

Ephesians MC Questions (Complete)

Ephesians 1

1. By what was Paul an apostle of Christ Jesus (Eph. 1:1)

- A. By the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ
- B. By faith which is in Christ Jesus
- C. By the will of God
- D. By the Spirit

C:I:Ep:1

2. The book of Ephesians is address to _____ in Ephesus (Eph. 1:1)

- A. All who live
- B. God's holy people
- C. Those who are called in Christ Jesus
- D. The chosen in Christ

B:B:Ep:1

3. In the greeting, what does Paul say is from God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ (Eph. 1:2)

- A. Grace and peace
- B. Grace and truth
- C. Faith and love
- D. Righteousness and holiness

A:B:Ep:1

4. With what has God blessed the Ephesians in the heavenly realms (Eph. 1:3)

- A. With strength and life
- B. With every spiritual blessing
- C. With all grace in Christ Jesus
- D. With the anointing of the spirit

B:B:Ep:1

5. Where has God blessed the Ephesians with every spiritual blessing (Eph. 1:3)

- A. In all the earth
- B. In the holies of holies
- C. In heavenly realms
- D. In his body which is the church

C:I:Ep:1

6. What did the Father do for us before the creation of the world (Eph. 1:4)

- A. Loved us
- B. Called us
- C. Redeemed us
- D. Chose us

D:B:Ep:1

7. When did the Father chose us in Christ (Eph. 1:4)

- A. Before Christ died for our sins
- B. Before he breathed into life into all
- C. Before the creation of the world
- D. Before he made the land and seas

C:B:Ep:1

8. For what did the Father choose us before the creation of the world (Eph. 1:4)

- A. To be righteous and spiritual
- B. To be holy and blameless
- C. To be loving and truthful
- D. To live with all uprightness and gentleness

B:B:Ep:1

9. In love to what did the Father predestine us according to the pleasure of his will (Eph. 1:5)

- A. For adoption to sonship

- B. For redemption unto righteousness
- C. To be a kingdom of priests
- D. To follow Christ Jesus

A:B:Ep:1

10. What has the Father given us freely in the One he loves (Eph. 1:6)

- A. The forgiveness of sin
- B. The praise of his glorious grace
- C. The light on our path from the Father of lights
- D. The riches of his love

B:I:Ep:1

11. In whom/what has the Father has given us freely the praise of his glorious grace (Eph. 1:6)

- A. In the Spirit which indwells us
- B. In mercy to all who believe
- C. In the One he loves
- D. In his one and only Son

C:I:Ep:1

12. Through what do we have redemption (Eph. 1:7)

- A. Through faith
- B. Through his mercy
- C. Through the washing of our souls
- D. Through his blood

D:B:Ep:1

13. What do we have in redemption through his blood (Eph. 1:7)

- A. Grace and truth
- B. The light of God
- C. The forgiveness of sins

D. A seat in the heaven

C:B:Ep:1

14. According to what do we have forgiveness of sin which was lavished on us (Eph. 1:7)

- A. The bounty of God's love
- B. The riches of God's grace
- C. The deep mercy of God
- D. The cleansing of Christ's blood

B:B:Ep:1

15. With what were the riches of God's grace lavished upon us (Eph. 1:8)

- A. All wisdom and understanding
- B. All forgiveness and cleansing
- C. All holiness and righteousness
- D. All gentleness and meekness

A:I:Ep:1

16. What did God make known to us with all wisdom and understanding (Eph 1:9)

- A. His irresistible calling
- B. The mystery of his will
- C. The greatness of his grace
- D. The forgiveness of sins

B:B:Ep:1

17. When was the mystery of God's will to be put into effect (Eph. 1:10)

- A. When God's word had been manifest
- B. When Christ died for our sins according to the Scripture
- C. When the times reach their fulfillment
- D. When the end of all things had come

C:I:Ep:1

18. Why would the mystery of his will be put into effect (Eph. 1:10)

- A. To unite the church as one body
- B. To fulfill the word of God
- C. To show God's eternal grace
- D. To bring unity to all things

D:B:Ep:1

19. We were chosen and were _____ according to the plan of him who works out everything in conformity to the purpose of his will (Eph. 1:11)

- A. Loved
- B. Redeemed
- C. Predestined
- D. Forgiven

C:B:Ep:1

20. In conformity to what does God work out everything (Eph. 1:11)

- A. The unity of his body the church
- B. The purpose of his will
- C. His eternal word
- D. The goodness of his grace

B:B:Ep:1

21. For what are those who put their hope in Christ (Eph. 1:12)

- A. For the praise of his glory
- B. For lights in a dark world
- C. For the unity of the church
- D. For the forgiveness of sins

A:B:Ep:1

22. Who were for the praise of his glory (Eph. 1:12)

- A. Those who believe on the Son of God
- B. Those who first put their hope in Christ

- C. Those who were called according to his purpose
- D. Those who once were a far off

B:B:Ep:1

23. When the Ephesians believed, what does Paul say happened to them (Eph. 1:13)

- A. Their sins were forgiven
- B. They were justified in Christ Jesus
- C. They were marked with a seal
- D. They were given eternal life

C:B:Ep:1

24. How does Paul describe the seal by which the Ephesians were marked (Eph. 1:13)

- A. The precious blood of Jesus
- B. The circumcision of the heart
- C. The love of God
- D. The promised Holy Spirit

D:B:Ep:1

25. How does Paul describe the mark by which believers are sealed even the promised Holy Spirit (Eph. 1:14)

- A. An advocate for believers
- B. A sign of the promise of God's love
- C. A deposit guaranteeing our inheritance
- D. A sign of the covenant which was in Christ Jesus

C:B:Ep:1

26. Who is the deposit guaranteeing our inheritance (Eph. 1:14)

- A. Christ Jesus
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. God the Father
- D. The apostle Paul

B:B:Ep:1

27. The Spirit is the guarantee of our inheritance at what time (Eph. 1:14)

- A. The redemption of those who are God's possession
- B. When Christ takes the throne on the right hand of the Father
- C. The imputation of Christ's righteousness on believers
- D. The return of Jesus to receive us into glory

A:B:Ep:1

28. What did Paul say he had heard about the Ephesians (Eph. 1:15)

- A. Their love towards Paul
- B. Their faith in the Lord Jesus
- C. Their concern for all the saints
- D. Their endurance in hardships

B:I:Ep:1

29. What did Paul say he had heard about the Ephesians (Eph. 1:15)

- A. Their grace towards the poor
- B. Their concern for all the saints
- C. Their love for all God's people
- D. Their endurance in hardships

C:B:Ep:1

30. What has Paul not stopped doing (Eph. 1:16)

- A. Seeking their good
- B. Praising God on their behalf
- C. Sacrificing for the Ephesians day and night
- D. Giving thanks for the Ephesians

