or false. If false provide a 1-2 sentence explanation.

- a. In C++, pointer is a reserved word.
- b. In C++, pointer variables are declared using the word "pointer".
- c. The statement **delete p**; deallocates the pointer p.
- d. The statement **delete p**; deallocates the dynamic memory that is pointed to by p.
- e. Given the declaration:

```
int list[10];  
int *p;
```

The statement:

```
p = list;
```

is valid in C++

- f. Given the declaration:

```
int *p;
```

The statement:

```
p = new int[50];
```

dynamically allocates an array of 50 components of type int and p contains the base address of the array.

- g. The address of operator (&) returns the address and the value of its operand.
- h. If p is a pointer variable, then the statement `p = p * 2;` is valid in C++;

Answer the following five questions related to code output (Q2 i through m):

What is the output of the following C++ code?

```
int num1;  
int num2;  
int *p = &num1;  
p = &num2;  
*p = 25;  
num1 = num2 + 6;  
p = &num1;  
num2 = 73;  
*p = 47;  
cout << *p << " " << num1 << " " << num2 << endl;
```

What is the output of the following C++ code?

```
int *length;  
int *width;  
length = new int;  
*length = 5;  
width = length;  
length = new int;  
*length = 2 * (*width);  
cout << *length << " " << *width << " " << (*length) * (*width)  
    << endl;
```

What is the output of the following C++ code?

```
int *first = new int;  
int *second;  
*first = 85;  
second = first;  
*second = *second + *first;  
first = new int;  
*first = *second - 100;  
cout << *first << " " << *second << endl;
```

What is the output of the following C++ code?

```
int num;
int *listPtr;
int *temp;
listPtr = new int[5];
num = 8;
temp = listPtr;

for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++)
{
    *listPtr = num;
    num = num + 2;
    listPtr++;
}

listPtr = temp;

for (int k = 0; k < 5; k++)
{
    *temp = *temp + 3;
    temp++;
}

for (int k = 0; k < 5; k++)
{
    cout << *listPtr << " ";
    listPtr++;
}
cout << endl;
```

What is the output of the following C++ code?

```
int *myList = new int[5];
int *yourList = new int[10];

myList[0] = 3;

for (int i = 1; i < 5; i++)
    myList[i] = myList[i - 1] + i;

for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
{
    yourList[i] = myList[i] + 4;
    yourList[i + 5] = myList[4 - i] - 3;
}

cout << "myList: ";
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    cout << myList[i] << " ";
cout << endl;

cout << "yourList: ";
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    cout << yourList[i] << " ";

cout << endl;
```

Q3. General Questions [25 points]

- List 6 high level programming languages, roughly the year they were created, and an example of what they are good for.
- How did compilers come about if you need a compiler to compile a program in the first place???
- Who are: (2 sentences each)
 - Dennis Richie
 - Alan Turing
 - James Gosling
 - John Backus
 - Steve Wozniak

- f. Pick a computer scientist/engineer of your choice 😊
- d. What is a “goto statement” in a programming language and why are they discouraged?
- e. What is one thing you want to know more about regarding computing (most interesting will be shared with in class; maybe even answered).