

Joel Multiple Choice Questions

B=Beginning; I=Intermediate; A=Advanced

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Joel 1 Multiple Choice Questions

1. What came to Joel son of Pethuel (Joel 1:1)?

- A. A vision at noon
- B. A dream in the night
- C. The word of the Lord
- D. Thoughts of the end

C:B:Jl:1

2. Whose son was Joel (Joel 1:1)?

- A. Beeri
- B. Pethuel
- C. Obed
- D. Perez

B:A:Jl:1

3. Who does Joel explicitly exhort to listen because all who live in the land (Joel 1:2)?

- A. The tribal leaders
- B. The chiefs of the clans
- C. The Priests
- D. The elders

D:B:Jl:1

4. What does Joel exhort all who live in the land to do with what would happen in their days (Joel 1:3)?

- A. Write it in a book
- B. Write it on stone
- C. Tell it to their children
- D. Tell it to the nations

C:B:Jl:1

5. What ate what the swarming locusts left (Joel 1:4)?

- A. The great locusts
- B. The young locusts
- C. The green locusts
- D. The hopping locusts

A:A:Jl:1

6. What ate what the great locusts left (Joel 1:4)?

- A. The swarming locusts
- B. The young locusts
- C. The green locusts
- D. The hopping locusts

B:A:Jl:1

7. What does Joel tell the drunkards to do (Joel 1:5)?

- A. Roll over and vomit
- B. Stand up straight and walk away
- C. Wake up and weep
- D. Put away your wine

C:B:Jl:1

8. Why does Joel tell the drinkers of wine to wail (Joel 1:5)?

- A. Because the locusts have eaten your lunch
- B. Because your glasses are dry
- C. Because the vines have been devoured
- D. Because the new wine has been snatched from your lips

D:B:Jl:1

9. What does Joel say has invaded his land (Joel 1:6)?

- A. A mighty army without number
- B. Creepers and hoppers
- C. A swarm of locusts devouring all your vines
- D. An unstoppable force

A:I:Jl:1

10. How have the locusts attacked the fig trees (Joel 1:7)?

- A. Eaten all their leaves
- B. Destroyed all the figs both ripe and unripe
- C. Stripped off their bark leaving the branches white
- D. Devoured the tree down to its roots

C:B:Jl:1

11. How is the mighty invading army without number described as having (Joel 1:6)?

- A. Shields of gold
- B. Chariots of fire
- C. Devouring arrows
- D. Teeth like a lion

D:B:Jl:1

12. What does Joel tell Israel to mourn like (Joel 1:8)?

- A. A virgin in sackcloth
- B. A mother bereaved of her children
- C. A warrior who has lost the battle
- D. A father who has lost his son

A:I:Jl:1

13. What does Joel say are cut off from the house of the Lord (Joel 1:9)?

- A. The burnt and sin offerings
- B. The drink and grain offerings
- C. The fellowship and purification offerings
- D. The praise and thanksgiving offerings

B:B:Jl:1

14. When Joel talks about the fields being ruined he mentions all of the following as being destroyed EXCEPT

- A. Grain
- B. New wine
- C. Pomegranates
- D. Olive oil

C:B:Jl:1

15. When Joel describes the devastation what does he say will fail (Joel 1:10)?

- A. The new wine
- B. The grain
- C. The figs

D. The olive oil

D:I:Jl:1

16. What does Joel tell them to grieve over (Joel 1:11)?

- A. The wheat and barley
- B. The olives and figs
- C. The grapes and figs
- D. The pomegranates and oranges

A:B:Jl:1

17. All of the following trees are explicitly listed as having dried up EXCEPT (Joel 1:12)

- A. Palm tree
- B. Apple tree
- C. Olive tree
- D. Pomegranate tree

C:A:Jl:1

18. What does Joel say has withered away (Joel 1:12)?

- A. The sycamore trees
- B. The joy of mankind
- C. The wells and springs
- D. The flowers of the field

