

Домашня робота №3

стор. 50-51 №6, 4(5)

$$Z = 3x_1 + 2x_3 - 6x_6 (\max) \Rightarrow L(x) = -Z \Rightarrow L(x) = -3x_1 - 2x_3 + 6x_6 \rightarrow \min$$

$$\begin{cases} 2x_1 + x_2 - 3x_3 + 6x_6 = 18 \\ -3x_1 + 2x_3 + x_4 - 2x_6 = 24 \\ x_1 + 3x_3 + x_5 - 4x_6 = 36 \\ x_j \geq 0, j = \overline{1,6} \end{cases}$$

	CB	XB	C	-3	0	-2	0	0	6	
		A ₀	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	A ₄	A ₅	A ₆	B ₀	
0,3)	0	x_2	18	②	1	-3	0	0	6	9
0	0	x_4	24	-3	0	2	1	0	-2	-
0	0	x_5	36	1	0	3	0	1	-4	36
Δ_j	L=0		-3 [↑]	0	-2	0	0	6		
-3	x_1	9	1	1/2	-3/2	0	0	3	-	x(3) x(-1)
0	x_4	51	0	3/2	-5/2	1	0	4	-	✓
0	x_5	27	0	-1/2	⑨/2	0	1	-4	6	✓
Δ_j	L=-24		0	3/2	-13/2 [↑]	0	0	15		
-3	x_1	18	1	2/3	0	0	1/3	2/3	54	
0	x_4	66	0	11/3	0	1	5/3	28/3	54	
-2	x_3	6	0	-1/3	1	0	2/3	-14/3	-	x(3/2) x(3/2)
Δ_j	L=-66		0	-4/3 [↑]	0	0	13/3	44/3		
-3	x_1	36	1	0	0	27/11	1/11	2/11		
0	x_2	54	0	1	0	9/11	5/11	28/11		
-2	x_3	12	0	0	1	1/11	3/11	-98/99		
Δ_j	L=-132		0	0	0	83/11	9/11	452/99		

Всі $\Delta_j \geq 0 \Rightarrow$ поточний ДБР оптимальний

КЗЛП: $x_{\min}^* = (0; 0; 0; 83/11; 9/11; 452/99)$ $L(x^*) =$

$$= -3 \cdot 0 + (-2) \cdot 0 + 6 \cdot \frac{452}{99} = \frac{2712}{99} = \frac{904}{33}$$

СЗЛП: $x_{\max}^* = (0; 0; 0; 83/11; 9/11; 452/99)$ $Z(x^*) = -\frac{904}{33}$