D:B:Ep:1

31. What does Paul keep asking the glorious Father might give to the Ephesians (Eph. 1:17)

- A. The forgiveness of sins
- B. All power and might in Christ Jesus
- C. The Spirit of wisdom and revelation
- D. The Spirit of humility and kindness

C:B:Ep:1

32. To what end does Paul keep asking that God would give them the Spirit of wisdom and revelation (Eph. 1:17)

- A. So that they might love one another
- B. So that they might know him better
- C. So that they would walk in the footsteps of Jesus
- D. So that they would become what they are

B:B:Ep:1

33. Paul says that he prays that what would be enlightened (Eph. 1:28)

- A. The eyes of their heart
- B. The thoughts of their mind
- C. Their faith and hope
- D. Their understanding of his will

A:B:Ep:1

34. What does Paul pray they may know and to which he had called them (Eph. 1:28)

- A. Love
- B. Hope
- C. Joy
- D. Peace

B:I:Ep:1

35. God has called them to the hope which is described as the _____ (Eph. 1:18)

- A. Seal of the promised Holy Spirit
- B. The kindness of his grace

- C. Riches of his glorious inheritance in his holy people
- D. The greatness and fullness of his grace in Christ Jesus

C:B:Ep:1

36. To what has God called them for those who have believed (Eph. 1:19)

- A. His holiness and righteousness
- B. His greatness which is beyond measure
- C. His forgiveness and light
- D. His incomparably great power

D:B:Ep:1

37. After God raised Jesus, where did God seat him (Eph. 1:20)

- A. On his throne above all creation
- B. Above every king and priest and prophet
- C. At his right hand in the heavenly realms
- D. At the head of the body the church

C:B:Ep:1

38. After God raised Jesus, God seated him above all rule and authority, power and _____ (Eph. 1:21)

- A. Principality
- B. Dominion
- C. Judge
- D. Kingdom

B:I:Ep:1

39. Jesus was given a _____ far above not only in this age but in the age to come (Eph. 1:21)

- A. Name
- B. Crown
- C. Garment

D. Throne

A:B:Ep:1

40. Where did God place all things (Eph. 1:22)

- A. Under the mountain of God
- B. Under Christ's feet
- C. Under the control of the Spirit
- D. In his hands

B:B:Ep:1

41. What was Christ appointed to be (Eph. 1:22)

- A. The son of God and son of God
- B. The great high priest
- C. The head over everything for the church
- D. The king on the throne of his father David

C:B:Ep:1

42. How is the church described in relation to Christ (Eph. 1:23)

- A. His blessing
- B. His crown
- C. His gift
- D. His body

B:B:Ep:1

43. How is Christ's body described (Eph. 1:23)

- A. The fullness of him who fills everything
- B. The perfect which guides us in truth
- C. The love of God incarnate
- D. The manifestation of God's glory and truth

A:B:Ep:1

Ephesians 2

1. In what does Paul say the Ephesians are dead (Eph. 2:1)

- A. In their worldly desires
- B. In their trespasses and sins
- C. In the lusts of their past lives
- D. In their fleshly bodies

B:B:Ep:2

2. How is the spirit who is at work in those who are disobedient described (Eph 2:2)

- A. The king of this world
- B. The master of those who are slaves to sin
- C. The ruler of the kingdom of the air
- D. The prince of this world

C:B:Ep:2

3. In whom is the spirit of the ruler of the kingdom of the air at work (Eph. 2:2)

- A. Those who have turned away
- B. Those who desire the pleasures of this world
- C. Those who are dead in sin
- D. Those who are disobedient

D:B:Ep:2

4. By nature what does Paul say we deserve (Eph. 2:3)

- A. Death
- B. Judgment
- C. Wrath
- D. Forgiveness

C:I:Ep:2

5. Among what did we all live at one time (Eph. 2:3)

- A. Rebell ing against God
- B. Gratifying the cravings of our flesh
- C. Serving filthy money
- D. Pursuing our own desires and not those of the Spirit

B:B:Ep:2

6. In what is God rich (Eph. 2:4)

- A. Mercy
- B. Forgiveness
- C. Love
- D. Kindness

A:I:Ep:2

7. What does God have that is great toward us (Eph. 2:4)

- A. Compassion
- B. Love
- C. Forgiveness
- D. Rewards

B:B:Ep:2

8. Even when we were dead in trespasses what did God make us with Christ (Eph. 2:5)

- A. Alive
- B. Forgiven
- C. To serve and rule
- D. Righteous

A:I:Ep:2

9. In what were we dead when God made us alive with Christ (Eph. 2:5)

- A. Lust
- B. Trespasses
- C. Unrighteousness

D. Injustice

B:B:Ep:2

10. By what have we been saved (Eph. 2:5, 8)

- A. By faith
- B. By the blood of Christ
- C. By grace
- D. By mercy

C:B:Ep:2

11. The grace by which we are saved through faith is not from what (Eph. 2:8)

- A. This world
- B. Works
- C. The Spirit
- D. Ourselves

D:B:Ep:2

12. While we are saved by grace, what are we saved through (Eph. 2:8)

- A. Works
- B. Following Jesus
- C. Faith
- D. God's calling

C:B:Ep:2

13. What is the grace that saves us (Eph. 2:8)

- A. It is eternal
- B. It is a gift of God
- C. It is the seal of our salvation
- D. It is perfect

B:B:Ep:2

14. Why is grace through faith a gift and not by works (Eph. 2:9)

- A. So no one can boast
- B. So that God receives all the glory
- C. So that it is by Christ's blood
- D. So that all may give thanks

A:B:Ep:2

15. Why are we created in Christ Jesus (Eph. 2:10)

- A. To seek his kingdom and his righteousness
- B. To do good works
- C. To sit with him in the heavenly realms
- D. To praise him

B:B:Ep:2

16. We are God's _____ created in Christ Jesus for good works (Eph. 2:10)

- A. Gift
- B. Image
- C. Handiwork
- D. Servants

C:I:Ep:2

17. What were the Gentiles formerly called (Eph. 2:11)

- A. Pagans
- B. Defiled
- C. Unbelievers
- D. Uncircumcised

D:B:Ep:2

18. What is done in the body by human hands (Eph. 2:11)

- A. Lust
- B. Sins of the flesh
- C. Circumcision

D. Evil

C:I:Ep:2

19. What were the Ephesians foreigners to (Eph. 2:12)

- A. The history of the people of God
- B. The covenants of promise
- C. The grace of God
- D. The call of our Lord Jesus Christ

B:B:Ep:2

20. When the Ephesians were separate from Christ, from what were they excluded (Eph. 2:12)

- A. The citizenship in Israel
- B. The promises given to Abraham
- C. The seal of the Holy Spirit
- D. The household of God