B:B:Jl:1

19. What does Joel tell the priests to put on (Joel 1:13)?

- A. Sackcloth
- B. White linen
- C. The ephod

D. The priestly robes

A:B:Jl:1

20. Who does Joel tell to put on sackcloth (Joel 1:13)?

- A. The prophets
- B. The kings
- C. The priests
- D. The poor

C:B:Jl:1

21. How does Joel describe the role of the priesthood in Israel (Joel 1:13)?

- A. Those who offer sacrifices
- B. Those who teach the people the way of the Lord
- C. Those who carry the ark of the covenant
- D. Those who minister before God

D:B:Jl:1

22. What two types of offerings does Joel have the priests grieve over (Joel 1:13)?

- A. Grain and drink offerings
- B. Whole and Burnt offerings
- C. Sin and purification offerings
- D. Fellowship and Trespass offerings

A:A:Jl:1

23. What did Joel say should be declared in Israel (Joel 1:13)?

- A. A day of prayer
- B. A fast
- C. A time of repentance

D. Tearing of clothes

B:B:Jl:1

24. Who was specifically listed as being summoned to the house of the Lord (Joel 1:14)?

- A. The priests
- B. The tribal chiefs
- C. The elders
- D. The heads of the clans

C:A:Jl:1

25. Why does Joel say all who live in the land should be summoned to the house of the Lord (Joel 1:14)?

- A. To weep and lament
- B. To tear their clothes
- C. To offering offerings to the Lord
- D. To cry out to the Lord

D:B:Jl:1

26. What does Joel say is near (Joel 1:15)?

- A. The day of the Lord
- B. The locust judgment
- C. The day of Jezreel
- D. The wrath of the Lord

A:B:Jl:1

27. How will the day of the Lord coming from the Almighty (Joel 1:15)?

- A. Like a mighty storm
- B. Like destruction

- C. Like a tidal wave
- D. Like a famine in the land

B:I:Jl:1

28. What does Joel say has been cut off from the house of God (Joel 1:16)?

- A. Sacrifices and offerings
- B. The priests' instruction
- C. Joy and gladness
- D. The song of singing

C:I:Jl:1

29. What is shriveled beneath the cods (Joel 1:17)?

- A. The leaves
- B. The locust eggs
- C. The roots
- D. Seeds

D:A:Jl:1

30. What are broken down (Joel 1:17)?

- A. The fences
- B. The city gates
- C. The granaries
- D. The stables

C:B:Jl:1

31. Who does Joel say moans (Joel 1:18)?

- A. The oak trees
- B. The cattle

- C. The farmers
- D. The children

B:B:Jl:1

32. Why do the herds mull about (Joel 1:18)?

- A. They have no pasture
- B. There is no water
- C. The fences have been broken down
- D. There are no shepherds

A:B:Jl:1

33. What has devoured the open pastures (Joel 1:19)?

- A. Locusts
- B. Fire
- C. Floods
- D. Hail storms

B:B:Jl:1

34. Who does Joel say pants for God (Joel 1:20)?

- A. The priests
- B. The children
- C. The wild animals
- D. The warriors

C:B:Jl:1

35. What has happened to the streams (Joel 1:20)?

- A. They have become polluted
- B. They are filled with the bodies of dead locusts

- C. They have dried up
- D. They are water empty fields

C:B:Jl:1

Joel 2

1. Why does God say all in the land should tremble (Joel 2:1)?

- A. Because the locusts are coming
- B. Because the fields will be burned with fire
- C. Because the Feast of Trumpets is at hand
- D. Because the Day of the Lord is coming close

D:B:Jl:2

2. What is Israel to do because the day of the Lord is coming close at hand (Joel 2:1)?

- A. Sound the alarm by blowing the trumpet
- B. Close the city gates and lock them with bars
- C. Put on sackcloth and put dust on their heads
- D. Flee from Jerusalem

A:B:Jl:2

3. The day of the Lord described by all of the following EXCEPT (Joel 2:2)

- A. A day of darkness
- B. A day of clouds
- C. A day of storms
- D. A day of blackness

C:I:Jl:2

4. What is a large and mighty army is coming is compared to (Joel 2:2)?

- A. The rain covering the ground
- B. The dawn spreading across the mountains
- C. A swarm of flies covering a carcass
- D. The whirlwind sweeping over the land

