

# Implicit assessment in psychology: How to work with the IAT





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1 What we need

2 The Inquisit file

- download  and follow the instructions
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- Download  and follow the instructions **!!! the demo version is valid only for a month!!**
- Download the **AGE IAT** from Inquisit test library
-  for analyzing the data (no need to install)

- ① User manual (keep it or not)
- ② Labels and stimuli
- ③ Instruction pages & Performance summary
- ④ Set up the experiment material
- ⑤ Set up the experiment blocks
- ⑥ Actual experiment

Define “Attribute A” (in this case, “Good”)

```
<item attributeAlabel>  
/1 = "Good"  
</item>
```

First define the label of the evaluative dimension (i.e., “Good”)

```
<item attributeA>  
/1 = "Joy"  
/2 = "Love"  
/3 = "Peace"  
/4 = "Wonderful"  
/5 = "Pleasure"  
/6 = "Glorious"  
/7 = "Laughter"  
/8 = "Happy"  
</item>
```

List all the attributes belonging to the superordinate category “Good”

Same thing with the target category “Target A” (‘in this case “Young” ), just remember to import the images (have to be in the same folder)

```
<item targetAlabel>  
/1 = "Young"  
</item>
```

First define the label of the target category (i.e., “Young”)

```
<item targetA>  
/1 = "yf1.jpg"  
/2 = "yf4.jpg"  
/3 = "yf5.jpg"  
/4 = "ym2.jpg"  
/5 = "ym3.jpg"  
/6 = "ym5.jpg"  
</item>
```

List all the elements belonging to the superordinate category “Young” (i.e., the images in the same folder)

No details on the appearance of the text, no details on what the stimuli should be doing

```
<instruct>  
/ navigationbuttonfontstyle =  
("Arial", 3%, false, false, false, false, 5, 1)  
</instruct>
```

This defines the button to navigate through pages. Here you define its appearance, not its behavior.

To change the font:

```
("font-name", height, bold, italic, underline, strikeout,  
quality, set)
```

font-name: e.g., "Arial", "Tahoma", "Courier New"

quality: quality of the font, 1-5

set: characters set (e.g., latin, greek. 1 stands for the default of the computer on which Inquisit runs)

```
<item instructions>  
/ 1 = "Put your left[...]."  
  
/ 2 = "Put your left finger [...]"  
  
/ 3 = "Press the left 'E' "  
  
[...]  
</item>
```

Same as the attribute stimuli “Good”, here the instructions are defined as a list of items

Again, this is only the content of the instructions

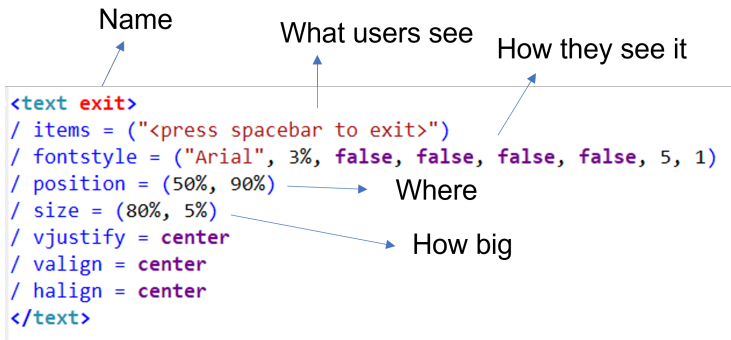


```
'<%item.attributeAlabel.item(1)%>'
```

Allows for automatically including the label of attribute A in the instruction text. It uses “item” because it is supposed to be “fixed”

```
'<%expressions.leftTarget%>'
```

Allows for automatically including the target **displayed on the left side of the screen**. It uses “expressions” because the target displayed on the left side of the screen changes according to the experiment



No actual behavior has been defined yet

Use what defined in `<item instructions>` (`/items = instructions`) and add some fancy formatting:

```
<text instructions>
/ items = instructions
/ position = (10%, 25%)
/ halign = left
/ valign = top
/ hjustify = left
/ vjustify = center
/ size = (80%, 50%)
/ select = values.instructionIndex
</text>
```

`/ select = values.instructionIndex` tells which page of instructions to show

With <trial instructions> we finally set the behavior of “instructions” throughout the experiment:

```
<trial instructions>
/ ontrialbegin = [
values.progresswidth += 10;
values.instructionIndex += 1;
]
/ stimulustimes = [1=instructions, spacebar, progressbar, prog
/ correctresponse = (" ")
/ errormessage = false
/ recorddata = false
/ showmousecursor = true
</trial>

/ stimulustimes = [1=instructions, spacebar, progressbar,
progressbar_fill] tells the stimuli that have to be included in the
instructions trial.
```

Set the appearance of the word stimuli:

```
<text attributeA>  
/ items = attributeA  
/ fontstyle = ("Arial", 5%)  
/ txcolor = green  
</text>
```

Set the behavior of the stimuli!

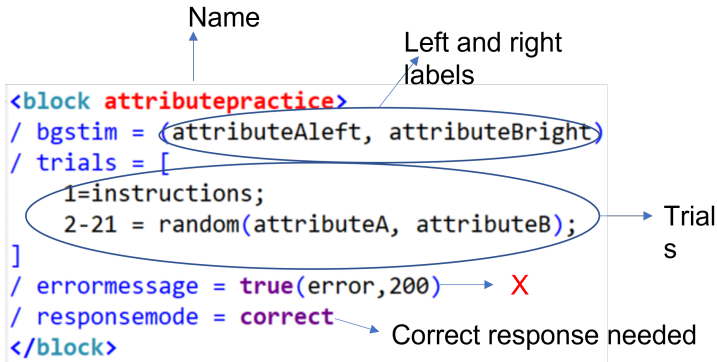
```
<trial attributeA>  
/ validresponse = ("E", "I")  
/ correctresponse = ("E")  
/ stimulusframes = [1 = attributeA, errorReminder]  
/ posttrialpause = parameters.ISI  
</trial>
```

Set the appearance of the stimuli:

```
<picture targetA>  
/ items = targetA  
/ size = (20%, 20%)  
</picture>
```

Set the behavior of the stimuli.

```
<trial targetAleft>  
/ validresponse = ("E", "I")  
/ correctresponse = ("E")  
/ stimulusframes = [1 = targetA, errorReminder]  
/ posttrialpause = parameters.ISI  
</trial>
```



The diagram shows a code block for an Inquisit experiment. Annotations include:

- Name**: Points to the opening tag `<block attributepractice>`.
- Left and right labels**: Points to the arguments `attributeAleft` and `attributeBright` in the `bgstim` line.
- Trial s**: Points to the list of trials within the `trials = [ ... ]` block.
- Correct response needed**: Points to the `correct` mode in the `responsemode` line.

```
<block attributepractice>
/ bgstim = (attributeAleft, attributeBright)
/ trials = [
  1=instructions;
  2-21 = random(attributeA, attributeB);
]
/ errormessage = true(error,200)
/ responsemode = correct
</block>
```

1=instructions; First trial is an instruction page (the first one)  
2-21 = random(attributeA, attributeB); Trials from 2 to 21 are randomly drawn from attributeA and attributeB stimuli  
Total number of trials = 20

```
/ bgstim = (targetAleftmixed, orleft, attributeAleft, targetBr  
/ trials = [  
1=instructions;  
3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17,19,21= random(targetAleft, targetBright);  
2,4,6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20 = random(attributeA, attributeB)]  
/ errormessage = true(error,200)  
/ responsemode = correct  
[...]
```

Target and stimuli are presented one at a time every