A:B:Ep:2

21. In the world the Ephesians who at that time were separated from Christ were without what in the world (Eph. 2:12)

- A. Joy
- B. Hope
- C. Love
- D. Grace

B:I:Ep:2

22. How were those who were once far away brought near (Eph. 2:13)

- A. By the promises of God
- B. By the grace of God
- C. By the blood of Christ
- D. By the seal of the Spirit

C:B:Ep:2

23. What did Christ destroy making the two groups one (Eph. 2:14)

- A. The gate separation
- B. The chasm
- C. The warfare battle lines
- D. The wall of hostility

D:B:Ep:2

24. What did Christ set aside in his flesh making the two groups one (Eph. 2:15)

- A. The covenant of works
- B. Circumcision of the flesh
- C. The law with its commands
- D. The enmity between Jews and Gentiles

C:B:Ep:2

25. What was Christ trying to make by creating one new humanity (Eph. 2:15)

- A. A community of faith
- B. Peace
- C. A kingdom of priests
- D. One body

B:I:Ep:2

26. Through what did Christ seek to reconcile both groups to God (Eph. 2:16)

- A. Through the cross
- B. Through his blood
- C. Through grace
- D. Through peace

A:B:Ep:2

27. What did Christ put to death through the cross (Eph. 2:16)

- A. Their distrust

- B. Their hostility
- C. Their separation
- D. Their arrogance

B:I:Ep:2

28. What did Christ preach both to those who were far away and those who were near (Eph. 2:17)

- A. Peace
- B. Reconciliation
- C. Redemption
- D. Repenance

A:B:Ep:2

29. To whom did Christ preach peace (Eph. 2:17)

- A. The uncircumcised
- B. Those who were far away
- C. Those who believed in him
- D. Those who were called

B:I:Ep:2

30. To whom do both Jews and Gentiles have access (Eph. 2:18)

- A. Jesus Christ
- B. Each other
- C. The Father
- D. The Spirit

C:B:Ep:2

31. By what do both Jews and Gentiles have access to the Father (Eph. 2:18)

- A. One faith
- B. One cross
- C. One high priest

D. One Spirit

D:B:Ep:2

32. What does Paul tell the Ephesians they are no longer (Eph. 2:19)

- A. Sinners
- B. Citizens
- C. Foreigners
- D. Poor

C:B:Ep:2

33. What did Paul say the Ephesians were not members of (Eph. 2:19)

- A. God's kingdom
- B. God's household
- C. Heavenly realms
- D. Spiritual community

B:B:Ep:2

34. Who does Paul tell the Ephesians they are fellow citizens with (Eph. 2:19)

- A. God's people
- B. The priests of God
- C. The community of faith
- D. The church of Christ

A:B:Ep:2

35. Who did Paul say was the foundation built upon (Eph. 2:20)

- A. The Scripture
- B. Apostles and prophets
- C. Jews and Gentiles
- D. The grace of God

B:B:Ep:2

36. What does Paul call Jesus after saying the foundation was built on the apostles and prophets (Eph. 2:20)

- A. The vine
- B. The good shepherd
- C. The chief cornerstone
- D. The only gate

C:B:Ep:2

37. What does the whole building joint together become in the Lord (Eph. 2:21)

- A. A royal priesthood
- B. A family of God
- C. One body
- D. A holy temple

D:B:Ep:2

38. What does Paul say they are being built to become (Eph. 2:22)

- A. A holy nation in Christ Jesus
- B. Kingdom of priests
- C. A dwelling in which God lives
- D. A heavenly Zion in which all live as one

C:B:Ep:2

Ephesians 3

1. What does Paul call himself for the sake of the Gentiles (Eph. 3:1)

- A. A disciple
- B. A servant
- C. A prisoner
- D. A shepherd

C:I:Ep:3

2. Why does Paul call himself a prisoner (Eph. 3:1)

- A. For the sake of you Gentiles
- B. For the sake of Jesus Christ
- C. For the sake of the grace of god
- D. For the sake of the elect

A:B:Ep:3

3. What does Paul say was given to him by revelation (Eph. 3:2)

- A. His apostleship
- B. The administration of God's grace
- C. The covenant of promise to the Gentiles
- D. Wisdom and understanding

B:I:Ep:3

4. What was made known to Paul by revelation (Eph 3:2f)

- A. Knowledge
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. The mystery
- D. The promise

C:I:Ep:3

5. What will the Ephesians understand by reading Paul's epistle (Eph. 3:4)

- A. His ministry among them

- B. His calling and election
- C. His wisdom received from the Spirit
- D. His insight into the mystery of Christ

D:B:Ep:3

6. To whom has the mystery of Christ been revealed (Eph. 3:5)

- A. Only to Paul as a messenger of Christ
- B. The whole church of our Lord Jesus Christ
- C. God's holy apostles and prophets
- D. The bishops and elders of Christ

C:B:Ep:3

7. To whom was the mystery of Christ not made known (Eph. 3:5)

- A. To those who believe
- B. To people in other generations
- C. To all who are called in Christ
- D. To those who received the old covenant

B:B:Ep:3

8. What does Paul say the mystery is that was revealed by the Spirit (Eph. 3:6)

- A. That the Gentiles are heirs with Israel
- B. That God should save all who believe
- C. That the Spirit was now open to all
- D. The forgiveness of sins through Jesus Christ

A:B:Ep:3

9. By what means was the mystery revealed to God's holy apostles and prophets (Eph. 3:5)

- A. By dreams and visions
- B. By the Spirit
- C. By the word of God

D. By grace

B:B:Ep:3

10. What does the mystery indicate that the Gentiles are now sharers in (Eph. 3:6)

- A. The new covenant by the blood of Christ
- B. The indwelling of the Spirit
- C. The promise in Christ Jesus
- D. The calling and election

C:B:Ep:3

11. Through what are the Gentiles now heirs together with Israel (Eph. 3:6)

- A. Through the grace of God
- B. Through the work of the Spirit
- C. Through faith
- D. Through the gospel

D:B:Ep:3

12. What metaphor does Paul use to show that the Gentiles are now heirs together with Israel (Eph. 3:6)

- A. An olive tree
- B. Fruit
- C. A body
- D. A temple

C:I:Ep:3

13. Through what did Paul become a servant of this gospel (Eph. 3:7)

- A. Through the calling of God
- B. Through the work of God's power
- C. Through the Spirit
- D. Through the forgiveness offered in Christ

B:B:Ep:3

14. What did Paul become by the gift of God's grace (Eph. 3:7)

- A. A servant of the gospel
- B. A disciple of Christ
- C. An apostle of God's grace
- D. A messenger of God's promise

A:I:Ep:3

15. What grace was Paul given to preach to the Gentiles (Eph. 3:8)

- A. The grace of God
- B. The boundless riches of Christ
- C. The forgiveness of sins to all who believe
- D. The regeneration of the Spirit