B:I:Jl:2

5. What goes before the large and mighty army (Joel 2:3)?

- A. Fear terrifying
- B. Destruction destroying
- C. East wind withering
- D. Fire devouring

D:B:Jl:2

6. What is the land like before the large and mighty army comes (Joel 2:3)?

- A. The garden of Eden
- B. The green banks of the Jordan River
- C. The vineyards of Ephraim
- D. The olive groves of Gillo

A:B:Jl:2

7. What does the large and mighty army leave behind it (Joel 2:3)?

- A. Destruction and devastation
- B. Desert waste
- C. Sand and rocks
- D. Barren tree stumps

B:B:Jl:2

8. What appearance does the large and mighty army have (Joel 2:4)?

- A. Lions
- B. Eagles
- C. Horses
- D. Mighty warriors

C:B:Jl:2

9. What sound does the large and mighty army make as it advances (Joel 2:5)?

- A. The sound of trumpets
- B. The sound of the threshing floor
- C. The sound of the grinding mill
- D. The sound of chariots

D:I:Jl:2

10. What sound does the large and mighty army make as it advances (Joel 2:5)?

- A. The sound of trumpets
- B. The sound of the threshing floor
- C. The sound of a crackling fire consuming stubble
- D. The sound of the grinding mill

C:I:Jl:2

11. What is the response of the nations against whom the large and mighty army comes (Joel 2:6)?

- A. The hearts fail
- B. Their faces turn pale
- C. Their legs shake
- D. Their hands go limp

B:I:Jl:2

12. What does the large and mighty army scale like soldiers (Joel 2:7)?

- A. The walls
- B. The city gates
- C. The trees
- D. The mountains

A:I:Jl:2

13. How does each soldier in the large and mighty army march (Joel 2:8)?

- A. In perfect columns
- B. Straight ahead
- C. With the speed of a leopard
- D. In never ending rows

B:A:Jl:2

14. What does the large and mighty army do without breaking ranks (Joel 2:8)?

- A. Scale city walls
- B. Enter the temple of idols
- C. Plunge through the defenses
- D. Leap over the mountains

C:A:Jl:2

15. Where does the large and mighty army run (Joel 2:9)?

- A. To the gate of the city
- B. To the green vineyards
- C. Into the temple for plunder
- D. Along the wall

D:I:Jl:2

16. What does the large and mighty army climb into (Joel 2:9)?

- A. Houses
- B. Temples
- C. Treasuries
- D. Storehouses

A:B:Jl:2

17. How does the large and mighty army enter houses (Joel 2:9)?

- A. Through the cracks in the doorways
- B. Through the windows like thieves
- C. Through the gateways like kings
- D. Over the thresholds like a tax collector

B:B:Jl:2

18. All of the following are nature's response to the large and mighty army EXCEPT (Joel 2:10)

- A. The sky trembles
- B. The earth shakes
- C. The trees are stripped
- D. The sun and moon are darkened

C:B:Jl:2

19. What does the Lord do at the head of his army (Joel 2:11)?

- A. He sounds the trumpet
- B. He shouts commands
- C. He raises his spear
- D. He thunders

D:B:Jl:2

20. How is the day of the Lord described (Joel 2:11)?

- A. Great and dreadful
- B. Terrifying and unstoppable
- C. Day of wrath
- D. Deliverance and judgment

A:B:Jl:2

21. God encourages Israel to return to him with all of these EXCEPT (Joel 2:12)

- A. Mourning
- B. Prayer
- C. Weeping
- D. Fasting

B:I:Jl:2

22. What should Israel do with weeping and fasting (Joel 2:12)?

- A. Confess their sins
- B. Pursue holiness
- C. Return to the Lord
- D. Acknowledge their guilt

C:B:Jl:2

23. What does God say Israel should rend/tear (Joel 2:13)?

- A. Their magical books
- B. Their pagan altars
- C. Their garments
- D. Their hearts

D:B:Jl:2

24. Joel invites Israel to return to God because he is all of the following EXCEPT (Joel 2:13)

- A. Full of mercy
- B. Gracious
- C. Compassionate
- D. Slow to anger
- E. Abounding in love

