Measures of Variability: Takeaways 🖻

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Syntax

• Writing a function that returns the range of an array:

```
def find_range(array):
return max(array) - min(array)
```

• Writing a function that returns the mean absolute deviation of an array:

```
def mean_absolute_deviation(array):
    reference_point = sum(array) / len(array)

distances = []
for value in array:
    absolute_distance = abs(value - reference_point)
    distances.append(absolute_distance)
return sum(distances) / len(distances)
```

• Finding the variance of an array:

```
### If the the array is a `Series` object ###

sample_variance = Series.var(ddof = 1)

population_variance = Series.var(ddof = 0)

### If the array is not a `Series` object ###

from numpy import var

sample_variance = var(a_sample, ddof = 1)

population_variance = var(a_population, ddof = 0)
```

• Finding the standard deviation of an array:

```
### If the array is a `Series` object ###
sample_stdev = Series.std(ddof = 1)
population_stdev = Series.std(ddof = 0)

### If the array is not a `Series` object ###
from numpy import std
sample_stdev = std(a_sample, ddof = 1)
population_stdev = std(a_population, ddof = 0)
```

Concepts

- There are many ways we can measure the **variability** of a distribution. These are some of the measures we can use:
 - The range.
 - The mean absolute deviation.
 - The variance.
 - The standard deviation.
- Variance and standard deviation are the most used metrics to measure variability. To compute the standard deviation σ and the variance σ^2 for a **population**, we can use the formulas:

$$\sigma = \sqrt[]{\frac{\sum\limits_{i=1}^{N}(x_i - \mu)^2}{N}}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \mu)^2}{N}$$

• To compute the standard deviation s and the variance s^2 for a **sample**, we need to add the **Bessel's correction** to the formulas above:

$$s = \sqrt[n]{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \mu)^2}{n - 1}}$$

$$s^{2} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{i} - \mu)^{2}}{n-1}$$

• Sample variance s^2 is the only unbiased estimator we learned about, and it's unbiased only when we sample with replacement.

Resources

- An intuitive introduction to variance and standard deviation.
- Useful documentation:
 - numpy.var()
 - numpy.std()
 - Series.var()
 - Series.std()



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