B:B:Ep:3

16. What position did Paul say he had among all the Lord's people (Eph. 3:8)

- A. The greatest apostle
- B. The shepherd
- C. The least
- D. A brother to all

C:B:Ep:3

17. Where was the administration of this mystery hidden (Eph. 3:9)

- A. In the promise
- B. In the seal of the Spirit
- C. In Christ Jesus
- D. In God

D:I:Ep:3

18. How was God described in whom the administration was hidden (Eph. 3:9)

- A. As the one who made Paul an apostle
- B. As the one who forgave our sins

- C. As the one who created all things
- D. As the one who chose us in Christ

C:I:Ep:3

19. What did God intend to make known now through the church (Eph. 3:10)

- A. The righteousness of God
- B. The wisdom of God
- C. The grace of God
- D. The faithfulness of God

B:I:Ep:3

20. Through what did God intend to make known the wisdom of God (Eph. 3:10)

- A. Through the church
- B. Through the Spirit
- C. Through Paul
- D. Through the Scriptures

A:B:Ep:3

21. To whom was the wisdom of God made known through the church (Eph. 3:10)

- A. To the authorities of this world
- B. To rulers in heavenly realms
- C. To all who believe
- D. To both Jews and Gentiles

B:B:Ep:3

22. Through what may we approach God (Eph. 3:12)

- A. Through the Spirit
- B. Through hope
- C. Through faith
- D. Through grace

C:B:Ep:3

23. How may we approach God through faith (Eph. 3:12)

- A. With hope and holiness
- B. With fear and trembling
- C. With thankfulness and hope
- D. With freedom and confidence

D:B:Ep:3

24. What did God accomplish in Christ Jesus our Lord (Eph. 3:11)

- A. His eternal mystery
- B. His redemption
- C. His eternal purpose
- D. His eternal salvation

C:B:Ep:3

25. What did Paul say was the Ephesians glory (Eph. 3:13)

- A. The gospel of Christ
- B. Paul's sufferings
- C. God's grace
- D. The mystery now revealed

B:B:Ep:3

26. What does Paul do before the Father from whom every family derives its name (Eph. 3:14)

- A. He kneels
- B. He lifts his hands
- C. He bows
- D. He prostrates himself

A:I:Ep:3

27. What does every family in heaven and earth derive from the Father (Eph. 3:14)

- A. Its boundary

- B. Its name
- C. Its inheritance
- D. Its law

B:I:Ep:3

28. Where does Paul pray they may be strengthened (Eph. 3:16)

- A. In their faith
- B. In their commitment to Christ
- C. In their inner being
- D. In their spirit

C:I:Ep:3

29. Through what does Paul pray they may be strengthened in their inner spirit (Eph. 3:16)

- A. Through the word of his grace
- B. Through the gospel
- C. Through hope
- D. Through his Spirit

D:B:Ep:3

30. Through what does Christ dwell in their hearts (Eph. 3:17)

- A. Through the mystery of Christ
- B. Through all things
- C. Through faith
- D. Through grace

C:B:Ep:3

31. Where does Paul pray Christ may dwell (Eph. 3:17)

- A. In the church
- B. In their hearts
- C. In their bodies

D. In heavenly realms

B:B:Ep:3

32. What does Paul pray they be rooted in (Eph. 3:17)

- A. In love
- B. In faith
- C. In their calling
- D. In the grace of God

A:B:Ep:3

33. What does Paul pray they, along with the Lord's holy people, may grasp (Eph. 3:18)

- A. The grace of God
- B. The love of Christ
- C. The indwelling of the Spirit
- D. The wisdom of God

B:B:Ep:3

34. What does Paul say love surpasses (Eph. 3:19)

- A. Faith
- B. Hope
- C. Knowledge
- D. Wisdom

C:I:Ep:3

35. What does Paul pray they will be filled with (Eph. 3:19)

- A. The Spirit of God
- B. The knowledge of Jesus Christ
- C. The grace of the Father
- D. The fullness of God

D:B:Ep:3

36. What does Paul say God is able to do immeasurably more than (Eph. 3:20)

- A. More than we could hope for
- B. More than the sand of the sea
- C. More than we ask or imagine
- D. More than the heights of heaven

C:B:Ep:3

37. What does Paul say is at work in us more than we can ask or imagine (Eph. 3:20)

- A. God's spirit
- B. God's power
- C. God's grace
- D. God's calling and election

B:B:Ep:3

38. What should be to God in the church throughout all generations (Eph. 3:21)

- A. Glory
- B. Grace
- C. Love
- D. The gospel

A:B:Ep:3

Ephesians 4

1. As what does Paul write the Ephesians, urging them to live a life worthy of their calling (Eph. 4:1)
 - A. As an apostle
 - B. As a servant of Christ
 - C. As a prisoner
 - D. As a messenger of the gospel

C:B:Ep:4

2. What does Paul urge them to live a life worthy of (Eph. 4:1)
 - A. The gift they have been given
 - B. The calling they had received
 - C. The grace that they had received
 - D. The promise they had been promised

B:B:Ep:4

3. What did Paul tell them to be completely (Eph. 4:2)
 - A. Humble and gentle
 - B. Filled with the Spirit
 - C. Gracious and kind
 - D. Faithful and trustworthy

A:I:Ep:4

4. What does Paul urge the Ephesians to do in love (Eph. 4:2)
 - A. Forgive one another
 - B. Bear with one another
 - C. All things
 - D. Submit to one another

B:I:Ep:4

5. What did Paul tell the Ephesians they should make every effort to keep (Eph. 4:3)

- A. The bond of love
- B. The truth of the gospel
- C. The unity of the Spirit
- D. All righteousness

C:B:Ep:4

6. What does Paul tell them they were called to (Eph. 4:4)

- A. The paths of righteousness
- B. Heavenly realms
- C. Christ
- D. One hope

D:B:Ep:4

7. What did Paul parallel to there being one body (Eph. 4:4)

- A. One calling in Christ
- B. One gospel
- C. One Spirit
- D. One grace

C:B:Ep:4

8. Paul says there is one Lord, one faith and one _____ (Eph. 4:5)

- A. Cup
- B. Baptism
- C. Savior
- D. Gospel

B:B:Ep:4

9. How does Paul describe the one God and Father as (Eph. 4:6)

- A. Over all and through all
- B. The one who calls us in Christ Jesus
- C. The head of the body

D. The king in the heavenly realms

A:B:Ep:4

10. How much grace has each one of us been given (Eph. 4:7)

- A. As much as is needed
- B. As Christ apportioned it
- C. As the Father has poured it out on us
- D. As the Spirit has delivered it

B:I:Ep:4

11. What does Paul say has been given to each one of us (Eph. 4:7)

- A. Peace
- B. Righteousness
- C. Grace
- D. Forgiveness

C:B:Ep:4

12. When Christ ascended on high what did he take (Eph. 4:8)

- A. Many gifts of the Spirit
- B. His seat in the heavenly realms
- C. Many crowns
- D. Many captives