A:B:Jl:2

25. Of what does God relent (Joel 2:13)?

- A. Demanding discipline
- B. Sending Calamity
- C. Rendering Judgment
- D. Seeking justice

B:B:Jl:2

26. What may God turn and leave behind (Joel 2:14)?

- A. Fattened calves
- B. Love
- C. A blessing
- D. Harvests of grain

C:I:Jl:2

27. What may God turn and leave behind (Joel 2:14)?

- A. Fattened calves
- B. Storehouses of wheat and barley

- C. Rich harvests of oil and wine
- D. Grain and drink offerings

D:I:Jl:2

28. What does Joel say should be done in Zion (Joel 2:15)?

- A. A trumpet should be blown
- B. A song should be sung
- C. Sackcloth should be put on
- D. Dust should be put on their heads

A:A:Jl:2

29. What does Joel suggest should be declared (Joel 2:15)?

- A. A recital of Israel's sins
- B. A fast
- C. A guilt offering
- D. The word of the Lord

B:B:Jl:2

30. Joel says that an assembly should be called with all of the following people EXCEPT (Joel 2:16)

- A. Elders
- B. Children
- C. Warriors
- D. Bridegroom
- E. Bride

C:I:Jl:2

31. What does Joel say the priests who minister before the Lord should do (Joel 2:17)?

- A. Lead a procession to the altar of the temple
- B. Offering guilt offerings to the Lord
- C. Proclaim a fast throughout all Israel
- D. Weep between the temple porch and altar

D:B:Jl:2

32. What should the priest pray that God not make his people (Joel 2:17)?

- A. A byword among the nations
- B. A reproach among their enemies
- C. A desert within a fertile land
- D. A shame for their parents

A:I:Jl:2

33. What would the peoples say in making Israel an object of scorn (Joel 2:17)?

- A. Are these those who served the Lord?
- B. Where is their God?
- C. Has there ever been such devastation?
- D. Why has the Lord rejected his people?

B:B:Jl:2

34. When will the Lord take pity on his people (Joel 2:18)?

- A. When they repent
- B. When he has compassion on them
- C. When he is jealous for his land
- D. When he receives their offerings

C:B:Jl:2

35. God will send all of the following to satisfy them fully EXCEPT (Joel 2:19)?

- A. Grain
- B. New wine
- C. Oil
- D. Figs

D:A:Jl:2

36. What will Israel never again be made to the nations (Joel 2:19)?

- A. An object of scorn
- B. A barren mountain
- C. A land of locusts
- D. A valley of death

A:I:Jl:2

37. Who does God say he will drive far from them (Joel 2:20)?

- A. The southern army
- B. The northern army
- C. The eastern army
- D. The western marines

B:I:Jl:2

38. Where the front columns of the northern army go (Joel 2:20)?

- A. Into the eastern sea
- B. Into the western sea
- C. Into the northern sea
- D. Into the southern sea

A:A:Jl:2

39. Where will the rear columns of the northern army go (Joel 2:20)?

- A. Into the eastern sea
- B. Into the western sea
- C. Into the northern sea
- D. Into the southern sea

B:A:Jl:2

40. Why should the land be glad and rejoice (Joel 2:21)?

- A. Because the enemy will flee away
- B. Because the northern army will be driven back by a strong wind
- C. Because the Lord has done great things
- D. Because the Lord will relent

C:I:Jl:2

41. Why should the wild animals not be afraid (Joel 2:22)?

- A. Because the locusts will fly away
- B. Because the early rains are coming
- C. Because the fruit of the pomegranate is ripening
- D. Because the open pastures are becoming green

D:I:Jl:2

42. What is yielding their riches once again (Joel 2:22)?

- A. The sheep and goats
- B. Mountain grasses
- C. The fruit of the fig and vine
- D. The harvests of wheat and barley

C:I:Jl:2

43. Zion is to rejoice because in what has God given the autumn rains (Joel 2:23)?

- A. Wisdom
- B. Holiness
- C. Justice
- D. Righteousness

D:I:Jl:2

44. What has God given in righteousness (Joel 2:23)?

- A. The autumn rains
- B. The spring rains
- C. The morning dew
- D. The evening mist

