STAT S 520 HOMEWORK 7 RAMPRASAD BOMMAGANTY(rbommaga)

Question 9.6.6:

Given, mean value = 800 n value = 100 \bar{x} = 745.1 s = 238.0 α = 0.05

Null Hypothesis : H_0 = mean ≥ 800

Alternative Hypothesis : H_1 = mean < 800

$$t = \frac{745.1 - 800}{\frac{238}{10}}$$

t = -2.306

 $p = \phi(-2.306)$

R CODE: pnorm(-2.306) = 0.01055532 < 0.05

Therefore, we reject the null hypothesis.

Question 9.6.7:

Given, mean value = 0 n value = 60 \bar{x} = -0.1833 s = 5.18633 α = 0.05

Null Hypothesis : H_0 = mean = 0

Alternative Hypothesis : H_1 = mean ! = 0

$$t = \frac{0.1833 - 0}{\frac{5.18633}{\sqrt{60}}}$$

$$t = \frac{0.1833}{0.6695}$$
$$t = 0.273$$

$$p = 2 \phi(-2.703)$$

R CODE: 2 * pnorm(-0.273)

Output: 0.7848532 > 0.05

Hence, cannot reject the null hypothesis.

Question 9.6.8:

True, since the student uses a fair coin the probability of the heads occurring is 0.5.

Given that each student constructs a confidence interval of level 0.95.

Therefore, 0.95 * 600 = 570.

Question 9.6.9:

Given,

$$1 - \alpha = 0.99$$

 $\alpha = 0.01$

RCODE:
$$q = qnorm(1 - (0.01/2))$$

We know that

$$_{\text{n}}=\left(\frac{2*q*\sigma}{L}\right) ^{2}$$

$$_{\mathsf{n}} = \left(\frac{2*2.575829*6}{2}\right)^2$$

$$n = 238.856$$

Thus, the SAHC should plan to take 239 measurements.

Question 5:

a. If we consider \mathbf{p} as the probability that he gets the correct symbol, then

Null Hypothesis : $p \le 0.2$

Alternative Hypothesis : p > 0.2

b. We need to calculate P(correct symbols identified \geq 25)

R CODE: 1 - pbinom(24,100,0.2)

Output: 0.1313532

Thus, the probability that they identify 25 or more symbols correctly is 0.1313532.

c. Since, the probability that a person without psychic powers can identify more than 25 symbols correctly is 13%, a number not too small - we can conclude that the person does not have psychic powers.

Question 6:

Here,

 $\alpha = 0.05$

n = 1009

 $\bar{x_n} = 0.58$

R CODE: q = qnorm(1-0.025)

q = 1.959964

 $s_n = \sqrt{1 - 0.58} = \sqrt{0.42}$

$$\text{Confidence Interval = } \left(0.58 - 1.95*\frac{\sqrt{0.42}}{\sqrt{1009}}, 0.58 + 1.95*\frac{\sqrt{0.42}}{\sqrt{1009}}\right)$$

Confidence Interval = (0.5402, 0.6197)

Thus, about 54% to 61% of all US adults support same sex marriage.