D:B:Ep:4

13. When did Christ give gifts to his people (Eph. 4:8)

- A. When he sent the Spirit
- B. When he sat at the Father's right hand
- C. When he ascended on high
- D. When he rose from the dead

C:I:Ep:4

14. To where did Christ descend (Eph. 4:9)

- A. To the depths of the sea
- B. To lower, earthly regions
- C. To the depths of the earth
- D. Into the grave

B:B:Ep:4

15. Why did Christ ascend higher than all the heavens (Eph. 4:10)

- A. To fill the whole universe
- B. To be with his Father
- C. To become Lord of all
- D. To overcome the power of Satan

A:B:Ep:4

16. Paul says, Christ gave all of the following EXCEPT (Eph. 4:11)

- A. Apostles
- B. Elders
- C. Prophets
- D. Evangelists
- E. Pastors

B:B:Ep:4

17. Why the Christ give apostles and prophets (Eph. 4:12)

- A. To lead the church to the fullness of love
- B. To instruct the body of Christ
- C. To equip his people for works of service
- D. To bring the church into one body

C:B:Ep:4

18. Why the Christ give apostles and prophets (Eph. 4:12)

- A. So that all the members of Christ's body may be one
- B. So that the peace of God may reign

- C. So that the people of God may complete their calling
- D. So that the body of Christ may be built up

D:B:Ep:4

19. What did Christ give apostles and prophets for the attaining of (Eph. 4:13)

- A. The fulfilling of all righteousness
- B. The holiness of the Father and peace of the Spirit
- C. The whole measure of the fullness of Christ
- D. The complete unity of the body of Christ

C:B:Ep:4

20. What unity does Paul describe that we will reach being equipped by evangelists and pastors (Eph. 4:13)

- A. Unity in vision and message
- B. Unity in the faith and knowledge of the Son of God
- C. Unity in belief and goals for which they were strive
- D. Unity in mind and body for the full church of Christ

B:B:Ep:4

21. The goal of the unity in faith and knowledge of the Son of God was to become _____ (Eph. 4:13)

- A. Mature
- B. Complete
- C. Whole
- D. Righteous

A:I:Ep:4

22. If we become mature, what will we no longer be (Eph. 4:14)

- A. Gullible
- B. Infants
- C. Immature

D. Unstable

B:I:Ep:4

23. When we are no longer infants, what will not happen (Eph. 4:14)

- A. We will not believe every false doctrine and teaching
- B. We will not be led astray as little children
- C. We will not be tossed back and forth by the waves
- D. We will not swing from one side to the other

C:B:Ep:4

24. What kind of wind will not blow us here and there if we are mature (Eph. 4:14)

- A. Apostasy
- B. Lie and deception
- C. Evil
- D. Teaching

D:B:Ep:4

25. To what end do people use cunning and craftiness (Eph. 4:14)

- A. Deceptive ensnaring
- B. Treacherousness
- C. Deceitful scheming
- D. Wickedness

C:I:Ep:4

26. What should be spoken in love (Eph 4:15)

- A. Everything
- B. The truth
- C. The word of God
- D. Rebuke

B:B:Ep:4

27. Christ is said to be what part of the body (Eph. 4:15)

- A. The head
- B. The eyes
- C. The hands
- D. The strength

A:B:Ep:4

28. What must each part of the body do (Eph. 4:16)

- A. Its function
- B. Its work
- C. Its calling
- D. Its assignment

B:I:Ep:4

29. By what is the body joined and held together (Eph. 4:16)

- A. By the head
- B. By every thought and intent of the heart
- C. By every supporting ligament
- D. By every muscle

C:B:Ep:4

30. What does the body do in love (Eph. 4:16)

- A. Cares for its members
- B. Moves according to its head
- C. Feeds and nourishes itself
- D. Grows and builds itself up

D:B:Ep:4

31. As what must they no longer live their lives (Eph. 4:17)

- A. As foreigners
- B. As outsiders
- C. As Gentiles

D. As Jews

C:I:Ep:4

32. How do the Gentiles live (Eph. 4:17)

- A. In sin
- B. In the futility of their thinking
- C. In opposition to the truth of Christ
- D. With no understanding of the law

B:B:Ep:4

33. From what are the Gentiles separated (Eph. 4:18)

- A. The life of God
- B. The body of Christ
- C. Their own evil hearts
- D. The gospel of Christ

A:I:Ep:4

34. In what are the Gentiles darkened (Eph. 4:18)

- A. Their wisdom
- B. Their understanding
- C. Their thoughts
- D. Their walk

B:B:Ep:4

35. What is the ignorance of the Gentiles is due to (Eph. 4:18)

- A. Their rejection of the law of God
- B. The calling of Christ
- C. The hardening of their hearts
- D. Their resolute commitment to folly

C:B:Ep:4

36. To what have the Gentiles given themselves over to (Eph. 4:19)

- A. Evil
- B. Wickedness
- C. Uncleanness
- D. Sensuality

D:B:Ep:4

37. What are the Gentiles full of (Eph. 4:19)

- A. Wickedness
- B. Uncleaness
- C. Greed
- D. Selfishness

C:B:Ep:4

38. In what do the Gentiles indulge (Eph. 4:19)

- A. All the vices of the body
- B. Every kind of impurity
- C. The wickedness of their hearts
- D. Their lusts and evil desires

B:I:Ep:4

39. How were the Ephesians taught (Eph. 4:20)

- A. According to the truth that is in Jesus
- B. According to the mercies of God
- C. According to the indwelling Holy Spirit
- D. According to their calling in Christ

A:B:Ep:4

40. What were the Ephesians taught to put off (Eph. 4:22)

- A. The torn garments
- B. Their old self
- C. The soil of this world

D. Their lustful thoughts

B:B:Ep:4

41. By what was their old selves corrupted (Eph. 4:22)

- A. Evil thoughts
- B. The lack of understanding
- C. Deceitful desires
- D. Rebellion against everything that is good

C:B:Ep:4

42. For what was the new self created (Eph. 4:24)

- A. To glorify God forever
- B. To follow Christ our head
- C. To become part of the body
- D. To be like God

D:B:Ep:4

43. How is the new self created to be like God (Eph. 4:24)

- A. The renewing of our minds
- B. Grace and mercy
- C. True righteousness and holiness
- D. Grace and truth in Christ

C:B:Ep:4

44. What does Paul tell them each of them must do to their neighbors (Eph. 4:25)

- A. Proclaim the gospel
- B. Speak truthfully
- C. Love them like ourselves
- D. Forgive them in the Lord

B:B:Ep:4

45. What are we not to do in our anger (Eph. 4:26)

- A. Sin
- B. Harm our neighbor
- C. Murder
- D. Abuse others

A:B:Ep:4

46. When one is angry, what should they not do (Eph. 4:26)

- A. Violate others
- B. Let the sun go down
- C. Pursue revenge
- D. Forsake gathering together