A:B:Jl:2

45. Zion is to rejoice because what will be filled with grain (Joel 2:24)?

- A. The storehouses
- B. The threshing floors
- C. Their tables
- D. The pantries

B:B:Jl:2

46. What will their vats overflow with (Joel 2:24)?

- A. Wheat and barley
- B. Figs and grapes
- C. Oil and new wine
- D. Water and wine

C:B:Jl:2

47. God said he would repay them for what years (Joel 2:25)?

- A. Famine and drought
- B. Sabbath
- C. Jubilee
- D. The locusts have eaten

D:B:Jl:2

48. What does God call the locusts (Joel 2:25)?

- A. My great army
- B. My warriors
- C. My heroes
- D. My servants

A:I:Jl:2

49. Why will they praise the name of the Lord their God (Joel 2:26)?

- A. Because of his mighty arm and outstretched hand
- B. Because he has worked his wonders for them
- C. Because he has sent rain in its season
- D. Because the locusts were burned alive

B:A:Jl:2

50. What will never happen to Israel again (Joel 2:26)?

- A. They will never see another locust plague
- B. They will never experience hunger again
- C. They will never be shamed again
- D. They will never return to Egypt

C:B:Jl:2

51. What will Israel know after God has worked his wonders (Joel 2:27)?

- A. That I am who I am
- B. That I am your shepherd and you are the sheep of my pasture
- C. That I have chosen Israel as my people
- D. That I am the Lord your God there is no other

D:B:Jl:2

52. Afterward what will God pour out on all people (Joel 2:28)?

- A. The spring and autumn rains
- B. The word of the Lord
- C. His Spirit
- D. The oil of gladness

C:B:Jl:2

53. Afterward, who will prophesy (Joel 2:28)?

- A. Your old men
- B. Your sons and daughters
- C. All people
- D. The prophets

B:B:Jl:2

54. Afterward, who will dream dreams (Joel 2:28)?

- A. Your old men
- B. Your sons and daughters
- C. All people
- D. The prophets

A:B:Jl:2

55. Afterward, who will see visions (Joel 2:28)?

- A. Your old men
- B. Your sons and daughters
- C. Your young men
- D. The prophets

C:B:Jl:2

56. On whom will God pour out his Spirit in those days (Joel 2:29)?

- A. All who believe
- B. My servants both men and women
- C. The prophets of the Most High
- D. Those who follow the way of the Lord

B:B:Jl:2

57. In those days God will show all of the following signs and wonders EXCEPT (Joel 2:29)

- A. Blood
- B. Fire
- C. Hail
- D. Smoke

C:I:Jl:2

58. In those days what will happen to the moon (Joel 2:31)?

- A. It will be darkened
- B. It will shine even in the day
- C. Fade away
- D. It will be turned to blood

D:B:Jl:2

59. When will the sun be turned to darkness (Joel 2:31)?

- A. Before the coming great day of the Lord
- B. Before the coming of the One to whom it belongs
- C. Before the coming of the star of Jacob
- D. Before the scepter of Israel rules over all nations

A:B:Jl:2

60. Who will be saved in those days (Joel 2:32)?

- A. All who follow the ways of the Lord
- B. All who call on the name of the Lord
- C. All who turn to the Lord
- D. All who turn away from gods of silver and gold

B:B:Jl:2

61. Where will deliverance be in those days (Joel 2:32)?

- A. In all the earth
- B. In Galilee of the Gentiles
- C. On Mount Zion
- D. From Tarshish to Sheba

C:B:Jl:2

Joel 3

1. What will God restore in those days (Joel 3:1)?

- A. The blessings of Ephraim and Samaria
- B. The fortunes of Judah and Jerusalem
- C. The borders of the land of Israel and Judah
- D. The priests and Levites

B:B:Jl:3

2. Who will God gather and bring down to the Valley of Jehoshaphat (Joel 3:2)?

- A. Ephraim
- B. Judah
- C. All nations
- D. Egypt and Assyria

C:B:Jl:3

3. Where will God gather all nations (Joel 3:2)?

- A. The Kidron Valley
- B. The Mount of Olives
- C. The Valley of Jehoshaphat
- D. The mountains of Galilee

