

$$\begin{aligned}
 g. \quad \Gamma(p) \Gamma(q) &= \int_0^\infty t^{p-1} e^{-t} dt \int_0^\infty u^{q-1} e^{-u} du = \\
 &= \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty t^{p-1} e^{-t} u^{q-1} e^{-u} du dt = \int_0^\infty \int_0^\infty t^{p-1} u^{q-1} e^{-(t+u)} du dt
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \left| \begin{aligned} B(p, q) &= \int_0^1 t^{p-1} (1-t)^{q-1} dt \\ \Gamma(p) &= \int_0^\infty t^{p-1} e^{-t} dt \end{aligned} \right.$$

Stosujemy podstawienie $u = xy$, $t = x(1-y)$, bo clearly $t+u = x$
 $t \in [0, \infty)$, $u \in [0, \infty)$, więc $x \in [0, \infty)$
 $xy \in [0, \infty)$, $x(1-y) \in [0, \infty)$, więc $y \in [0, 1)$

Liczmy jacobian

$$|J| = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial t}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial t}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1-y & -x \\ y & x \end{vmatrix} = (1-y)x + xy = x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int_0^\infty \int_0^1 x^{p-1} (1-y)^{p-1} x^{q-1} y^{q-1} e^{-x} x dy dx = \int_0^\infty \int_0^1 x^{p+q-1} e^{-x} y^{q-1} (1-y)^{p-1} dy dx = \\
 &= \int_0^\infty x^{p+q-1} e^{-x} dx \int_0^1 y^{q-1} (1-y)^{p-1} dy = \Gamma(p+q) B(q, p) = \Gamma(p+q) B(p, q)
 \end{aligned}$$