B:B:Ep:4

47. What is not to be given to the devil (Eph. 4:27)

- A. One thought
- B. One moment
- C. A foothold
- D. A path

C:B:Ep:4

48. What must a person who no longer steals do (Eph. 4:28)

- A. Repay what was stolen
- B. Not get angry when they are caught
- C. Resist the devil so that he flees
- D. Work with their own hands

D:B:Ep:4

49. Why should those who used to steal work (Eph. 4:28)

- A. So that they can follow Paul's example
- B. So that they can follow Christ
- C. So they can share with those in need

- D. So they can repay what they have stolen

C:B:Ep:4

50. What should not come out of your mouth (Eph. 4:29)

- A. Slander against a neighbor
- B. Any unwholesome talk
- C. Gossip
- D. Treacherous words

B:B:Ep:4

51. What should one not do to the Holy Spirit of God (Eph. 4:30)

- A. Grieve
- B. Spurn
- C. Reject
- D. Harden one's heart

A:B:Ep:4

52. All of the following are listed as vices to be gotten rid of EXCEPT (Eph. 4:31)

- A. Bitterness
- B. Envy
- C. Rage
- D. Slander
- E. Malice

B:I:Ep:4

53. What should we be to one another (Eph. 4:32)

- A. Wise and understanding
- B. A messenger of Christ
- C. Kind and compassionate
- D. Strong and steadfast

C:B:Ep:4

54. What should we do just as in Christ God did (Eph. 4:32)

- A. Love one another
- B. Speak to one another in spiritual songs and words
- C. Correct and guide one another
- D. Forgive each other

D:B:Ep:4

Ephesians 5

1. Whose example does Paul say to follow as loved children (Eph. 5:1)

- A. David's
- B. God's
- C. Paul's
- D. Christ's

B:B:Ep:5

2. In what way does Paul tell the Ephesians to walk (Eph. 5:2)

- A. In the way of righteousness
- B. In the way of truth
- C. In the way of love
- D. In the way of forgiveness

C:B:Ep:5

3. How did Christ offer himself up for us in love (Eph. 5:2)

- A. As a tender lamb of God
- B. As an aroma pleasing to the Lord
- C. Shedding his own blood as a lamb without spot and blemish
- D. As a fragrant offering and sacrifice

D:B:Ep:5

4. How does Paul say Christ loved us as a model we are to follow (Eph. 5:2)

- A. Forgiving our sins and all who believe
- B. In grace and truth
- C. Gave himself up for us
- D. With prayers and supplications to God

C:B:Ep:5

5. Paul tells them there must not even be a hint of all of the following among them EXCEPT (Eph. 5:3)

- A. Sexual immorality
- B. Bitterness
- C. Greed
- D. Impurity

B:B:Ep:5

6. Paul lists all of the following as out of place EXCEPT (Eph. 5:4)

- A. Lies
- B. Obscenity
- C. Foolish talk
- D. Coarse joking

A:I:Ep:5

7. For whom does Paul say greed and impurity are improper (Eph. 5:3)

- A. The pure body of Christ
- B. God's holy people
- C. Those who are called
- D. Followers of the way

B:I:Ep:5

8. Instead of coarse joking and foolish talk, what does Paul say should be (Eph. 5:4)

- A. Praise
- B. Wholesome words
- C. Thanksgiving
- D. Truthfulness

C:I:Ep:5

9. All of the following are listed as not having any inheritance in the kingdom of Christ EXCEPT (Eph. 5:5)

- A. No immoral person
- B. No impure person

- C. No greedy person
- D. No slanderous person

D:I:Ep:5

10. How does Paul label people who are immoral, impure and greedy (Eph. 5:5)

- A. As wicked
- B. As uncircumcised of heart
- C. As idolaters
- D. As ungodly

C:B:Ep:5

11. In what do people who are immoral, impure and greedy not have an inheritance in (Eph. 5:5)

- A. Those God has called
- B. The kingdom of Christ and God
- C. The land of the righteous
- D. The body of Christ

B:B:Ep:5

12. With what does Paul warn them not to be deceived (Eph. 5:6)

- A. Empty words
- B. Treacherous words
- C. Slanderous words
- D. Denials of Christ

A:B:Ep:5

13. What does Paul say comes on the disobedient (Eph. 5:6)

- A. God's judgment
- B. God's wrath
- C. God's punishment
- D. God's disappointment

B:B:Ep:5

14. On whom does Paul say the wrath of God comes (Eph. 5:6)

- A. The wicked
- B. The greedy
- C. The disobedient
- D. The sexually impure

C:I:Ep:5

15. What kind of children should they live as (Eph. 5:8)

- A. Obedient
- B. Holy and blameless
- C. Faithful
- D. Light

D:B:Ep:5

16. All of the following are listed as the fruit of light EXCEPT (Eph. 5:9)

- A. Goodness
- B. Righteousness
- C. Faithfulness
- D. Truth

C:B:Ep:5

17. What does Paul tell them they should find out (Eph. 5:10)

- A. What the Spirit whispers
- B. What pleases God
- C. The way of righteousness
- D. How to enter the kingdom

B:B:Ep:5

18. With what does Paul tell them not to have anything to do with (Eph. 5:11)

- A. The fruitless deeds of darkness

- B. The wickedness of this world
- C. Greed and impurity
- D. Evil deeds of the disobedient

A:B:Ep:5

19. What does Paul say they should do to the fruitless deeds of darkness (Eph. 5:11)

- A. Flee them
- B. Expose them
- C. Overcome them
- D. Destroy them

B:B:Ep:5

20. What is shameful even to mention (Eph. 5:12)

- A. The works of the evil one
- B. What they do upon whom the wrath of God comes
- C. What the disobedient do in secret
- D. The deeds of darkness

C:B:Ep:5

21. What becomes visible (Eph. 5:13)

- A. Everything revealed on that final day
- B. The deeds of darkness
- C. All the wonderful works of God
- D. Everything exposed to the light

D:B:Ep:5

22. What will Christ do on the sleeper and dead (Eph. 5:14)

- A. Breath on them
- B. Shake them
- C. Shine on them
- D. Anoint them

C:B:Ep:5

23. Who will Christ shine on as it is said (Eph. 5:14)

- A. The righteous and the unrighteous
- B. The sleeper and dead
- C. The workers of iniquity
- D. Those doing the deeds of darkness

B:B:Ep:5

24. Why should one make the most of every opportunity (Eph. 5:16)

- A. Because the days are evil
- B. Because Christ is returning
- C. Because the time is short
- D. Because it may not come again

A:B:Ep:5

25. Paul tells them they should be careful to live as _____ (Eph. 5:15)

- A. Holy
- B. Wise
- C. Righteous
- D. Examples

B:I:Ep:5

26. What does Paul suggest they should understand rather than being foolish (Eph. 5:17)

- A. How great the mystery of God is
- B. The depths of Christ love
- C. What the Lord's will is
- D. The path of the righteous