C:B:Jl:3

4. Why will God judge the nations in the Valley of Jehoshaphat (Joes 3:2)?

- A. Because they scattered his people among the nations
- B. Because they killed infants in Samaria and Shechem
- C. Because they refused to follow the Lord, the God of Israel
- D. Because they slaughtered the remnant of Jerusalem

A:I:Jl:3

5. What did God say the nations cast lots for (Joel 3:3)?

- A. Jerusalem
- B. His people
- C. The remnant of Israel
- D. The land

B:B:Jl:3

6. What did the nations trade for prostitutes (Joel 3:3)?

- A. Silver
- B. Heifers
- C. Sheep
- D. Boys

D:I:Jl:3

7. For what did the nations sell girls (Joel 3:3)?

- A. Wine
- B. Silver
- C. A cluster of figs
- D. Fine linen

A:I:Jl:3

8. God condemns all of the following for selling the people of Judah and Jerusalem to the Greeks EXCEPT (Joel 3:6)?

- A. Tyre
- B. Sidon
- C. Edom

D. Regions of Philistia

C:A:Jl:3

9. For what does God condemn Tyre and Sidon (Joel 3:5f)?

- A. Selling the people of Judah and Jerusalem
- B. Scattering Judah among the nations
- C. Destroying the cities of Samaria with fire
- D. Knocking down the walls of Jerusalem

A:B:Jl:3

10. To whom did Tyre and Sidon sell the people of Judah and Jerusalem (Joel 3:6)?

- A. The Assyrians
- B. The Babylonians
- C. The Egyptians
- D. The Greeks

D:B:Jl:3

11. Where did Tyre and Sidon carry off the Lord's silver and gold (Joel 3:5)?

- A. To their houses
- B. To their wives
- C. To their temples
- D. To their kings

C:B:Jl:3

12. To whom will God sell the sons of daughters of Tyre and Sidon (Joel 3:8)?

- A. To the people of Judah
- B. To the Assyrians
- C. To the Babylonians

D. To Egypt

A:B:Jl:3

13. To whom will the people of Judah sell the sons and daughters of Tyre and Sidon (Joel 3:8)?

- A. The Assyrians
- B. The Sabeans
- C. The Arameans
- D. The Egyptians

B:A:Jl:3

14. What does God say should be proclaimed among the nations (Joel 3:9)?

- A. Turn to the Lord while he may be found
- B. Set the captives of Israel free
- C. Prepare for war
- D. Beat your swords in plowshares

C:I:Jl:3

15. What should they beat their plowshares and pruning hooks into (Joel 3:10)?

- A. An bronze altar
- B. Harps and trumpets
- C. Crowns and shields
- D. Swords and spears

D:B:Jl:3

16. What did God say they should beat into swords and spears (Joel 3:10)?

- A. Their plowshares and pruning hooks
- B. Their idols

- C. Their vessels of water and wine
- D. Their chariots

A:B:Jl:3

17. What does God say the “weakling” should say (Joel 3:10)?

- A. Protect me
- B. Save me from the wrath to come
- C. I am strong
- D. You are courageous

C:B:Jl:3

18. What will God do in the Valley of Jehoshaphat (Joel 3:12)?

- A. Fight for Israel
- B. Judge all the nations
- C. Burn their weapons of war
- D. Forgive their sins

B:B:Jl:3

19. Why does God advise them to swing the sickle (Joel 3:13)?

- A. Because the thorns and thistles need to be burned
- B. Because the grain is finished
- C. Because the people are hungry
- D. Because the harvest is ripe

D:B:Jl:3

20. What does God advise should be done in the winepresses (Joel 3:13)?

- A. Screw them down tighter
- B. Trample the grapes

- C. Fill them with grapes of wrath
- D. Empty them

B:B:Jl:3

21. Why does God advise them to trample the grapes (Joel 3:13)?

- A. Because the time of judgment has come
- B. Because their blood shall run in the streets
- C. Because the vats overflow
- D. Because the harvest is finished

C:B:Jl:3

22. Where are multitudes (Joel 3:14)?

- A. In the valley of decision
- B. Before the judgment seat of God Almighty
- C. On the plains of Moab
- D. In the mountains of Gilboa