C:B:Ep:5

27. What does Paul say they should do rather than getting drunk (Eph. 5:18)

- A. Be sober in word and deed

- B. Submit to Christ
- C. Examine themselves
- D. Be filled with the Spirit

D:B:Ep:5

28. What does Paul say they should not do as opposed being filled with the Spirit (Eph. 5:18)

- A. Destroy Christ's body
- B. Follow empty words
- C. Get drunk
- D. Be filled with uncleanness

C:I:Ep:5

29. To what does drunkenness lead (Eph. 5:18)

- A. Impurity
- B. Debauchery
- C. Greed
- D. Intemperance

B:I:Ep:5

30. Paul tells them they should speak to one another in all of the following manners EXCEPT (Eph. 5:19)

- A. Praise
- B. Psalms
- C. Hymns
- D. Songs from the Spirit

A:I:Ep:5

31. What should they do from their heart to the Lord (Eph. 5:19)

- A. Fast and pray
- B. Sing and make music

- C. Rejoice and praise
- D. Seek and ask

B:I:Ep:5

32. What does Paul say they should always do to God the Father (Eph. 5:20)

- A. Trust
- B. Submit
- C. Give thanks
- D. Rejoice

C:B:Ep:5

33. How does Paul say we should give thanks in everything to God (Eph. 5:20)

- A. With meekness and soberness
- B. In the power of the Holy Spirit
- C. With bowed heads before the Father
- D. In the name of our Lord Jesus Christ

D:B:Ep:5

34. Why should they submit to one another (Eph. 5:21)

- A. Because they submit to God
- B. Following Christ's example
- C. Out of reverence for Christ
- D. Out of the fear of the Lord

C:B:Ep:5

35. What does Paul direct wives to do (Eph. 5:22)

- A. Be united with their husbands
- B. Submit to their own husbands
- C. Love their husbands with all their hearts
- D. Become one with their husbands

B:B:Ep:5

36. How were wives to submit to their husbands (Eph. 5:22)

- A. As to the Lord
- B. As led by the Spirit
- C. As to Christ their head
- D. As the church does to Christ

A:I:Ep:5

37. What metaphor does Paul use to the husband's relationship to his wife (Eph. 5:23)

- A. Heart
- B. Head
- C. Source
- D. King

B:B:Ep:5

38. How is Christ's relationship to the church described? He is it's _____ (Eph. 5:23)

- A. Foundation
- B. Heart
- C. Head
- D. King

C:B:Ep:5

39. The church is described as Christ's _____ (Eph. 5:23)

- A. Heart
- B. Robe
- C. Wife
- D. Body

D:B:Ep:5

40. What should the church do to Christ (Eph. 5:24)

- A. Listen to
- B. Obey

- C. Submit
- D. Follow

C:B:Ep:5

41. What are husbands to do for their wives (Eph. 5:25)

- A. Listen to them
- B. Love them
- C. Nurture them
- D. Honor them

B:B:Ep:5

42. How did Christ love the church (Eph. 5:25)

- A. He gave himself up for her
- B. He shed his precious blood for her
- C. He brought her to himself
- D. He protected her

A:B:Ep:5

43. Why did Christ give himself up for the church (Eph. 5:26)

- A. To make her obedient
- B. To make her holy
- C. To make her his
- D. To make her without spot and blemish

B:B:Ep:5

44. How did Christ cleanse the church (Eph. 5:26)

- A. By anointing her with the oil of the Spirit
- B. By sending his Spirit to purify her without spot
- C. By the washing with water through the word
- D. By shedding his own precious blood for her

C:B:Ep:5

45. Christ presented the church to himself in all of the following ways EXCEPT (Eph. 5:27)

- A. Without stain or wrinkle
- B. Without blemish
- C. Holy and blameless
- D. Pure and undefiled

D:B:Ep:5

46. How should husbands love their wives (Eph. 5:28)

- A. As much as they love other members of the church
- B. As much as they love the things of this world
- C. As much as they love their own bodies
- D. As much as they love Christ

C:B:Ep:5

47. What has no one ever hated (Eph. 5:29)

- A. Money
- B. Their own body
- C. Their own possessions
- D. Their own home

B:B:Ep:5

48. Of what are we members (Eph. 5:30)

- A. Christ's body
- B. The olive tree
- C. The congregation of the righteous
- D. The redeemed community

A:B:Ep:5

49. For his wife, whom should a man leave (Eph. 5:31)

- A. His possessions

- B. His father and mother
- C. His house and home
- D. His selfish desires

B:B:Ep:5

50. In marriage, what do the two become (Eph. 5:31)

- A. One soul
- B. One mind
- C. One flesh
- D. One heart

C:B:Ep:5

51. In speaking of the unity in marriage, what profound mystery is Paul speaking about (Eph. 5:32)

- A. The union of a man and a woman
- B. The heavenly and earthly kingdoms
- C. The union of the trinity
- D. Christ and the church

D:B:Ep:5

52. What must the wife do for her husband (Eph. 5:33)

- A. Forgive him
- B. Give herself to him
- C. Respect him
- D. Cherish him

C:B:Ep:5

53. How much must the husband love his wife (Eph. 5:33)

- A. As much as he loves the church
- B. As much as he loves himself
- C. As much as he loves Christ

D. As much as he loves his father and mother

B:B:Ep:5

Ephesians 6

1. What is right for children to do (Eph. 6:1)

- A. Obey their parents
- B. Submit to their parents
- C. Follow their parents' example
- D. Listen to their elders

A:B:Ep:6

2. Honoring your father and mother is the first commandment with what (Eph. 6:2)

- A. An oath
- B. A promise
- C. A punishment
- D. A reward

B:B:Ep:6

3. What is the first commandment with a promise (Eph. 6:2)

- A. You should not lie
- B. You should not covet
- C. Honor your father and mother
- D. Keep the Sabbath holy

C:B:Ep:6

4. The commandment to honor one's father and mother will result in _____ (Eph. 6:3)

- A. Prosperity
- B. Success
- C. Favor with God
- D. Long life

D:B:Ep:6

5. What should fathers not do to their children (Eph. 6:4)

- A. Criticize

- B. Rebuke
- C. Exasperate
- D. Abuse

C:B:Ep:6

6. What should fathers do for their children (Eph. 6:4)

- A. Give them an inheritance in the Lord and in the church
- B. Bring them up in the training and instruction of the Lord
- C. Guide them into the fear of the Lord and teach them wisdom
- D. Train them in the way they should go so they may live long

B:B:Ep:6

7. What should slaves do to their masters (Eph. 6:5)

- A. Obey them
- B. Submit to them
- C. Pray for them
- D. Serve them well

A:B:Ep:6

8. What attitude should slaves have toward their masters (Eph. 6:5)

- A. Joy and thanksgiving
- B. Respect and fear
- C. Humility and kindness
- D. Thankfulness and contentment

B:B:Ep:6

9. How should slaves not obey their masters (Eph. 6:6)

- A. Not with a bitter heart
- B. Not out of envy and jealousy
- C. Not just to win their favor
- D. Not just superficially

C:I:Ep:6

10. How should Christian slaves serve their masters (Eph. 6:7)

- A. Sincerely
- B. Absolutely
- C. Humbly
- D. Wholeheartedly

D:I:Ep:6

11. How should Christian slaves serve their masters (Eph. 6:7)

- A. As if they were an honorable king
- B. As if they were their parents
- C. As if serving the Lord
- D. As if serving their wives

C:B:Ep:6

12. For slaves what will the Lord reward (Eph. 6:8)

- A. Faithful service in the name of Christ
- B. Whatever good they do
- C. Humility in Christ
- D. Loyalty and service in the name of Christ

B:I:Ep:6

13. What should masters not do to their slaves (Eph. 6:9)

- A. Threaten them
- B. Beat them
- C. Be harsh with them
- D. Work them beyond measure

A:I:Ep:6

14. What should masters keep in mind (Eph. 6:9)

- A. They all serve the same king

- B. That both of them have a Master in heaven
- C. That Christ died for both of them
- D. That they are now brothers and sisters in Christ

B:I:Ep:6

14. What is not found with their Master in heaven (Eph. 6:9)

- A. Wickedness
- B. Bonds
- C. Favoritism
- D. Unrighteousness

C:I:Ep:6

15. In what should we be strong (Eph. 6:10)

- A. In our faith
- B. In our love
- C. In the calling by which you were called
- D. In the Lord's mighty power

D:B:Ep:6

16. Why should they put on the full armor of God (Eph. 6:11)

- A. So that they may be victorious on the day of Christ
- B. So that they may protect themselves from evil
- C. So that they may stand against the devil's schemes
- D. So that they may fulfill the fullness of Christ

C:B:Ep:6

17. What should they do to stand against the devil's schemes (Eph. 6:11)

- A. Resist the devil so that he flees
- B. Put on the full armor of God
- C. Come into the fortress of God
- D. Trust God as their rock

B:B:Ep:6

18. What is our struggle not with (Eph. 6:12)

- A. Flesh and blood
- B. Kings and rulers of this world
- C. Warriors of the flesh
- D. The principles of earthly realms

A:B:Ep:6

19. What is our struggle against (Eph. 6:12)

- A. Lusts of the flesh and blood
- B. Rulers of this dark world
- C. Pride of life
- D. The forces of the evil one

B:B:Ep:6

20. What is our struggle against (Eph. 6:12)

- A. Lusts of the flesh and blood
- B. Pride of life conquering this dark world
- C. Spiritual forces of evil in heavenly realms
- D. The armies of the evil one in this world

C:B:Ep:6

21. What should one put on so that they may stand when the day of evil comes (Eph. 6:13)

- A. The grace and mercy of God
- B. The redemption in Christ
- C. Shield of righteousness
- D. The full armor of God

D:B:Ep:6

22. What belt is to be buckled around your waist as part of the full armor of God (Eph. 6:14)

- A. The belt mercy
- B. The belt of justice
- C. The belt of truth
- D. The belt of holiness

C:B:Ep:6

23. What should be in place from the full armor of God (Eph. 6:14)

- A. The shoes of the gospel
- B. The breastplate of righteousness
- C. The sword of truth
- D. The belt of the word of God

B:B:Ep:6

24. What should your feet be fitted with making them ready (Eph. 6:15)

- A. The gospel of peace
- B. The righteousness of God
- C. Steadfast love
- D. Sandals of salvation

A:B:Ep:6

25. What kind of shield was part of the full armor of God (Eph. 6:16)

- A. Truth
- B. Faith
- C. Justice
- D. Holiness

B:B:Ep:6

26. What can the shield of faith do (Eph. 6:16)

- A. Defend against the darts of the devil

- B. Resist the wiles of the rulers of this dark world
- C. Extinguish the flaming arrows of the evil one
- D. Protect your heart and mind

C:B:Ep:6

27. In the armor of God, what is the helmet (Eph. 6:17)

- A. Righteousness
- B. Peace
- C. Justice
- D. Salvation

D:B:Ep:6

28. In the armor of God, what is the sword (Eph. 6:17)

- A. The truth
- B. Righteousness
- C. The Spirit
- D. The gifts of the Spirit

C:B:Ep:6

29. What is the sword of the Spirit (Eph. 6:17)

- A. The peace of Christ
- B. The word of God
- C. The gifts of the Spirit
- D. The proclamation of the gospel

B:B:Ep:6

30. What should one do on all occasions (Eph. 6:18)

- A. Pray
- B. Sing
- C. Submit
- D. Rejoice

A:I:Ep:6

31. For what should one always pray with all kinds of prayers and requests (Eph. 6:18)

- A. For those in need
- B. For the Lord's people
- C. For those who are called
- D. For those who cannot stand

B:B:Ep:6

32. What does Paul want the Ephesians to pray for him (Eph. 6:19)

- A. That he might be able to preach the gospel in Rome
- B. That he may himself put on the whole armor of God
- C. That he may make known the mystery of the gospel
- D. That he may not fall away as many of Israel did

C:B:Ep:6

33. How does Paul ask them to pray that he might make known the mystery of the gospel (Eph. 6:19f)

- A. With joy
- B. With power
- C. Honestly
- D. Fearlessly

D:I:Ep:6

34. How does Paul describe his own situation at the end of the book of Ephesians (Eph. 6:20)

- A. An apostle of the mystery of the gospel
- B. A soldier of Christ in full armor
- C. An ambassador in chains
- D. A servant of Christ

C:B:Ep:6

35. Who will tell the Ephesians everything so they may know how Paul is doing (Eph. 6:21)

- A. Epaphroditus
- B. Tychicus
- C. Aquila
- D. Phoebe

B:I:Ep:6

36. What does Paul call Tychicus (Eph. 6:21)

- A. The dear brother and faithful servant
- B. Our co-worker in Christ
- C. A hard worker for the Lord and for them
- D. His dear friend and brother in the Lord

A:I:Ep:6

37. Why Paul was sending Tychicus to the Ephesians (Eph. 6:22)

- A. So that he may have some fruit among them
- B. So that he may encourage them
- C. So that he may call them to repentance
- D. So that he may present the gospel to them

B:I:Ep:6

38. With what does Paul bless them from God the Father (Eph. 6:23)

- A. Hope and grace
- B. Grace and truth
- C. Love with faith
- D. Gentleness and meekness

C:B:Ep:6

39. Paul commends grace to all who love Christ in what manner (Eph. 6:24)

- A. Hopeful joy

- B. Grace and truth
- C. Undying love
- D. Wisdom and understanding

C:I:Ep:6