A:B:Jl:3

23. Where is the day of the Lord near (Joel 3:14)?

- A. Before the judgment seat of God Almighty
- B. On the plains of Moab
- C. In the mountains of Gilboa
- D. In the valley of decision

D:I:Jl:3

24. What is near in the valley of decision (Joel 3:14)?

- A. The judgment of Judah
- B. The day of the Lord

- C. The day of Pentecost
- D. The coming of the Lord

B:B:Jl:3

25. All of the following will happen as the day of the Lord draws near EXCEPT (Joel 3:15)?

- A. The sun will be darkened
- B. The stars will not shine
- C. There will be no clouds
- D. The moon will be darkened

C:B:Jl:3

26. What will the Lord do from Zion (Joel 3:16)?

- A. Hide his face
- B. Sit for judgment
- C. Call for justice
- D. Roar

D:B:Jl:3

27. From where will the Lord thunder (Joel 3:16)?

- A. The Valley of Jehoshaphat
- B. Jerusalem
- C. Samaria
- D. Mount Hermon

B:B:Jl:3

28. What will be the response of the heaven and earth when the Lord roars from Zion (Joel 3:16)?

- A. They will laugh

- B. They will fly away
- C. They will tremble
- D. They will hide

C:B:Jl:3

29. On the day of the Lord what will the Lord be for his people (Joel 3:16)?

- A. A warrior
- B. A king
- C. A refuge
- D. A nest

C:B:Jl:3

30. In the day of the Lord what will Israel know (Joel 3:17)?

- A. That the Lord has come to help his people
- B. That there is no one else
- C. That God rides the clouds as chariots
- D. That the Lord dwells in Zion

D:B:Jl:3

31. What will happen to Jerusalem on the day of the Lord (Joel 3:17)?

- A. It will be holy
- B. It will tremble and quake like a woman in labor
- C. It will hide from the wrath of the Lamb
- D. It will serve the Lord their God

A:B:Jl:3

32. What will happen for Jerusalem on the day of the Lord (Joel 3:17)?

- A. The Lord's glory will shine forth from there

- B. Foreigners will never invade her again
- C. She shall be wholly committed to the Lord
- D. The temple will be rebuilt

B:B:Jl:3

33. What will the mountains drip with in that day (Joel 3:18)?

- A. Olive oil
- B. Dew
- C. New wine
- D. Honey

C:I:Jl:3

34. With what will the hills flow (Joel 3:18)?

- A. Milk
- B. Dew
- C. New wine
- D. Honey

A:I:Jl:3

35. What will run with water (Joel 3:18)?

- A. The Jordan River
- B. The Gihon Spring
- C. The waters of En Gedi
- D. The ravines of Judah

D:I:Jl:3

36. What will flow out of the Lord's house (Joel 3:18)?

- A. Justice like a river

- B. A fountain
- C. Streams of righteousness
- D. New wine

B:I:Jl:3

37. What will the fountain flowing out of the Lord's house water (Joel 3:18)?

- A. The whole earth
- B. The parched Judean desert
- C. The valley of acacia trees
- D. The needy

C:I:Jl:3

38. Why will Egypt become desolate (Joel 3:19)?

- A. Because they stole the temple treasures of Jerusalem
- B. Because they enslaved the people of Bethshemesh
- C. Because they rejected the Lord
- D. Because of the violence done to the people of Judah

D:B:Jl:3

39. What two countries will be destroyed because of the violence they did to Judah (Joel 3:19)?

- A. Assyria and Egypt
- B. Egypt and Philistia
- C. Egypt and Edom
- D. Tyre and Midian

C:I:Jl:3

40. What will be inhabited forever (Joel 3:19)?

- A. Judah
- B. Samaria
- C. Bethel
- D. Jericho

A:I:Jl:3

41. What will the Lord not leave unavenged (Joel 3:21)?

- A. The poor
- B. Innocent blood
- C. The fatherless and widows
- D. The sons of Jacob

B:B:Jl:3

42. Where does the Lord dwell (Joel 3:21)?

- A. In a dark cloud
- B. In the hearts of his people
- C. In Zion
- D. On Mount Hermon

C:B:Jl:3